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सं० 32] नई दिल्ली, जुलाई 31—अगस्त 6, 2005, शनिवार/श्रावण 9—श्रावण 15, 1927
No. 32] NEW DELHI, JULY 31—AUGUST 6, 2005, SATURDAY/SRAVANA 9—SRAVANA 15, 1927

इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह पृथक संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके
Separate Paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation

भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (ii)
PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii)

भारत सरकार के मंत्रालयों (रक्षा मंत्रालय को छोड़कर) द्वारा जारी किए गए सांविधिक आदेश और अधिसूचनाएँ
Statutory Orders and Notifications Issued by the Ministries of the Government of India
(Other than the Ministry of Defence)

विधि और न्याय मंत्रालय
(विधि कार्य विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 18 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2716.—केन्द्रीय सरकार दंड प्रक्रिया संहिता, 1973 (1974 का 2) की धारा 24 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए,—

- (1) सुश्री पूर्णिमा कंधारिया, अधिवक्ता, मुम्बई,
- (2) श्री जितेन्द्र आर. सोलंकी, अधिवक्ता, मुम्बई, और
- (3) श्री विनोद भागवत जोशी, अधिवक्ता, मुम्बई,

को मुम्बई उच्च न्यायालय में भारत संघ या केन्द्रीय सरकार के किसी विभाग या कार्यालय द्वारा या उसके विरुद्ध सभी दंडिक मामलों का, जिनके अंतर्गत दंडिक रिट याचिकाएं, दंडिक अपीलें, दंडिक पुनरीक्षण, दंडिक निर्देश और दंडिक आवेदन भी हैं, संचालन करने के प्रयोजन के लिए इस शर्त के अधीन रहते हुए कि सुश्री पूर्णिमा कंधारिया, अधिवक्ता, श्री जितेन्द्र आर. सोलंकी, अधिवक्ता और श्री विनोद भागवत जोशी, अधिवक्ता अपर लोक अभियोजक के रूप में अपनी नियुक्ति की अवधि के दौरान भारत संघ या केन्द्रीय सरकार के किसी विभाग या कार्यालय के विरुद्ध ऊपर निर्देशित किसी दंडिक मामले में मुम्बई उच्च न्यायालय में उपसंजात नहीं होंगे, तत्काल प्रभाव से तीन वर्ष की अवधि के लिए या

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अगले आदेश तक, इनमें से जो भी पूर्वतर हो, अपर लोक अभियोजक के रूप में नियुक्त करती है।

[फा० सं० 23 (2)/2005-न्या.]

डी.आर. मीणा, संयुक्त सचिव और विधि सलाहकार
MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE
(Department of Legal Affairs)
New Delhi, the 18th July, 2005

S.O. 2716.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 24 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974), the Central Government hereby appoints,—

- (1) Ms. Poornima Kantharia, Advocate, Mumbai,
- (2) Shri Jitendra R. Solanki, Advocate, Mumbai, and
- (3) Shri Vinod Bhagwat Joshi, Advocate, Mumbai,

as Additional Public Prosecutors for the purpose of conducting all criminal cases including Criminal Writ Petitions, Criminal Appeals, Criminal Revisions, Criminal References and Criminal Applications by or against the Union of India or any Department or Office of the Central Government, in the High Court of Judicature at Mumbai, with immediate effect for a period of three years or until further orders, whichever is earlier, subject to the condition that Ms. Poornima Kantharia, Advocate, Shri Jitendra

(8709)

R. Solanki, Advocate and Shri Vinod Bhagwat Joshi, Advocate, shall not appear against the Union of India or any Department or Office of the Central Government in any criminal case referred to above in the High Court of Judicature at Mumbai during the period of their appointments as Additional Public Prosecutor.

[F. No. 23(2)/2005-Judl.]

D.R. MEENA, Jt. Secy. and Legal Adviser

कार्मिक, लोक शिकायत और पेंशन मंत्रालय

(कार्मिक और प्रशिक्षण विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 28 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2717.—केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा दिल्ली विशेष पुलिस स्थापना अधिनियम, 1946 (1946 का अधिनियम सं. 25) की धारा 6 के साथ पठित धारा 5 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य सरकार के गृह (पुलिस) अनुभाग-II के सं. 1488 टी (1)/6-पी-11-2003-238 एम/2001 दिनांक 17 मई, 2003 द्वारा प्राप्त उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य सरकार की सहमति से पुलिस स्टेशन मरिहान, मिर्जापुर, उ.प्र. में भारतीय दंड संहिता की धारा 147/148/149/307 और दंड विधि संशोधन अधिनियम की धारा 7 के अधीन दर्ज मामला अपराध सं. 51/2001; आयुध अधिनियम की धारा 25 के अधीन अपराध मामला सं. 52, 53/2001; विस्फोटक अधिनियम की धारा 5 के अधीन अपराध सं. 54, 55/2001 और आयुध अधिनियम की धारा 25 के अधीन अपराध सं. 56 से 66/2001 तथा उपर्युक्त अपराधों से संबंधित अथवा संसक्त प्रयत्न, दूष्करण और षडयंत्र तथा उसी संव्यवहार के अनुक्रम में किए गए अथवा उन्हीं तथ्यों से उद्भूत किसी अन्य अपराध अथवा अपराधों के अन्वेषण के लिए दिल्ली विशेष पुलिस स्थापना के सदस्यों की शक्तियों और अधिकारिता का विस्तार सम्पूर्ण उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य पर करती है।

[फा. सं. 228/55/2003-ए वी डी-II]

चन्द्र प्रकाश, अवर सचिव

MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS

(Department of Personnel and Training)

New Delhi, the 28th July, 2005

S.O. 2717.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 5 read with Section 6 of the Delhi Special Police Establishment Act, 1946 (Act No. 25 of 1946), the Central Government with the consent of State Government of Uttar Pradesh vide Home (Police) Section-II No. 1488T (1)/6P-11-2003-238M/2001 dated 17th May, 2003 hereby extends the powers and jurisdiction of the member of the Delhi Special Police Establishment to the whole of the State of Uttar Pradesh for investigation of Case Crime No. 51/2001 u/s 147/148/149/307 IPC and Section 7 of Criminal Law Amendment Act; Crime Nos. 52, 53/2001 u/s 25 of Arms Act; Crime Nos. 54, 55/2001 u/s 5 of Explosive Act, and Crime Nos. 56 to 66/2001 u/s 25 of Arms Act registered at Police Station Marihan, Mirzapur, UP and attempt, abetment and conspiracy in relation to or in connection with the offences mentioned above and any other offence or offences committed in the course of the same transaction or arising out of the same facts.

[F. No. 228/55/2003-AVD-II]

CHANDRA PRAKASH, Under Secy.

वित्त मंत्रालय

(राजस्व विभाग)

(कार्यालय आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद एवं सीमा शुल्क)

मेरठ, 12 जुलाई, 2005

संख्या 02/सी. शु. (एन टी) मे-II

का० आ० 2718.—सीमा शुल्क अधिनियम, 1962 की धारा 8 की उप धारा (ए) में प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए मैं, अनन्या रे, आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद एवं सीमा शुल्क मेरठ-II, एतद्वारा आयात माल को विनिर्माण की प्रक्रिया में प्रयोग एवं तदनन्तर उनके डिस्पोजल हेतु प्राप्त करने, स्टोर करने तथा लागू सुसंगत नियमों और प्रक्रियाओं का अनुपालन करते हुए डिवलपमेंट एवं यूनिट होल्डरों द्वारा एस. ई. जेड के विकास के लिए सीमा शुल्क क्षेत्र हेतु भारत सरकार की अधिसूचना संख्या 65/2004 सीमा शुल्क (एन टी) दिनांक 11-05-2004 में दिए गए गाँवों, जिले और खसरा नम्बर, क्षेत्रफल व सीमा में समाविष्ट स्थानों में स्थित मुरादाबाद स्पेशल इकोनोमिक जोन हेतु नीचे दी गई सारणी में दिए गए ब्यौरे के अनुसार पार्ट एरिया का अनुमोदन करती हूँ।

स्पेशल इकोनोमिक जोन मुरादाबाद का क्षेत्रफल 95.30 हेक्टेयर होगा। इस क्षेत्रफल में से 21.20 हेक्टेयर क्षेत्र पुलिस चौकी, कार्यालयों के लिए प्रशासनिक भवन तथा अन्य प्रयोग के लिए होगा और यह नॉन-प्रोसेसिंग एरिया होगा। शेष 74.10 हेक्टेयर क्षेत्र स्पेशल इकोनोमिक जोन रूल्स, 2003 के तहत प्रोसेसिंग एरिया निर्धारित किया जाता है।

पुनः सीमा शुल्क अधिनियम, 1962 की धारा 8 की उप धारा (बी) में प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए मैं, नीचे दिए गए खसरा नम्बर एवं सीमाओं के अनुसार गाँव बहादुरपुर राजपूत एवं लालपुर गंगावाड़ी तहसील बिलारी, जिला मुरादाबाद (उत्तर प्रदेश) में स्थित एस. ई. जेड की उपर्युक्तानुसार प्रोसेसिंग एरिया की सीमा एवं विस्तार का निर्धारण करती हूँ।

क्र. सं.	गाँव व जिले का नाम	रकबा (हेक्टेयर में)	खसरा नम्बर
1	2	3	4
1.	बहादुरपुर राजपूत	18.451	124, 126, 127, 128, 130, 132, 133, 134, 135, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 154, 160, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 170, 171, 173, 174, 176, 177, 178, 182, 183.
2.	लालपुर गंगावाड़ी	55.618	1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 27, 28, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 41, 42, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 52 एम, 55, 56, 57, 59, 60, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 75, 76, 77, 79, 80, 83, 84, 85 एम, 123, 123/1395, 124, 124/1394, 125, 126,

1	2	3	4
2.	लालपुर गंगवाड़ी	55.618	127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 145, 146, 147, 148, 150, 151, 152, 153, 155, 156.

पॉकेट-ए—मुरादाबाद स्पेशल इकोनॉमिक जोन एन एच-24 से लगभग 6.0 कि.मी. की दूरी पर पाकबड़ा-दिंगारपुर रोड के बायीं ओर निम्नलिखित सीमाओं के अनुसार स्थित है :—

सीमाएं—

उत्तर—गाँव बहादुर पुर राजपूत को जाने वाली चेक रोड

दक्षिण—लालपुर गंगवाड़ी रोड

पूर्व—लालपुर गंगवाड़ी गाँव की सीमा

पश्चिम—पी डब्ल्यू डी रोड

उक्त प्रोसेसिंग एरिया की 11 फीट ऊँची बाउन्डरी वॉल एवं उसके ऊपर दो फीट ऊँची कंटीले तारों की बाड़ से घेराबंदी की गई है। बाड़ से घेराबंदी किए गए क्षेत्र से माल को लाने से जाने के लिए पश्चिम की ओर केवल एक प्रवेश और निकास गेट है।

[फा. सं. VIII(30) सी. शु./एस ई जेड/मे-II/21/03]

अनन्या रे, आयुक्त

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Revenue)

(OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER
CUSTOMS AND CENTRAL EXCISE)

Meerut, the 12th July, 2005

No. 02/CUS (NT)/M-II

S.O. 2718 — In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (a) of Section 8 of the Customs Act, 1962, I Ananya Ray, Commissioner of Customs & Central Excise, Meerut-II hereby approve the part area, as specified in table below, of the Moradabad Special Economic Zone located at Villages, District and comprising of the places bearing the Khasra numbers, area and boundaries specified by the Government of India vide Notification No. 65/2004 Customs (NT) dated 11-05-2004 as Custom area for the receipt, storage and use of the imported goods in the process of manufacture and subsequent disposal thereof and for the development of SEZ by the developer and unit holders, as per strict observance of the relevant Rules and procedure in force.

Special Economic Zone, Moradabad will cover an area of 95.30 Hectares. Out of this area 21.20 Hectares will include areas for Police Out-Post, Administrative Building for offices, and other uses and it will be the non-processing area. The remaining area of 74.10 Hectares is designated as processing area under Special Economic Zone Rules, 2003.

Further, in exercise of the power conferred under sub-section (b) of Section 8 of the Customs Act, 1962, I also specify the boundaries, and the limit of the above stated processing area of SEZ situated at village Bahadurpur

Rajput and Lalpur Gangawari, Tehsil Bilari, District Moradabad (Uttar Pradesh), bearing specific khasra numbers and enclosed by the boundaries as specified below :—

S. No.	Name of Village and District	Rakba (in Hect.)	Khasra Nos.
1.	Bahadurpur Rajput	18.451	124, 126, 127, 128, 130, 132, 133, 134, 135, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 154, 160, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 170, 171, 173, 174, 176, 177, 178, 182, 183.
2.	Lalpur Gangawari	55.618	1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 27, 28, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 41, 42, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 52 M, 55, 56, 57, 59, 60, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 75, 76, 77, 79, 80, 83, 84, 85 M, 123, 123/1395, 124, 124/1394, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 145, 146, 147, 148, 150, 151, 152, 153, 155, 156.

Pocket-A—Moradabad Special Economic Zone is situated at a distance of approx. 6.0 KM from the NH-24, on the left side of the 'Pakbara-Dingarpur' Road within the following boundaries :

Boundaries :-

North—Chak Road leading to village Bahadurpur Rajput

South—Lalpur Gangawari Road

East—Lalpur Gangawari village boundary

West—P.W.D. Road

The said processing area has been fortified by the boundary wall of 11 feet height and barbed wire fencing of 2 feet height thereon. There is only one entry and exit gate facing west for inward and outward movement of the goods to and from the fenced processing area.

[F. No. VIII (30) Cus/SEZ/Mrt-II/21/03]

ANANYA RAY, Commissioner

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद एवं सीमा शुल्क आयुक्तालय

पंचकुला, 26 जुलाई, 2005

सं. 1/2005-सीमा शुल्क (अधि.)

का. आ. 2719.—सीमा शुल्क अधिनियम 1962 की धारा 9 के अधीन प्रदत्त अधिकार के तहत अधिसूचना सं. 33/94 सीमा शुल्क (अधि.) दिनांक 1 जुलाई, 1994 के साथ पठित वि.म. (रा.वि.) परिपत्र सं. 31/2003 सीमा शुल्क दिनांक 07-04-2003 द्वारा प्रत्यायोजित अधिकार के अनुसार, मैं हरियाणा राज्य के जिला करनाल में स्थित गांव कुन्जपुरा को इसके साथ माल गोदाम स्टेशन के रूप में घोषित करता हूँ ताकि वहाँ विकास आयुक्त, नोएडा विशेष आर्थिक जोन, नोएडा दादरी मार्ग फेस-2, नोएडा-201305 जिला गौतमबुद्ध नगर, (उत्तर प्रदेश) वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय, वाणिज्य विभाग, भारत सरकार द्वारा अनुमोदित केवल शत प्रतिशत निर्यातोन्मुखी स्थापित की जा सके।

[फा. सं. IV(16)1/त.सी.शु./अधि./मु./पंचकुला/05]

पी. के. सिरौही, आयुक्त

(OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF CENTRAL
EXCISE & CUSTOMS)

Panchkula, the 26th July, 2005

No. 1/2005-CUSTOMS(N.T.)

S.O. 2719.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Notification No. 33/94-Cus.(N.T.) dated 1-7-94 of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, New Delhi, I hereby declare Kunjpura Village, Distt. Karnal in the State of Haryana, to be a warehousing station under Section 9 of Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962) for the limited purpose of setting up 100% Export Oriented Unit as approved by the Asstt. Development Commissioner, O/o the Development Commissioner, Noida Special Economic Zone, Noida Dadri Road, Ph-II, Noida-201305, Distt. Gautam Budh Nagar (UP), Deptt. of Commerce & Industry, Government of India.

[F. No. IV(16)1/Tech. Cus./Notfn./HQ/PKL/05]

P. K. SIROHI, Commissioner

पंचकुला, 27 जुलाई, 2005

सं. 2/2005-सीमा शुल्क (अधि.)

का. आ. 2720.—सीमा शुल्क अधिनियम 1962 की धारा 9 के अधीन प्रदत्त अधिकार के तहत अधिसूचना सं. 33/94 सीमा शुल्क (अधि.) दिनांक 1 जुलाई, 1994 के साथ पठित वि.म. (रा.वि.) परिपत्र सं. 31/2003 सीमा शुल्क दिनांक 07-04-2003 द्वारा प्रत्यायोजित अधिकार के अनुसार, मैं हरियाणा राज्य के जिला कुरुक्षेत्र को इसके साथ प्रत्यायोजित माल गोदाम स्टेशन के रूप में घोषित करता हूँ ताकि वहाँ महानिदेशक, सॉफ्टवेयर टेक्नोलॉजी पार्कस ऑफ इंडिया (सूचना एवं तकनीकी विभाग) संचार एवं सूचना तकनीकी मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार, बी-99, औद्योगिक क्षेत्र, फेस 8, मोहाली द्वारा अनुमोदित केवल शत प्रतिशत निर्यातोन्मुखी स्थापित की जा सके।

[फा. सं. IV(16)2/त.सी.शु./अधि./मु./पंचकुला/05]

पी. के. सिरौही, आयुक्त

Panchkula, the 27th July, 2005

No. 2/2005-CUSTOMS(N.T.)

S.O. 2720.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Notification No. 33/94-Cus.(N.T.) dated 1-7-94 of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, New Delhi, I hereby declare Kurukshetra in the State of Haryana to be a Warehousing station under Section 9 of Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962) for the limited purpose of setting up 100% Export Oriented Unit as approved by the Additional Director General, Software Technology Parks of India (Department of Information Technology), Ministry of Communication and I.T. Govt. of India, B-99, Industrial Area, Phase-VIII, Mohali-160071, Punjab.

[F. No. IV(16)2/Tech. Cus./Notfn./HQ/PKL/05]

P. K. SIROHI, Commissioner

(कार्यालय आयुक्त केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क)

जालंधर, 28 जुलाई, 2005

सं. 1/2004-सीमाशुल्क (एन.टी.)

का. आ. 2721.—भारत सरकार, वित्त मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग, नई दिल्ली की अधिसूचना संख्या 33/99-सीमा शुल्क (एनटी) दिनांक 1-7-94 में प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए एतद्वारा सीमा शुल्क अधिनियम 1962 (1962 की संख्या 52) की धारा 9 के अन्तर्गत पंजाब राज्य के गांव बाल कलां/बाल खुर्द, चुंगी चौकी के बाहर, बाई पास, मजीठा रोड, अमृतसर को शत प्रतिशत निर्यातोन्मुख उपक्रम के उद्देश्य के लिये भांडागार स्टेशन घोषित किया जाता है।

[फा. सं. VIII(मुद्रा)20/27/डी.बी.के./2004]

गौतम भट्टाचार्य, आयुक्त

(OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER
OF CENTRAL EXCISE)

Jalandhar, the 28th July, 2005

No. 1/2004-CUSTOMS(N.T.)

S.O. 2721.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Notification No. 33/94-Cus.(N.T.) dated 1-7-94 of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, New Delhi, Village Bal Kalan/Bal Khurd, outside Octroi Post, Bye Pass, Majitha Road, Amritsar in the State of Punjab is hereby declared to be a warehousing station under section 9 of the Customs Act, 1962 (No. 52 of 1962) for the purpose of setting up of a Hundred Percent Export Oriented Unit (100% EOU).

[F. No. VIII(HQ)20/24/DBK/2005]

GAUTAM BHATTACHARYA, Commissioner

केन्द्रीय प्रत्यक्ष कर बोर्ड

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

आयकर

का.आ. 2722.—सर्वसाधारण की जानकारी के लिए एतद्वारा यह अधिसूचित किया जाता है कि केन्द्र सरकार द्वारा आयकर नियमावली, 1962 के नियम 6 के साथ पठित आयकर अधिनियम, 1961 की धारा 35 की उप-धारा (1) के खंड (ii) के प्रयोजनार्थ 'विश्वविद्यालय, कॉलेज अथवा अन्य संस्था' की श्रेणी के अन्तर्गत दिनांक 1-4-2004 से 31-3-2007 तक की अवधि के लिए संगठन हैदराबाद साइंस सोसायटी 12-2-460, मेहदीपटनम, हैदराबाद-500028, आन्ध्र प्रदेश, जो अंशतः अनुसंधान कार्य-कलापों में कार्यरत है (और न कि अनुसंधान मात्र के लिए मौजूद 'वैज्ञानिक अनुसंधान संघ' रूप में है), को निम्नलिखित शर्तों के अधीन अनुमोदित किया गया है :—

- (i) अनुमोदित संगठन अपने अनुसंधान कार्य-कलापों के लिए अलग खाते रखेगा।
- (ii) वित्तीय वर्षों के प्रत्येक वित्त वर्ष के लिए जिसके लिए अनुमोदन प्रदान किया जा रहा है, अनुमोदित संगठन अनुसंधान कार्य-कलापों के संबंध में लेखा परीक्षित आय एवं व्यय खाते की एक प्रति इसके क्षेत्राधिकार वाले आयकर आयुक्त/आयकर निदेशक (छूट) को आयकर विवरणी दाखिल करने की नियत तारीख को अथवा उससे पहले अथवा इस अधिसूचना की तारीख से 90 दिन के अन्दर, जो भी बाद में समाप्त हो, प्रस्तुत करेगा, जिसके लिए इसे आयकर अधिनियम, 1961 की धारा 35 की उप-धारा (1) के अन्तर्गत अनुमोदन प्रदान किया गया है।
- (iii) अनुमोदित संगठन उपर्युक्त पैरा (ii) में उल्लिखित आय तथा व्यय खाते के साथ लेखा परीक्षक से प्राप्त एक प्रमाणपत्र भी संलग्न करेगा :—
- (क) जिसमें संगठन द्वारा वैज्ञानिक अनुसंधान के लिए प्राप्त की गई उस राशि का उल्लेख किया गया हो, जिसके लिए दानकर्ता धारा 35 की उपधारा (1) के खंड (ii) के अन्तर्गत कटौती का दावा करने के लिए पात्र हैं।
- (ख) जिसमें यह प्रमाणित किया गया हो कि किया गया व्यय वैज्ञानिक अनुसंधान के लिए ही था।

[अधिसूचना सं. 183/2005/फा. सं. 203/8/2005-आ.क.नि.- II]

निधि सिंह, अवर सचिव

CENTRAL BOARD OF DIRECT TAXES

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

INCOME-TAX

S.O. 2722.— It is hereby notified for general information that the organisation Hyderabad Science Society, 12-2-460, Mehdiptanam, Hyderabad-500028, A.P. has been approved by the Central Government for the purposes of clause (ii) of sub-section (1) of Section 35 of

the Income Tax Act, 1961, read with rule 6 of the Income Tax Rules, 1962 for the period from 1-4-2004 to 31-3-2007 under the category, 'University college or other institution' partly engaged in research activities (and not as a 'scientific research association' existing solely for research) subject to the following conditions :—

- (i) The approved organisation shall maintain separate accounts for its research activities.
- (ii) For each of the financial years for which the approval is being given, the approved organisation shall submit a copy of its audited Income and Expenditure account in respect of the research activities for which it has been approved under sub-section (1) of Section 35 of Income tax Act, 1961 to the Commissioner of Income-tax or Director of Income-tax (exemptions) having jurisdiction, on or before the due date of filing of return of income or within 90 days from the date of this notification, whichever expires later.
- (iii) The approved organisation shall also enclose with the Income and Expenditure account referred to in paragraph (ii) above, a certificate from the auditor :—
- (a) specifying the amount received by the organisation for scientific research in respect of which the donors are eligible to claim deduction under clause (ii) of sub-section (1) of Section 35.
- (b) certifying that the expenditure incurred was for scientific research.

[Notification No. 183/2005/F. No. 203/8/2005-ITA-II]

NIDHI SINGH, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 25 जुलाई, 2005

आयकर

का.आ. 2723.—सर्वसाधारण की जानकारी के लिए एतद्वारा यह अधिसूचित किया जाता है कि संगठन स्किजोफ्रेनिया रिसर्च फाउंडेशन (इंडिया), प्लॉट आर 7ए नार्थ मेन रोड, अन्नानगर वेस्ट एक्सटेंशन, चेन्नई-600101 को केन्द्र सरकार द्वारा आयकर नियमावली, 1962 के नियम 6 के साथ पठित आयकर अधिनियम, 1961 की धारा 35 की उप-धारा (1) के खंड (ii) के प्रयोजनार्थ अनुसंधान कार्यकलापों में आंशिक रूप से संलग्न (तथा न कि अनुसंधान मात्र के लिए मौजूद 'वैज्ञानिक अनुसंधान संघ' के रूप में), विश्वविद्यालय, कॉलेज अथवा अन्य संस्था श्रेणी के अन्तर्गत दिनांक 1-4-2003 से

31-3-2006 तक की अवधि के लिए निम्नलिखित शर्तों के अधीन अनुमोदित किया गया है :—

- (i) अनुमोदित संगठन अपने अनुसंधान कार्य-कलापों के लिए अलग खाते रखेगा।
- (ii) वित्तीय वर्षों के प्रत्येक वित्त वर्ष के लिए जिसके लिए अनुमोदन प्रदान किया जा रहा है, अनुमोदित संगठन अनुसंधान कार्य-कलापों के संबंध में लेखा परीक्षित आय एवं व्यय खाते की एक प्रति इसके क्षेत्राधिकार वाले आयकर आयुक्त/आयकर निदेशक (छूट) को आयकर विवरणी दाखिल करने की नियत तारीख को अथवा उससे पहले अथवा इस अधिसूचना की तारीख से 90 दिन के अन्दर, जो भी बाद में समाप्त हो, प्रस्तुत करेगा, जिसके लिए इसे आयकर अधिनियम, 1961 की धारा 35 की उप-धारा (1) के अन्तर्गत अनुमोदन प्रदान किया गया है।
- (iii) अनुमोदित संगठन उपर्युक्त पैरा (ii) में उल्लिखित आय तथा व्यय खाते के साथ लेखा परीक्षक से प्राप्त एक प्रमाणपत्र भी संलग्न करेगा :—
- (क) जिसमें संगठन द्वारा वैज्ञानिक अनुसंधान के लिए प्राप्त की गई उस राशि का उल्लेख किया गया हो, जिसके लिए दानकर्ता धारा 35 की उपधारा (1) के खंड (ii) के अन्तर्गत कटौती का दावा करने के लिए पात्र हैं।
- (ख) जिसमें यह प्रमाणित किया गया हो कि किया गया व्यय वैज्ञानिक अनुसंधान के लिए ही था।

[अधिसूचना सं. 186/2005/फा. सं. 203/87/2004-आ.क.नि. II]

निधि सिंह, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 25th July, 2005

INCOME-TAX

S.O. 2723.— It is hereby notified for general information that the organisation Schizophrenia Research Foundation (India) Plot R. 7 A, North Main Road, Anna Nagar West Extension, Chennai-600101 has been approved by the Central Government for the purposes of clause (ii) of sub-section (1) of Section 35 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 read with rule 6 of the Income tax Rules 1962 for the period from 1-4-2003 to 31-3-2006 under the category, University college or other institution, party engaged in research activities (and not as a scientific research association existing solely for research) subject to the following conditions :—

- (i) The approved organisation shall maintain separate accounts for its research activities.
- (ii) For each of the financial years for which the approval is being given, the approved organisation shall submit a copy of its audited Income and Expenditure account in respect of

the research activities for which it has been approved under sub-section (1) of Section 35 of Income tax Act, 1961 to the Commissioner of Income-tax or Director of Income-tax (exemptions) having jurisdiction, on or before the due date of filing of return of income or within 90 days from the date of this notification, whichever expires later.

- (iii) The approved organisation shall also enclose with the Income and Expenditure account referred to in paragraph (ii) above, a certificate from the auditor :—
- (a) specifying the amount received by the organisation for scientific research in respect of which the donors are eligible to claim deduction under clause (ii) of sub-section (1) of Section 35.
- (b) certifying that the expenditure incurred was for scientific research.

[Notification No. 186/2005/F. No. 203/87/2004-ITA-II]

NIDHI SINGH, Under Secy.

(आर्थिक कार्य विभाग)

(बैंकिंग प्रभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 27 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2724.— भारतीय स्टेट बैंक (अनुपंगी बैंक) अधिनियम, 1959 की धारा 25 की उपधारा (1) के खंड (ड) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार, एतद्वारा वित्त मंत्रालय, आर्थिक कार्य विभाग, बैंकिंग प्रभाग, नई दिल्ली में अवर सचिव श्री एम. के. मल्होत्रा को तत्काल प्रभाव से और अगले आदेशों तक स्टेट बैंक आफ बीकानेर एंड जयपुर के निदेशक मंडल में सुश्री पी. बोलिना के स्थान पर निदेशक के रूप में नामित करती है।

[फा. सं. 9/11/2004-बीओ-1]

जी. बी. सिंह, अवर सचिव

(Department of Economic Affairs)

(Banking Division)

New Delhi, the 27th July, 2005

S.O. 2724.— In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (e) of sub-section (1) of Section 25 of the State Bank of India (Subsidiary Banks) Act, 1959, the Central Government hereby nominates Shri M. K. Malhotra, Under Secretary, Ministry of Finance, Department of Economic Affairs, Banking Division, New Delhi as a Director on the Board of Directors of State Bank of Bikaner and Jaipur with immediate effect and until further orders *vice* Ms. P. Bolina.

[F. No. 9/11/2004-BO-I]

G. B. SINGH, Under Secy.

संचार और सूचना प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्रालय

(दूरसंचार विभाग)

(राजभाषा अनुभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 25 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2725.—केन्द्रीय सरकार, राजभाषा (संघ के शासकीय प्रयोजनों के लिए प्रयोग) नियम 1976 (यथा संशोधित 1987) के नियम 10(4) के अनुसरण में संचार और सूचना प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्रालय, दूरसंचार विभाग के प्रशासनिक नियंत्रणाधीन निम्नलिखित कार्यालयों को, जिसमें 80 प्रतिशत से अधिक कर्मचारियों ने हिंदी का कार्यसाधक ज्ञान प्राप्त कर लिया है, एतद्वारा अधिसूचित करती है।

1. मुख्य महाप्रबंधक दूरसंचार, भारत संचार निगम लिमिटेड, महाराष्ट्र परिमण्डल, मुंबई
महाप्रबंधक दूरसंचार, भारत संचार निगम लिमिटेड, यवतमाल
2. मुख्य महाप्रबंधक दूरसंचार, भारत संचार निगम लिमिटेड, पंजाब परिमण्डल, चण्डीगढ़
प्रधान महाप्रबंधक दूरसंचार, भारत संचार निगम लिमिटेड, जालन्धर

[फा. सं. ई. 11016/1/2005 रा. भा.]

हरीश चन्द्र जयाल, संयुक्त सचिव

**MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS AND
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**

(Department of Telecommunications)

(Official Language Section)

New Delhi, the 25th July, 2005

S.O. 2725.—In pursuance of rule 10(4) the Official Language (Use for Official Purposes of the Union), rules, 1976 (as amended-1987), the Central Government hereby notifies the following Offices under the administrative control of Ministry of Communications and Information Technology, Department of Telecommunications where of more than 80% of staff have acquired working knowledge of Hindi.

1. Chief General Manager Telecom., BSNL, Maharashtra Circle, Mumbai
General Manager Telecom. BSNL, Yavatmal
2. Chief General Manager Telecom., BSNL, Punjab Circle, Chandigarh
Principal General Manager Telecom. BSNL, Jalandhar

[F. No. E-11016/1/2005-O.L.]

HARISH CHANDRA JAYAL, Jt. Secy.

विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्रालय

(विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 22 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2726.—केन्द्रीय सरकार, सरकारी स्थान (अप्राधिकृत अधिभोगियों की बेदखली) अधिनियम, 1971 (1971 का 40) की धारा 3 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, और भारत सरकार के तत्कालीन निर्माण, आवास और पूर्ति मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना सं.

का.आ. 307, तारीख 7 फरवरी 1959 को, जहां तक उसका संबंध भारतीय सर्वेक्षण की क्रम सं. 35 से है, उन बातों के सिवाय अधिक्रांत करते हुए, जिन्हें ऐसे अधिक्रमण से पूर्व किया है या करने का लोप किया गया है, नीचे सारणी के स्तंभ (1) में उल्लिखित अधिकारियों को, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार के राजपत्रित अधिकारी हैं, उक्त अधिनियम के प्रयोजन के लिए सम्पदा अधिकारी नियुक्त करती है, जो उक्त सारणी के स्तंभ (2) में की तत्स्थानी प्रविष्टियों में विनिर्दिष्ट सरकारी स्थान के संबंध में, अपनी-अपनी अधिकारिता की स्थानीय सीमाओं के भीतर उक्त अधिनियम द्वारा या उसके अधीन सम्पदा अधिकारियों को प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग और उन पर अधिरोपित कर्तव्यों का पालन करेंगे।

सारणी

अधिकारी का पदनाम (1)	अधिकारिता की स्थानीय सीमाएं (2)
1. उप महासर्वेक्षक, मध्यप्रदेश भू-स्थानिक आंकड़ा केन्द्र, भारतीय सर्वेक्षण, जबलपुर	भारतीय सर्वेक्षण विभाग के प्रशासनिक नियंत्रण के अधीन उनकी अपनी-अपनी अधिकारिता की स्थानीय सीमाओं के भीतर अवस्थित स्थान।
2. उप निदेशक, महाराष्ट्र और गोवा भू-स्थानिक आंकड़ा केन्द्र, भारतीय सर्वेक्षण, पूणे।	
3. उप निदेशक, हरियाणा भू-स्थानिक आंकड़ा केन्द्र, भारतीय सर्वेक्षण, चण्डीगढ़।	
4. निदेशक, मेघालय और अरुणाचल प्रदेश भू-स्थानिक आंकड़ा केन्द्र, भारतीय सर्वेक्षण, शिलांग।	
5. निदेशक, उड़ीसा भू-स्थानिक आंकड़ा केन्द्र, भारतीय सर्वेक्षण, भुवनेश्वर।	
6. उप निदेशक, झारखण्ड भू-स्थानिक आंकड़ा केन्द्र, भारतीय सर्वेक्षण, रांची।	
7. निदेशक, कर्नाटक भू-स्थानिक आंकड़ा केन्द्र, भारतीय सर्वेक्षण, बंगलूर।	
8. उप निदेशक, भूगणितीय और अनुसंधान शाखा भारतीय सर्वेक्षण, देहरादून।	

(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)
9. उप निदेशक, सर्वेक्षण प्रशिक्षण संस्थान, भारतीय सर्वेक्षण, हैदराबाद।	}	3. Deputy Director, Haryana Geospatial Data Centre, Survey of India, Chandigarh	}
10. अधीक्षण सर्वेक्षक, कारबार और प्रसार, भारतीय सर्वेक्षण, देहरादून।		4. Director, Meghalaya and Arunachal Pradesh Geospatial Data Centre, Survey of India, Shillong	
11. अधीक्षण सर्वेक्षक, उत्तरांचल भू-स्थानिक आंकड़ा केन्द्र, भारतीय सर्वेक्षण, देहरादून।		5. Director, Orissa Geospatial Data Centre, Survey of India, Bhubaneswar	
	भारतीय सर्वेक्षण विभाग के प्रशासनिक नियंत्रण के अधीन मसूरी की स्थानीय सीमाओं के भीतर अवस्थित स्थान।	6. Deputy Director, Jharkhand Geospatial Data Centre, Survey of India, Ranchi	
	[फा.सं. एस एम/29/002/04] एस. चक्रवर्ती, अवर सचिव	7. Director, Karnataka Geospatial Data Centre, Survey of India, Bangalore	
		8. Deputy Director, Geodetic and Research Branch, Survey of India, Dehra Dun	
		9. Deputy Director, Survey Training Institute, Survey of India, Hyderabad	
		10. Superintending Surveyor, Business and Publicity, Survey of India, Dehra Dun	
		11. Superintending Surveyor, Uttaranchal Geospatial Data Centre, Survey of India, Dehra Dun	

MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

(Department of Science and Technology)

New Delhi, the 22nd July, 2005

S.O. 2726.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Public Premises (Eviction of Unauthorised Occupants) Act, 1971 (40 of 1971), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the then Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply number S.O. 307, dated the 7th February, 1959, in so far as it relates to serial number 35 relating to Survey of India, except as respects things done or omitted to be done before such supersession the Central Government hereby appoints the officers mentioned in column (1) of the Table below, being gazetted officers of the Central Government, to be estate officers for the purposes of the said Act, who shall exercise the powers conferred, and perform the duties imposed, on estate officers by or under the said Act within the local limits of their respective jurisdiction in respect of the public premises specified in the corresponding entries in column (2) of the said Table.

TABLE

Designation of Officers	Local limits of jurisdiction
(1)	(2)
1. Deputy Surveyor General, Madhya Pradesh Geospatial Data Centre, Survey of India, Jabalpur.	Premises under the administrative control of Survey of India Department situated within the local limits of their respective Jurisdiction.
2. Deputy Director, Maharashtra and Goa Geospatial Data Centre, Survey of India, Pune.	

[F. No. SM/29/002/04]

S. CHAKRAVARTHY, Under Secy.

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय

(स्वास्थ्य विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 21 जुलाई, 2005

क्र. आ. 2727.— भारतीय आयुर्विज्ञान परिषद अधिनियम, 1956 (1956 का 102) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के खण्ड (ख) के अनुसरण में तमिलनाडु में तमिलनाडु के डा. एम.जी.आर. मेडिकल

विश्वविद्यालय के चिकित्सा संकाय के सदस्य डा. विजय लक्ष्मी, एम.डी. को तमिलनाडु के डा.एम.जी.आर. मेडिकल विश्वविद्यालय की सीनेट द्वारा इस अधिसूचना के जारी होने की तारीख से भारतीय आयुर्विज्ञान परिषद् के एक सदस्य के रूप में निर्वाचित किया गया है।

अतः अब, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) के उपबंध के अनुसरण में केन्द्र सरकार एतद्वारा भारत सरकार के तत्कालीन स्वास्थ्य मंत्रालय की दिनांक 9 जनवरी, 1960 की अधिसूचना संख्या का. आ. 138 में निम्नलिखित संशोधन करती है, अर्थात् :—

उक्त अधिसूचना में “धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के खण्ड (ख) के अधीन निर्वाचित” शीर्षक के अंतर्गत क्रम संख्या 68 और उससे संबंधित प्रविष्टियों के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित क्रम संख्या और प्रविष्टियां प्रतिस्थापित की जाएंगी, अर्थात् :—

“68 डा. विजय लक्ष्मी, तमिलनाडु डा. एम. जी. आर. मेडिकल एम. डी. सं.-9, विश्वविद्यालय
पुलिस कमिश्नर
ऑफिस रोड,
ऐगमोर, चैन्नई-
600008.

[सं. वी.-11013/2/2004-एमई (नीति-I)]

अरविंद कुमार, अवर सचिव

MINISTRY OF HEALTH & FAMILY WELFARE

(Department of Health)

New Delhi, the 21st July, 2005

S.O. 2727.—Whereas in pursuance of clause (b) of Sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956) Dr. P. Vijayalakshmi M. D., Member of the Medical faculty of the Tamil Nadu Dr. M.G.R. Medical University, Chennai, has been elected by the Senate of the Tamil Nadu Dr. M.G.R. Medical University, Chennai to be a member of the Medical Council of India with effect from the date of issue of this notification.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provision of Sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Notification of the Government of India in the then Ministry of Health number S.O. 138, dated the 9th January, 1960, namely:-

In the said Notification, under the heading, ‘Elected under clause (b) of Sub-section (1) of Section 3, for serial number 68 and the entry relating thereto the following serial number and entry shall be substituted, namely:—

“68. Dr. P. Vijayalakshmi, Tamil Nadu	Dr. M.G.R.
MD, No. 9, Police	Medical
Commissioners	University,
Office Road, Egmore,	
Chennai-600 008	

[No. V-11013/2/2004-ME(Policy-I)]

ARVIND KUMAR, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 21 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2728.—भारतीय आयुर्विज्ञान परिषद् अधिनियम, 1956 (1956 का 102) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के खण्ड (ख) के अनुसरण में डा. पवार वसन्त निवरूट्टी, सदस्य, कायचिकित्सा संकाय, पुणे विश्वविद्यालय को पुणे विश्वविद्यालय की सीनेट द्वारा इस अधिसूचना के जारी होने की तारीख से भारतीय आयुर्विज्ञान परिषद् के एक सदस्य के रूप में निर्वाचित किया गया है।

अतः अब, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) के उपबंध के अनुसरण में केन्द्र सरकार एतद्वारा भारत सरकार के तत्कालीन स्वास्थ्य मंत्रालय की दिनांक 9 जनवरी, 1960 की अधिसूचना संख्या का. आ. 138 में निम्नलिखित संशोधन करती है, अर्थात् :—

उक्त अधिसूचना में “धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के खण्ड (ख) के अधीन निर्वाचित” शीर्षक के अंतर्गत क्रम संख्या 18 और उससे संबंधित प्रविष्टियों के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित क्रम संख्या और प्रविष्टियां प्रतिस्थापित की जाएंगी, अर्थात् :—

“18. डा. पवार वसन्त निवरूट्टी पूना विश्वविद्यालय
“गौतम”

सुश्रुत अस्पताल, शारणपुर रोड,
नासिक-422002.

[सं. वी.-11013/2/2004-एमई (नीति-I)]

अरविंद कुमार, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 21st July, 2005

S.O. 2728.—Whereas in pursuance of clause (b) of Sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956) Dr. Pawar Vasant Nivrutti, a member of the Medical faculty, University of Pune has been elected by the Senate of the University of Pune to be a member of the Medical Council of India with effect from the date of issue of this notification.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provision of Sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Notification of the Government of India in the then Ministry of Health number S.O. 138, dated the 9th January 1960, namely:-

In the said Notification, under the heading, ‘Elected under clause (b) of Sub-section (1) of Section 3’, for serial number 18 and the entry relating thereto the following serial number and entry shall be substituted, namely:-

“18. Dr. Pawar Vasant Nivrutti	Poona University
“Gautam”	
Shushrut Hospital, Sharanpur Road,	
Nasik-422002.	

[No. V-11013/2/2004-ME (Policy-I)]

ARVIND KUMAR, Under Secy.

विदेश मंत्रालय

(सी. पी. वी. प्रभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 7 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2729.—राजनयिक कौंसली अधिकारी (शपथ एवं शुल्क) अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 41वां) को धारा 2 के अंक (क) के अनुसरण में केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा भारत का राजदूतावास, अम्मान में श्रीमती काबेरी बैनर्जी, सहायक को 07-07-2005 से सहायक कौंसली अधिकारी का कार्य करने हेतु प्राधिकृत करती है।

[सं. टी-4330/01/2005]

राधा कान्त झा, उप सचिव (कौंसुलर)

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

(C.P.V. Division)

New Delhi, the 7th July, 2005

S.O. 2729.—In pursuance of the clause (a) of the Section 2 of the Diplomatic and Consular Officers (Oaths and Fees) Act, 1948 (41 of 1948), the Central Government hereby authorise Smt. Kaberi Banerjee, Assistant in the Embassy of India, Amman to perform the duties of Assistant Consular Officer with effect from 07-07-2005.

[No. T-4330/01/2005]

R.K. JHA, Dy. Secy. (Consular)

नई दिल्ली, 7 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2730.—राजनयिक कौंसली अधिकारी (शपथ एवं शुल्क) अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 41वां) को धारा 2 के अंक (क) के अनुसरण में केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा भारत का राजदूतावास, हैनबर्ग में श्री मनोज कुमार, सहायक को 07-07-2005 से सहायक कौंसली अधिकारी का कार्य करने हेतु प्राधिकृत करती है।

[सं. टी-4330/01/2005]

राधा कान्त झा, उप सचिव (कौंसुलर)

New Delhi, the 7th July, 2005

S.O. 2730.—In pursuance of the clause (a) of the Section 2 of the Diplomatic and Consular Officers (Oaths and Fees) Act, 1948 (41 of 1948), the Central Government hereby authorise Shri Manoj Kumar, Assistant in the Consulate General of India, Hamburg to perform the duties of Assistant Consular Officer with effect from 07-07-2005.

[No. T-4330/01/2005]

R.K. JHA, Dy. Secy. (Consular)

नई दिल्ली, 8 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2731.—राजनयिक कौंसली अधिकारी (शपथ एवं शुल्क) अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 41वां) को धारा 2 के अंक (क) के अनुसरण में केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा भारत का राजदूतावास, कुवैत में श्री नरेश कुमार, सहायक को 08-07-2005 से सहायक कौंसली अधिकारी का कार्य करने हेतु प्राधिकृत करती है।

[सं. टी-4330/01/2005]

राधा कान्त झा, उप सचिव (कौंसुलर)

New Delhi, the 8th July, 2005

S.O. 2731.—In pursuance of the clause (a) of the Section 2 of the Diplomatic and Consular Officers (Oaths and Fees) Act, 1948 (41 of 1948), the Central Government hereby authorise Shri Naresh Kumar, Assistant in the Embassy of India, Kuwait to perform the duties of Assistant Consular Officer with effect from 08-07-2005.

[No. T-4330/01/2005]

R.K. JHA, Dy. Secy. (Consular)

उपभोक्ता मामले, खाद्य और सार्वजनिक वितरण मंत्रालय

(उपभोक्ता मामले विभाग)

भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो

नई दिल्ली, 22 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2732.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम, 1987 के नियम 7 के उपनियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतद्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए मानक (कों) में संशोधन किया गया/किये गये हैं :—

अनुसूची

क्रम संख्या	संशोधन भारतीय मानक(कों) की संख्या वर्ष और शीर्षक	संशोधन की संख्या और तिथि	संशोधन लागू होने की तिथि
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	13779 : 1999 ए सी स्थैतिक वाट घंटा मीटर, चर्ग 1 और 2—विशिष्ट (पहला पुनरीक्षण)।	3 दिसम्बर, 2004	31 मई, 2005
2.	14697 : 1999 ए सी स्थैतिक ट्रांसफार्मर चलित वाट घंटा एवं वीए आर घंटा-मीटर, वर्ग 0.2 एस तथा 0.5 एस—विशिष्ट	3 दिसम्बर, 2004	1 फरवरी, 2005

इन भारतीय संशोधनों की प्रतियाँ भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9 बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों: नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चेन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों: अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोपाल, भुवनेश्वर, कोयम्बतूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरुवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : ई टी 13/टी-33 व टी-40]

सुखबीर सिंह, प्रमुख (एल आई टी डी)

MINISTRY OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS, FOOD AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION

(Department of Consumer Affairs)

(BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS)

New Delhi, the 22nd July, 2005

S.O. 2732.—In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies the amendment to the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been issued :—

SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	No. & Year of the Indian Standards	No. and year of the Amendment	Date from which the Amendment shall have effect
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	IS 13779 :1999 AC Static watt-hour meters, class 1 and 2—Specification	3 December, 2004	31 May, 2005
2.	IS 14697 :1999 AC Static transformer operated watt-hour meters and var-hour meters, class 0.2 S and 0.5 S and 1.0 S—Specification	3 December, 2004	1 February, 2005

Copy of these Amendments are available with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110002 and Regional Offices : New Delhi, Kolkata, Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices : Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneswar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune, Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref : ET 13/T-33 & T-40]

SUKHBIR SINGH, Head (LITD)

नई दिल्ली, 28 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2733.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम, 1987 के नियम 7 के उपनियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतद्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि जिन भारतीय मानकों के विवरण नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए हैं वे स्थापित हो गए हैं :—

अनुसूची

क्रम संख्या	स्थापित भारतीय मानक(कों) की संख्या वर्ष और शीर्षक	नये भारतीय मानक द्वारा अतिक्रमित भारतीय मानक अथवा मानकों, यदि कोई हों, की संख्या और वर्ष	स्थापित तिथि
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	आई एस 15572 : 2004/आई ई सी 61938 : (1996) ऑडियो, विडियो एवं ऑडियोविजुअल तंत्र—अंतरासंयोजन एवं मैचिंग मान—समधर्मी संकेतों के अधिमन्य मैचिंग मान	आई एस 9302 (भाग 10) : 1980 का अतिक्रमण करते हुए	जून, 2005

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
2.	आई एस 15580 : 2005/आई ई सी 21827 : 2002 सूचना प्रौद्योगिकी—सिस्टम सुरक्षा इंजीनियरी—सक्षमता परिपक्वता मॉडल	—	जून, 2005

इस भारतीय मानक की प्रतियाँ भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9 बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों: नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चेन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों: अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोपाल, भुवनेश्वर, कोयम्बतूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरुवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : सं. एल टी डी/जी 75]

सुखबीर सिंह, प्रमुख (एल आई टी डी)

New Delhi, the 28th July, 2005

S.O. 2733.—In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been established on the date indicated against each :—

SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	No. & Year Established	Title of the Indian Standards	No. & year of Indian Standards if any, Superseded by the New Indian Standard	Date of Established
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
1.	IS 15572 : 2005/IEC 619387 (1996)	Audio, Video and audiovisual systems—Interconnections and matching values—Preferred matching values of analogue signals	Superseding IS 9302 (Part 10) : 1980	June, 2005
2.	IS 15580 : 2005/ISO/IEC 21827 : 2002	Information technology—Systems security engineering—capability maturity model [SSE-CMM (R)]	—	June, 2005

Copy of this Standard is available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110002 and Regional Offices : New Delhi, Kolkata, Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices : Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune, Thiruvananthapuram.

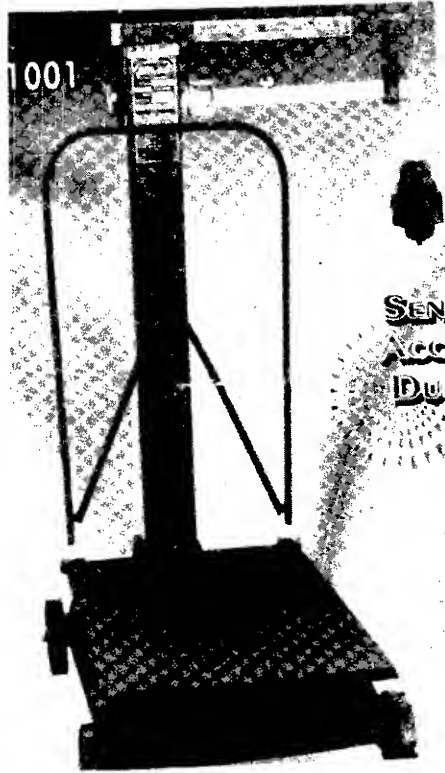
[Ref. No. LTD/G-75]

SUKHBIR SINGH, Head (LITD)

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2734.—केन्द्रीय सरकार का, विहित प्राधिकारी द्वारा उसे प्रस्तुत रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात्, यह समाधान हो गया है कि उक्त रिपोर्ट में वर्णित मॉडल (नीचे दी गई आकृति देखें) बाट और माप मानक अधिनियम, 1976 (1976 का 60) तथा बाट और माप मानक (मॉडलों का अनुमोदन) नियम, 1987 के उपबंधों के अनुरूप है और इस बात की संभावना है कि लगातार प्रयोग की अवधि में भी उक्त मॉडल यथार्थता बनाए रखेगा और विभिन्न परिस्थितियों में उपयुक्त सेवा प्रदान करता रहेगा;

अतः, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (7) और (8) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए मैसर्स पंजाब उद्योग, जी टी उद्योग; डाकघर-धनोवली, जालंधर (पंजाब)-144010 द्वारा निर्मित मध्यम यथार्थता (यथार्थता वर्ग-III) वाले "पी यू डी-1001" श्रृंखला के सांदृश्य सूचन सहित अस्वचालित तोलन उपकरण (प्लेटफार्म प्रकार) के मॉडल का, जिसके ब्राण्ड का नाम "एटलस" है (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त मॉडल कहा गया है) और जिसे अनुमोदन चिह्न आई एन डी/09/2005/37 समनुदेशित किया गया है, अनुमोदन प्रमाणपत्र जारी और प्रकाशित करती है।



उक्त माडल यांत्रिक विषमभुज तुला प्रकार का लीवर आधारित अस्वचालित तोलन उपकरण (प्लेटफार्म प्रकार का) है। इसकी अधिकतम क्षमता 300 कि.ग्रा. और न्यूनतम क्षमता 2 कि.ग्रा. है। सत्यापन मापमान अन्तराल (ई) का मान 100 ग्रा. है।

स्टाम्पिंग प्लेट को मुद्रांकन के अतिरिक्त मशीन को कपटपूर्ण व्यवहारों के लिए खोलने से रोकने के लिए सीलबंद भी किया जाएगा।

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (12) प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए यह घोषणा करती है कि उक्त मॉडल के अनुमोदन के इस प्रमाण पत्र के अंतर्गत उसी विनिर्माता द्वारा उसी सिद्धान्त, डिजाइन के अनुसार और उसी सामग्री से जिससे उक्त अनुमोदित मॉडल का निर्माण किया गया है, विनिर्मित उसी श्रृंखला के वैसे ही मेक, यथार्थता और कार्यपालन के तोलन उपकरण भी होंगे जो 5 ग्रा. या उससे अधिक के "ई" मान के लिए 100 से 10,000 तक की रेंज में मापमान (एन) अंतराल सहित 50 कि. ग्रा. से अधिक और 1000 कि.ग्रा. तक की अधिकतम क्षमता वाले हैं और "ई" मान 1×10^3 , 2×10^3 या 5×10^3 , के हैं, जो धनात्मक या ऋणात्मक पूर्णांक या शून्य के समतुल्य हैं।

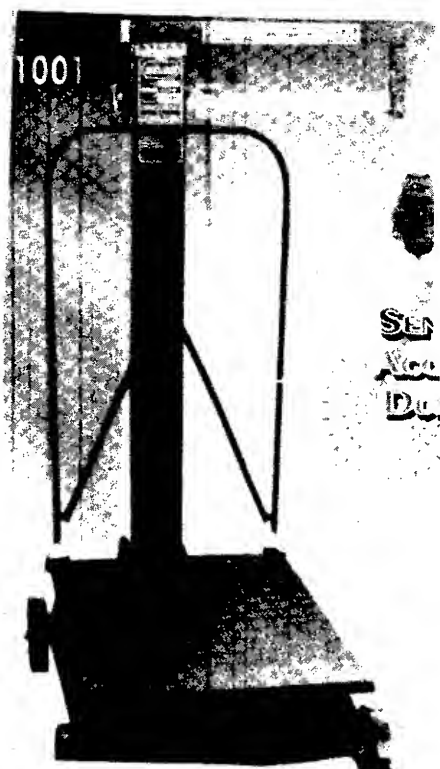
[फा.सं. डब्ल्यू. एम.-21(185)/2003]

पी. ए. कृष्णामूर्ति, निदेशक, विधिक माप विज्ञान

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2734.—Whereas the Central Government, after considering the report submitted to it by the prescribed authority, is satisfied that the Model described in the said report (see the figure given below) is in conformity with the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976 (60 of 1976) and the Standards of Weights and Measures (Approval of Models) Rules, 1987 and the said Model is likely to maintain its accuracy over periods of sustained use and to render accurate service under varied conditions;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (7) and (8) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby issues and publishes the certificate of approval of non-automatic (Platform type) weighing instrument with analogue indication of "PUD-1001" series of medium accuracy (Accuracy class-III) and with brand name "ATLAS" (herein referred to as the said Model), manufactured by M/s. Punjab Udyog, G.T. Udyog, P.O. Dhanowli, Jalandhar (Punjab)-144010 and which is assigned the approval mark IND/09/2005/37;



The said model is a mechanical steelyard type liver based non-automatic weighing instrument (Platform type) with a maximum capacity of 300kg and minimum capacity of 2Kg. The verification scale interval (e) is 100g.

In addition to sealing the stamping plate, sealing is also be done to prevent the opening of the machine for fraudulent practices.

Further, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (12) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that this certificate of approval of the said model shall also cover the weighing instrument of similar make, accuracy and performance of same series with maximum capacity above 50kg and up to 1000kg with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 100 to 10,000 for 'e' value of 5g or more and with 'e' value of 1×10^k , 2×10^k or 5×10^k , k being the positive or negative whole number or equal to zero, manufactured by the same manufacturer in accordance with the same principle, design and with the same materials with which, the said approved Model has been manufactured.

[F. No. WM-21(185)/2003]

P. A. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Director of Legal Metrology

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2735.—केन्द्रीय सरकार का, विहित प्राधिकारी द्वारा उसे प्रस्तुत रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात् यह समाधान हो गया है कि उक्त रिपोर्ट में वर्णित मॉडल (नीचे दी गई आकृति देखें) बाट और माप मानक अधिनियम, 1976 (1976 का 60) तथा बाट और माप मानक (मॉडलों का अनुमोदन) नियम, 1987 के उपबंधों के अनुरूप हैं और इस बात की संभावना है कि लगातार प्रयोग की अवधि में भी उक्त मॉडल यथार्थता बनाए रखेगा और विभिन्न परिस्थितियों में उपयुक्त सेवा प्रदान करता रहेगा;

अतः, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (7) और (8) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए मैसर्स ओहस कारपोरेशन, 19ए, चेपिन रोड, पाइन ब्लाक, यू एस ए और भारत में मटलर टोलेडो इंडिया प्राइवेट लिमिटेड, अमर हिल्स, साकी विहार रोड, पोवई, मुंबई-400072 द्वारा विपणित उच्च यथार्थता वर्ग (यथार्थता वर्ग-II) वाले "प्रो-एस पी-4001" श्रृंखला के अंकक सूचन सहित अस्वचालित तोलन उपकरण (टेबल टोप प्रकार) के मॉडल का, जिसके ब्राण्ड का नाम "मटलर टोलेडो" है (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त मॉडल कहा गया है) और जिसे अनुमोदन चिह्न आई एन डी/09/2005/94 समनुदेशित किया गया है, अनुमोदन प्रमाणपत्र जारी और प्रकाशित करती है।

उक्त मॉडल (नीचे दी गई आकृति देखें) एक विकृत गेज प्रकार का लोड सेल आधारित अस्वचालित तोलन उपकरण (टेबल टोप प्रकार) है। इसकी अधिकतम क्षमता 4000 ग्रा. और न्यूनतम क्षमता 5 ग्रा. है। सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (ई) का मान 0.1 ग्रा. है। इसमें एक आधेयतुलन युक्ति है जिसका शत प्रतिशत व्यकलनात्मक धारित आधेयतुलन प्रभाव है। द्रव क्रिस्टल प्रदर्श (एल सी डी) प्रदर्श तोलन परिणाम उपदर्शित करता है। उपकरण 230 वोल्ट, 50 हर्ट्ज प्रत्यावर्ती धारा विद्युत प्रदाय पर कार्य करता है।



और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (12) प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए यह घोषणा करती है कि उक्त मॉडल के अनुमोदन के इस प्रमाणपत्र के अंतर्गत उसी विनिर्माता द्वारा उसी सिद्धान्त, डिजाइन के अनुसार और उसी सामग्री से जिससे उक्त अनुमोदित मॉडल का निर्माण किया गया है, विनिर्मित उसी श्रृंखला के वैसे ही मेक, यथार्थता और कार्यपालन के तोलन उपकरण भी होंगे जो 1 मि.ग्रा. से 50 मि.ग्रा. तक "ई" मान के लिए 100 से 50,000 तक की रेंज में सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (एन) और 100 मि. ग्रा. या उससे अधिक के "ई" मान के लिए 5000 से 50,000 तक की रेंज में सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (एन) सहित 50 कि. ग्रा. तक की अधिकतम क्षमता वाले हैं और "ई" मान $1 \times 10^*$, $2 \times 10^*$ या $5 \times 10^*$, के हैं, जो घनात्मक या ऋणात्मक पूर्णांक या शून्य के समतुल्य हैं।

[फा.सं. डब्ल्यू. एम.-21(189)/2004]

पी. ए. कृष्णामूर्ति, निदेशक, विधिक माप विज्ञान

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2735.—Whereas the Central Government, after considering the report submitted to it by the prescribed authority, is satisfied that the Models described in the said report (see the figure given below) is in conformity with the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976 (60 of 1976) and the Standards of Weights and Measures (Approval of Models) Rules, 1987 and the said Model is likely to maintain its accuracy over periods of sustained use and to render accurate service under varied conditions;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (7) and (8) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby publishes the certificate of approval of the non-automatic weighing instrument (Table top type) with digital indication belonging to high accuracy (Accuracy class-II) of "Scout Pro-SP-4001" series with brand name "METTLER TOLEDO" (hereinafter referred to as the model), manufactured by M/s Ohaus Corporation, 19A, Chapin Road, Pine Brook, U.S.A. and marketed in India by M/s. Mettler-Toledo India Pvt. Ltd., Amar Hill, Saki Vihar Road, Mumbai and which is assigned the approval mark IND/09/2005/94;

The said model is a strain gauge load cell based non-automatic weighing instrument (Table top type). The maximum capacity is 4000g and minimum capacity 5g. The value of verification scale interval (e) is 0.1g. It has a tare device with a 100 per cent subtractive retained tare effect. The Liquid Crystal (LCD) display indicates the weighing result. The instruments operates on 230V, 50Hz alternative current power supply.



Further, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (12) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that this certificate of approval of the model shall also cover the weighing instruments of similar make, accuracy and performance of same series with maximum capacity up to 50kg with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 100 to 50000 for 'e' value of 1mg to 50mg and with number of verification scale interval (n) in the range of 5000 to 50,000 for 'e' value of 100 mg or more and with 'e' value of 1×10^k , 2×10^k or 5×10^k , k being a positive or negative whole number or equal to zero, manufactured by the same manufacturer in accordance with the same principle, design and with the same materials with which, the approved Model has been manufactured.

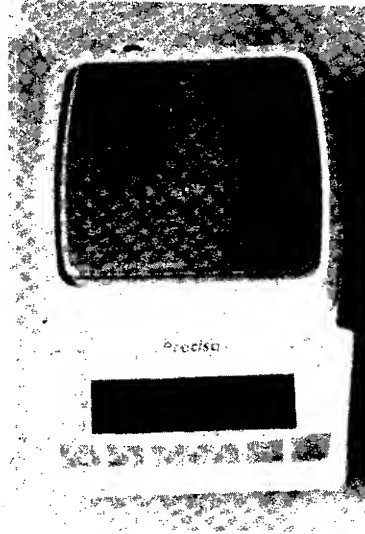
[F. No. WM-21(189)/2004]

P. A. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Director of Legal Metrology

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2736.—केन्द्रीय सरकार का, विहित प्राधिकारी द्वारा उसे प्रस्तुत रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात्, यह समाधान हो गया है कि उक्त रिपोर्ट में वर्णित मॉडल (नीचे दी गई आकृति देखें) बाट और माप मानक अधिनियम, 1976 (1976 का 60) तथा बाट और माप मानक (मॉडलों का अनुमोदन) नियम, 1987 के उपबंधों के अनुरूप है और इस बात की संभावना है कि लगातार प्रयोग की अवधि में भी उक्त मॉडल यथार्थता बनाए रखेगा और विभिन्न परिस्थितियों में उपयुक्त सेवा प्रदान करता रहेगा;

अतः, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (7) और (8) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए मैसर्स इलैक्ट्रॉनिक सिस्टम, 84, विवेकानन्दपुरी, सराय रोहेल्ला, दिल्ली-110 007 द्वारा विनिर्मित उच्च यथार्थता (यथार्थता वर्ग-II) वाले "एक्स बी 4200 सी" श्रृंखला के अंकक सूचन सहित अस्वचालित तोलन उपकरण (टेबल टॉप प्रकार) के मॉडल का, जिसके ब्राण्ड का नाम "प्रिसाइस स्विस्" है (जिसे इसमें उक्त मॉडल कहा गया है) और जिसे अनुमोदन चिह्न आई एन डी/09/2005/121 समनुदेशित किया गया है, अनुमोदन प्रमाणपत्र जारी और प्रकाशित करती है।



उक्त मॉडल विद्युत चुम्बकीय प्रतिकर सिद्धान्त पर आधारित अस्वचालित (टेबल टॉप प्रकार) तोलन उपकरण है। इसकी अधिकतम क्षमता 4200 ग्रा. और न्यूनतम क्षमता 5 ग्रा. है। सत्यापन मापमान अन्तराल (ई) का मान 100 मि.ग्रा. है। इसमें एक आधेयतुलन युक्ति है जिसका शत प्रतिशत व्यकलनात्मक धारित आधेयतुलन प्रभाव है निर्वात प्रतिदिप्ति प्रदर्श (वी एफ डी) प्रदर्श परिणाम उपदर्शित करता है। उपकरण 230 वोल्ट, 50 हर्ट्ज प्रत्यावर्ती धारा विद्युत प्रदाय पर कार्य करता है।

स्टाम्पिंग प्लेट के मुद्रांकन के अतिरिक्त मशीन को कपटपूर्ण व्यवहारों के लिए खोलने से रोकने के लिए सीलबंद भी किया जाएगा।

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (12) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए यह घोषणा करती है कि उक्त मॉडल के अनुमोदन के इस प्रमाणपत्र के अंतर्गत उसी विनिर्माता द्वारा उसी सिद्धान्त, डिजाइन के अनुसार और उसी सामग्री से जिससे अनुमोदित मॉडल विनिर्मित किया गया है, विनिर्मित उसी श्रृंखला के वैसे ही मेक, यथार्थता और कार्यपालन के तोलन उपकरण भी होंगे जो 1 मि. ग्रा. या उससे अधिक के "ई" मान के लिए 100 से 50,000 तक की रेंज में सत्यापन मान अन्तराल (एन) सहित 50 कि. ग्रा. तक की अधिकतम क्षमता वाले हैं और "ई" मान $1 \times 10^*$, $2 \times 10^*$ या $5 \times 10^*$, के हैं, जो धनात्मक या ऋणात्मक पूर्णांक या शून्य के समतुल्य हैं।

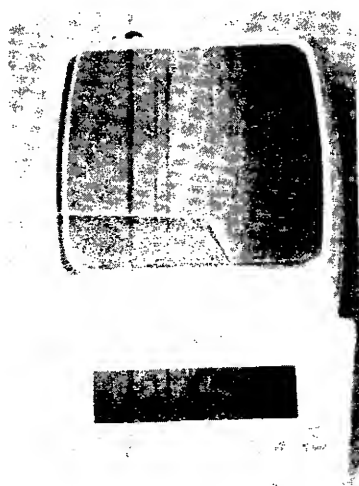
[फ़.सं. डब्ल्यू. एम.-21(217)/2004]

पी. ए. कृष्णामूर्ति, निदेशक, विधिक माप विज्ञान

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2736.—Whereas the Central Government, after considering the report submitted to it by the prescribed authority, is satisfied that the Model described in the said report (see the figure given below) is in conformity with the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976 (60 of 1976) and the Standards of Weights and Measures (Approval of Models) Rules, 1987 and the said Model is likely to maintain its accuracy over periods of sustained use and to render accurate service under varied conditions;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (7) and (8) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby issues and publishes the certificate of approval of non-automatic (Table top type) weighing instrument with digital indication of "XB4200C" series of high accuracy (Accuracy class-II) and with brand name "PRECISA-SWISS" (herein referred to as the said Model), manufactured by M/s. Electronic System, 84, Vivekanandpuri, Sarai Rohalla, Delhi-110 007 and which is assigned the approval mark IND/09/2005/121;



The said Model is an electromagnetic force compensation principle based non-automatic weighing instrument (Table top type) with a maximum capacity of 4200g and minimum capacity of 5g. The verification scale interval (e) is 100 mg. It has a tare device with a 100 per cent subtractive retained tare effect. The Vacuum Fluorescent Display (VFD) indicates the weighing result. The instrument operates on 230V, 50Hz alternative current power supply.

In addition to sealing the stamping plate, sealing shall also be done to prevent the opening of the machine for fraudulent practices.

Further, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (12) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that this certificate of approval of the said model shall also cover the weighing instruments of similar make, accuracy and performance of same series with maximum capacity upto 50kg with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 100 to 50,000 for 'e' value of 1mg or more and with 'e' value of 1×10^k , 2×10^k or 5×10^k , k being a positive or negative whole number or equal to zero, manufactured by the same manufacturer in accordance with the same principle, design and with the same materials with which, the said approved Model has been manufactured.

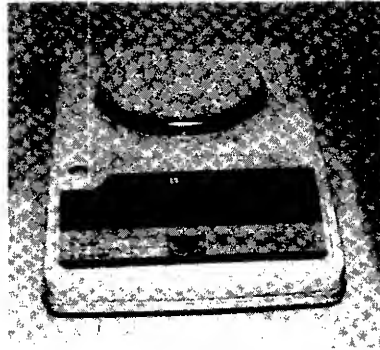
[F. No. WM-21(217)/2004]

P. A. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Director of Legal Metrology

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2737.—केन्द्रीय सरकार का, विहित प्राधिकारी द्वारा उसे प्रस्तुत रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात्, यह समाधान हो गया है कि उक्त रिपोर्ट में वर्णित मॉडल (नीचे दी गई आकृति देखें) बाट और माप मानक अधिनियम, 1976 (1976 का 60) तथा बाट और माप मानक (मॉडलों का अनुमोदन) नियम, 1987 के उपबंधों के अनुरूप है और इस बात की संभावना है कि लगातार प्रयोग की अवधि में भी उक्त मॉडल यथार्थता बनाए रखेगा और विभिन्न परिस्थितियों में उपयुक्त सेवा प्रदान करता रहेगा;

अतः, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (7) और (8) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए मैसर्स इलैक्ट्रॉनिक सिस्टम, 84, विवेकानन्दपुरी, सराय रोहेल्ला, दिल्ली-110 007 द्वारा विनिर्मित उच्च यथार्थता (यथार्थता वर्ग-II) वाले "क्यू बी जी" शृंखला के अंकक सूचन सहित अस्वचालित तोलन उपकरण (टेबल टॉप प्रकार) के मॉडल का, जिसके ब्राण्ड का नाम "इशिदा टोक्यो" है (जिसे इसमें उक्त मॉडल कहा गया है) और जिसे अनुमोदन चिह्न आई एन डी/09/2005/122 समनुदेशित किया गया है, अनुमोदन प्रमाणपत्र जारी और प्रकाशित करती है।



उक्त मॉडल विद्युत चुम्बकीय प्रतिकर सिद्धान्त पर आधारित अस्वचालित (टेबल टॉप प्रकार) तोलन उपकरण है। इसकी अधिकतम क्षमता 3 कि. ग्रा. और न्यूनतम क्षमता 5 ग्रा. है। सत्यापन मापमान अन्तराल (ई) का मान 100 मि. ग्रा. है। इसमें एक आधेयतुलन युक्ति है जिसका शत प्रतिशत व्यकलनात्मक धारित आधेयतुलन प्रभाव है। निर्वात प्रतिदिप्ति प्रदर्श (वी एफ डी) प्रदर्श परिणाम उपदर्शित करता है। उपकरण 230 वोल्ट, 50 हर्ट्ज प्रत्यावर्ती धारा विद्युत प्रदाय पर कार्य करता है।

स्ट्याम्पिंग प्लेट के मुद्रांकन के अतिरिक्त मशीन को कपटपूर्ण व्यवहारों के लिए खोलने से रोकने के लिए सीलबंद भी किया जाएगा।

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (12) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए यह घोषणा करती है कि उक्त मॉडल के अनुमोदन के इस प्रमाणपत्र के अंतर्गत के उसी विनिर्माता द्वारा उसी सिद्धान्त, डिजाइन के अनुसार और उसी सामग्री से जिससे अनुमोदित मॉडल विनिर्मित किया गया है, विनिर्मित उसी शृंखला के वैसे ही मेक, यथार्थता और कार्यपालन के तोलन उपकरण भी होंगे जो 1 मि.ग्रा. या उससे अधिक के "ई" मान के लिए 100 से 50,000 तक के रेंज में सत्यापन मान अन्तराल (एन) सहित 50 कि. ग्रा. तक की अधिकतम क्षमता वाले हैं और "ई" मान $1 \times 10^*$, $2 \times 10^*$ या $5 \times 10^*$, के हैं, जो धनात्मक या ऋणात्मक पूर्णांक या शून्य के समतुल्य हैं।

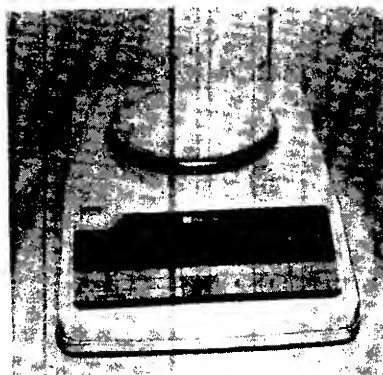
[फा.सं. डब्ल्यू. एम.-21(217)/2004]

पी. ए. कृष्णामूर्ति, निदेशक, विधिक माप विज्ञान

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2737.—Whereas the Central Government, after considering the report submitted to it by the prescribed authority, is satisfied that the model described in the said report (see the figure given below) is in conformity with the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976 (60 of 1976) and the Standards of Weights and Measures (Approval of Models) Rules, 1987 and the said model is likely to maintain its accuracy over periods of sustained use and to render accurate service under varied conditions;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (7) and (8) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby issues and publishes the certificate of approval of non-automatic (Table top type) weighing instrument with digital indication of “QBG” series of high accuracy (Accuracy class-II) and with brand name “ISHIDA-TOKYO” (herein referred to as the said Model), manufactured by M/s. Electronic System, 84, Vivekanandpuri, Sarai Rohalla, Delhi-110 007 and which is assigned the approval mark IND/09/2005/122;



The said model is an electromagnetic force compensation principle based non-automatic weighing instrument (Table top type) with a maximum capacity of 3kg and minimum capacity of 5g. The verification scale interval (e) is 100mg. It has a tare device with a 100 per cent subtractive retained tare effect. The vacuum fluorescent display indicates the weighing result. The instrument operates on 230 V, 50 Hz alternative current power supply.

In addition to sealing the stamping plate, sealing shall also be done to prevent the opening of the machine for fraudulent practices.

Further, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (12) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that this certificate of approval of the said model shall also cover the weighing instruments of similar make, accuracy and performance of same series with maximum capacity upto 50kg with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 100 to 50,000 for 'e' value of 1mg or more and with 'e' value of 1×10^k , 2×10^k or 5×10^k , k being a positive or negative whole number or equal to zero, manufactured by the same manufacturer in accordance with the same principle, design and with the same materials with which, the said approved model has been manufactured.

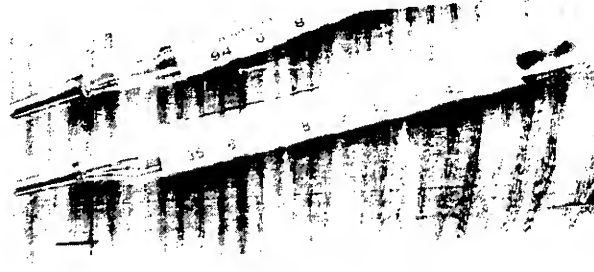
[F. No. WM-21(217)/2004]

P. A. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Director of Legal Metrology

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2738.—केन्द्रीय सरकार का, विहित प्राधिकारी द्वारा उसे प्रस्तुत रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात्, यह समाधान हो गया है कि उक्त रिपोर्ट में वर्णित मॉडल (नीचे दी गई आकृति देखें) बाट और माप मानक अधिनियम, 1976 (1976 का 60) तथा बाट और माप मानक (मॉडलों का अनुमोदन) नियम, 1987 के उपबंधों के अनुरूप है और इस बात की संभावना है कि लगातार प्रयोग की अवधि में भी उक्त मॉडल यथार्थता बनाए रखेगा और विभिन्न परिस्थितियों में उपयुक्त सेवा प्रदान करता रहेगा;

अतः अब केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उपधारा (7) और (8) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, मैसर्स मेडिकेअर प्रोडक्ट आई एन सी, बी-30, शारदापुरी, नई दिल्ली-110015 द्वारा विनिर्मित "एन सी पी" श्रृंखला के तुल्य रूप सूचन सहित ठोस नली प्रकार का नैदानिक तापमापी के मॉडल का, जिसके ब्राण्ड का नाम "एम सी पी" है (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त मॉडल कहा गया है) और जिसे अनुमोदन चिह्न आई एन डी/09/2005/35 समनुदेशित किया गया है, अनुमोदन प्रमाणपत्र जारी और प्रकाशित करती है;



उक्त मॉडल ठोस नली कांच (पारा) में द्रव प्रकार का नैदानिक तापमापी रेंज 35° से. से 42° से. और न्यूनतम अन्तराल 0.1° से. है।

[फा.सं. डब्ल्यू एम-21(277)/2003]

पी. ए. कृष्णामूर्ति, निदेशक, विधिक माप विज्ञान

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2738.—Whereas the Central Government, after considering the report submitted to it by the prescribed authority, is satisfied that the model described in the said report (see the figure given below) is in conformity with the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976 (60 of 1976) and the Standards of Weights and Measures (Approval of Models) Rules, 1987 and the said model is likely to maintain its accuracy over periods of sustained use and to render accurate service under varied conditions;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (7) and (8) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby issues and publishes the certificate of approval of the Model of solid stem type Clinical Thermometer with analogue indication of series 'MCP' (herein referred to as the said Model), and with brand name 'MCP' manufactured by M/s. Medicare Products Inc. B-30, Sharada Puri, New Delhi-110015 and which is assigned the approval mark IND/09/2005/35;



The said model is a solid stem type liquid in glass (mercury) Clinical thermometer with analogue indication of range from 35° C. to 42° C. and the smallest interval is 0.1° C.

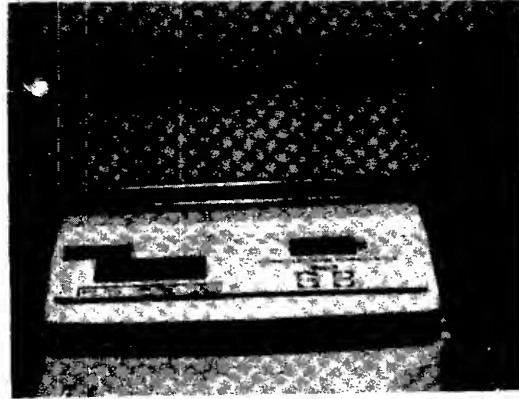
[F. No. WM-21(277)/2003]

P. A. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Director of Legal Metrology

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2739.—केन्द्रीय सरकार का, विहित प्राधिकारी द्वारा उसे प्रस्तुत रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात्, यह समाधान हो गया है कि उक्त रिपोर्ट में वर्णित मॉडल (नीचे दी गई आकृति देखें) बाट और माप मानक अधिनियम, 1976 (1976 का 60) तथा बाट और माप मानक (मॉडलों का अनुमोदन) नियम, 1987 के उपबंधों के अनुरूप है और इस बात की संभावना है कि लगातार प्रयोग की अवधि में भी उक्त मॉडल यथार्थता बनाए रखेगा और विभिन्न परिस्थितियों में उपयुक्त सेवा प्रदान करता रहेगा;

अतः अब केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उपधारा (7) और (8) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए मैसर्स इलेक्ट्रॉनिक सिस्टम, 84, विवेकानन्दपुरी, सराय रोहेल्ला, दिल्ली-110007 द्वारा विनिर्मित उच्च यथार्थता (यथार्थता वर्ग-II) वाले "ई के" श्रृंखला के अंकक सूचन सहित अस्वचालित तोलन उपकरण (टेबल टाप प्रकार) के मॉडल का, जिसके ब्राण्ड का नाम "एण्ड-गल्फ" है (जिसे इसमें उक्त मॉडल कहा गया है) और जिसे अनुमोदन चिह्न आई एन डी/09/2005/184 समनुदेशित किया गया है, अनुमोदन प्रमाणपत्र जारी और प्रकाशित करती है;



उक्त मॉडल एक विकृत गेज प्रकार का लोड सेल आधारित अस्वचालित (टेबल टाप प्रकार) तोलन उपकरण है। इसकी अधिकतम क्षमता 30 कि. ग्रा. और न्यूनतम क्षमता 100 ग्रा. है। सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (ई) का मान 2 ग्रा. है। इसमें एक आधेयतुलन युक्ति है जिसका शत प्रतिशत व्यकलनात्मक धारित आधेयतुलन प्रभाव है। प्रकाश उत्सर्जक डायोड (एल ई डी) प्रदर्श परिणाम उपदर्शित करता है। उपकरण 230 वोल्ट, 50 हर्ट्ज प्रत्यावर्ती धारा विद्युत प्रदाय पर कार्य करता है।

स्टाम्पिंग प्लेट के मुद्रांकन करने के अतिरिक्त मशीन को कपटपूर्ण व्यवहारों के लिए खोलने से रोकने के लिए सीलबंद भी किया जाएगा।

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उपधारा (12) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए यह घोषणा करती है कि उक्त मॉडल के अनुमोदन के इस प्रमाणपत्र के अंतर्गत उसी विनिर्माता द्वारा उसी सिद्धान्त, डिजाइन के अनुसार और उसी सामग्री से जिससे अनुमोदित मॉडल विनिर्मित किया गया है, विनिर्मित उसी श्रृंखला के वैसे ही मेक, यथार्थता और कार्यपालन के तोलन उपकरण भी होंगे जो 1 मि.ग्रा. से 50 मि. ग्रा. तक "ई" मान के लिए 100 से 50,000 तक के रेंज में सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (एन) और 100 मि. ग्रा. या उससे अधिक के "ई" मान के लिए 5000 से 50,000 तक की रेंज में मापमान अंतराल (एन) सहित 50 कि. ग्रा. तक की अधिकतम क्षमता वाले हैं और "ई" मान 1×10^6 , 2×10^6 या 5×10^6 , के हैं, जो धनात्मक या ऋणात्मक पूर्णांक या शून्य के समतुल्य हैं।

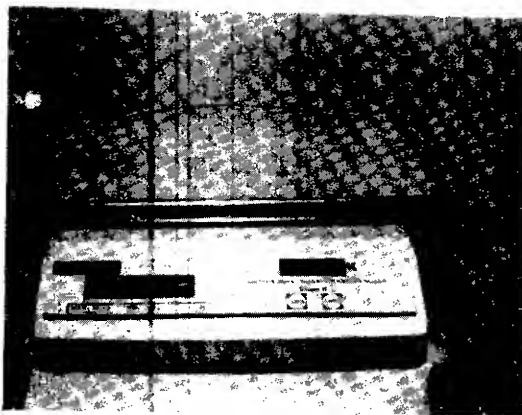
[फा.सं. डब्ल्यू एम-21(192)/2004]

पी. ए. कृष्णामूर्ति, निदेशक, विधिक माप विज्ञान

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2739.—Whereas the Central Government, after considering the report submitted to it by the prescribed authority, is satisfied that the model described in the said report (see the figure given below) is in conformity with the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976 (60 of 1976) and the Standards of Weights and Measures (Approval of Models) Rules, 1987 and the said model is likely to maintain its accuracy over periods of sustained use and to render accurate service under varied conditions;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (7) and (8) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby issues and publishes the certificate of approval of non-automatic (Table top type) weighing instrument with digital indication of "EK" series of high accuracy (Accuracy class-II) and with brand name "AND-GULF" (herein referred to as the said Model), manufactured by M/s. Electronic System, 84, Vivekanandpuri, Sarai Rohalla, Delhi-110007 and which is assigned the approval mark IND/09/2005/184;



The said model is a strain gauge type load cell based non-automatic weighing instrument (Table top type) with a maximum capacity of 30kg and minimum capacity of 100g. The verification scale interval (e) is 2g. It has a tare device with a 100 per cent subtractive retained tare effect. The light emitting diode (LED) display indicates the weighing result. The instrument operates on 230 Volts and 50 Hertz alternative current power supply;

In addition to sealing the stamping plate, sealing shall also be done to prevent the opening of the machine for fraudulent practices.

Further, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (12) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that this certificate of approval of the said model shall also cover the weighing instruments of similar make, accuracy and performance of same series with maximum capacity upto 50kg with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 100 to 50,000 for 'e' value of 1mg to 50mg and with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 5000 to 50,000 for 'e' value of 100 mg or more and with 'e' value of 1×10^k , 2×10^k or 5×10^k , where k is a positive or negative whole number or equal to zero, manufactured by the same manufacturer in accordance with the same principle, design and with the same materials with which, the said approved model has been manufactured.

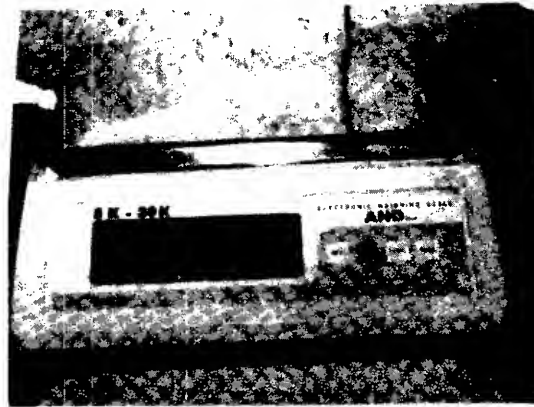
[F. No. WM-21(192)/2004]

P. A. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Director of Legal Metrology

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2740.—केन्द्रीय सरकार का, विहित प्राधिकारी द्वारा उसे प्रस्तुत रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात्, यह समाधान हो गया है कि उक्त रिपोर्ट में वर्णित मॉडल (नीचे दी गई आकृति देखें) बाट और माप मानक अधिनियम, 1976 (1976 का 60) तथा बाट और माप मानक (मॉडलों का अनुमोदन) नियम, 1987 के उपबंधों के अनुरूप है और इस बात की संभावना है कि लगातार प्रयोग की अवधि में भी उक्त मॉडल यथार्थता बनाए रखेगा और विभिन्न परिस्थितियों में उपयुक्त सेवा प्रदान करता रहेगा;

अतः अब केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (7) और (8) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए मैसर्स इलैक्ट्रॉनिक सिस्टम, 84, विवेकानन्दपुरी, सराय रोहेल्ला, दिल्ली-110007 द्वारा विनिर्मित मध्यम यथार्थता (यथार्थता वर्ग-III) वाले “एस के” शृंखला के अंकक सूचन सहित, अस्वचालित तोलन उपकरण (टेबल टाप प्रकार) के मॉडल का, जिसके ब्राण्ड का नाम “एण्ड-गल्फ” है (जिसे इसमें उक्त मॉडल कहा गया है) और जिसे अनुमोदन चिह्न आई एन डी/09/2005/185 समनुदेशित किया गया है, अनुमोदन प्रमाणपत्र जारी और प्रकाशित करती है।



उक्त मॉडल एक विकृत गेज प्रकार का लोड सेल आधारित अस्वचालित (टेबल टाप प्रकार) तोलन उपकरण है। इसकी अधिकतम क्षमता 30 कि. ग्रा. और न्यूनतम क्षमता 100 ग्रा. है। सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (ई) का मान 5 ग्रा. है। इसमें एक आधेयतुलन युक्ति है जिसका शत प्रतिशत व्यकलनात्मक धारित आधेयतुलन प्रभाव है। प्रकाश उत्सर्जक डायोड (एल ई डी) प्रदर्श परिणाम उपदर्शित करता है। उपकरण 230 वोल्ट, 50 हर्ट्ज प्रत्यावर्ती धारा विद्युत प्रदाय पर कार्य करता है।

स्टाम्पिंग प्लेट के मुद्रांकन करने के अतिरिक्त मशीन को कपटपूर्ण व्यवहारों के लिए खोलने से रोकने के लिए सीलबंद भी किया जाएगा।

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (12) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए यह घोषणा करती है कि उक्त मॉडल के अनुमोदन के इस प्रमाणपत्र के अंतर्गत उसी विनिर्माता द्वारा उसी सिद्धान्त, डिजाइन के अनुसार और उसी सामग्री से जिससे अनुमोदित मॉडल विनिर्मित किया गया है, विनिर्मित उसी शृंखला के वैसे ही मेक, यथार्थता और कार्यपालन के तोलन उपकरण भी होंगे जो 100 मि.ग्रा. से 2 ग्रा. तक “ई” मान के लिए 100 से 10,000 तक के रेंज में सत्यापन मान अंतराल (एन) और 5 ग्रा. या उससे अधिक के “ई” मान के लिए 500 से 10,000 तक की रेंज में सत्यापन मान अंतराल (एन) सहित 50 कि. ग्रा. तक की अधिकतम क्षमता वाले हैं और “ई” मान 1×10^3 , 2×10^3 या 5×10^3 , के हैं, जो धनात्मक या ऋणात्मक पूर्णांक या शून्य के समतुल्य हैं।

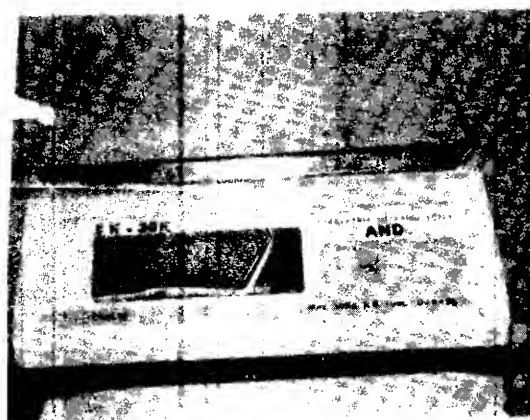
[फा.सं. डब्ल्यू. एम.-21(192)/2004]

पी. ए. कृष्णामूर्ति, निदेशक, विधिक माप विज्ञान

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2740.—Whereas the Central Government, after considering the report submitted to it by the prescribed authority, is satisfied that the model described in the said report (see the figure given below) is in conformity with the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976 (60 of 1976) and the Standards of Weights and Measures (Approval of Models) Rules, 1987 and the said model is likely to maintain its accuracy over periods of sustained use and to render accurate service under varied conditions;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (7) and (8) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby issues and publishes the certificate of approval of non-automatic (Table top type) weighing instrument with digital indication of "SK" series of medium accuracy (Accuracy class-III) and with brand name "AND-GULF" (herein referred to as the said Model), manufactured by M/s. Electronic System, 84, Vivekanandpuri, Sarai Rohalla, Delhi-110007 and which is assigned the approval mark IND/09/2005/185;



The said model is a strain gauge type load cell based non-automatic weighing instrument (Table top type) with a maximum capacity of 30kg and minimum capacity of 100g. The verification scale interval (e) is 5g. It has a tare device with a 100 per cent subtractive retained tare effect. The light emitting diode (LED) display indicates the weighing result. The instrument operates on 230 Volts 50 Hertz alternative current power supply;

In addition to sealing the stamping plate, sealing shall also be done to prevent the opening of the machine for fraudulent practices.

Further, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (12) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that this certificate of approval of the said model shall also cover the weighing instrument of similar make, accuracy and performance of same series with maximum capacity upto 50kg with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 100 to 10,000 for 'e' value of 100mg to 2g and with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 500 to 10,000 for 'e' value of 5g or more and with 'e' value of 1×10^k , 2×10^k or 5×10^k , where k is a positive or negative whole number or equal to zero, manufactured by the same manufacturer in accordance with the same principles, design and with the same materials with which, the said approved model has been manufactured.

[F. No. WM-21(192)/2004]

P. A. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Director of Legal Metrology

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2741.—केन्द्रीय सरकार का, विहित प्राधिकारी द्वारा उसे प्रस्तुत रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात्, यह समाधान हो गया है कि उक्त रिपोर्ट में वर्णित मॉडल (नीचे दी गई आकृति देखें) बाट और माप मानक अधिनियम, 1976 (1976 का 60) तथा बाट और माप मानक (मॉडलों का अनुमोदन) नियम, 1987 के उपबंधों के अनुरूप है और इस बात की संभावना है कि लगातार प्रयोग की अवधि में भी उक्त मॉडल यथार्थता बनाए रखेगा और विभिन्न परिस्थितियों में उपयुक्त सेवा प्रदान करता रहेगा;

अतः, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (7) और (8) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए मैसर्स इलैक्ट्रॉनिक सिस्टम, 84, विवेकानन्दपुरी, सराय रोहेल्ला, दिल्ली-110007 द्वारा विनिर्मित मध्यम यथार्थता (यथार्थता वर्ग-III) वाले "एस के" श्रृंखला के अंकक सूचन सहित अस्वचालित तोलन उपकरण (प्लेटफार्म प्रकार) के मॉडल का, जिसके ब्राण्ड का नाम "एण्ड-गल्फ" है (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त मॉडल कहा गया है) और जिसे अनुमोदन चिह्न आई एन डी/09/2005/186 समनुदेशित किया गया है, अनुमोदन प्रमाणपत्र जारी और प्रकाशित करती है।



उक्त मॉडल एक विकृत गेज प्रकार का लोड सेल आधारित अस्वचालित (प्लेटफार्म प्रकार) तोलन उपकरण है। इसकी अधिकतम क्षमता 500 कि.ग्रा. और न्यूनतम क्षमता 1 कि. ग्रा. है। सत्यापन मापमान अन्तराल (ई) का मान 50 ग्रा. है। इसमें एक आधेयतुलन युक्ति है जिसका शत प्रतिशत व्यकलनात्मक धारित आधेयतुलन प्रभाव है। प्रकाश उत्सर्जक डायोड (एल ई डी) प्रदर्श परिणाम उपदर्शित करता है। उपकरण 230 वोल्ट और 50 हर्ट्ज प्रत्यावर्ती धारा विद्युत प्रदाय पर कार्य करता है।

स्टाम्पिंग प्लेट के मुद्रांकन के अतिरिक्त मशीन को कपटपूर्ण व्यवहारों के लिए खोलने से रोकने के लिए सीलबंद भी किया जाएगा।

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (12) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए यह घोषणा करती है कि उक्त मॉडल के अनुमोदन के इस प्रमाण पत्र के अंतर्गत उसी विनिर्माता द्वारा उसी सिद्धान्त, डिजाइन के अनुसार और उसी सामग्री से जिससे अनुमोदित मॉडल विनिर्मित किया गया है, विनिर्मित उसी श्रृंखला के वैसे ही मेक, यथार्थता और कार्यपालन के तोलन उपकरण भी होंगे जो 5 ग्रा. या उससे अधिक के "ई" मान के लिए 500 से 10,000 तक की रेंज में सत्यापन मान अंतराल (एन) सहित 50 कि. ग्रा. से अधिक और 1000 कि. ग्रा. तक की अधिकतम क्षमता वाले हैं और "ई" मान $1 \times 10^{\text{कै}}$, $2 \times 10^{\text{कै}}$ या $5 \times 10^{\text{कै}}$, के हैं, जो धनात्मक या ऋणात्मक पूर्णांक या शून्य के समतुल्य हैं।

[फा.सं. डब्ल्यू. एम.-21(192)/2004]

पी. ए. कृष्णामूर्ति, निदेशक, विधिक माप विज्ञान

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2741.—Whereas the Central Government, after considering the report submitted to it by the prescribed authority, is satisfied that the Model described in the said report (see the figure given below) is in conformity with the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976 (60 of 1976) and the Standards of Weights and Measures (Approval of Models) Rules, 1987 and the said Model is likely to maintain its accuracy over periods of sustained use and to render accurate service under varied conditions;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (7) and (8) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby issues and publishes the certificate of approval of non-automatic (Platform type) weighing instrument with digital indication of "SK" series of medium accuracy (Accuracy class-III) and with brand name "AND-GULF" (herein referred to as the said Model), manufactured by M/s.Electronic System, 84, Vivekanandpuri, Sarai Rohalla, Delhi-110007 and which is assigned the approval mark IND/09/2005/186;



The said Model is a strain gauge type load cell based non-automatic weighing instrument (Platform type) with a maximum capacity of 500kg and minimum capacity of 1kg. The verification scale interval (e) is 50g. It has a tare device with a 100 per cent subtractive retained tare effect. The Light Emitting Diode (LED) display indicates the weighing result. The instrument operates on 230 Volts and 50 Hertz alternative current power supply;

In addition to sealing the stamping plate, sealing shall also be done to prevent the opening of the machine for fraudulent practices.

Further, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (12) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that this certificate of approval of the said model shall also cover the weighing instruments of similar make, accuracy and performance of same series with maximum capacity above 50kg and up to 1000kg with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 500 to 10,000 for 'e' value of 5g or more and with 'e' value of 1×10^k , 2×10^k or 5×10^k , where k is a positive or negative whole number or equal to zero, manufactured by the same manufacturer in accordance with the same principles, design, and with the same materials with which, the said approved model has been manufactured.

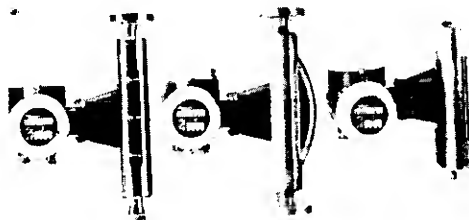
[F. No. WM-21(192)/2004]

P. A. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Director of Legal Metrology

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2742.—केन्द्रीय सरकार का, विहित प्राधिकारी द्वारा उसे प्रस्तुत रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात् यह समाधान हो गया है कि उक्त रिपोर्ट में वर्णित मॉडल (नीचे दी गई आकृति देखें) बाट और माप मानक अधिनियम, 1976 (1976 का 60) तथा बाट और माप मानक (मॉडलों का अनुमोदन) नियम, 1987 के उपबंधों के अनुरूप है और इस बात की संभावना है कि लगातार प्रयोग की अवधि में भी उक्त मॉडल यथार्थता बनाए रखेगा और विभिन्न परिस्थितियों में उपयुक्त सेवा प्रदान करता रहेगा;

अतः अब केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उपधारा (3) के तीसरे परन्तुक और धारा 36 की उप-धारा (7) और (8) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, मैसर्स एंड्रेस + हाउसर फ्लोटैक ए जी, काग्रेस 4153 रिइनाक बी एल 1, स्वीटजरलैण्ड द्वारा निर्मित कारिओलिस द्रव्यमान प्रवाह मीटर (जल से भिन्न द्रव का मीटर) और भारत में मैसर्स एंड्रेस + हाउसर (इंडिया) प्रा. लि. एक्सकाम हाउस, भूतल फ्लोर, साउथ विंग 7 साकी विहार रोड, अंधेरी (पू.) मुंबई, इंडिया द्वारा विष्पणित प्रोमास 64 सहित प्रोमास सैन्सर पी.ए. या एन श्रृंखला के मॉडल का, जिसमें अनुमोदन चिह्न आई एन डी/13/2005/36 समनुदेशित किया गया है, अनुमोदन प्रमाण पत्र जारी और प्रकाशित करती है।



उक्त मॉडल एक अंकक सूचक (एल सी डी) सहित कोरिओलिस सिद्धांत के अनुसार कार्य करने वाला एक धनात्मक विस्थापन प्रवाह मीटर है, जिसका अभिहित व्यास 2 मि.मी. से 150 मि.मी. है। इसका उपयोग सभी प्रकार के द्रव और गैस के अभिरक्षा अन्तरण के लिए किया जाता है। इस प्रकार के द्रव्यमान मीटर का उपयोग 500 कि.ग्रा./मी³ से 2000 कि.ग्रा./मी³ के मध्य सघनता वाले तथा 50° सेंटीग्रेड और 200° सेंटीग्रेड के मध्य तापमान वाले सभी प्रकार के द्रवों को मापने के लिए किया जा सकेगा। ये द्रव गैस बुलबुलों से मुक्त होने चाहिए और उनका ठोस भाग इस प्रकार के द्रव्यमान मीटरों से 1 प्रतिशत कम होना चाहिए। इस प्रकार का मीटरों का उपयोग 100 बार से 250 बार के मध्य दाब रेंज में इंधन गैस को मापने के लिए किया जा सकेगा।

प्रोमास 64 एम प्रकार के मापन उपकरणों का उपयोग, उच्च दाब संस्करण सहित डी एन 8, डी एन 15 और डी एन 25 के अभिहित व्यास सहित, 350 बार तक की दाब रेंज में इंधन गैसों को मापने के लिए किया जा सकेगा। इसका अधिकतम द्रव्यमान प्रवाह रेंज दर 2.0 कि.मी./ मि.से 12000 कि.मी. तक और न्यूनतम प्रवाह रेंज 0.1 कि.ग्रा./मि. से 250 कि.ग्रा./मि. तक है। न्यूनतम मात्रा मापन रेंज 0.05 कि.ग्रा./मि. से 200 कि.ग्रा./मि. तक है और मापमान अन्तराल रेंज का मान 0.1 ग्रा. से 1000 ग्रा. तक है।

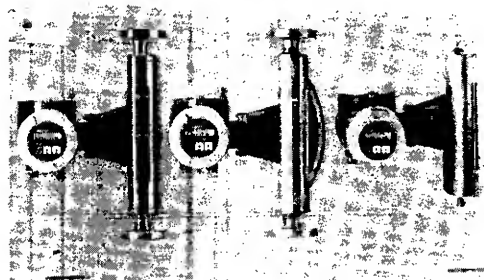
[फा.सं. डब्ल्यू. एम.-21(257)/2003]

पी. ए. कृष्णामूर्ति, निदेशक, विधिक माप विज्ञान

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2742.—Whereas the Central Government, after considering the report submitted to it by the prescribed authority, along with the model approval certificate issued by the Physikalisch Technische Bundesanstalt, Braunschweig and Berlin, Germany (PTB) is satisfied that the Model described in the said report (see the figure given below) is in conformity with the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976 (60 of 1976), and the Standards of Weights and Measures (Approval of Models) Rules, 1987 and the said model is likely to maintain its accuracy over periods of sustained use and to render accurate service under varied conditions;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the third proviso to sub-sections (3) and sub sections (7) and (8) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby approves, issues and publishes the certificate of approval of the Model of Coriolis Mass Flow meter (Meters for liquids-other than water) of series **PROMASS-64 with promass sensor P, A or M**, manufactured by **M/s Endress+Hauser Flowtec AG, Kagenstrabe 7, 4153 Reinach BL 1, Switzerland** and marketed in India by **M/s Endress+Hauser (India) Pvt. Ltd., Excom House, Ground Floor, South Wing, 7, Sakivihar Road, Andheri (E), Mumbai, India** and which is assigned the approval mark **IND/13/2005/36**;



The said model is a positive displacement Flow Meter working according to Coriolis principle having nominal diameter from 2mm to 150 mm with digital indication (LCD type). It is used for custody transfer for all kind of liquids and gases. The mass meter of this type may be used to measure all kinds of liquids with a density between 500kg/m³ and 2000kg/m³ and a temperature between—50°C and 200°C. These liquids must be free from gas bubbles and their solid portion must be less than 1%. Mass meters of this type may also be used to measure fuel gases in the pressure range between 100 bar and 250 bar. The measuring instruments of the PROMASS 64M TYPE, in the high pressure version with the nominal diameters DN 8, DN15 and DN25 may be used to measure fuel gases in the pressure range up to 350 bar. The maximum rate of mass flow range is from 2.0kg/min. to 12000 kg/min and minimum rate of flow range from 0.1 kg/min to 250 kg/min. The minimum quantity measured range from 0.05 kg to 200 kg and value of scale interval range from 0.1g to 1000g.

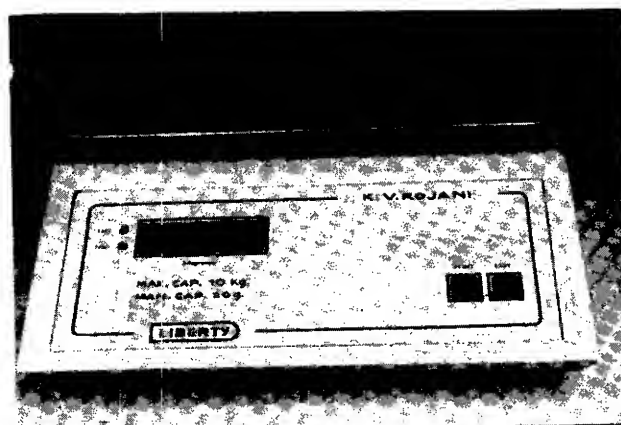
[F. No. WM-21(257)/2003]

P. A. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Director of Legal Metrology

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2743.—केन्द्रीय सरकार का, विहित प्राधिकारी द्वारा उसे प्रस्तुत रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात्, यह समाधान हो गया है कि उक्त रिपोर्ट में वर्णित मॉडल (नीचे दी गई आकृति देखें) बाट और माप मानक अधिनियम, 1976 (1976 का 60) तथा बाट और माप मानक (मॉडलों का अनुमोदन) नियम, 1987 के उपबंधों के अनुरूप है और इस बात की संभावना है कि लगातार प्रयोग की अवधि में भी उक्त मॉडल यथार्थता बनाए रखेगा और विभिन्न परिस्थितियों में उपयुक्त सेवा प्रदान करता रहेगा;

अतः, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (7) और (8) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए मैसर्स के.वी. रोजानी एण्ड सन्स, 300-50, सरदार वल्लभभाई पटेल रोड, मुंबई-400 009 महाराष्ट्र द्वारा विनिर्मित मध्यम यथार्थता वर्ग (यथार्थता वर्ग-III) वाले अंकक सूचन सहित, अस्वचालित तोलन उपकरण दोहरी रेंज (टेबल टाप प्रकार) के मॉडल का, जिसके ब्राण्ड का नाम "लिबर्टी" है (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त मॉडल कहा गया है) और जिसे अनुमोदन चिह्न आई एन डी/09/2005/38 समनुदेशित किया गया है, अनुमोदन प्रमाण पत्र जारी और प्रकाशित करती है।



उक्त मॉडल भार सेल आधारित दोहरी रेंज तोलन उपकरण है। इसकी अधिकतम क्षमता 30 कि.ग्रा. और न्यूनतम क्षमता 100 ग्रा. है। सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (ई) का मान 5 ग्रा. है। इसमें एक आधेयतुलन युक्ति है जिसका शत प्रतिशत व्यकलनात्मक धारित आधेयतुलन प्रभाव है। प्रकाश उत्सर्जक डायोड (एल ई डी) प्रदर्श तोलन परिणाम उपदर्शित करता है। उपकरण 230 वोल्ट और 50 हर्ट्ज प्रत्यावर्ती धारा विद्युत प्रदाय पर कार्य करता है।

स्टाम्पिंग प्लेट के मुद्रांकन के अतिरिक्त मशीन को कपटपूर्ण व्यवहारों के लिए खोलने से रोकने के लिए सीलबंद भी किया जाएगा।

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (12) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए यह घोषणा करती है कि उक्त मॉडल के अनुमोदन के इस प्रमाण पत्र के अंतर्गत उसी विनिर्माता द्वारा उसी सिद्धान्त, डिजाइन के अनुसार और उसी सामग्री से जिससे उक्त अनुमोदित मॉडल का निर्माण किया गया है, विनिर्मित उसी श्रृंखला के वैसे ही मेक, यथार्थता और कार्यपालन के तोलन उपकरण भी होंगे जो 100 मि.ग्रा. से 2 ग्रा. तक "ई" मान के लिए 100 से 10,000 तक की रेंज में सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (एन) और 5 ग्रा. या उससे अधिक के "ई" मान के लिए 500 से 10,000 तक की रेंज में मापमान (एन) अंतराल सहित 50 कि. ग्रा. तक की अधिकतम क्षमता वाले हैं और "ई" मान 1×10^3 , 2×10^3 या 5×10^3 , के हैं, जो धनात्मक या ऋणात्मक पूर्णांक या शून्य के समतुल्य हैं।

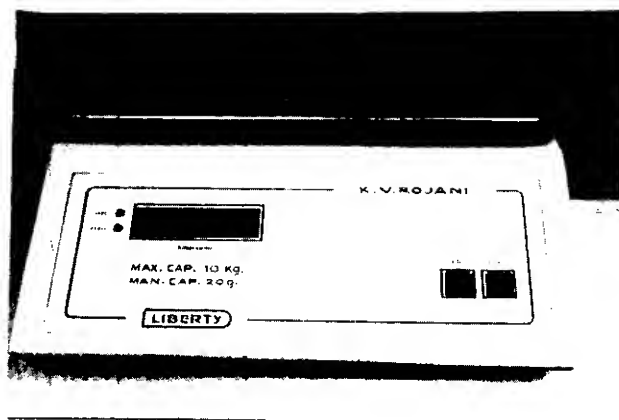
[फा.सं. डब्ल्यू. एम.-21(304)/2003]

पी. ए. कृष्णामूर्ति, निदेशक, विधिक माप विज्ञान

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2743.—Whereas the Central Government, after considering the report submitted to it by the prescribed authority, is satisfied that the model described in the said report (the figure given below) is in conformity with the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976 (60 of 1976), and the Standards of Weights and Measures (Approval of Models) Rules, 1987 and the said model is likely to maintain its accuracy over periods of sustained use and to render accurate service under varied conditions;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (7) and sub-section (8) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby publishes the certificate of approval of the model of self indicating, non-automatic dual range (Table top type) weighing instrument with digital indication of medium accuracy (Accuracy class-III) and with brand name "LIBERTY" (hereinafter referred to as the model), manufactured by M/s. K.V. Rojani & Sons, 300-50, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel Road, Mumbai-400 009 (Maharashtra) which is assigned the approval mark IND/09/2005/38;



The said model is a load cell based dual range weighing instrument with a maximum capacity of 30 kg and minimum capacity of 100g. The verification scale interval (e) is 5 g. It has a tare device with a 100 percent subtractive retained tare effect. The Light Emitting Diode indicates the weighing result. The instrument operates on 230 Volts and 50 Hertz alternate current power supply.

In addition to sealing the stamping plate, sealing shall also be done to prevent the opening of the machine for fraudulent practices.

Further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (12) of section 36 of the Act, the Central Government hereby declares that this certificate of approval of the said model shall also cover the weighing instrument of similar make, accuracy and performance of same series with maximum capacity up to 50 kg with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 100 to 10,000 for 'e' value of 100mg to 2g and with the number of verification scale interval (n) in the range 500 to 10,000 for 'e' value of 5g or more and with 'e' value of 1×10^k , 2×10^k or 5×10^k , k being the positive or negative whole number or equal to zero, manufactured by the same manufacturer in accordance with the same principle, design, and with the same materials with which, the said approved model has been manufactured.

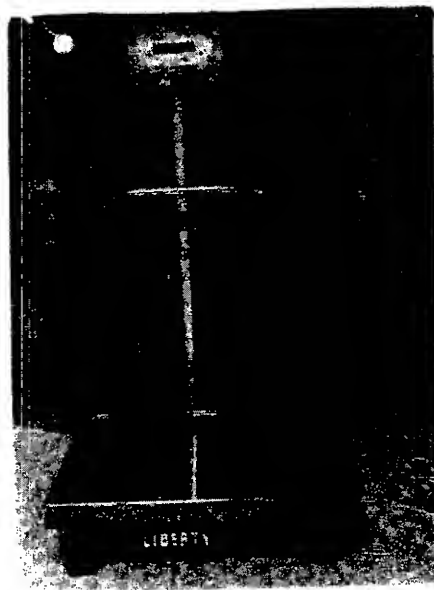
[F. No. WM-21(304)/2003]

P. A. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Director of Legal Metrology

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2744.—केन्द्रीय सरकार का, विहित प्राधिकारी द्वारा उसे प्रस्तुत रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात्, यह समाधान हो गया है कि उक्त रिपोर्ट में वर्णित मॉडल (नीचे दी गई आकृति देखें) बाट और माप मानक अधिनियम, 1976 (1976 का 60) तथा बाट और माप मानक (मॉडलों का अनुमोदन) नियम, 1987 के उपबंधों के अनुरूप है और इस बात की संभावना है कि लगातार प्रयोग की अवधि में भी उक्त मॉडल यथार्थता बनाए रखेगा और विभिन्न परिस्थितियों में उपयुक्त सेवा प्रदान करता रहेगा;

अतः, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (7) और (8) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए मैसर्स के.वी. रोजानी एण्ड सन्स, 300-50, सरदार वल्लभभाई पटेल रोड, मुंबई-400009 महाराष्ट्र द्वारा विनिर्मित मध्यम यथार्थता वर्ग (यथार्थता वर्ग-III) वाले अंकक सूचन सहित, अस्वचालित तोलन उपकरण (प्लेटफार्म प्रकार) के मॉडल का, जिसके ब्राण्ड का नाम "लिबर्टी" है (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त मॉडल कहा गया है) और जिसे अनुमोदन चिह्न आई एम डी/09/2005/39 समनुदेशित किया गया है, अनुमोदन प्रमाण-पत्र जारी और प्रकाशित करती है।



उक्त मॉडल विकृति गेज प्रकार का भार सेल आधारित अस्वचालित तोलन उपकरण (प्लेटफार्म प्रकार का) है। इसकी अधिकतम क्षमता 1000 कि.ग्रा. और न्यूनतम क्षमता 2 कि. ग्रा. है। सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (ई) का मान 100 ग्रा. है। इसमें एक आधेयतुलन युक्ति है जिसका शत प्रतिशत व्यकलनात्मक धारित आधेयतुलन प्रभाव है। प्रकाश उत्सर्जक डायोड (एल ई डी) प्रदर्श तोलन परिणाम उपदर्शित करता है। उपकरण 230 वोल्ट और 50 हर्ट्ज प्रत्यावर्ती धारा विद्युत प्रदाय पर कार्य करता है।

स्टाम्पिंग प्लेट के मुद्रांकन के अतिरिक्त मशीन को कपटपूर्ण व्यवहारों के लिए खोलने से रोकने के लिए सीलबंद भी किया जाएगा।

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उपधारा (12) प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए यह घोषणा करती है कि उक्त मॉडल के अनुमोदन के इस प्रमाण-पत्र के अंतर्गत उसी विनिर्माता द्वारा उसी सिद्धान्त, डिजाइन के अनुसार और उसी सामग्री से जिससे उक्त अनुमोदित मॉडल का निर्माण किया गया है, विनिर्मित उसी श्रृंखला के वैसे ही मेक, यथार्थता और कार्यपालन के तोलन उपकरण भी होंगे जो 100 मि.ग्रा. से 2 ग्रा. तक "ई" मान के लिए 100 से 10,000 तक के रेंज में सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (एन) और 5 कि. ग्रा. या उससे अधिक के "ई" मान के लिए 500 से 10,000 तक की रेंज में मापमान (एन) अंतराल सहित 50 कि.ग्रा. से अधिक और 5000 कि.ग्रा. तक की अधिकतम क्षमता वाले हैं और "ई" मान 1×10^6 , 2×10^6 या 5×10^6 , के हैं, जो घनात्मक या ऋणात्मक पूर्णांक या शून्य के समतुल्य हैं।

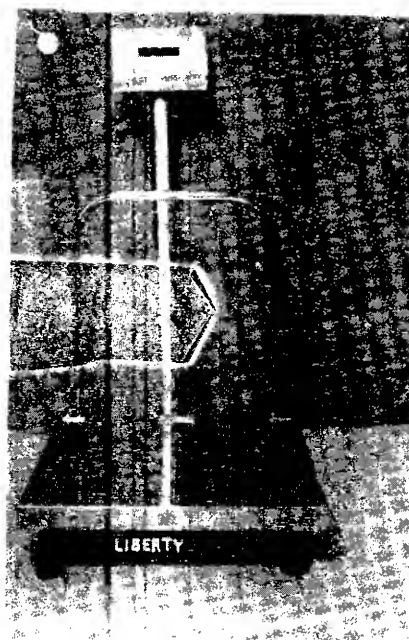
[फा.सं. डब्ल्यू. एम.-21(304)/2003]

पी. ए. कृष्णामूर्ति, निदेशक, विधिक माप विज्ञान

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2744.—Whereas the Central Government, after considering the report submitted to it by the prescribed authority, is satisfied that the model described in the said report (see the figure given below) is in conformity with the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976 (60 of 1976), and the Standards of Weights and Measures (Approval of Models) Rules, 1987 and the said model is likely to maintain its accuracy over periods of sustained use and to render accurate service under varied conditions;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-sections (7) and (8) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby issues and publishes the certificate of approval of the model of non-automatic (Platform type) weighing instrument with digital indication of medium accuracy (Accuracy class-III) and with brand name "LIBERTY" (herein referred to as the said model), manufactured by M/s. K.V. Rojani & Sons, 300-50, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel Road, Mumbai-400009 (Maharashtra) and which is assigned the approval mark IND 09/2005/39;



The said model is a strain gauge type load cell based non-automatic weighing instrument (Platform type) with a maximum capacity of 1000kg and minimum capacity of 2kg. The verification scale interval (e) is 100g. It has a tare device with a 100 percent subtractive retained tare effect. The light emitting diode (LED) display indicates the weighing result. The instrument operates on 230V, 50Hz alternative current power supply.

In addition to sealing the stamping plate, sealing shall also be done to prevent the opening of the machine for fraudulent practices.

Further, in exercise of the power conferred by Sub-section (12) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that this certificate of approval of the said model shall also cover the weighing instruments of similar make, accuracy and performance of same series with maximum capacity above 50 kg and upto 5000 kg, with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 100 to 10,000 for 'e' value of 100mg to 2g and with the verification interval (n) in the range of 500 to 10,000 for 'e' value of 5g or more and with 'e' value of 1×10^k , 2×10^k or 5×10^k , k being a positive or negative whole number or equal to zero, manufactured by the same manufacturer in accordance with the same principle, design, and with the same materials with which, the said approved model has been manufactured.

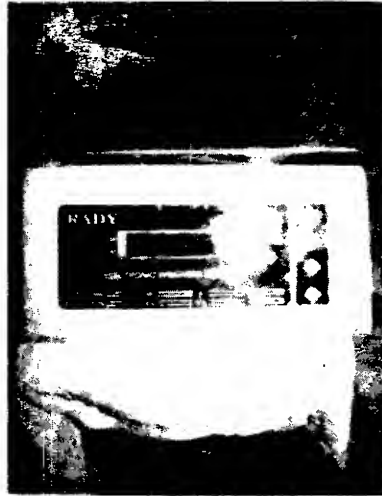
[F. No. WM-21(304)/2003]

P. A. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Director of Legal Metrology

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2745.—केन्द्रीय सरकार का, विहित प्राधिकारी द्वारा उसे प्रस्तुत रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात् यह समाधान हो गया है कि उक्त रिपोर्ट में वर्णित मॉडल (नीचे दी गई आकृति देखें) बाट और माप मानक अधिनियम, 1976 (1976 का 60) तथा बाट और माप मानक (मॉडलों का अनुमोदन) नियम, 1987 के उपबंधों के अनुरूप है और इस बात की संभावना है कि लगातार प्रयोग की अवधि में भी उक्त मॉडल यथार्थता बनाए रखेगा और विभिन्न परिस्थितियों में उपयुक्त सेवा प्रदान करता रहेगा;

अतः, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (7) और (8) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए मैसर्स इलैक्ट्रॉनिक सिस्टम, 84, विवेकानन्दपुरी, सराय रोहेल्ला, दिल्ली-110 007 द्वारा विनिर्मित मध्यम यथार्थता (यथार्थता वर्ग-III) वाले "आर एक्स" श्रृंखला के अंकक सूचन सहित, अस्वचालित तोलन उपकरण (टेबल टॉप प्रकार) के मॉडल का, जिसके ब्राण्ड का नाम "रेडी" है (जिसे इसमें उक्त मॉडल कहा गया है) और जिसे अनुमोदन चिह्न आई एन डी/09/2005/160 समनुदेशित किया गया है, अनुमोदन प्रमाण पत्र जारी और प्रकाशित करती है।



उक्त मॉडल विद्युत चुम्बकीय प्रतिकर सिद्धान्त पर आधारित अस्वचालित (टेबल टॉप प्रकार) तोलन उपकरण है। इसकी अधिकतम क्षमता 30 कि.ग्रा. और न्यूनतम क्षमता 100 ग्रा. है। सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (ई) का मान 5 ग्रा. है। इसमें एक आधेयतुलन युक्ति है जिसका शत प्रतिशत व्यकलनात्मक धारित आधेयतुलन प्रभाव है। प्रकाश उत्सर्जक डायोड (एल ई डी) प्रदर्श परिणाम उपदर्शित करता है। उपकरण 230 वोल्ट, 50 हर्ट्ज प्रत्यावर्ती धारा विद्युत प्रदाय पर कार्य करता है।

स्टाम्पिंग प्लेट के मुद्रांकन के अतिरिक्त मशीन को कपटपूर्ण व्यवहारों के लिए खोलने से रोकने के लिए सीलबंद भी किया जाएगा।

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (12) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए यह घोषणा करती है कि उक्त मॉडल के अनुमोदन के इस प्रमाण पत्र के अंतर्गत उसी विनिर्माता द्वारा उसी सिद्धान्त, डिजाइन के अनुसार और उसी सामग्री से जिससे अनुमोदित मॉडल विनिर्मित किया गया है, विनिर्मित उसी श्रृंखला के वैसे ही मेक, यथार्थता और कार्यपालन के तोलन उपकरण भी होंगे जो 100 मि.ग्रा. से 2 ग्रा. तक "ई" मान के लिए 100 से 10,000 तक की रेंज में सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (एन) और 5 ग्रा. या उससे अधिक के "ई" मान के लिए 500 से 10,000 तक की रेंज में सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (एन) सहित 50 कि.ग्रा. तक की अधिकतम क्षमता वाले हैं और "ई" मान 1×10^6 , 2×10^6 या 5×10^6 , के हैं, जो धनात्मक या ऋणात्मक पूर्णांक या शून्य के समतुल्य हैं।

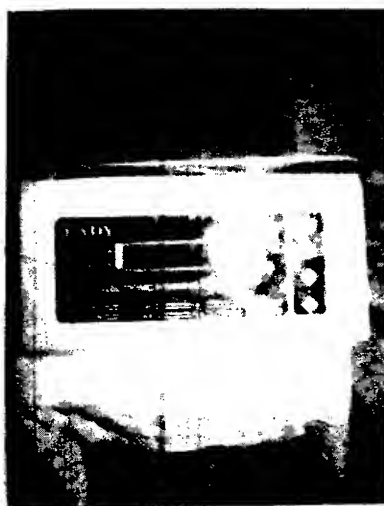
[फा.सं. डब्ल्यू एम-21(251)/2004]

पी. ए. कृष्णामूर्ति, निदेशक, विधिक माप विज्ञान

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2745.—Whereas the Central Government, after considering the report submitted to it by the prescribed authority, is satisfied that the model described in the said report (see the figure given below) is in conformity with the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976 (60 of 1976), and the Standards of Weights and Measures (Approval of Models) Rules, 1987 and the said model is likely to maintain its accuracy over periods of sustained use and to render accurate service under varied conditions;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (7) and (8) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby issues and publishes the certificate of approval of non-automatic (Table top type) weighing instrument with digital indication of "RX" series of medium accuracy (accuracy class-III) and with brand name "RADY" (herein referred to as the said model), manufactured by M/s. Electronic System, 84, Vivekanandpuri, Sarai Rohalla, Delhi-110 007 and which is assigned the approval mark IND 09/2005/160;



The said model is a electromagnetic force compensation principle based non-automatic weighing instrument (Table top type) with a maximum capacity of 30 kg. and minimum capacity of 100g. The verification scale interval (e) is 5 g. It has a tare device with a 100 percent subtractive retained tare effect. The light emitting diode (LED) display indicates the weighing result. The instruments operates on 230V, 50Hz alternative current power supply.

In addition to sealing the stamping plate, sealing shall also be done to prevent the opening of the machine for fraudulent practices.

Further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (12) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that this certificate of approval of the Model shall also cover the weighing instruments of similar make, accuracy and performance of same series with maximum capacity upto 50 kg. with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 100 to 50000 for 'e' value of 1mg. or more and with 'e' value of 1×10^k , 2×10^k or 5×10^k , k being a positive or negative whole number or equal to zero, manufactured by the same manufacturer in accordance with the same principle, design and with the same materials with which, the approved Model has been manufactured.

[F. No. WM-21(251)/2004]

P. A. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Director of Legal Metrology

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2746.—केन्द्रीय सरकार का, विहित प्राधिकारी द्वारा उसे प्रस्तुत रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात्, यह समाधान हो गया है कि उक्त रिपोर्ट में वर्णित मॉडल (नीचे दी गई आकृति देखें) बाट और माप मानक अधिनियम, 1976 (1976 का 60) तथा बाट और माप मानक (मॉडलों का अनुमोदन) नियम, 1987 के उपबंधों के अनुरूप है और इस बात की संभावना है कि लगातार प्रयोग की अवधि में भी उक्त मॉडल यथार्थता बनाए रखेगा और विभिन्न परिस्थितियों में उपयुक्त सेवा प्रदान करता रहेगा;

अतः, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (7) और (8) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए मैसर्स इलेक्ट्रॉनिक सिस्टम, 84, विवेकानन्दपुरी, सराय रोहेल्ला, दिल्ली-110007 द्वारा विनिर्मित उच्च यथार्थता (यथार्थता वर्ग-II) वाले "आरबी" श्रृंखला के अंकक सूचन सहित अस्वचालित तोलन उपकरण (टेबलटाप प्रकार) के मॉडल का, जिसके ब्राण्ड का नाम "रेडी" है (जिसे इसमें उक्त मॉडल कहा गया है) और जिसे अनुमोदन चिह्न आई एन डी/09/2005/161 समनुदेशित किया गया है, अनुमोदन प्रमाण पत्र जारी और प्रकाशित करती है।



उक्त मॉडल एक विकृत गेज प्रकार का लोड सेल आधारित अस्वचालित (टेबलटाप प्रकार) तोलन उपकरण है। इसकी अधिकतम क्षमता 30 कि.ग्रा. और न्यूनतम क्षमता 100 ग्रा. है। सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (ई) का मान 2 ग्रा. है। इसमें एक आधेयतुलन युक्ति है जिसका शत प्रतिशत व्यकलनात्मक धारित आधेयतुलन प्रभाव है। प्रकाश उत्सर्जक डायोड (एल ई डी) प्रदर्श परिणाम उपदर्शित करता है। उपकरण 230 वोल्ट, 50 हर्ट्ज प्रत्यावर्ती धारा विद्युत प्रदाय पर कार्य करता है।

स्टाम्पिंग प्लेट के मुद्रांकन के अतिरिक्त मशीन को कपटपूर्ण व्यवहारों के लिए खोलने से रोकने के लिए सीलबंद भी किया जाएगा।

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (12) प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए यह घोषणा करती है कि उक्त मॉडल के अनुमोदन के इस प्रमाण पत्र के अंतर्गत उसी विनिर्माता द्वारा उसी सिद्धान्त, डिजाइन के अनुसार और उसी सामग्री से जिससे अनुमोदित मॉडल विनिर्मित किया गया है, विनिर्मित उसी श्रृंखला के वैसे ही मेक, यथार्थता और कार्यपालन के तोलन उपकरण भी होंगे जो 1 मि.ग्रा. से 50 मि. ग्रा. तक "ई" मान के लिए 100 से 50,000 तक की रेंज में सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (एन) और 100 मि. ग्रा. या उससे अधिक के "ई" मान के लिए 5000 से 50,000 तक की रेंज में मापमान अंतराल (एन) सहित 50 कि.ग्रा. तक की अधिकतम क्षमता वाले हैं और "ई" मान 1×10^3 , 2×10^3 या 5×10^3 , के हैं, जो धनात्मक या ऋणात्मक पूर्णांक या शून्य के समतुल्य हैं।

[फा.सं. डब्ल्यू. एम.-21(251)/2004]

पी. ए. कृष्णामूर्ति, निदेशक, विधिक माप विज्ञान

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2746.—Whereas the Central Government, after considering the report submitted to it by the prescribed authority, is satisfied that the model described in the said report (the figure given below) is in conformity with the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976 (60 of 1976), and the Standards of Weights and Measures (Approval of Models) Rules, 1987 and the said model is likely to maintain its accuracy over periods of sustained use and to render accurate service under varied conditions;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-sections (7) and (8) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby issues and publishes the certificate of approval of the non-automatic (Table top type) weighing instrument with digital indication of "RB" series of high accuracy (Accuracy class-II) and with brand name "RADY" (herein referred to as the said model), manufactured by M/s. Electronic System, 84, Vivekanandpuri, Sarai Rohalla, Delhi-110007 and which is assigned the approval mark IND 09/2005/161;



The said model is a strain gauge type load cell based non-automatic weighing instrument (Table top type) with a maximum capacity of 30 kg. and minimum capacity of 100g. The verification scale interval (e) is 2 g. It has a tare device with a 100 percent subtractive retained tare effect. The light emitting diode (LED) display indicates the weighing result. The instrument operates on 230V, 50Hz alternative current power supply.

In addition to sealing the stamping plate, sealing shall also be done to prevent the opening of the machine for fraudulent practices.

Further, in exercise of the power conferred by Sub-section (12) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that this certificate of approval of the said model shall also cover the weighing instruments of similar make, accuracy and performance of same series with maximum capacity upto 50 kg. with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 100 to 50,000 for 'e' value of 1mg to 50mg and with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 5000 to 50,000 for 'e' value of 100mg or more and with 'e' value of 1×10^k , 2×10^k or 5×10^k , where k is a positive or negative whole number or equal to zero manufactured by the same manufacturer in accordance with the same principles, design and with the same materials with which, the said approved model has been manufactured.

[F. No. WM-21(251)/2004]

P. A. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Director of Legal Metrology

नई दिल्ली, 20 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2747.—केन्द्रीय सरकार का, विहित प्राधिकारी द्वारा उसे प्रस्तुत रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात् यह समाधान हो गया है कि उक्त रिपोर्ट में वर्णित मॉडल (नीचे दी गई आकृति देखें) बाट और माप मानक अधिनियम, 1976 (1976 का 60) तथा बाट और माप मानक (मॉडलों का अनुमोदन) नियम, 1987 के उपबंधों के अनुरूप है और इस बात की संभावना है कि लगातार प्रयोग की अवधि में भी उक्त मॉडल यथार्थता बनाए रखेगा और विभिन्न परिस्थितियों में उपयुक्त सेवा प्रदान करता रहेगा;

अतः, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (7) और (8) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए मैसर्स इलैक्ट्रॉनिकसिस्टम, 84, विवेकानन्दपुरी, सराय रोहेल्ला, दिल्ली-110007 द्वारा विनिर्मित उच्च यथार्थता (यथार्थता वर्ग-II) वाले "एम बी" शृंखला के अंकक सूचन सहित अस्वचालित तोलन उपकरण (टेबल टाईप प्रकार) के मॉडल का, जिसके ब्राण्ड का नाम "मेटलर" है (जिसे इसमें उक्त मॉडल कहा गया है) और जिसे अनुमोदन चिह्न आई एन डी/09/2005/159 समनुदेशित किया गया है, अनुमोदन प्रमाण पत्र जारी और प्रकाशित करती है।



उक्त मॉडल एक विकृत गेज प्रकार का लोड सेल आधारित अस्वचालित (टेबलटाप प्रकार) तोलन उपकरण है। इसकी अधिकतम क्षमता 30 कि.ग्रा. और न्यूनतम क्षमता 100 ग्रा. है। सत्यापन मापमान अंतराल (ई) का मान 2 ग्रा. है। इसमें एक आधेयतुलन युक्ति है जिसका शत प्रतिशत व्यकलनात्मक धारित आधेयतुलन प्रभाव है। प्रकाश उत्सर्जक डायोड (एल ई डी) प्रदर्श परिणाम उपदर्शित करता है। उपकरण 230 वोल्ट, 50 हर्ट्ज प्रत्यावर्ती धारा विद्युत प्रदाय पर कार्य करता है।

स्टाम्पिंग प्लेट के मुद्रांकन के अतिरिक्त मशीन को कपटपूर्ण व्यवहारों के लिए खोलने से रोकने के लिए सीलबंद भी किया जाएगा।

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 36 की उप-धारा (12) प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए यह घोषणा करती है कि उक्त मॉडल के अनुमोदन के इस प्रमाण पत्र के अंतर्गत उसी विनिर्माता द्वारा उसी सिद्धान्त, डिजाइन के अनुसार और उसी सामग्री से जिससे अनुमोदित मॉडल विनिर्मित किया गया है, विनिर्मित उसी शृंखला के वैसे ही मेट्र, यथार्थता और कार्यपालन के तोलन उपकरण भी होंगे जो 1 मि.ग्रा. से 50 मि. ग्रा. तक "ई" मान के लिए 100 से 50,000 तक की रेंज में सत्यापन माप मान अंतराल (एन) और 100 मि. ग्रा. या उससे अधिक के "ई" मान के लिए 5,000 से 50,000 तक की रेंज में मापमान अंतराल (एन) सहित 50 कि.ग्रा. तक की अधिकतम क्षमता वाले हैं और "ई" मान $1 \times 10^*$, $2 \times 10^*$ या $5 \times 10^*$, के हैं, जो घनात्मक या ऋणात्मक पूर्णांक या शून्य के समतुल्य हैं।

[फा.सं. डब्ल्यू. एम.-21(251)/2004]

पी. ए. कृष्णामूर्ति, निदेशक, विधिक माप विज्ञान

New Delhi, the 20th July, 2005

S.O. 2747.—Whereas the Central Government, after considering the report submitted to it by the prescribed authority, is satisfied that the model described in the said report (see the figure given below) is in conformity with the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976 (60 of 1976), and the Standards of Weights and Measures (Approval of Models) Rules, 1987 and the said model is likely to maintain its accuracy over periods of sustained use and to render accurate service under varied conditions;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-sections (7) and (8) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby issues and publishes the certificate of approval of non-automatic (Table top type) weighing instrument with digital indication of "MB" series of high accuracy (Accuracy class-II) and with brand name "Mettler" (herein referred to as the said model), manufactured by M/s. Electronic System, 84, Vivekanandpuri, Sarai Rohalla, Delhi-110007 and which is assigned the approval mark IND 09/2005/159;



The said model is a strain gauge type load cell based non-automatic weighing instrument (Table top type) with a maximum capacity of 30 kg. and minimum capacity of 100g. The verification scale interval (e) is 2 g. It has a tare device with a 100 per cent subtractive retained tare effect. The light emitting diode (LED) display indicates the weighing result. The instrument operates on 230V, 50Hertz alternative current power supply.

In addition to sealing the stamping plate, sealing shall also be done to prevent the opening of the machine for fraudulent practices.

Further, in exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (12) of Section 36 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that this certificate of approval of the said model shall also cover the weighing instruments of similar make, accuracy and performance of same series with maximum capacity upto 50 kg with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 100 to 50,000 for 'e' value of 1mg to 50mg and with verification scale interval (n) in the range of 5000 to 50000 for 'e' value of 100mg or more and with 'e' value of 1×10^k , 2×10^k or 5×10^k , where k is a positive or negative whole number or equal to zero, manufactured by the same manufacturer in accordance with the same principle, design, and with the same materials with which, the said approved model has been manufactured.

[F. No. WM-21(251)/2004]

P. A. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Director of Legal Metrology

पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय

नई दिल्ली, 12 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2748.—केन्द्रीय सरकार को लोकहित में यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य में जगदीशपुर-हल्दिया पाइपलाइन परियोजना द्वारा प्राकृतिक गैस के परिवहन के लिए गेल (इंडिया) लिमिटेड द्वारा, एक पाइपलाइन बिछाई जानी चाहिए;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार को उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उस भूमि में, जिसमें उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने का प्रस्ताव है और जो इस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में वर्णित है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए;

अतः, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, उस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा करती है;

कोई व्यक्ति, जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, उस तारीख से जिसको उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन भारत के राजपत्र में यथा प्रकाशित इस अधिसूचना की प्रतियां साधारण जनता को उपलब्ध करा दी जाती है, इक्कीस दिन के भीतर, भूमि के नीचे पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने के संबंध में, श्री रामवतार पाल, सक्षम प्राधिकारी गेल (इंडिया) लिमिटेड, बी-35 एवं 36, सेक्टर-1, नोएडा-201301 (उत्तर प्रदेश) को लिखित रूप में आपेक्ष भेज सकेगा।

अनुसूची

जिला	तहसील	गाँव	सर्वे नं.	आर.ओ.यू. अर्जित करने के लिए क्षेत्रफल (हेक्टेयर में)
1	2	3	4	5
प्रतापगढ़	पट्टी	सराय रजई	659	0-05-20
			662	0-01-20
			670	0-20-40
			672	0-16-80
			673	0-13-44
			677	0-03-93
			674	0-24-00
			675	0-01-81
			705	0-19-79
			706	0-02-99
			707	0-02-85
			722	0-00-05
			708	0-00-98
			709	0-19-73
			710	0-12-01
			712	0-16-88
			718	0-41-41

1	2	3	4	5
प्रतापगढ़	पट्टी	सराय रजई	1519	0-00-56
			1507	0-01-92
			1509	0-06-77
			1510	0-05-62
			1508	0-06-24
			1499	0-19-20
			1498	0-14-40
			1497	0-14-20
			1496	0-04-22
			1493	0-16-22
			1492	0-21-12
			1494	0-01-44
			1438	0-22-93
			1489	0-05-96
			1446	0-05-90
			1445	0-06-30
			1444	0-05-75
			1443	0-05-07
कुल				3-67-29

[फा. सं. एल-14014/62/03-जी.पी.]

स्वामी सिंह, निदेशक

MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS

New Delhi, the 12th July, 2005

S.O. 2748.—Whereas it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transportation of natural gas from Jagdishpur—Haldia Pipeline Project in the State of Uttar Pradesh, a Pipeline should be laid by the GAIL (India) Ltd.;

And, whereas it appears to the Central Government that for the purpose of laying the said pipeline, it is necessary to acquire the right of user in the land under which the said Pipeline is proposed to be laid and which is described in the Schedule annexed to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum and Minerals Pipeline (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Any person interested in the land described in the said Schedule may, within twenty-one days from the date on which the copies of the notification issued under sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the said Act, as published in the Gazette of India are made available to the general public, object in writing to the laying of the pipeline under the land to Shri Ram Avtar Pal, Competent Authority, GAIL (India) Limited, B-35 & 36, Sector-1, Noida-201 301 (Uttar Pradesh).

SCHEDULE

District	Tehsil	Village	Survey No.	Area to be Acquired for ROU (In Hectare)
1	2	3	4	5
Pratapgarh	Patti	Saria Rajai	659	0-05-20
			662	0-01-20
			670	0-20-40
			672	0-16-80
			673	0-13-44
			677	0-03-93
			674	0-24-00
			675	0-01-81
			705	0-19-79
			706	0-02-99
			707	0-02-85
			722	0-00-05
			708	0-00-98
			709	0-19-73
			710	0-12-01
			712	0-16-88
			718	0-41-41
			1519	0-00-56
			1507	0-01-92
			1509	0-06-77
			1510	0-05-62
			1508	0-06-24
			1499	0-19-20
			1498	0-14-40
			1497	0-14-20
			1496	0-04-22
			1493	0-16-22
			1492	0-21-12
			1494	0-01-44
			1438	0-22-93
			1489	0-05-96
			1446	0-05-90
			1445	0-06-30
			1444	0-05-75
			1443	0-05-07
			Total	3-67-29

[F. No. L-14014/62/03-G.P.]

SWAMI SINGH, Director

नई दिल्ली, 12 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2749.—केन्द्रीय सरकार को लोकहित में यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य में जगदीशपुर-हल्दिया पाइपलाइन परियोजना द्वारा प्राकृतिक गैस के परिवहन के लिए गेल (इंडिया) लिमिटेड द्वारा, एक पाइपलाइन बिछाई जानी चाहिए;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार को उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उस भूमि में, जिसमें उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने का प्रस्ताव है और जो इस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में वर्णित है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए;

अतः, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग

करते हुए, उस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा करती है;

कोई व्यक्ति, जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, उस तारीख से जिसको उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन भारत के राजपत्र में यथा प्रकाशित इस अधिसूचना की प्रतियां साधारण जनता को उपलब्ध करा दी जाती हैं, इक्कीस दिन के भीतर, भूमि के नीचे पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने के संबंध में, श्री रामवतार पाल, सक्षम प्राधिकारी गेल (इण्डिया) लिमिटेड, बी-35 एवं 36, सेक्टर-1, नोएडा-201301 (उत्तर प्रदेश) को लिखित रूप में आपेक्ष भेज सकेगा।

अनुसूची

जिला तहसील गाँव सर्वे नं. आर.ओ.यू. अर्जित करने के लिए क्षेत्रफल (हेक्टेयर में)

1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	जौनपुर	वरचौली	365	0-07-20
			366	0-09-40
			368	0-02-65
			369	0-00-25
			367	0-01-44
			कुल	0-20-94
		गौरा कलॉ	12	0-00-49
			1	0-15-95
			2	0-02-19
			20	0-01-28
			21	0-03-00
			22	0-12-72
			23	0-00-07
			24	0-01-34
			26	0-07-14
			43	0-09-56
			44	0-01-14
			47ए	0-00-40
			47बी	0-10-11
			45	0-21-32
			46	0-05-08
			375	0-00-93
			75बी	0-02-20
			76	0-10-58
			254	0-00-98
			253	0-12-68
			80	0-00-26
			79	0-00-18
			77	0-12-51
			78	0-14-86
			121	0-00-97
			124	0-00-25
			122	0-24-52
			123	0-00-57
			229	0-00-90
			230	0-07-57
			231	0-05-44
			232	0-05-84
			322/400	0-06-30
			228	0-01-45
			227	0-01-26

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	जौनपुर	गौरा कलौ	224	0-05-17	जौनपुर	जौनपुर	हरिरामपुर	776	0-25-68
			223ए	0-16-49				784	0-00-74
			223बी	0-00-78				785	0-02-36
			323	0-00-55				786	0-08-70
			324ए	0-12-91				787	0-00-40
			325	0-19-15				775	0-01-29
			328	0-00-70				822	0-00-22
			329ए	0-08-06				788	0-04-16
			330बी	0-06-25				789	0-04-02
			330ए	0-07-27				821	0-07-06
			345	0-00-98				820	0-05-58
			346	0-01-11				860/894	0-00-60
			347ए	0-00-48				842	0-19-59
			347बी	0-16-66				844	0-01-46
			कुल	2-98-58				841	0-08-51
		हरिरामपुर	सई नदी	0-14-40				850	0-01-33
			1	0-08-09				840	0-08-30
			2	0-07-27				856	0-11-74
			8	0-05-88				855	0-00-80
			12	0-29-65				857	0-01-60
			29	0-20-66				कुल	4-02-23
			28	0-00-85			खपरहा	13 (नाला)	0-03-60
			23	0-06-54				30	0-07-32
			30	0-02-12				27	0-00-69
			31	0-01-09				28	0-20-46
			44	0-11-79				29	0-04-14
			46	0-12-99				32	0-02-72
			47	0-02-44				33	0-09-68
			157	0-00-62				34	0-18-70
			53	0-00-16				25	0-01-20
			52	0-01-66				978	0-01-94
			51	0-16-50				979	0-00-05
			114ए	0-00-01				1087	0-01-94
			50	0-09-66				1086	0-02-48
			120	0-22-22				1088	0-00-58
			861	0-00-05				1089ए	0-19-39
			117ए	0-02-24				1089बी	0-01-06
			119	0-12-92				1090	0-02-84
			118	0-09-72				1093ए	0-02-46
			129	0-00-48				1093बी	0-05-99
			130	0-02-33				1092/1184	0-05-84
			295	0-00-50				1092	0-03-08
			288	0-03-11				1119	0-06-57
			131	0-09-56				1126	0-00-50
			285	0-01-48				1118	0-00-30
			288	0-00-16				1120	0-17-57
			287	0-00-90				1121	0-06-26
			280	0-09-96				1122	0-10-68
			281ए	0-08-40				1123	0-14-38
			281बी	0-04-81				1125	0-00-55
			282ए	0-12-24				1127	0-09-95
			272	0-19-66				1128	0-10-19
			278/864	0-01-16				1128बी	0-00-21
			277	0-00-64				1129	0-01-78
			771	0-00-67				1130	0-00-44
			777	0-10-14				1132	0-02-32
			774बी	0-01-28				1135	0-06-90
			774ए	0-01-12				1136	0-06-60

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	जौनपुर	खपरहा	1137	0-00-70	जौनपुर	जौनपुर	भुवा कलाँ	322	0-01-51
			1139	0-06-06				323	0-16-50
			1140बी	0-00-55				324	0-01-02
			1146	0-01-21				326	0-00-10
			1154	0-03-47				325	0-14-60
			1153	0-18-40				कुल	4-41-88
			1156	0-01-62			रामनगर	442ए	0-02-41
			1152ए	0-13-19				441ए	0-11-74
			1152बी	0-00-30				440ए	0-17-82
			1151	0-12-62				439	0-04-71
			1150बी	0-03-79				440बी	0-00-50
			1149	0-04-14				438	0-00-33
			1148	0-00-43				437ए	0-12-10
			1157	0-02-09				436ए	0-07-50
			1166ए	0-00-05				435	0-00-67
			1167	0-01-83				432	0-09-60
			1168ए	0-07-35				431	0-10-35
			1169	0-18-07				413	0-21-25
			1170	0-00-10				419	0-04-67
			1171	0-02-77				420	0-08-06
			कुल	3-10-09				421ए	0-12-15
		भुवा कलाँ	3	0-00-20				422ए	0-03-00
			32	0-47-42				423ए	0-19-42
			36	0-15-09				423बी	0-01-29
			31	0-89-73				362	0-00-48
			122	0-01-52				341	0-00-05
			123	0-06-20				340	0-04-44
			124	0-00-27				339	0-01-04
			125	0-10-96				338	0-14-50
			121	0-00-38				330	0-24-65
			134	0-00-61				329	0-09-35
			135	0-10-20				328	0-03-63
			136	0-00-50				327	0-12-24
			138	0-18-86				324	0-00-10
			139	0-00-52				323	0-00-77
			141	0-04-66				322	0-35-50
			119	0-01-21				321	0-09-85
			140	0-02-81				320	0-01-15
			144	0-00-05				319	0-12-97
			145	0-24-06				318	0-14-83
			143	0-18-42				644	0-06-57
			148ए	0-00-05				645	0-00-63
			174	0-11-91				649	0-09-90
			173	0-13-09				656	0-01-30
			275	0-00-75				643	0-00-01
			274	0-00-18				646	0-01-56
			276	0-02-09				648	0-06-37
			278	0-25-51				655	0-00-46
			279	0-00-20				657	0-31-50
			171	0-00-05				660	0-00-20
			280	0-30-23				659	0-00-50
			281	0-00-80				कुल	3-52-07
			283	0-00-40			हीरापुर	127	0-01-12
			285	0-08-06				126	0-08-30
			284	0-07-47				128	0-00-36
			312	0-22-46				135	0-02-30
			313	0-15-55				134	0-03-89
			321	0-15-71				135	0-00-81

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	जौनपुर	हीरापुर	138	0-00-30	जौनपुर	जौनपुर	रामपुर	160	0-04-08
			133	0-23-98				159	0-04-08
			142	0-00-05				156	0-07-61
			143	0-17-77				347	0-00-79
			144	0-01-00				259	0-38-92
			146	0-05-18				260	0-00-11
			कुल	0-65-06				277	0-00-54
		बनसफा	254	0-06-27				253/655	0-03-47
			255	0-04-00				252	0-01-32
			256	0-04-98				200	0-01-20
			257	0-01-73				251	0-00-15
			258	0-01-00				250	0-02-64
			259	0-09-25				248	0-00-33
			268	0-00-54				247	0-08-98
			267	0-06-15				282	0-07-09
			317	0-00-63				283	0-09-02
			319	0-01-18				286	0-18-79
			320	0-00-56				287	0-07-34
			321	0-00-05				295	0-01-94
			322	0-00-85				292	0-04-64
			323	0-03-07				288	0-01-45
			324	0-01-97				285	0-06-24
			326	0-01-46				कुल	2-33-90
			329	0-08-86			गोपालपुर	37	0-01-50
			330	0-02-02				31	0-18-42
			331	0-02-44				29	0-04-02
			332	0-00-78				30	0-14-50
			333	0-03-31				34ए	0-06-80
			334	0-01-80				26	0-01-20
			352	0-04-36				19	0-08-00
			353	0-05-40				20	0-13-12
			351	0-00-35				21	0-00-05
			350	0-00-21				कुल	0-67-61
			356	0-03-00			देहजुरी	1	0-01-74
			कुल	0-76-21				2	0-07-39
		रामपुर	47	0-03-60				3	0-04-32
			45	0-00-10				2	0-03-16
			41	0-00-14				17	0-28-30
			48	0-05-26				117	0-03-28
			170	0-01-96				2	0-00-40
			97	0-33-54				116	0-36-49
			91	0-00-04				115	0-03-61
			90	0-02-94				114	0-03-60
			96	0-02-50				131	0-03-87
			98	0-02-51				133	0-25-56
			99	0-00-50				132	0-00-05
			107	0-01-41				114	0-03-64
			108	0-02-16				169बी	0-00-10
			115	0-07-47				163	0-00-10
			114	0-09-07				168	0-18-88
			121	0-00-59				167	0-00-05
			163	0-11-51				166	0-00-55
			162	0-12-81				155	0-00-26
			110	0-00-69				173ए	0-02-59
			194	0-01-40				154	0-09-78
			196	0-01-27				153	0-08-12
			195	0-01-01				152	0-02-31
			161	0-00-72					

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	जौनपुर	देहजुरी	150	0-03-69	जौनपुर	जौनपुर	ताहीरपुर	41	0-01-53
			151	0-09-35				292	0-02-55
			414	0-00-90				311	0-00-46
			225	0-00-40				312	0-01-51
			229	0-02-30				313	0-00-11
			415ए	0-12-01				325	0-00-07
			415बी	0-02-93				324	0-86-77
			417	0-09-39				328	0-08-33
			418	0-03-86				372	0-01-59
			652	0-04-35				400	0-00-40
			651	0-31-90				401	0-04-71
			650	0-15-24				398	0-01-71
			653	0-01-00				371बी	0-16-31
			662	0-27-15				405	0-02-40
			663	0-10-19				369	0-00-05
			664	0-01-65				407बी	0-00-06
			कुल	3-04-42				551	0-03-01
		खानापट्टी	503	0-06-51				426	0-00-43
			506	0-06-89				550ए	0-14-71
			505	0-00-35				427बी	0-14-05
			504	0-25-12				427ए	0-06-10
			501	0-04-84				424ए	0-01-07
			510	0-00-41				424बी	0-08-60
			512	0-21-97				428	0-02-91
			513	0-00-22				429	0-03-03
			514	0-00-23				403	0-02-14
			586	0-00-35				402	0-52-20
			602	0-01-23				404	0-00-38
			596	0-12-64				399	0-04-80
			602/1288	0-00-24				437	0-03-04
			597	0-06-79				430	0-10-00
			600	0-01-63				434	0-08-08
			599	0-05-09				435	0-02-24
			598	0-04-41				433	0-02-37
			593	0-00-06				432	0-03-10
			604	0-00-49				551	0-10-98
			605	0-08-09				366	0-00-16
			606	0-13-64				542	0-20-15
			607	0-16-36				543	0-04-05
			608	0-02-90				545	0-15-36
			609	0-11-48				544	0-05-32
			1121	0-00-46				560	0-01-98
			1120	0-06-81				561	0-14-46
			1122बी	0-00-05				562	0-01-80
			1122ए	0-30-90				कुल	3-59-64
			1115	0-00-10			हसनपुर	1	0-00-70
			1088	0-34-68				5	0-03-68
			1087	0-02-52				6	0-02-19
			1086	0-00-45				4	0-09-13
			1085ए	0-32-48				3	0-06-28
			1131	0-04-20				10	0-00-86
			1085बी	0-04-46				9	0-00-86
			कुल	2-69-01				12	0-22-57
		ताहीरपुर	7बी	0-02-12				16	0-05-11
			8	0-00-52				11	0-01-30
			9	0-11-21				124	0-01-71
			40	0-00-72				123	0-07-41
								121	0-07-16

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	जौनपुर	हसनपुर	122	0-15-13	जौनपुर	सदर	कपूरपुर	16	0-18-32
			120ए	0-07-11				17	0-00-60
			120बी	0-11-89				124	0-42-60
			119बी	0-00-62				125	0-21-06
			119ए	0-13-32				162	0-00-50
			118ए	0-10-92				163	0-01-97
			117बी	0-00-16				164	0-04-47
			227	0-12-46				165	0-04-06
			161	0-03-10				166	0-00-33
			206	0-14-88				167	0-02-61
			207	0-05-02				174	0-00-30
			208	0-02-57				175	0-03-84
			209	0-07-67				176	0-00-22
			205	0-00-58				177	0-02-24
			230	0-00-31				181	0-00-11
			161	0-01-44				182	0-00-16
			233	0-00-66				187	0-00-06
			210बी	0-01-88				272	0-00-56
			210ए	0-10-18				288	0-05-40
			211	0-01-96				289	0-07-80
			222	0-11-17				287	0-00-32
			212	0-00-25					
			220	0-00-86				कुल	1-17-53
			221	0-06-25			शेखपुरा	502	0-00-11
			219	0-13-03				503	0-02-80
			218	0-07-28				508	0-00-75
			217	0-07-04				507	0-00-50
			215	0-09-58				532	0-02-68
			214/630	0-01-20				533	0-03-61
			214	0-11-55				531	0-12-30
			161(नाला)	0-05-92				534	0-00-05
			कुल	2-64-97				535	0-00-82
	सदर	शेखपुरा	507	0-01-94				536	0-00-72
			508	0-00-45				537	0-00-52
			509	0-01-07				540	0-01-48
			510	0-10-38				541	0-02-37
			511	0-00-50				543	0-00-91
			512	0-16-18				530	0-03-30
			519	0-00-50				544	0-06-70
			525	0-08-51				529	0-08-10
			526	0-00-50				542	0-02-89
			527	0-10-91				545	0-07-44
			528	0-00-43				528	0-10-80
			533	0-00-58				546	0-00-51
			542	0-07-08				568	0-00-87
			543	0-08-64				569	0-00-64
			544	0-01-20				592	0-10-28
			545	0-04-89				593	0-03-10
			546	0-03-30				590	0-21-35
			549	0-00-62				588	0-05-18
			555	0-00-57				589	0-00-12
			554	0-06-60				584	0-01-25
			553	0-03-07				585	0-06-16
			559	0-00-60				619	0-03-37
			562	0-01-28				583	0-03-54
			563	0-06-37				621	0-02-19
			564	0-01-23				620	0-01-87
			कुल	0-97-38				622	0-11-53
								623	0-02-87

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	सदर	शेखपुरा	624	0-05-12	जौनपुर	सदर	खुन्सापुर	812	0-03-79
			635	0-05-30				सई नदी	0-30-00
			625	0-06-38				कुल	3-55-48
			626	0-00-85			बैलसड़ी	316	0-07-94
			632	0-00-42				कुल	0-07-94
			631	0-00-05			मोमिनपुर खुर्द	177	0-01-75
			627	0-17-78				165	0-23-02
			678	0-06-39				166	0-00-51
			682/736	0-00-76				167	0-12-51
			681/733	0-00-90				168	0-00-50
			681	0-06-84				169	0-00-50
			685	0-00-65				170	0-00-10
			686	0-10-89				171	0-14-12
			680	0-00-05				173	0-00-59
			691	0-14-20				174	0-00-50
			692	0-03-03				175	0-07-00
			703	0-00-65				176	0-00-67
			704	0-20-99				198	0-00-50
			708	0-05-96				201	0-00-60
			709	0-00-50				202	0-00-60
			711	0-22-47				226	0-03-85
			715	0-00-53				223	0-07-90
			693	0-00-20				224	0-05-20
			712	0-01-68				221	0-03-03
			716	0-21-11				219	0-00-39
			726	0-52-80				217	0-02-37
			725	0-00-30				216	0-18-02
			714	0-00-48				235	0-00-57
			729	0-04-80				236	0-00-71
			कुल	3-55-76				264	0-00-30
		खुन्सापुर	57	0-06-29				265	0-05-31
			61	0-36-28				279	0-00-87
			62	0-02-68				280	0-01-57
			64	0-37-52				281	0-06-22
			65	0-28-45				282	0-07-69
			81	0-01-18				283	0-10-63
			658	0-01-08				266	0-01-14
			659	0-00-28				267	0-00-61
			655	0-14-75				268	0-00-32
			656	0-05-79				272	0-00-05
			654	0-00-70				284	0-00-22
			653	0-26-08				285	0-00-28
			694	0-05-78				286	0-00-51
			693	0-15-38				287	0-00-41
			697/827	0-00-44				288	0-00-35
			698	0-03-60				289	0-00-63
			730	0-02-50				290	0-00-44
			729	0-24-01				291	0-00-47
			728	0-01-00				292	0-00-51
			724	0-00-14				293	0-00-16
			726	0-21-59				294	0-08-14
			725	0-20-96				295	0-03-54
			722	0-01-25				296	0-01-92
			721	0-11-74				कुल	1-57-77
			775	0-03-70			मोमिनपुर कलॉ	66	0-04-36
			807	0-19-70				67	0-01-40
			808	0-02-30				143	0-01-80
			806	0-26-53					

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	सदर	मोमिनपुर कलौ	141/538	0-00-60	जौनपुर	सदर	पूरा बघैला	637	0-00-79
			141	0-11-51				644	0-49-81
			140	0-01-66				664	0-07-95
			139	0-01-71				717	0-01-65
			138	0-02-31				665	0-04-00
			133	0-13-40				693/807	0-00-51
			146	0-00-27				715	0-00-11
			147	0-13-39				710	0-29-60
			136	0-08-07				711	0-02-41
			137	0-00-86				709	0-00-76
			362	0-00-25				707	0-09-30
			361	0-00-33				706	0-09-41
			360	0-07-96				705	0-02-46
			359	0-00-70				704	0-02-27
			358	0-06-05				729	0-01-20
			357	0-03-22				695	0-00-05
			355	0-06-98				694	0-00-05
			354	0-00-52				736	0-01-41
			353	0-02-74				735	0-06-49
			137	0-01-01				734	0-02-88
			152	0-01-00				730	0-21-90
			151	0-00-13				कुल	2-70-50
			153	0-02-55				149	0-01-11
			349	0-00-19			रामसहायपट्टी	240	0-00-40
			351	0-01-68				227	0-02-88
			352	0-00-33				226	0-00-05
			343	0-17-28				225	0-00-05
			344	0-00-35				230	0-00-70
			345	0-00-70				239	0-05-27
			342	0-01-17				238	0-05-16
			कुल	1-16-46				237	0-03-55
		पूरा बघैला	544	0-01-20				236	0-00-60
			542	0-00-05				235	0-00-05
			543	0-04-14				233	0-01-16
			545	0-05-67				231	0-14-43
			552	0-01-03				232	0-13-54
			551	0-02-08				218	0-00-80
			550	0-02-36				322	0-02-89
			549	0-01-48				323	0-08-83
			548	0-00-96				324	0-18-44
			547	0-01-35				325	0-01-11
			546	0-00-59				340	0-00-96
			557	0-15-29				341	0-03-76
			556	0-28-11				342	0-00-53
			556/803	0-00-44				359	0-00-69
			564	0-00-54				202	0-06-77
			564/804	0-00-33				201	0-05-23
			566	0-09-83				200	0-01-39
			565	0-07-93				206	0-05-53
			567	0-00-92				207	0-00-10
			568	0-01-81				191	0-11-64
			570	0-09-68				189	0-01-97
			571	0-00-17				188	0-11-07
			572	0-00-78				375	0-00-20
			569	0-00-69				136	0-00-87
			638	0-07-55				129	0-12-92
			639	0-10-05				135	0-10-60
			640	0-00-46				131	0-22-06

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	सदर	रामसहायपट्टी	102	0-02-07	जौनपुर	सदर	सतलपुर	712	0-06-95
			कुल	1-79-36				713	0-01-45
		सतलपुर	212	0-02-31				814	0-01-15
			211	0-09-95				कुल	2-75-60
			219	0-02-74		मडियाहूँ	बेलगहन	228	0-02-88
			218	0-02-59				227	0-11-74
			217	0-01-06				55	0-02-12
			216	0-00-56				226	0-00-60
			215	0-00-51				225	0-53-67
			214	0-00-28				223	0-02-77
			213	0-00-05				222	0-00-75
			220	0-09-77				950	0-00-52
			280	0-06-35				221	0-08-40
			281	0-01-74				219	0-02-01
			290	0-00-56				220	0-02-32
			289	0-08-26				215	0-45-43
			288	0-00-05				168	0-10-03
			279	0-00-26				167	0-00-66
			278	0-00-05				425	0-02-36
			277	0-15-87				216	0-00-43
			276	0-16-97				386	0-01-41
			275	0-00-57				387	0-21-42
			270	0-00-31				417	0-00-90
			266	0-00-13				421	0-11-49
			274	0-07-48				422	0-04-08
			271	0-00-05				423	0-03-75
			272	0-00-10				424	0-21-80
			273	0-05-62				441	0-00-82
			389	0-00-74				427	0-15-23
			390	0-15-07				440	0-04-03
			391	0-04-94				428	0-47-59
			392	0-12-58				432	0-00-05
			394	0-00-53				135	0-02-40
			444	0-00-98				कुल	2-81-64
			445	0-00-53				168	0-02-40
			447	0-00-60				170	0-05-88
			446	0-00-59				615	0-00-56
			455	0-01-54				616	0-18-52
			456	0-00-50				621बी	0-16-07
			457	0-13-02				620	0-00-94
			471	0-00-95				657	0-00-36
			483	0-26-13				622	0-01-65
			481	0-02-16				623	0-00-05
			482	0-07-98				624	0-09-40
			484	0-01-52				644	0-12-60
			679	0-06-01				645	0-03-57
			680	0-03-74				643	0-02-59
			697	0-02-00				648	0-02-09
			698	0-00-33				649	0-03-87
			700	0-14-44				649/1379	0-07-22
			701	0-06-82				650	0-12-27
			702	0-01-91				651	0-03-80
			703	0-09-97				709	0-00-20
			704	0-09-91				79/1315	0-00-43
			706	0-12-40				713	0-10-58
			709	0-01-07				710	0-09-86
			711	0-00-59				711	0-04-91
			710	0-12-34					

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	•	5
जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	अजोसी	712	0-01-28	जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	वजीरपुर	78		0-01-61
			720	0-01-10				92		0-15-05
			731	0-04-02				93		0-13-70
			732	0-03-41				94		0-01-19
			729	0-05-07				95		0-08-30
			727	0-03-37				73		0-17-95
			726	0-00-48				72		0-00-11
			725	0-00-68				71बी		0-00-05
			724	0-00-75				96		0-02-36
			723	0-00-50				109		0-01-28
			722	0-04-90				107		0-04-58
			515	0-03-50				106		0-00-97
			512	0-12-01				101		0-11-12
			511	0-00-05				100		0-26-00
			581	0-00-83				98		0-08-65
			482	0-00-76				97		0-01-74
			580	0-21-20				कुल		1-63-19
			483	0-08-08				172		0-08-23
			484	0-00-25			मुहम्मदपुर	173		0-00-10
			485	0-00-34				174		0-36-95
			463	0-06-24				175		0-01-73
			462/1113	0-00-88				177		0-01-66
			462	0-28-65				178		0-03-87
			451	0-01-72				176		0-11-36
			458	0-11-82				164		0-01-95
			452	0-01-01				229		0-00-05
			453	0-03-41				227		0-00-15
			457	0-03-78				226		0-11-09
			455	0-03-63				244		0-01-05
			454	0-00-41				220		0-01-43
			426	0-04-58				224		0-00-10
			427	0-09-56				223		0-10-83
			373	0-01-32				222		0-19-54
			372	0-03-65				220		0-01-03
			371	0-04-16				219		0-00-05
			370	0-02-56				217		0-04-48
			369	0-09-95				216		0-11-89
			367	0-00-63				259		0-21-74
			361	0-03-74				258		0-04-54
			360	0-23-23				260		0-05-90
			358	0-10-91				कुल		1-59-72
			356	0-10-00				1484		0-06-00
			355	0-10-41			गनापुर	1487		0-00-42
			356/1385	0-02-11				1488		0-00-94
			354	0-01-29				1489		0-01-58
			353	0-01-82				1490		0-06-38
			कुल	3-63-82				1494		0-00-01
		वजीरपुर	6	0-01-13				1492		0-13-18
			8	0-14-80				1493		0-04-65
			11	0-00-63				1521		0-03-00
			13बी	0-04-96				1523		0-07-84
			60	0-01-77				1524		0-26-02
			85	0-01-60				1525		0-00-13
			83	0-01-22				कुल		0-70-15
			82	0-01-53				5		0-05-12
			81	0-13-37			मोकलपुर	8		0-08-83
			80	0-07-13				9		0-17-89
			79	0-00-40						

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	मोकलपुर	10	0-10-22	जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	रतौली	76	0-09-75
			11	0-11-64				105	0-00-82
			13	0-00-05				114	0-28-86
			14	0-04-22				121	0-00-60
			34	0-05-33				122	0-03-74
			15	0-04-42				123	0-00-77
			33	0-26-45				138	0-13-49
			51	0-01-20				137	0-06-65
			54	0-11-99				136	0-01-94
			55	0-00-11				125	0-24-45
			60	0-00-26				101	0-01-20
			75	0-03-20					
			77	0-03-57				कुल	2-25-99
			76	0-47-86			कुम्भी	16	0-07-79
			78	0-01-18				18	0-04-36
			130	0-03-66				23	0-05-24
			81	0-05-72				22	0-08-31
			79	0-12-86				24	0-14-29
			89	0-08-84				25	0-07-48
			90	0-02-88				64	0-03-92
			92	0-33-60				26	0-00-05
			93	0-11-07				63	0-00-05
			94	0-00-05				65	0-11-84
			95	0-03-00				66	0-00-35
			949	0-09-33				67	0-01-24
			947	0-21-94				68	0-00-29
			948	0-02-75				62	0-01-10
			949	0-00-29				49ए	0-18-71
			950	0-01-32				49बी	0-00-14
			951	0-02-53				51	0-00-42
			कुल	2-83-35				50	0-09-63
								48	0-00-80
		पीपरा	648	0-18-05				43ए	0-15-62
			655	0-00-40				42ए	0-14-63
			649	0-04-53				42बी	0-03-07
			650	0-06-45				151	0-13-51
			651	0-02-20				173बी	0-01-70
			652	0-09-06				173ए	0-00-20
			653	0-00-95				150	0-01-39
			कुल	0-41-65				148	0-01-21
								149	0-24-56
		रतौली	20	0-12-78				174	0-01-90
			21	0-18-17				179	0-00-14
			23	0-14-40				178ए	0-00-05
			27ए	0-03-13				176	0-03-80
			24	0-01-43				177	0-33-51
			26	0-02-36				326ए	0-21-54
			38	0-00-92				325	0-14-69
			33ए	0-01-27				326बी	0-00-68
			37	0-20-13				371	0-00-90
			39	0-00-19				369ए	0-10-00
			40	0-16-11				369बी	0-00-75
			41	0-00-56				373	0-01-78
			51	0-00-77				368ए	0-02-14
			70	0-07-92				376	0-10-38
			71	0-14-69				377	0-07-23
			72	0-02-23				378	0-17-43
			75	0-16-69				379	0-16-83
								380ए	0-05-83

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	कुम्भी	381ए 382	0-10-68 0-10-60	जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	रजमलपुर	102 116 117 122 118 121 119 330 331 332 333 329 322 327 323	0-01-39 0-08-29 0-01-20 0-11-46 0-06-88 0-03-91 0-05-00 0-00-97 0-06-26 0-09-51 0-01-06 0-01-14 0-20-14 0-02-77 0-07-83
			कुल	3-42-75					
		औरिला	1744 1746 1747 1748 1749 1753 1750 1752 1751	0-00-15 0-03-15 0-13-16 0-00-40 0-00-05 0-11-15 0-00-77 0-01-52 0-01-62				326 324 317 319 318 316 314 312 311 310 309 308 562 540 541 542 543 544 545 559 570	0-00-22 0-00-83 0-03-63 0-01-26 0-00-14 0-02-83 0-14-56 0-00-76 0-01-60 0-03-61 0-13-77 0-23-38 0-00-95 0-00-74 0-00-60 0-15-59 0-01-93 0-16-70 0-08-65 0-03-15 0-01-18 0-25-20
		संतोषपुर	54 57 55 50 59 58 49 60 62 62/288 68/290 68 112/295 112 113/289 114 115 116 117 118 119 121 120 124 259 260 260/293 261 262	0-03-88 0-04-29 0-00-50 0-03-60 0-03-20 0-12-69 0-00-28 0-10-88 0-07-13 0-26-09 0-00-13 0-03-61 0-02-33 0-06-30 0-00-05 0-17-29 0-05-49 0-05-13 0-04-59 0-04-74 0-00-71 0-05-20 0-05-01 0-04-13 0-03-99 0-09-41 0-00-20 0-01-41 0-00-24				कुल	2-91-72
			कुल	1-52-49			पाली	1286 1287 1288 1300 1295 1296 1297 1298 1299 1294 1302 1305 1306 1307 1283 1281 1310 1348 1350	0-09-01 0-00-71 0-25-45 0-03-78 0-04-43 0-01-53 0-01-19 0-00-66 0-00-23 0-09-50 0-00-65 0-03-51 0-19-34 0-26-68 0-00-40 0-02-00 0-01-20 0-06-02 0-17-19
		रजमलपुर	73 74 82 83 84 85 86 99 100 101 104 106 103	0-00-86 0-00-05 0-14-10 0-02-13 0-03-76 0-04-29 0-02-26 0-01-20 0-19-26 0-08-96 0-03-46 0-00-10 0-02-20					

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	पाली	1340	0-00-18	जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	अहरौली	392	0-25-06
			1351	0-22-31				391	0-00-39
			1356	0-22-40				393	0-06-92
			1357/1562	0-00-69				394	0-01-62
			1360	0-06-89				423	0-00-34
			1360/1522	0-01-43				465	0-00-47
			1360/1524	0-12-35				424	0-07-52
			1451	0-12-18				426	0-03-98
			1452	0-06-09				428	0-02-15
			1446	0-01-20				430	0-00-70
			1444	0-11-50				461	0-10-61
			1445	0-00-28				460	0-00-67
			1442	0-13-92				454	0-01-64
			कुल	2-44-85				453	0-03-84
		अहरौली	1	0-03-91				452	0-24-49
			5	0-27-63				450	0-00-45
			6	0-01-25				451	0-02-50
			7	0-01-16				487	0-00-57
			4/856	0-00-16				486	0-00-70
			8	0-10-90				503	0-16-17
			44	0-01-03				502	0-12-79
			45	0-01-60				498	0-01-89
			55	0-04-03				500	0-03-35
			54	0-03-43				559	0-03-23
			53	0-12-50				560	0-04-20
			86	0-00-73				कुल	3-16-95
			82	0-06-64				149	0-10-38
			85	0-00-72			मझवट	148	0-03-38
			94	0-02-68				147	0-00-16
			93	0-06-05				150	0-01-81
			89	0-08-68				151	0-01-47
			92	0-08-21				152	0-13-78
			91	0-06-55				156	0-00-05
			90	0-05-28				159	0-10-95
			95	0-00-91				160	0-10-18
			96	0-01-20				161	0-10-13
			100	0-01-53				164/271	0-00-54
			101	0-07-35				162	0-02-08
			103	0-00-73				164	0-02-34
			102	0-01-11				163	0-01-45
			245	0-06-39				189	0-08-28
			250	0-01-08				192	0-00-05
			249	0-00-09				191	0-10-48
			251	0-21-09				190	0-29-41
			252	0-00-05				183	0-00-10
			243	0-03-10				194	0-00-55
			242	0-00-29				195	0-00-59
			241	0-08-28				200	0-04-08
			239	0-05-94				201बी	0-05-73
			240	0-03-31				201ए	0-14-56
			388	0-01-03				204/265	0-01-57
			389	0-00-73				204/269	0-02-45
			390	0-03-42				202ए	0-09-12

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	मझवट	202बी	0-02-45	जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	मंझनपुर	80	0-03-20
			221	0-00-65			नेवादा	81	0-01-09
			222ए	0-16-86				82	0-00-50
			241	0-02-08				83	0-00-05
			245	0-00-05				86	0-14-20
			247	0-00-46				85	0-08-95
			253	0-12-20				90	0-00-75
			254	0-00-53				92	0-09-37
			255	0-00-62				95बी	0-01-07
			256	0-00-02				99	0-07-74
			252ए	0-23-13				98	0-06-20
			252बी	0-03-09				97	0-06-24
			258ए	0-06-08				104बी	0-18-32
			कुल	2-23-86				84	0-00-64
		देल्हपुर	248	0-07-67				96	0-04-20
			246	0-02-01				कुल	0-82-52
			247	0-07-32			घमहापुर	2	0-22-31
			249	0-00-31				3	0-09-36
			250	0-04-29				4	0-32-93
			241	0-06-10				7	0-05-12
			237	0-05-30				5	0-00-05
			236	0-13-41				95	0-37-81
			230	0-10-80				94	0-08-66
			234	0-02-10				100	0-08-06
			233	0-01-20				101	0-05-99
			कुल	0-60-50				102	0-03-26
		सदरपुर	3	0-06-58				104	0-04-74
			4	0-10-61				105	0-00-34
			5	0-10-77				106	0-01-39
			7	0-00-05				93	0-00-30
			6	0-00-26				कुल	1-40-34
			22	0-00-75			चूरेमा	2	0-34-12
			24ए	0-08-68				3	0-05-12
			24बी	0-00-10				4	0-00-10
			25	0-04-10				12	0-00-31
			27	0-06-82				7	0-10-96
			28	0-12-57				8	0-06-74
			29	0-14-10				9	0-02-86
			30	0-03-97				6	0-23-84
			31	0-00-85				17	0-00-65
			92	0-00-83				24	0-03-64
			51	0-00-90				30	0-00-77
			52	0-08-39				31	0-08-09
			53	0-02-64				32	0-01-20
			54	0-01-44				29बी	0-01-06
			61	0-08-00				33	0-00-24
			55	0-10-79				29ए	0-08-77
			58	0-02-12				35	0-10-80
			56	0-00-50				34	0-00-75
			62	0-04-76				55	0-04-42
			63	0-00-24				54	0-09-97
			64	0-00-05				53	0-03-40
			57	0-01-12				52	0-02-04
			कुल	1-21-97					

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	चूरेमा	51	0-08-93	जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	कोल्हडा	159	0-01-10
			50	0-00-41				147	0-02-38
			49	0-00-05				146	0-04-91
			113	0-33-18				139	0-01-83
			115	0-00-05				145	0-04-71
			16	0-00-70				144	0-08-72
			रेलवे ट्रक	0-13-20				161	0-01-25
			कुल	1-96-35				184	0-04-80
		मनीपुर	19	0-00-70				185	0-09-01
			149	0-03-85				186	0-37-35
			150	0-16-89				कुल	1-00-68
			151	0-08-90			जियरामऊ	415/421	0-01-12
			360	0-00-47				415	0-08-04
			361	0-09-85				413	0-10-59
			362	0-09-51				417	0-21-60
			364	0-12-56				418	0-06-40
			370	0-00-65				414	0-01-88
			375	0-01-29				413	0-00-05
			374	0-12-81				412	0-03-84
			373	0-00-45				410	0-00-86
			394	0-11-91				408	0-10-73
			396	0-29-42				407	0-12-31
			395	0-03-46				404	0-48-02
			398	0-07-05				403	0-50-85
			466बी	0-01-67				466	0-06-60
			466ए	0-22-90				483	0-01-18
			464	0-00-78				496	0-02-98
			463	0-00-05				489	0-59-57
			467	0-16-42				कुल	2-46-61
			402	0-16-22				306	0-02-36
			403	0-02-61			हरिहरपुर	57बी	0-00-20
			404	0-16-47				58	0-01-40
			516	0-00-50				59	0-02-04
			458	0-06-13				60	0-02-24
			457	0-06-60				59	0-00-29
			518बी	0-07-65				61	0-24-32
			518ए	0-11-32				62	0-02-07
			519	0-05-88				68	0-00-78
			525	0-06-74				75	0-37-84
			530	0-17-39				76	0-01-76
			527	0-00-67				144	0-01-18
			529	0-04-64				145	0-00-18
			532	0-00-70				146	0-00-63
			536	0-01-88				147	0-00-84
			535	0-03-51				148	0-18-50
			534	0-01-10				152	0-08-37
			533	0-09-56				151	0-23-31
			कुल	2-91-14				153	0-01-36
		कोल्हडा	149	0-08-09				159	0-15-67
			150	0-04-17				160	0-09-64
			148	0-03-74				161	0-02-66
			154	0-00-60				165	0-06-38
			155	0-08-02				163	0-06-76

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	हरिहरपुर	368	0-01-34	जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	टेकारडीह	405	0-10-07
			291	0-12-94				232	0-00-41
			290	0-06-40				404	0-04-27
			289	0-00-64				342	0-01-55
			288	0-00-05				341	0-00-05
			292	0-02-36				233	0-13-94
			296	0-16-20				234	0-09-43
			294	0-05-36				235	0-24-07
			293	0-11-44				236	0-02-50
			285	0-01-03				409	0-01-64
			281	0-02-22				339	0-36-00
			280	0-01-62				324	0-23-84
			276	0-00-45				328	0-03-01
			282	0-26-05				329	0-00-90
			283	0-01-12				336	0-07-97
			283/476	0-07-52				331	0-05-88
			284	0-01-20				335	0-00-78
			434	0-01-06				332	0-03-32
			440	0-28-61				333	0-13-20
			441	0-00-32				274	0-00-80
			443	0-00-19				270	0-02-49
			कुल	2-98-98				271	0-01-71
		टेकारडीह	10	0-29-56				273	0-02-95
			13	0-12-83				272	0-04-86
			14	0-01-92				कुल	4-24-15
			20	0-00-10			दुहावर	392	0-01-95
			38	0-00-83				383	0-00-51
			95	0-10-49				391	0-00-64
			94	0-02-09				393	0-10-16
			91	0-04-65				394	0-19-90
			92	0-22-73				396	0-26-11
			74	0-26-57				409	0-01-20
			93	0-09-77				427	0-25-33
			108	0-00-60				431	0-16-80
			133	0-01-68				430	0-02-80
			141	0-20-52				396	0-26-40
			135	0-01-09				385	0-00-80
			136	0-01-66				कुल	1-32-60
			137	0-01-76			उसरौव	25	0-02-35
			140	0-26-16				38	0-02-21
			143	0-00-25				39	0-02-32
			139	0-00-65				41/166	0-03-62
			138	0-00-15				40	0-00-25
			144	0-07-16				26	0-00-60
			145	0-07-71				101	0-06-29
			146	0-21-14				95	0-04-10
			165	0-00-86				97	0-08-01
			166	0-10-90				100	0-04-24
			167/1276	0-05-48				98	0-07-49
			167	0-05-78				99	0-06-07
			168	0-06-26				89	0-01-05
			169	0-03-22				104	0-06-68
			170	0-00-57				120	0-01-19
			231	0-07-20					

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	उसराँव	121	0-02-68	जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	उसराँव	379	0-20-06
			119	0-00-62				378	0-00-13
			118	0-15-31				कुल	5-40-53
			105	0-00-81			इटियाबीर	106बी	0-07-48
			115	0-00-46				105	0-03-52
			116	0-03-91				104	0-12-82
			114	0-18-78				103	0-04-26
			125	0-03-72				102ए	0-01-91
			126	0-00-04				102बी	0-05-19
			111	0-00-78				101	0-26-29
			146	0-07-80				100	0-00-66
			147	0-02-93				98	0-15-99
			144	0-15-63				97	0-28-10
			145	0-17-18				86	0-00-69
			143	0-03-20				87	0-17-08
			142	0-11-22				84	0-23-34
			182	0-02-40				80	0-00-44
			140	0-02-92				81	0-04-04
			183	0-00-93				82	0-01-06
			186	0-23-65				76	0-01-20
			184	0-08-50				कुल	1-54-06
			577	0-29-48			डौड़ी	1	0-02-67
			570	0-26-53				8	0-55-70
			569	0-03-67				10	0-00-05
			567	0-24-75				11	0-04-08
			566	0-02-25				7	0-00-44
			540	0-02-12				5	0-19-81
			565	0-00-21				12	0-00-24
			541	0-22-68				13	0-00-05
			542	0-02-73				115	0-00-81
			545	0-00-65				326	0-00-30
			548	0-02-68				322	0-23-00
			547	0-04-20				321	0-00-49
			546	0-00-57				319	0-01-72
			461	0-14-78				318	0-00-05
			462	0-00-05				315	0-23-92
			463	0-02-33				219	0-00-64
			464	0-03-13				220	0-02-67
			463	0-00-71				313	0-09-53
			465	0-15-19				221	0-11-32
			466	0-01-30				311	0-12-21
			499	0-00-14				313	0-06-21
			498	0-04-04				311	0-34-00
			467	0-02-35				353	0-26-81
			469	0-35-23				357	0-00-64
			476	0-12-71				358	0-11-06
			449	0-00-20				365	0-01-30
			440	0-00-05				364	0-06-34
			448	0-26-37				363	0-23-13
			466	0-08-15				362	0-16-47
			447	0-20-34				361	0-05-50
			385	0-11-96				375	0-02-51
			384	0-25-35				374	0-02-74
			477	0-03-56					
			383	0-10-00					

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	डौड़ी	395/1239	0-01-12	जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	सादुल्लपुर	476	0-06-83
			531	0-05-32				478	0-01-45
			530	0-17-94				484	0-01-60
			525	0-41-34				482	0-09-87
			526	0-09-39				483	0-09-09
			527	0-12-75				481	0-04-77
			528	0-18-31				488	0-15-96
			537	0-01-20				490	0-00-11
			565/1168	0-32-80				491	0-00-60
			488	0-10-88				504बी	0-01-44
			489/1178	0-02-04				504ए	0-22-70
			486	0-16-83				594	0-02-29
			489/1178	0-01-57				598	0-00-05
			488	0-22-99				597	0-07-77
			488/1232	0-09-78				505ए	0-00-17
			487/1177	0-01-20				595	0-11-21
			487	0-05-32				592	0-10-21
			490	0-08-08				593	0-00-57
			480	0-00-62				542	0-16-15
			479	0-00-29				541	0-10-14
			477	0-19-70				544	0-03-42
			476	0-11-62				545	0-01-76
			582	0-00-91				546	0-02-58
			682	0-34-25				547	0-02-28
			681	0-26-12				549	0-01-15
			686	0-05-90				548	0-01-59
			687	0-18-96				540	0-00-29
			674	0-29-61				550	0-02-80
			674/1184	0-12-94				551	0-04-17
			मेढ़	0-00-90				552	0-02-91
			688	0-01-40				553	0-02-91
			671	0-10-91				554	0-02-82
			703/1186	0-05-36				555	0-02-46
			703	0-02-00				556	0-02-17
			670	0-00-51				557	0-01-78
			704	0-10-50				558	0-00-60
			705	0-16-20				559	0-03-24
			706	0-04-78				539	0-02-65
			707	0-00-39				कुल	2-47-72
			कुल	7-39-13			नेवादा	261	0-02-10
		सादुल्लापुर	451	0-05-92				259	0-19-52
			452	0-04-71				260	0-03-42
			448	0-13-29				262	0-06-52
			468	0-07-00				263	0-00-11
			469	0-07-00				281	0-00-75
			443	0-00-47				289	0-03-53
			437बी	0-01-33				288	0-03-85
			437ए	0-00-31				286	0-00-16
			435	0-04-48				285	0-24-08
			470	0-01-30				283	0-01-10
			471	0-11-61				292	0-00-69
			475	0-02-48				343	0-09-52
			474ए	0-11-28				344	0-07-65
			474बी	0-01-99				350	0-00-36

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
--जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	नेवादा	353	0-00-03	जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	परियाही	871	0-00-32
			354	0-02-30			कलों	870	0-00-50
			356	0-00-05				869	0-00-36
			355	0-10-20				868	0-01-20
			197	0-01-20				859	0-00-30
			282	0-00-72				860	0-02-44
			कुल	0-97-84				861	0-03-12
		परियाही	513	0-07-52				867	0-05-12
		कलों	505	0-00-13				862	0-02-80
			506	0-00-30				865	0-02-68
			508	0-01-00				866	0-03-20
			512	0-04-06				863	0-02-56
			511	0-00-05				864	0-07-51
			514	0-13-20				844	0-05-04
			520	0-00-32				849	0-01-81
			519	0-07-20				907	0-03-10
			518	0-01-46				910	0-01-80
			521	0-00-68				911	0-02-88
			523	0-22-95				843	0-00-50
			526	0-08-64				912	0-00-30
			524	0-13-66				923	0-08-32
			597	0-01-56				922	0-00-85
			606	0-00-06				921	0-11-37
			615	0-02-45				925	0-10-80
			622	0-00-27				920	0-06-40
			616	0-07-22				926	0-01-40
			617	0-04-17				931	0-12-00
			619	0-01-93				933	0-04-80
			618	0-07-01				932	0-12-00
			620	0-00-28				919	0-00-50
			621	0-09-95				924	0-02-60
			611ए	0-06-53				930	0-00-60
			626	0-02-70				कुल	3-87-31
			628	0-02-48			परमल पट्टी	443	0-11-08
			629	0-00-15				442	0-00-43
			627	0-00-78				444ए	0-07-71
			924	0-01-45				441	0-05-08
			731	0-00-75				445	0-12-23
			730	0-18-51				446बी	0-00-40
			729	0-01-09				कुल	0-36-93
			739	0-02-13			गदनपुर	55	0-10-50
			725	0-16-36				57	0-12-82
			724	0-16-46				56	0-16-80
			726	0-11-06				52	0-02-16
			719	0-13-12				50	0-00-03
			721	0-01-49				51	0-07-64
			720	0-15-07				58	0-02-13
			716	0-4-12				100	0-15-42
			766	0-00-81				105	0-03-04
			853	0-15-16				110	0-00-05
			857	0-01-28				109	0-00-05
			858	0-20-32				101	0-00-05
			876	0-00-07				102	0-05-91
			872	0-00-20					

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जौनपुर	मडियाहूँ	गदनपुर	106	0-02-91	जौनपुर	केराकत	धरावँ	632	0-08-66
			107	0-00-05				631	0-07-20
			103	0-01-87				630ए	0-16-91
			104	0-09-42				629ए	0-11-14
			123	0-04-98				628ए	0-12-97
			124	0-14-84				627	0-11-30
			122	0-11-50				626	0-02-89
			128	0-28-57				807	0-02-85
			130	0-00-47				608	0-10-02
			132	0-06-85				809	0-08-19
			133	0-06-27				610बी	0-01-00
			134	0-00-12				कुल	3-56-47
			137	0-21-52			रामपुर सौड़री	42	0-09-72
			138	0-00-05				43	0-20-72
			136	0-01-13				33	0-03-67
			कुल	1-87-14				432	0-00-05
	केराकत	धरावँ	45	0-08-94				94	0-10-41
			61	0-00-76				96	0-01-44
			60	0-10-27				95	0-25-07
			62	0-01-08				99	0-29-29
			64	0-01-59				107	0-09-52
			59	0-00-05				498	0-00-11
			58	0-01-00				440	0-00-79
			63	0-04-39				433	0-00-64
			109	0-02-27				435	0-05-94
			108	0-28-70				432/1967	0-00-58
			107	0-00-86				434	0-17-62
			106	0-04-48				429	0-15-90
			104	0-00-08				423	0-02-72
			105	0-02-49				422	0-01-85
			76	0-04-59				420	0-11-01
			77	0-15-80				421	0-06-70
			81	0-15-57				412	0-31-13
			83	0-13-11				413	0-05-66
			84	0-00-85				410	0-01-20
			95	0-08-11				406	0-03-23
			94बी	0-10-04				512/1672	0-00-50
			93	0-00-80				513	0-10-16
			92	0-09-85				515	0-00-10
			91	0-14-10				518	0-00-98
			206	0-13-22				527	0-02-16
			207	0-08-67				520	0-13-33
			208	0-00-15				525	0-10-97
			209	0-08-07				524	0-05-70
			210	0-01-72				523	0-00-93
			595/1031	0-00-77				522	0-16-82
			593	0-02-27				535	0-00-97
			594ए	0-18-40				550	0-00-80
			590	0-19-93				551	0-20-64
			602	0-01-00				555	0-20-12
			603	0-02-39				552	0-04-34
			604ए	0-25-60				554	0-02-31
			634	0-01-03				577	0-00-05
			633	0-00-36				576	0-00-90

स्वामी सिंह, निदेशक

New Delhi, the 12th July, 2005

S.O. 2749.—Whereas it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transportation of natural gas from Jagdishpur-Haldia Pipeline Project in the State of Uttar Pradesh, a Pipeline should be laid by the GAIL (India) Ltd.;

And, whereas it appears to the Central Government that for the purpose of laying the said pipeline, it is necessary to acquire the right of user in the land under which the said pipeline is proposed to be laid and which is described in the Schedule annexed to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum and Minerals Pipeline (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Any person interested in the land described in the said Schedule may, within twenty-one days from the date on which the copies of the notification issued under Sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the said Act, as published in the Gazette of India are made available to the general public, object in writing to the laying of the pipeline under the land to Shri Ram Avtar Pal, Competent Authority, GAIL (India) Limited, B-35 & 36, Sector-1, Noida-201 301 (Uttar Pradesh).

SCHEDULE

District	Tehsil	Village	Survey No.	Area to be Acquired for ROU (In Hectare)
1	2	3	4	5
Jaunpur	Jaunpur	Varchauli	365	0-07-20
			366	0-09-40
			368	0-02-65
			369	0-00-25
			367	0-01-44
			Total	0-20-94
		Gaura Kalan	12	0-00-49
			1	0-15-95
			2	0-02-19
			20	0-01-28
			21	0-03-00
			22	0-12-72
			23	0-00-07
			24	0-01-34
			26	0-07-14
			43	0-09-56
			44	0-01-14
			47A	0-00-40
			47B	0-10-11
			45	0-21-32
			46	0-05-08
			375	0-00-93
			75B	0-02-20
			76	0-10-58

1	2	3	4	5
Jaunpur	Jaunpur	Gaura Kalan	254	0-00-98
			253	0-12-68
			80	0-00-26
			79	0-00-18
			77	0-12-51
			78	0-14-86
			121	0-00-97
			124	0-00-25
			122	0-24-52
			123	0-00-57
			229	0-00-90
			230	0-07-57
			231	0-05-44
			232	0-05-84
			322/400	0-06-30
			228	0-01-45
			227	0-01-26
			224	0-05-17
			223A	0-16-49
			223B	0-00-78
			323	0-00-55
			324A	0-12-91
			325	0-19-15
			328	0-00-70
			329A	0-08-06
			330B	0-06-25
			330A	0-07-27
			345	0-00-98
			346	0-01-11
			347A	0-00-48
			347B	0-16-66
			Total	2-98-58
	Harirampur	Sai River		0-14-40
		1		0-08-09
		2		0-07-27
		8		0-05-88
		12		0-29-65
		29		0-20-66
		28		0-00-85
		23		0-06-54
		30		0-02-12
		31		0-01-09
		44		0-11-79
		46		0-12-99
		47		0-02-44
		157		0-00-62
		53		0-00-16
		52		0-01-66
		51		0-16-50
		114A		0-00-01
		50		0-09-66
		120		0-22-22
		861		0-00-05
		117A		0-02-24
		119		0-12-92
		118		0-09-72
		129		0-00-48
		130		0-02-33

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Jaunpur	Jaunpur	Harirampur	285	0-00-50	Jaunpur	Jaunpur	Khaparaha	1092	0-03-08
			288	0-03-11				1119	0-06-57
			131	0-09-56				1126	0-00-50
			285	0-01-48				1118	0-00-30
			288	0-00-16				1120	0-17-57
			287	0-00-90				1121	0-06-26
			280	0-09-96				1122	0-10-68
			281A	0-08-40				1123	0-14-38
			281B	0-04-81				1125	0-00-55
			282A	0-12-24				1127	0-09-95
			272	0-19-66				1128A	0-10-19
			278/864	0-01-16				1128B	0-00-21
			277	0-00-64				1129	0-01-78
			771	0-00-67				1130	0-00-44
			777	0-10-14				1132	0-02-32
			774B	0-01-28				1135	0-06-90
			774A	0-01-12				1136	0-06-60
			776	0-25-68				1137	0-00-70
			784	0-00-74				1139	0-06-06
			785	0-02-36				1140B	0-00-55
			786	0-08-70				1146	0-01-21
			787	0-00-40				1154	0-03-47
			775	0-01-29				1153	0-18-40
			822	0-00-22				1156	0-01-62
			788	0-04-16				1152A	0-13-19
			789	0-04-02				1152B	0-00-30
			821	0-07-06				1151	0-12-62
			820	0-05-58				1150B	0-03-79
			860/894	0-00-60				1149	0-04-14
			842	0-19-59				1148	0-00-43
			844	0-01-46				1157	0-02-09
			841	0-08-51				1166A	0-00-05
			850	0-01-33				1167	0-01-83
			840	0-08-30				1168A	0-07-35
			856	0-11-74				1169	0-18-07
			855	0-00-80				1170	0-00-10
			857	0-01-60				1171	0-02-77
			Total	4-02-23				Total	3-10-09
		Khaparaha	13(Nala)	0-03-60			Bhuwa Kalan	3	0-00-20
			30	0-07-32				32	0-47-42
			27	0-00-69				36	0-15-09
			28	0-20-46				31	0-89-73
			29	0-04-14				122	0-01-52
			32	0-02-72				123	0-06-20
			33	0-09-68				124	0-00-27
			34	0-18-70				125	0-10-96
			25	0-01-20				121	0-00-38
			978	0-01-94				134	0-00-61
			979	0-00-05				135	0-10-20
			1087	0-01-94				136	0-00-50
			1086	0-02-48				138	0-18-86
			1088	0-00-58				139	0-00-52
			1089A	0-19-39				141	0-04-66
			1089B	0-01-06				119	0-01-21
			1090	0-02-84				140	0-02-81
			1093A	0-02-46				144	0-00-05
			1093B	0-05-99				145	0-24-06
			1092/1184	0-05-84				143	0-18-42

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Jaunpur	Jaunpur	Bhuwa Kalan	148A	0-00-05	Jaunpur	Jaunpur	Ramnagar	649	0-09-90
			174	0-11-94				656	0-01-30
			173	0-13-09				643	0-00-01
			275	0-00-75				646	0-01-56
			274	0-00-18				648	0-06-37
			276	0-02-09				655	0-00-46
			278	0-25-51				657	0-31-50
			279	0-00-20				660	0-00-20
			271	0-00-05				659	0-00-50
			280	0-30-23				Total	12-07
			283	0-00-40			Hirapur	127	0-11-12
			285	0-08-06				126	0-08-30
			284	0-07-47				128	0-00-36
			312	0-22-46				135	0-02-30
			313	0-15-55				134	0-03-89
			321	0-15-71				135	0-00-81
			322	0-01-51				138	0-00-30
			323	0-16-50				133	0-23-98
			324	0-01-02				142	0-00-05
			326	0-00-10				143	0-17-77
			325	0-14-60				144	0-01-00
			Total	4-41-88				146	0-05-18
		Ramnagar	442A	0-02-41				Total	0-65-06
			441A	0-11-74			Bansafa	254	0-06-27
			440A	0-17-82				255	0-04-00
			349	0-04-71				256	0-04-98
			440B	0-0-50				257	0-01-73
			438	0-00-33				258	0-01-00
			437A	0-12-10				259	0-09-25
			436A	0-07-50				268	0-00-54
			435	0-00-67				267	0-06-15
			432	0-09-60				317	0-00-63
			431	0-10-35				319	0-01-18
			413	0-21-25				320	0-00-56
			419	0-04-67				321	0-00-05
			420	0-08-06				322	0-00-85
			421A	0-12-15				323	0-03-07
			422A	0-03-00				324	0-01-97
			423A	0-19-42				326	0-01-46
			423B	0-01-29				329	0-08-86
			362	0-00-48				330	0-02-02
			341	0-00-05				331	0-02-44
			340	0-04-44				332	0-00-78
			339	0-01-04				333	0-03-31
			338	0-14-50				334	0-01-80
			330	0-24-65				352	0-04-36
			329	0-09-35				353	0-05-40
			328	0-03-63				351	0-00-35
			327	0-12-24				350	0-00-21
			324	0-00-10				356	0-03-00
			323	0-00-77				Total	0-76-21
			322	0-35-50			Rampur	47	0-03-60
			321	0-09-85				45	0-00-10
			320	0-01-15				41	0-00-14
			319	0-12-97				48	0-05-26
			318	0-14-83				170	0-01-96
			644	0-06-57				97	0-33-54
			645	0-00-63					

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Jaunpur	Jaunpur	Rampur	91	0-00-04	Jaunpur	Jaunpur	Dehjuri	116	0-36-49	
			90	0-02-94				115	0-03-61	
			96	0-02-50				114	0-03-60	
			98	0-02-51				131	0-03-87	
			99	0-00-50				133	0-25-56	
			107	0-01-41				132	0-00-05	
			108	0-02-16				114	0-03-64	
			115	0-07-47				169B	0-00-10	
			114	0-09-07				163	0-00-10	
			121	0-00-59				168	0-18-88	
			163	0-11-51				167	0-00-05	
			162	0-12-81				166	0-00-55	
			110	0-00-69				155	0-00-26	
			194	0-01-40				173A	0-02-59	
			196	0-01-27				154	0-09-78	
			195	0-01-01				153	0-08-12	
			161	0-00-72				152	0-02-31	
			160	0-04-08				150	0-03-69	
			159	0-04-08				151	0-09-35	
			156	0-07-61				414	0-00-90	
			347	0-00-79				225	0-00-40	
			259	0-38-92				229	0-02-30	
			260	0-00-11				415A	0-12-01	
			277	0-00-54				415B	0-02-03	
			253/655	0-03-47				417	0-09-39	
			252	0-01-32				418	0-03-86	
			200	0-01-20				652	0-04-35	
			251	0-00-15				651	0-31-90	
			250	0-02-64				650	0-15-24	
			248	0-00-33				653	0-01-00	
			247	0-08-98				662	0-27-15	
			282	0-07-09				663	0-10-19	
			283	0-09-02				664	0-01-65	
			286	0-18-79				Total	3-04-42	
			287	0-07-34				Khanapatti	503	0-00-51
			295	0-01-94				506	0-06-89	
			292	0-04-64				505	0-00-35	
			288	0-01-45				504	0-25-12	
			285	0-06-24				501	0-04-84	
			Total	2-33-90				510	0-00-41	
	Gopalpur		37	0-01-50				512	0-21-97	
			31	0-18-42				513	0-00-22	
			29	0-04-02				514	0-00-23	
			30	0-14-50				586	0-00-35	
			34A	0-06-80				602	0-01-23	
			26	0-01-20				596	0-12-64	
			19	0-08-00				602/1288	0-00-24	
			20	0-13-12				597	0-06-79	
			21	0-00-05				600	0-01-63	
			Total	0-67-61				599	0-05-09	
								598	0-04-41	
								593	0-00-06	
								604	0-00-49	
								605	0-08-09	
								606	0-13-64	
								607	0-16-36	
								608	0-02-90	
								609	0-11-48	
	Dehjuri		1	0-01-74						
			2	0-07-39						
			3	0-04-32						
			2	0-03-16						
			17	0-28-30						
			117	0-03-28						
			2	0-00-40						

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Jaunpur	Jaunpur	Khanapatti	1121	0-00-46	Jaunpur	Jaunpur	Tahirpur	561	0-14-46
			1120	0-06-81				562	0-01-80
			1122B	0-00-05				Total	3-59-64
			1122A	0-30-90			Hasanpur	1	0-00-70
			1115	0-00-10				5	0-03-68
			1088	0-34-68				6	0-02-19
			1087	0-02-52				4	0-09-13
			1086	0-00-45				3	0-06-28
			1085A	0-32-48				10	0-00-86
			1131	0-04-20				9	0-00-86
			1085B	0-04-46				12	0-22-57
			Total	2-69-01				16	0-05-11
		Tahirpur	7B	0-02-12				11	0-01-30
			8	0-00-52				124	0-01-71
			9	0-11-21				123	0-07-41
			40	0-00-72				121	0-07-16
			41	0-01-53				122	0-15-13
			292	0-02-55				120A	0-07-11
			311	0-00-46				120B	0-11-89
			312	0-01-51				119B	0-00-62
			313	0-00-11				119A	0-13-32
			325	0-00-07				118A	0-10-92
			324	0-86-77				117B	0-00-16
			328	0-08-33				227	0-12-46
			372	0-01-59				161	0-03-10
			400	0-00-40				206	0-14-88
			401	0-04-71				207	0-05-02
			398	0-01-71				208	0-02-57
			371B	0-16-31				209	0-07-67
			105	0-02-40				205	0-00-58
			369	0-00-05				230	0-00-31
			407B	0-00-06				161	0-01-44
			551	0-03-01				233	0-00-66
			426	0-00-43				210B	0-01-88
			550A	0-14-71				210A	0-10-18
			427B	0-14-05				211	0-01-96
			427A	0-06-10				222	0-11-17
			424A	0-01-07				212	0-00-25
			424B	0-08-60				220	0-00-86
			428	0-02-91				221	0-06-25
			429	0-03-03				219	0-13-03
			403	0-02-14				218	0-07-28
			402	0-52-20				217	0-07-04
			404	0-00-38				215	0-09-58
			399	0-04-80				214/530	0-01-20
			437	0-03-04				21	0-11-55
			430	0-10-00				161 (नाला)	0-05-92
			434	0-08-08				Total	2-64-97
			435	0-02-24				507	0-01-94
			433	0-02-37		Sadar	Shekhpur	508	0-00-45
			432	0-03-10				509	0-01-07
			551	0-10-98				510	0-10-38
			366	0-00-16				511	0-00-50
			542	0-20-15				512	0-16-18
			543	0-04-05				519	0-00-50
			545	0-15-36				525	0-08-51
			544	0-05-32				526	0-00-70
			560	0-01-98					

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Jaunpur	Sadar	Shekhpur	527	0-10-91	Jaunpur	Sadar	Shekhpura	545	0-07-44
			528	0-00-43				528	0-10-80
			533	0-00-58				546	0-00-51
			542	0-07-08				568	0-00-87
			543	0-08-64				569	0-00-64
			544	0-01-20				592	0-10-28
			545	0-04-89				593	0-03-10
			546	0-03-30				590	0-21-35
			549	0-00-62				588	0-05-18
			555	0-00-57				589	0-00-12
			554	0-06-60				584	0-01-25
			553	0-03-07				585	0-06-16
			559	0-00-60				619	0-03-37
			562	0-01-28				583	0-03-54
			563	0-06-37				621	0-02-19
			564	0-01-23				620	0-01-87
			Total	0-97-38				622	0-11-53
		Kapoorpur	16	0-18-32				623	0-02-87
			17	0-00-60				624	0-05-12
			124	0-42-60				635	0-05-30
			125	0-21-06				625	0-06-38
			162	0-00-50				626	0-00-85
			163	0-01-97				632	0-00-42
			164	0-04-47				631	0-00-05
			165	0-04-06				627	0-17-78
			166	0-00-33				678	0-06-39
			167	0-02-61				682/736	0-00-76
			174	0-00-30				681/733	0-00-90
			175	0-03-84				681	0-06-84
			176	0-00-22				685	0-00-65
			177	0-02-24				686	0-10-89
			181	0-00-11				680	0-00-05
			182	0-00-16				691	0-14-20
			187	0-00-06				692	0-03-03
			272	0-00-56				703	0-00-65
			288	0-05-40				704	0-20-99
			289	0-07-80				708	0-05-96
			287	0-00-32				709	0-00-50
			Total	1-17-53				711	0-22-47
		Shekhpura	502	0-00-11				715	0-00-53
			503	0-02-80				693	0-00-20
			508	0-00-75				712	0-01-68
			507	0-00-50				716	0-21-11
			532	0-02-68				726	0-52-80
			533	0-03-61				725	0-00-30
			531	0-12-30				714	0-00-48
			534	0-00-05				729	0-04-80
			535	0-00-82				Total	3-55-76
			536	0-00-72			Kunsapur	57	0-06-29
			537	0-00-52				61	0-36-28
			540	0-01-48				62	0-02-68
			541	0-02-37				64	0-37-52
			543	0-00-91				65	0-28-45
			530	0-03-30				81	0-01-18
			544	0-06-70				658	0-01-08
			529	0-08-10				659	0-00-28
			542	0-02-89				655	0-14-75
								656	0-05-79

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Jaunpur	Sadar	Kunsapur	654	0-00-70	Jaunpur	Sadar	Mominpur	272	0-00-05
			653	0-26-08			Khurd	284	0-00-22
			694	0-05-78				285	0-00-28
			693	0-15-38				286	0-00-51
			697/827	0-00-44				287	0-00-41
			698	0-03-60				288	0-00-35
			730	0-02-50				289	0-00-63
			729	0-24-01				290	0-00-44
			728	0-01-00				291	0-00-47
			724	0-00-14				292	0-00-51
			726	0-21-59				293	0-00-16
			725	0-20-96				294	0-08-14
			722	0-01-25				295	0-03-54
			721	0-11-74				296	0-01-92
			775	0-03-70				Total	1-57-77
			807	0-19-70					
			808	0-02-30			Mominpur	66	0-04-36
			806	0-26-53			Kalan	67	0-01-40
			812	0-03-79				143	0-01-80
			Sai River	0-30-00				141/538	0-00-60
			Total	3-55-48				141	0-11-51
								140	0-01-66
		Belsari	316	0-07-94				139	0-01-71
			Total	0-07-94				138	0-02-31
								133	0-13-40
		Mominpur	177	0-01-75				146	0-00-27
		Khurd	165	0-23-02				147	0-13-39
			166	0-00-51				136	0-08-07
			167	0-12-51				137	0-00-86
			168	0-00-50				362	0-00-25
			169	0-00-50				361	0-00-33
			170	0-00-10				360	0-07-96
			171	0-14-12				359	0-00-70
			173	0-00-59				358	0-06-05
			174	0-00-50				357	0-03-22
			175	0-07-00				355	0-06-98
			176	0-00-67				354	0-00-52
			198	0-00-50				353	0-02-74
			201	0-00-60				137	0-01-01
			202	0-00-60				152	0-01-00
			226	0-03-85				151	0-00-13
			223	0-07-90				153	0-02-55
			224	0-05-20				349	0-00-19
			221	0-03-03				351	0-01-68
			219	0-00-39				352	0-00-33
			217	0-02-37				343	0-17-28
			216	0-18-02				344	0-00-35
			235	0-00-57				345	0-00-70
			236	0-00-71				342	0-01-17
			264	0-00-30				Total	1-16-46
			265	0-05-31					
			279	0-00-87			Pura Bagela	544	0-01-20
			280	0-01-57				542	0-00-05
			281	0-06-22				543	0-04-14
			282	0-07-69				545	0-05-67
			283	0-10-63				552	0-01-03
			266	0-01-14				551	0-02-08
			267	0-00-61				550	0-02-36
			268	0-00-32				549	0-01-48

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Jaunpur	Sadar	Pura Bagela	548	0-00-96	Jaunpur	Sadar	Ramshaipatti	324	0-18-44
			547	0-01-35				325	0-01-11
			546	0-00-59				340	0-00-96
			557	0-15-29				341	0-03-76
			556	0-28-11				342	0-00-53
			556/803	0-00-44				359	0-00-69
			564	0-00-54				202	0-06-77
			564/804	0-00-33				201	0-05-23
			566	0-09-83				200	0-01-39
			565	0-07-93				206	0-05-53
			567	0-00-92				207	0-00-10
			568	0-01-81				191	0-11-64
			570	0-09-68				189	0-01-97
			571	0-00-17				188	0-11-67
			572	0-00-78				375	0-00-20
			569	0-00-69				136	0-00-87
			638	0-07-55				129	0-12-92
			639	0-10-05				135	0-10-60
			640	0-00-46				131	0-22-06
			637	0-00-79				102	0-02-07
			644	0.4981				Total	1-79-36
			664	0-07-95			Satalpur	212	0-02-31
			717	0-01-65				211	0-09-95
			665	0-04-00				219	0-02-74
			693/807	0-00-51				218	0-02-59
			715	0-00-11				217	0-01-46
			710	0-29-60				216	0-00-56
			711	0-02-41				215	0-00-51
			709	0-00-76				214	0-00-28
			707	0-09-30				213	0-00-05
			706	0-09-41				220	0-09-77
			705	0-02-46				280	0-06-35
			704	0-02-27				281	0-01-74
			729	0-01-20				290	0-00-56
			695	0-00-05				289	0-08-26
			694	0-00-05				288	0-00-05
			736	0-01-41				279	0-00-26
			735	0-06-49				278	0-00-05
			734	0-02-88				277	0-15-87
			730	0-21-90				276	0-16-97
			Total	2-70-50				275	0-00-57
								270	0-00-31
		Ramsahai-	149	0-01-11				266	0-00-13
		patti	240	0-00-40				274	0-07-48
			227	0-02-88				271	0-00-05
			226	0-00-05				272	0-00-10
			225	0-00-05				273	0-05-62
			230	0-00-70				389	0-00-74
			239	0-05-27				390	0-15-07
			238	0-05-16				391	0-04-94
			237	0-03-55				392	0-12-58
			236	0-00-60				394	0-00-53
			235	0-00-05				444	0-00-98
			233	0-01-16				445	0-00-53
			231	0-14-43				447	0-00-60
			232	0-13-54				446	0-00-59
			218	0-00-80				455	0-01-54
			322	0-02-89				456	0-00-50
			323	0-08-83				457	0-13-02

1	2	3	4	5
Jaunpur	Sadar	Satalpur	471	0-00-95
			483	0-26-13
			481	0-02-16
			482	0-07-98
			484	0-01-52
			679	0-06-01
			680	0-03-74
			697	0-02-00
			698	0-00-33
			700	0-14-44
			701	0-06-82
			702	0-01-91
			703	0-09-97
			704	0-09-91
			706	0-12-40
			709	0-01-07
			711	0-00-59
			710	0-12-34
			712	0-06-95
			713	0-01-45
			814	0-01-15
			Total	2-75-60
	Marlahu	Belgahan	228	0-02-88
			227	0-11-74
			55	0-02-12
			226	0-00-60
			225	0-53-67
			223	0-02-77
			222	0-00-75
			950	0-00-52
			221	0-00-40
			219	0-02-01
			220	0-02-32
			215	0-45-43
			168	0-10-03
			167	0-00-66
			425	0-02-36
			216	0-00-43
			386	0-01-41
			387	0-21-42
			417	0-00-90
			421	0-11-49
			422	0-04-08
			423	0-03-75
			424	0-21-80
			441	0-00-82
			427	0-15-23
			440	0-04-03
			428	0-47-59
			432	0-00-05
			135	0-02-40
			Total	2-81-64
		Ajesi	168	0-02-40
			170	0-05-88
			615	0-00-56
			616	0-18-52
			621B	0-16-07

1	2	3	4	5
Jaunpur	Marlahu	Ajosi	620	0-00-94
			657	0-00-36
			622	0-01-65
			623	0-00-05
			624	0-09-40
			644	0-12-60
			645	0-03-57
			643	0-02-59
			648	0-02-09
			649	0-03-87
			649/1379	0-07-22
			650	0-12-27
			651	0-03-80
			709	0-00-20
			79/1315	0-00-43
			713	0-10-58
			710	0-09-86
			711	0-04-91
			712	0-01-28
			720	0-01-10
			731	0-04-02
			732	0-03-41
			729	0-05-07
			727	0-03-37
			726	0-00-48
			725	0-00-68
			724	0-00-75
			723	0-00-50
			722	0-04-90
			515	0-03-50
			512	0-12-01
			511	0-00-05
			581	0-00-43
			482	0-00-76
			580	0-21-20
			483	0-08-08
			484	0-00-25
			485	0-00-34
			463	0-06-24
			462/1113	0-00-88
			462	0-28-65
			451	0-01-72
			458	0-11-82
			452	0-01-01
			453	0-03-41
			457	0-03-78
			455	0-03-63
			454	0-00-41
			426	0-04-58
			427	0-09-56
			373	0-01-32
			372	0-03-65
			371	0-04-16
			370	0-02-56
			369	0-09-95
			367	0-00-63
			361	0-03-74
			360	0-23-23
			358	0-10-91

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Jaunpur	Mariahu	Ajosi	356	0-10-0	Jaunpur	Mariahu	Ganapur	1484	0-06-00
		(Contd.)	355	0-10-41				1487	0-00-42
			356/1385	0-02-11				1488	0-00-94
			354	0-01-29				1489	0-01-58
			353	0-01-82				1490	0-06-38
			Total	3-63-82				1494	0-00-01
		Wazeerpur	6	0-01-13				1492	0-13-18
			8	0-14-80				1493	0-04-65
			11	0-00-63				1521	0-03-00
			13B	0-04-96				1523	0-07-84
			60	0-01-77				1524	0-26-02
			85	0-01-60				1525	0-00-13
			83	0-01-22				Total	0-70-15
			82	0-01-53			Mokalpur	5	0-05-12
			81	0-13-37				8	0-08-83
			80	0-07-13				9	0-17-89
			79	0-00-40				10	0-10-22
			78	0-01-61				11	0-11-64
			92	0-15-05				13	0-00-05
			93	0-13-70				14	0-04-22
			94	0-01-19				34	0-05-33
			95	0-08-30				15	0-04-42
			73	0-17-95				33	0-26-45
			72	0-00-11				51	0-01-20
			71B	0-00-05				54	0-11-99
			96	0-02-36				55	0-00-11
			109	0-01-28				60	0-00-26
			107	0-04-58				75	0-03-20
			106	0-00-97				77	0-03-57
			101	0-11-12				76	0-47-86
			100	0-26-00				78	0-01-18
			98	0-08-65				130	0-03-66
			97	0-01-74				81	0-05-72
			Total	1-63-19				79	0-12-86
		Mohammad-pur	172	0-08-23				89	0-08-84
			173	0-00-10				90	0-02-88
			174	0-36-95				92	0-33-60
			175	0-01-73				93	0-11-07
			177	0-01-66				94	0-00-05
			178	0-03-87				95	0-03-00
			176	0-11-36				949	0-09-33
			164	0-01-95				947	0-21-94
			229	0-00-05				948	0-02-75
			227	0-00-15				949	0-00-29
			226	0-11-09				950	0-01-32
			244	0-01-05				951	0-02-53
			220	0-01-43				Total	2-83-35
			224	0-00-10			Pipra	648	0-18-05
			223	0-10-83				655	0-00-40
			222	0-19-54				649	0-04-53
			220	0-01-03				650	0-06-45
			219	0-00-05				651	0-02-20
			217	0-04-48				652	0-09-06
			216	0-11-89				653	0-00-95
			259	0-21-74				Total	0-41-65
			258	0-04-54			Ratn	20	0-12-78
			260	0-05-90				21	0-18-1

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Jaunpur	Mariahu	Ratauli	23	0-14-40	Jaunpur	Mariahu	Kumbhi	176	0-03-80
		(Contd.)	27A	0-03-13			(Contd.)	177	0-33-51
			24	0-01-43				326A	0-21-54
			26	0-02-36				325	0-14-69
			38	0-00-92				326B	0-00-68
			33A	0-01-27				371	0-00-90
			37	0-20-13				369A	0-10-00
			39	0-00-19				369B	0-00-75
			40	0-16-11				373	0-01-78
			41	0-00-56				368A	0-02-14
			51	0-00-77				376	0-10-38
			70	0-07-92				377	07-23
			71	0-14-69				378	17-43
			72	0-02-23				379	0-16-83
			75	0-16-69				380A	0-05-83
			76	0-09-75				381A	0-10-68
			105	0-00-82				382	0-10-60
			114	0-28-86				Total	3-42-75
			121	0-00-60			Aurela	1744	0-00-15
			122	0-03-74				1746	0-03-15
			123	0-00-77				1747	0-13-16
			138	0-13-49				1748	0-00-40
			137	0-06-65				1749	0-00-05
			136	0-01-94				1753	0-11-15
			125	0-24-45				1750	0-00-77
			101	0-01-20				1752	0-01-52
			Total	2-25-99				1751	0-01-62
								Total	0-31-97
		Kumbhi	16	0-07-79			Santoshpur	54	0-03-88
			18	0-04-36				57	0-04-29
			23	0-05-24				55	0-00-50
			22	0-08-31				50	0-03-60
			24	0-14-29				59	0-03-20
			25	0-07-48				58	0-12-69
			64	0-03-92				49	0-00-28
			26	0-00-05				60	0-10-88
			63	0-00-05				62	0-07-13
			65	0-11-84				62/288	0-26-09
			66	0-00-35				68/290	0-00-13
			67	0-01-24				68	0-03-61
			68	0-00-29				112/295	0-02-33
			62	0-01-10				112	0-06-30
			49A	0-18-71				113/289	0-00-05
			49B	0-00-14				114	0-17-29
			51	0-00-42				115	0-05-49
			50	0-09-63				116	0-05-13
			48	0-00-80				117	0-04-59
			43A	0-15-62				118	0-04-74
			42A	0-14-63				119	0-00-71
			42B	0-03-07				121	0-05-20
			151	0-13-51				120	0-05-01
			173B	0-01-70				124	0-04-13
			173A	0-00-20				259	0-03-99
			150	0-01-39				260	0-09-41
			148	0-01-21				260/293	0-00-20
			149	0-24-56				261	0-01-41
			174	0-01-90				262	0-00-24
			179	0-00-14				Total	1-52-49
			178A	0-00-05					

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Jaunpur	Marahu	Rajmalpur	73	0-00-86	Jaunpur	Marahu	Pali	1298	0-00-66
			74	0-00-05			(Contd.)	1299	0-00-23
			82	0-14-10				1294	0-09-50
			83	0-02-13				1302	0-00-65
			84	0-03-76				1305	0-03-51
			85	0-04-29				1306	0-19-34
			86	0-02-26				1307	0-26-68
			99	0-01-20				1283	0-00-40
			100	0-19-26				1281	0-02-00
			101	0-08-96				1310	0-01-20
			104	0-03-46				1348	0-06-02
			106	0-00-10				1350	0-17-19
			103	0-02-20				1340	0-00-18
			102	0-01-39				1351	0-22-31
			116	0-08-29				1356	0-22-40
			117	0-01-20				1357/1562	0-00-69
			122	0-11-46				1360	0-06-89
			118	0-06-88				1360/1522	0-01-43
			121	0-03-91				1360/1524	0-12-35
			119	0-05-00				1451	0-12-18
			330	0-00-97				1452	0-06-09
			331	0-06-26				1446	0-01-20
			332	0-09-51				1444	0-11-50
			333	0-01-06				1445	0-00-28
			329	0-01-14				1442	0-13-92
			322	0-20-14				Total	2.4485
			327	0-02-77					
			323	0-07-83					
			321	0-00-22					
			326	0-00-83			Ahrauli	1	0-03-91
			324	0-03-63				5	0-27-63
			317	0-01-26				6	0-01-25
			319	0-00-14				7	0-01-16
			318	0-02-83				4/856	0-00-16
			316	0-14-56				8	0-10-90
			314	0-00-76				44	0-01-03
			312	0-01-60				45	0-01-60
			311	0-03-61				55	0-04-03
			310	0-13-77				54	0-03-43
			309	0-23-38				53	0-12-50
			308	0-00-95				86	0-00-73
			562	0-00-74				82	0-06-64
			540	0-00-60				85	0-00-72
			541	0-15-59				94	0-02-68
			542	0-01-93				93	0-06-05
			543	0-16-70				89	0-08-68
			544	0-08-65				92	0-02-21
			545	0-03-15				91	0-06-55
			559	0-01-18				90	0-05-28
			570	0-25-20				95	0-00-91
			Total	2-91-72				96	0-01-20
		Pali	1286	0-09-01				100	0-01-53
			1287	0-00-71				101	0-07-35
			1288	0-25-45				103	0-00-73
			1300	0-03-78				102	0-01-11
			1295	0-04-43				245	0-06-39
			1296	0-01-53				250	0-01-08
			1297	0-01-19					

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Jaunpur	Mariahu	Ahrauli (Contd.)	249	0-00-09	Jaunpur	Mariahu	Majuvat (Contd.)	190	0-29-41
			251	0-21-09				183	0-00-10
			252	0-00-05				194	0-00-55
			243	0-03-10				195	0-00-59
			242	0-00-29				200	0-04-08
			241	0-08-28				201B	0-05-73
			239	0-05-94				201A	0-14-56
			240	0-03-31				204/265	0-01-57
			388	0-01-03				204/269	0-02-45
			389	0-00-73				202A	0-09-12
			390	0-03-42				202B	0-02-45
			392	0-25-06				221	0-00-65
			391	0-00-39				222A	0-16-86
			393	0-06-92				241	0-02-08
			394	0-01-62				245	0-00-05
			423	0-00-34				247	0-00-46
			465	0-00-47				253	0-12-20
			424	0-07-52				254	0-00-53
			426	0-03-98				255	0-00-62
			428	0-02-15				256	0-00-02
			430	0-00-70				252A	0-23-13
			461	0-10-61				252B	0-03-09
			460	0-00-67				258A	0-06-08
			454	0-01-64				Total	2-23-86
			453	0-03-84			Delhupur	248	0-07-67
			452	0-24-49				246	0-02-01
			450	0-00-45				247	0-07-32
			451	0-02-50				249	0-00-31
			487	0-00-57				250	0-04-29
			486	0-00-70				241	0-06-10
			503	0-16-17				237	0-05-30
			502	0-12-79				236	0-13-41
			498	0-01-89				230	0-10-80
			500	0-03-35				234	0-02-10
			559	0-03-23				233	0-01-20
			560	0-04-20				Total	0-60-50
			Total	3-16-95			Sadaipur	3	0-06-58
		Majuvat	149	0-10-38				4	0-10-61
			148	0-03-38				5	0-10-77
			147	0-00-16				7	0-00-05
			150	0-01-81				6	0-00-26
			151	0-01-47				22	0-00-75
			152	0-13-78				24A	0-08-68
			156	0-00-05				24B	0-00-10
			159	0-10-95				25	0-04-10
			160	0-10-18				27	0-06-32
			161	0-10-13				28	0-12-57
			164/271	0-00-54				29	0-14-10
			162	0-02-08				30	0-03-97
			164	0-02-34				31	0-00-85
			163	0-01-45				92	0-00-83
			189	0-08-28				51	0-00-90
			192	0-00-05					
			191	0-10-48					

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Jaunpur	Mariahu	Sadarpur	52	0-08-30	Jaunpur	Mariahu	Churema	30	0-00-77
			53	0-02-64				31	0-08-09
			54	0-01-44				32	0-01-20
			61	0-08-00				29B	0-01-06
			55	0-10-79				33	0-00-24
			58	0-02-12				29A	0-08-77
			56	0-00-50				35	0-10-80
			62	0-04-76				34	0-00-75
			63	0-00-24				55	0-04-42
			64	0-00-05				54	0-09-97
			57	0-01-12				53	0-03-40
			Total	1-21-97				52	0-02-04
		Majunpur	80	0-03-20				51	0-08-93
		Newada	81	0-01-09				50	0-00-41
			82	0-00-50				49	0-00-05
			83	0-00-05				113	0-03-18
			86	0-14-20				115	0-00-05
			85	0-08-95				16	0-00-70
			90	0-00-75				Railway Track	0-13-20
			92	0-09-37				Total	1-96-35
			95B	0-01-07				19	0-00-70
			99	0-07-74			Manipur	149	0-03-85
			98	0-06-20				150	0-16-89
			97	0-06-24				151	0-08-90
			104B	0-18-32				360	0-00-47
			84	0-00-64				361	0-09-85
			96	0-04-20				362	0-09-51
			Total	0-82-52				364	0-12-56
		Ghazipur	2	0-22-31				370	0-00-65
			3	0-09-36				375	0-01-29
			4	0-32-93				374	0-12-81
			7	0-05-12				373	0-00-45
			5	0-00-05				394	0-11-91
			95	0-37-81				396	0-29-42
			94	0-08-66				395	0-03-46
			100	0-08-06				398	0-07-05
			101	0-05-99				466B	01-67
			102	0-03-26				466A	0-22-90
			104	0-04-74				464	0-00-78
			105	0-00-34				463	0-00-05
			106	0-01-39				467	0-16-42
			93	0-00-30				402	0-16-22
			Total	1-40-34				403	0-02-61
		Churema	2	0-34-12				404	0-16-47
			3	0-05-12				516	0-00-50
			4	0-00-10				458	0-06-13
			12	0-00-31				457	0-06-60
			7	0-10-96				518B	0-07-65
			8	0-06-74				518A	0-11-32
			9	0-02-86				519	0-05-88
			6	0-23-84				525	0-06-74
			17	0-00-65				530	0-17-39
			24	0-03-64				527	0-00-67

[illegible]

1	2	3	4	5
Jaunpur	Mariahu	Tekardiha	138	0-00-15
			144	0-07-16
			145	0-07-71
			146	0-21-14
			165	0-00-86
			166	0-10-90
			167/1276	0-05-48
			167	0-05-78
			168	0-06-26
			169	0-03-22
			170	0-00-57
			231	0-07-20
			405	0-10-07
			232	0-00-41
			404	0-04-27
			342	0-01-55
			341	0-00-05
			233	0-13-94
			234	0-09-43
			235	0-24-07
			236	0-02-50
			409	0-01-64
			339	0-36-00
			324	0-23-84
			328	0-03-01
			329	0-00-90
			336	0-07-97
			331	0-05-88
			335	0-00-78
			332	0-03-32
			333	0-13-20
			274	0-00-80
			270	0-02-49
			271	0-01-71
			273	0-02-95
			272	0-04-86
			Total	4-24-15
	Duhawar		392	0-01-95
			383	0-00-51
			391	0-00-64
			393	0-10-16
			394	0-19-90
			396	0-26-11
			409	0-01-20
			427	0-25-33
			431	0-16-80
			430	0-02-80
			396	0-26-40
			385	0-00-80
			Total	1-32-60
	Usraon		25	0-02-35
			38	0-02-21
			39	0-02-32

1	2	3	4	5	i	2	3	4	5
Jaunpur	Marlahu	Usraon	498	0-04-04	Jaunpur	Marlahu	Doudi	311	0-12-21
			467	0-02-35				313	0-06-21
			469	0-35-23				311	0-34-00
			476	0-12-71				353	0-26-81
			449	0-00-20				357	0-00-64
			440	0-00-05				358	0-11-06
			448	0-26-37				365	0-01-30
			466	0-08-15				364	0-06-34
			447	0-20-34				363	0-23-13
			385	0-11-96				362	0-16-47
			384	0-25-35				361	0-05-50
			477	0-03-56				375	0-02-51
			383	0-10-00				374	0-02-74
			379	0-20-06				395/1239	0-01-12
			378	0-00-13				531	0-05-32
			Total	5-40-53				530	0-17-94
		Itiabhir	106B	0-07-48				525	0-41-34
			105	0-03-52				526	0-09-39
			104	0-12-82				527	0-12-75
			103	0-04-26				528	0-18-31
			102A	0-01-91				537	0-01-20
			102B	0-05-19				565/1168	0-32-80
			101	0-26-29				488	0-10-88
			100	0-00-66				489/1178	0-02-04
			98	0-15-99				486	0-16-83
			97	0-28-10				489/1178	0-01-57
			86	0-00-69				488	0-22-99
			87	0-17-08				488/1232	0-09-78
			84	0-23-34				487/1177	0-01-20
			80	0-00-44				487	0-05-32
			81	0-04-04				490	0-08-08
			82	0-01-06				480	0-00-62
			76	0-01-20				479	0-00-29
			Total	1-54-06				477	0-19-70
		Doudi	1	0-02-67				476	0-11-62
			8	0-55-70				582	0-00-91
			10	0-00-05				682	0-34-25
			11	0-04-08				681	0-26-12
			7	0-00-44				686	0-05-90
			5	0-19-81				687	0-18-96
			12	0-00-24				674	0-29-61
			13	0-00-05				674/1184	0-12-94
			115	0-00-81				Bund	0-00-90
			326	0-00-30				688	0-01-40
			322	0-23-00				671	0-10-91
			321	0-00-49				703/1186	0-05-36
			319	0-01-72				703	0-02-00
			318	0-00-05				670	0-00-51
			315	0-23-92				704	0-10-50
			219	0-00-64				705	0-16-20
			220	0-02-67				706	0-04-78
			313	0-09-53				707	0-00-39
			221	0-11-32				Total	7-39-13

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Jaunpur	Mariahu	Sadullapur	451	0-05-92	Jaunpur	Mariahu	Sadullapur	558	0-00-60
			452	0-04-71				559	0-03-24
			448	0-13-29				539	0-02-65
			468	0-07-00				Total	2-47-72
			469	0-07-00			Nawada	261	0-02-10
			443	0-00-47				259	0-19-52
			437B	0-01-33				260	0-03-42
			437A	0-00-31				262	0-06-52
			435	0-04-48				263	0-00-11
			470	0-01-30				281	0-00-75
			471	0-11-61				289	0-03-53
			475	0-02-48				288	0-03-85
			474A	0-11-28				286	0-00-16
			474B	0-01-99				285	0-24-08
			476	0-06-83				283	0-01-10
			478	0-01-45				292	0-00-69
			484	0-01-60				343	0-09-52
			482	0-09-87				344	0-07-65
			483	0-09-09				350	0-00-36
			481	0-04-77				353	0-00-03
			488	0-15-96				354	0-02-30
			490	0-00-11				356	0-00-05
			491	0-00-60				355	0-10-20
			504B	0-01-44				197	0-01-20
			504A	0-22-70				282	0-00-72
			594	0-02-29				Total	0-97-84
			598	0-00-05			Pasiyahi	513	0-07-52
			597	0-07-77			Kalan	505	0-00-13
			505A	0-00-17				506	0-00-30
			595	0-11-21				508	0-01-00
			592	0-10-21				512	0-04-06
			593	0-00-57				511	0-00-05
			542	0-16-15				514	0-13-20
			541	0-10-14				520	0-00-32
			544	0-03-42				519	0-07-20
			545	0-01-76				518	0-01-46
			546	0-02-58				521	0-00-68
			547	0-02-28				523	0-22-95
			549	0-01-15				526	0-08-64
			548	0-01-59				524	0-13-66
			540	0-00-29				597	0-01-56
			550	0-02-80				606	0-00-06
			551	0-04-17				615	0-02-45
			552	0-02-91				622	0-00-27
			553	0-02-91				616	0-07-22
			554	0-02-82				617	0-04-17
			555	0-02-46				619	0-01-93
			556	0-02-17				618	0-07-01
			557	0-01-78					

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Jaunpur	Mariahu	Pasiyahi	620	0-00-28	Jaunpur	Mariahu	Paseyahi	920	0-06-40
		Kalan	621	0-09-95			Kalan	926	0-01-40
			611A	0-06-53				931	0-12-00
			626	0-02-70				933	0-04-80
			628	0-02-48				932	0-12-00
			629	0-00-15				919	0-00-50
			627	0-00-78				924	0-02-60
			924	0-01-45				930	0-00-60
			731	0-00-75				Total	3-87-31
			730	0-18-51			Parmal Patti	443	0-11-08
			729	0-01-09				442	0-00-43
			739	0-02-13				444A	0-07-71
			725	0-16-36				441	0-05-08
			724	0-16-46				445	0-12-23
			726	0-11-06				446B	0-00-40
			719	0-13-12				Total	0-36-93
			721	0-01-49			Gadanpur	55	0-10-50
			720	0-15-07				57	0-12-82
			716	0-04-12				56	0-16-80
			766	0-00-81				52	0-02-16
			853	0-15-16				50	0-00-03
			857	0-01-28				51	0-07-64
			858	0-20-32				58	0-02-13
			876	0-00-07				100	0-15-42
			872	0-00-20				105	0-03-04
			871	0-00-32				110	0-00-05
			870	0-00-50				109	0-00-05
			869	0-00-36				101	0-00-05
			868	0-01-20				102	0-05-91
			859	0-00-30				106	0-02-91
			860	0-02-44				107	0-00-05
			861	0-03-12				103	0-01-87
			867	0-05-12				104	0-09-42
			862	0-02-80				123	0-04-98
			865	0-02-68				124	0-14-84
			866	0-03-20				122	0-11-50
			863	0-02-56				128	0-28-57
			864	0-07-51				130	0-00-47
			844	0-05-04				132	0-06-85
			849	0-01-81				133	0-06-27
			907	0-03-10				134	0-00-12
			910	0-01-80				137	0-21-52
			911	0-02-88				138	0-00-05
			843	0-00-50				136	0-01-13
			912	0-00-30				Total	1-87-14
			923	0-08-32			Kerakat Dharav	45	0-08-94
			922	0-00-85				61	0-00-76
			921	0-11-37				60	0-10-27
			925	0-10-80				62	0-01-08

[illegible]

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Jaunpur	Kerakat	Rampur	598	0-28-41	Jaunpur	Kerakat	Asbaranpur	737	0-33-46
		Soeri	599	0-02-55				733	0-00-05
			1095	0-09-68				829	0-00-82
			1049	0-05-07				828	0-03-64
			1048	0-06-58				830	0-09-22
			1047	0-22-35				831	0-05-16
			1051	0-01-57				832	0-01-45
			1052	0-19-52				834	0-12-99
			1057	0-09-69				833	0-02-59
			1056	0-06-86				835	0-13-16
			1058	0-09-94				839	0-01-19
			1059	0-0-11				840	0-02-81
			1062	0-22-05				838	0-01-80
			1061	0-0-44				837	0-10-09
			1010	0-11-92				841	0-00-05
			997	0-01-40				842	0-01-10
			1000	0-00-55				874	0-03-52
			999	0-01-43				875	0-07-23
			1006	0-02-04				876	0-10-83
			996	0-38-01				877	0-07-93
			986	0-16-48				873	0-02-22
			984	0-18-25				872	0-05-64
			982	0-01-16				978	0-00-25
			981	0-07-35				698	0-00-74
			980	0-05-29				Total	3-24-56
			970	0-40-80			Kardaha	432	0-11-39
			969	0-1-37				433	0-41-81
			Total	6-90-01				435	0-08-51
		Asbaranpur	501	0-18-89				431	0-00-60
			502	0-35-30				430	0-01-30
			491	0-09-62				436	0-00-77
			528	0-00-70				469	0-02-38
			557	0-04-88				479	0-00-60
			556	0-16-32				494	0-32-40
			555	0-14-67				493	0-29-02
			554	0-07-57				487	0-07-56
			559	0-00-21				486	0-04-48
			729	0-00-05				485	0-05-26
			628	0-07-58				484	0-07-25
			630	0-02-87				481	0-03-66
			631	0-25-11				482	0-09-20
			641	00-00-75				483	0-01-75
			722	0-13-35				479/852	0-02-40
			723	0-12-30				512	0-00-38
			725	0-01-25				513	0-03-58
			724	0-15-02				Total	1-74-30
			736	0-00-20					

[F-No-L-14014/62/03-G-P-]

SWAMI SINGH, Director

नई दिल्ली, 28 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2750.—केन्द्रीय सरकार ने पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात उक्त अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन जारी की गई भारत सरकार के पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना संख्या का आ 2677 तारीख 19 अक्टूबर, 2004, जो भारत के राजपत्र तारीख 23 अक्टूबर, 2004 में प्रकाशित की गई थी, द्वारा उस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट भूमि में महाराष्ट्र राज्य में लोनी (पुणे) से पकनी (सोलापुर) तक हजारवाडी के रास्ते पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों के परिवहन के लिए मुम्बई-पुणे पाइपलाइन विस्तार परियोजना के माध्यम से हिन्दुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा की थी ;

और उक्त राजपत्र अधिसूचना की प्रतियां जनता को तारीख 05 मार्च, 2005, को उपलब्ध करा दी गई थीं ;

और सक्षम प्राधिकारी ने, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन, केन्द्रीय सरकार को अपनी रिपोर्ट दे दी है ;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार ने, उक्त रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात, और यह समाधान हो जाने पर कि उक्त भूमि पाइपलाइन बिछाने के लिए अपेक्षित है, उसमें उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने का विनिश्चय किया है ;

अतः अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, यह घोषणा करती है कि इस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट भूमि में पाइपलाइन बिछाने के लिए उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए ;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (4) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, यह निदेश देती है कि उक्त भूमि में उपयोग का अधिकार इस घोषणा के प्रकाशन की तारीख से केन्द्रीय सरकार में निहित होने की बजाए, सभी विल्लंगमों से मुक्त, हिन्दुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड में निहित होगा ।

अनुसूची

तालुका : तासगांव		जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र			
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	निमणी		134		00	49	30
			135		00	06	01
			449		00	34	00
			475		00	10	60
			476		00	23	00
		गट नंबर 448 और 477 के बीच का नाला }			00	04	21
			477		00	10	10
			497		00	14	19
			496		00	17	09
			479		00	13	53
		गट नंबर 479 और 493 के बीच का अस्फालटेड रस्ता }			00	02	73
			493		00	07	77
			492		00	08	34
			491		00	03	43
			490		00	13	57
			489		00	03	68
			488		00	03	83
			487		00	07	61
			486		00	14	61
			485		00	14	48
		गट नंबर 485 और गाँव सीमा तासगांव के बीच में येरला नदी }			00	09	38
		कुल			02	71	46
2	नेहरुनगर		गट नंबर 58 में राज्य मार्ग 75 }		00	03	75
			64		00	46	70
			63		00	32	56
			66		00	18	22
			67		00	36	10
		गट नंबर 67 और 29 के बीच का नाला }			00	01	07
			29		00	02	57
		गट नंबर 29 और 30 के बीच का नाला }			00	01	50
			30		00	06	50
			31		00	00	47

तालुका : तासगांव			जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र			
क्रम सं.	गाव	का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
						हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
2	नेहरूनगर (निरंतर)			28	2	00	17	41
				28	1	00	21	88
				27		00	11	40
				26		00	09	33
				गट नंबर 26 में का				
				अस्फालटेड रस्ता		00	02	35
				24		00	15	20
				4		00	14	68
				5		00	06	74
					कुल	02	48	43
3	तासगांव		सर्वे नंबर 692 और					
			निमणी गाँव सीमा के					
			बीच में येरला नदी			00	09	41
			692			00	38	02
			968			00	35	00
			961			00	26	50
			693			00	15	46
			694			00	23	00
			695			00	03	50
			687			00	37	30
			686			00	11	85
			642			00	32	88
			643			00	31	34
			644			00	32	79
			646			00	00	02
			622			00	00	25
			621			00	23	41
			620			00	11	26
			619			00	20	94
			618			00	18	88
			सर्वे नंबर 618 और					
			611 के बीच का			00	03	54
			मेटल्ड रोड					
			611			00	41	37
			612			00	22	26
			सर्वे नंबर 612 और					
			549 के बीच का			00	02	31
			अस्फालटेड रस्ता					
			549			00	20	88

तालुका : तासगांव			जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
3	तासगांव (निरंतर)	540			00	32	12
		538			00	17	46
		536			00	40	71
		537			00	41	13
		527			00	34	68
	सर्वे नंबर 527 और 441 के बीच का गाड़ी रस्ता				00	02	51
		442			00	10	60
		441			00	00	05
		437			00	04	09
		438			00	00	14
		440			00	02	69
		439			00	07	81
		447		1	00	24	46
		447		2	00	14	21
	सर्वे नंबर 432 में नाला				00	01	80
		432			00	15	74
		451			00	09	17
		452			00	30	66
		450			00	01	57
		459			00	44	49
		462			00	05	27
	सर्वे नंबर 459 में का गाड़ी रस्ता				00	00	91
		460			00	32	36
	सर्वे नंबर 460 और 394 के बीच में का गाड़ी रस्ता				00	03	52
		394			00	09	31
	सर्वे नंबर 393 और 394 के बीच में का राज्य मार्ग 10				00	04	68
		393			00	21	01
		371			00	32	70
		392			00	30	89
	सर्वे नंबर 392 और 386 के बीच में का गाड़ी रस्ता				00	03	19
		388			00	00	24

तालुका : तासगाव			जिला : सागली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
3	तासगांव (निरंतर)	386			00	11	00
		384			00	08	00
		382			00	19	25
		381			00	00	60
		321			00	46	25
	सर्वे नंबर 321 में नाला				00	03	41
		315			00	04	96
		313			00	27	11
		314			00	28	59
	सर्वे नंबर 314 और 273 के बीच में का ग्राम रस्ता				00	02	80
		273			00	15	49
		274			00	50	24
		275			00	41	32
		276			00	43	14
		279			00	84	03
		192			00	44	57
	सर्वे नंबर 192 में का गाड़ी रस्ता				00	00	64
	सर्वे नंबर 192 और 193 के बीच में का राज्य मार्ग नं. 136				00	03	43
	193				00	07	89
	सर्वे नंबर 193 और 185 के बीच में का ड्रेन				00	02	44
		185			00	30	83
				कुल	14	18	33
4	दिघणी		538		00	22	06
			537		00	26	77
			536		00	06	37
			540		00	00	27
			535		00	04	99
			544		00	17	56
			548		00	15	26
			547		00	38	86
			551		00	37	54
			553		00	01	21

तालुका : तासगांव		जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र			
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
4	चिचणी (निरंतर)		552		00	30	09
			गट नंबर 314 और 552 और 577 के बीच रस्ता		00	03	76
			577		00	22	76
			576		00	13	17
			615		00	22	36
			617		00	27	31
			608		00	15	03
			622		00	19	28
			623		00	37	42
			गट नंबर 623 और 658 के बीच में का गाडी रस्ता		00	02	75
			658	1	00	53	86
			658	2	00	02	50
			गट नंबर 658/2 और 654 के बीच का अस्फालटेड रस्ता		00	02	79
			654		00	21	94
			764		00	11	86
			गट नंबर 764 और भैरेवाडी गाँव सीमा के बीच में का ड्रेन		00	02	52
			गट नंबर 863 और भैरेवाडी गाँव सीमा के बीच में कापुर नाला		00	08	26
			863		00	35	83
			849		00	05	12
			850		00	00	12
			864		00	08	89
			गट नंबर 864 और 904 के बीच में प्रमुख जिला मार्ग 34		00	01	90
			904		00	02	21
			902		00	19	98
			903		00	02	06
			901		00	09	76
			900		00	00	08
			1002		00	13	75

तालुका : तासगाव		जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र			
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
4	चिंचणी (निरंतर)		1003		00	21	79
			1044		00	08	83
			1043		00	24	97
			1009		00	01	54
			1010		00	07	87
			1042		00	22	89
			1011		00	08	61
			गट नंबर 1011				
			में कनाल		00	01	03
			1020		00	05	92
			1021		00	03	12
			1022		00	09	72
			1025		00	32	49
			कुल		07	17	03
5	भैरेवाडी		गाँव सीमा चिंचणी और				
			गट नंबर 227 के बीच		00	03	15
			की भूमि				
			227		00	01	82
			228		00	11	51
			229		00	18	17
			215		00	11	02
			214		00	13	49
			211		00	10	00
			212		00	31	82
			गट नंबर 212 और				
			175 के बीच में		00	01	96
			रस्ता				
			182		00	08	67
6	सावडे		173		00	09	42
			171		00	05	60
			170		00	04	50
			174		00	00	10
			168		00	00	10
			कुल		01	31	33
			255		00	26	70
			254		00	25	27
			253		00	05	03
			256		00	13	07
			257		00	02	70
			258		00	02	50
			259		00	05	94
			260		00	04	04
			261		00	07	81
			262		00	03	90

तालुका : तासगांव		जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र			
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6	सावडे (निरंतर)		263		00	10	01
			277		00	12	00
			276		00	02	42
			278		00	01	92
			279		00	04	25
			गट नंबर 279 और				
			280 के बीच में का		00	02	10
			गाडी रस्ता				
			280		00	34	28
			गट नंबर 280 और				
			283 के बीच नाला		00	04	98
			283		00	28	09
			282		00	06	51
			284		00	05	43
			285		00	03	29
			286		00	09	22
			287		00	10	41
			288		00	09	38
				कुल	02	40	25
7	कोलगे		299		00	00	05
			292		00	10	86
			293		00	03	02
			291		00	07	00
			290		00	08	71
			289		00	02	90
			280		00	08	00
			281		00	10	49
			277		00	04	04
			274		00	04	50
			273		00	01	50
			272		00	01	06
			269		00	00	05
			270		00	11	86
			267		00	06	46
			264		00	06	02
			248		00	00	06
			249		00	04	85
			250		00	14	69
			252		00	01	53
			247	3	00	12	86
			गट नंबर 247/3				
			और 214 के बीच		00	02	48
			का अस्फालटेड रस्ता				
			214		00	02	86

तालुका : तासगाव			जिला : सांगली			राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव	का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
						हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
7	कौलगे	(निरंतर)		219		00	02	48
				218		00	02	06
				217		00	03	04
				208		00	02	73
				207		00	03	29
				201	ब	00	16	40
				183		00	16	47
				182		00	01	25
				184		00	23	50
				174		00	06	45
				173		00	08	16
				172		00	06	72
				171		00	06	40
				146		00	06	17
				147		00	05	16
				148		00	03	54
				149		00	02	31
				150		00	07	46
				151		00	02	31
				152		00	21	57
				153		00	09	80
				108		00	13	97
				49		00	11	34
				50		00	05	61
				51		00	05	44
				52		00	05	71
				53		00	24	67
					कुल	03	49	86
8	वाघापुर			गट नंबर 339 से 366				
				और कौलगे गाँव सीमा के				
				बीचमें का नाला		00	06	39
				339 से 366		00	05	38
				गट नंबर 339 से 366				
				और 369 के बीच में का		00	06	44
				नाला				
				369		00	02	00
				370	1	00	17	98
				गट नं. 370/1 में				
				का मेटल्ड रस्ता		00	01	48
				89		00	04	61
				90		00	04	25
				91		00	05	00

तालुका : तासगांव		जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र			
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
8	वाघापुर (निरंतर)		93		00	05	00
			94		00	04	84
			95		00	06	63
			96		00	05	66
			97		00	06	07
			98		00	07	00
			103		00	12	21
			106		00	04	18
			107		00	03	29
			108		00	03	84
			109		00	03	17
			110		00	03	19
			111		00	03	14
			67		00	03	67
			66		00	03	36
			114		00	00	98
			115		00	02	66
			116		00	04	61
			63		00	09	85
			119		00	02	48
			120		00	03	30
			121		00	03	19
			122		00	02	92
			123		00	02	17
			124		00	06	42
			125		00	04	73
			126		00	14	89
			गट नं. 130 में का }				
			मेटल्ड रस्ता }		00	03	48
			130		00	03	37
			131		00	02	26
			132		00	02	82
			133		00	02	01
			134		00	03	37
			135		00	04	88
			136		00	05	04
			137		00	02	97
			138		00	02	20
			139		00	02	20
			140		00	02	88
			141		00	07	56
			142		00	04	29
			143		00	03	93
			144		00	06	08
			145		00	11	56
कुल					02	57	88

तालुका : तासगांव		जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र			
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	खुजगांव		157		00	03	80
			156		00	06	37
			155		00	06	43
			154		00	05	65
			153		00	06	12
			152		00	03	11
			151		00	03	55
			150		00	02	93
			149		00	03	09
			148		00	02	93
			147		00	02	53
			146		00	05	29
			141		00	04	57
			180		00	00	49
			184		00	47	59
			186		00	03	19
			गट नं. 180 और 90 में का मेटल्ड रस्ता	}	00	03	24
		90	00		45	26	
			91	ब	00	02	96
			92		00	06	57
			93		00	04	49
			गट नंबर 93 में का नाला	}	00	01	71
		95	00		26	95	
			94	00	29	94	
			106	00	38	45	
			104	00	10	51	
			105	00	15	82	
कुल					02	93	54
10	बस्तवडे		816		00	25	00
			गट नं. 816 में का मेटल्ड रस्ता	}	00	03	57
		773	00		18	00	
			762	00	12	00	
			759	00	01	75	
			760	00	06	75	
			756	00	14	85	
			785	00	04	50	
			786	00	05	00	
			787	00	07	25	
			788	00	03	00	
			789	00	03	67	
			790	00	03	50	
			792	00	05	25	
कुल					01	14	09

तालुका : तासगांव		जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र			
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
11	सावलज	290		2	00	09	00
		294			00	27	00
		291			00	45	90
		292			00	62	16
		302			00	43	30
		315			00	27	79
		316		1	00	12	60
		316		2	00	14	22
		316		3	00	13	50
		316		4	00	19	80
		सर्वे नं. 316 में का					
		मेटलड रस्ता			00	02	25
		317			00	23	64
		सर्वे नं. 317 में का					
		मेटलड रस्ता			00	05	33
		सर्वे नंबर 121 और					
		317 के बीच का			00	03	01
		अस्फालटेड रस्ता					
		122			00	03	00
		120			00	04	00
		121			00	53	83
		सर्वे नंबर 120 और					
		104 के बीच की			00	13	56
		अग्रणी नदी					
		104		5	00	03	52
		104		4	00	11	50
		104		3	00	02	00
		104		2	00	02	00
		सर्वे नं. 104 में का					
		गाडी रस्ता			00	04	15
		107		4	00	06	30
		107		3	00	00	56
		107		2	00	23	00
		107		1	00	10	00
		108		1	00	03	50
		108		3	00	03	50
		110			00	21	98
		सर्वे नंबर 110 और					
		56 के बीच का			00	02	38
		अस्फालटेड रस्ता					
		56			00	04	17
		55			00	35	00

तालुका : तासगांव		जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र					
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल				
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
11	सावलज	(निरंतर)	सर्वे नं. 55 और 12						
			में का मेटल्ड रस्ता			00	01	18	
		12			00	16	01		
		11			00	00	07		
		10			00	09	00		
		9			00	12	92		
		8			00	12	25		
		7		1अ+ 2अ	00	05	40		
		7		1ब + 2ब	00	13	88		
		18			00	18	62		
		19		1	00	25	65		
		19		2	00	13	50		
		19		3	00	06	90		
			सर्वे नंबर 19 और						
			555 के बीच में प्रमुख			00	04	39	
			जिला मार्ग 34						
			555		2ब	00	15	55	
			555		2अ/2	00	02	70	
			554		1 अ	00	14	19	
			554		3	00	07	57	
			532			00	59	07	
			533		1अ+4ब+3+5	}	00	28	80
					+6				
			533		1ब+2+4अ	00	25	43	
			538		12/3+13क+	}	00	17	02
					4/6+5/5				
			538		5/3+11+4/5+1	}	00	19	80
					2/5				
			538		5/2+2+3+				
					4/1+6+7+8+1	}	00	35	80
			539						
			540						
			541				00	62	00
			542				00	03	25
			542				00	36	23
			542		1+2	00	31	00	
			542		3 + 4	00	23	18	
			543		1	00	06	50	
			543		2	00	06	50	
			543		3	00	06	50	
	543		4	00	06	50			
	543		5	00	14	45			
	543		6	00	10	50			
	543		7	00	10	25			
			कुल	11	00	01			

तालुका : तासगाव		जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र			
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12	डोंगरसोनी		1089		00	12	56
			1088		00	48	92
			1090		00	12	95
			1087		00	12	00
			1086		00	42	67
			1084		00	03	66
			1083		00	23	37
			1082		00	09	64
			1080		00	22	68
			1078		00	11	06
			1112		00	09	36
			1109		00	02	20
			1110		00	07	22
			1111		00	08	57
			1118		00	00	76
			1106		00	23	19
			1103		00	17	53
			1123		00	00	15
			1124		00	37	09
			1133		00	04	69
			1132		00	06	44
			1130		00	17	87
			1129		00	13	61
			1128		00	20	57
			1170		00	00	05
			1169		00	15	14
			1168		00	12	83
			1166		00	10	80
			1159		00	01	50
			1165		00	21	57
			1164		00	16	70
			1163		00	17	27
			105		00	74	31
			106		00	25	96
			107		00	25	52
			108		00	12	06
			109		00	07	91
			110		00	19	19
			112		00	19	41
			113		00	11	51
			159		00	06	51
			160		00	18	73
			158		00	33	38
			164		00	27	57
			165		00	00	07
			182		00	14	08

तालुका : तासगांव		जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र			
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12	डोंगसोनी (निरंतर)		184		00	07	74
			185		00	15	66
			187		00	04	44
			186		00	04	77
			गट नं. 187 में का				
			मेटल्ड रस्ता				
			189		00	01	86
			190		00	35	79
			कुल		08	35	34
13	दहिवडी		467		00	22	50
			455		00	11	18
			456		00	22	78
			444		00	06	18
			457		00	15	51
			458		00	12	99
			459		00	00	42
			441		00	13	00
			440		00	10	66
			439		00	11	55
			436		00	00	32
			438		00	21	41
			433		00	08	09
			कुल		01	56	59
14	जरडी		823		00	05	92
			कुल		00	05	92

[फा. सं. आर-31015/26/2004-ओ.आर. II]

हरीश कुमार, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 28th July, 2005

S. O. 2750.—Whereas by notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas number S.O. 2677, dated the 19th October, 2004, issued under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Petroleum and Minerals Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), published in the Gazette of India dated the 23rd October, 2004, the Central Government declared its intention to acquire the right of user in the land, specified in the Schedule appended to that notification for the purpose of laying an extension pipeline for transportation of petroleum products through Mumbai-Pune Pipeline Extension Project from Lone (Pune) to Pakni (Solapur) via Hazarwadi in the State of Maharashtra by Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Limited,

And whereas the copies of the said Gazette notification were made available to the public on the 5th March, 2005;

And whereas the competent authority has, under sub-section (1) of section 6 of the said Act, submitted report to the Central Government;

And whereas the Central Government, after considering the said report and on being satisfied that the said land is required for laying the pipeline, has decided to acquire the right of user therein;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that the right of user in the land specified in the Schedule, appended to this notification, is hereby acquired for laying the pipeline;

And further, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby directs that the right of user in the said land for laying the pipeline shall, instead of vesting in the Central Government, vest on the date of the publication of this declaration, in Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Limited, free from all encumbrances.

SCHEDULE

Taluka : TASGAON		District : SANGLI		State : MAHARASHTRA			
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	NIMANI		134		00	49	30
			135		00	06	01
			449		00	34	00
			475		00	10	60
			476		00	23	00
			Nala in between Gat No 448 & 477 }		00	04	21
			477		00	10	10
			497		00	14	19
			496		00	17	09
			479		00	13	53
			Asphalted Road in between Gat No 479 & 493 }		00	02	73
			493		00	07	77
			492		00	08	34
			491		00	03	43
			490		00	13	57
			489		00	03	68
			488		00	03	83
			487		00	07	61
			486		00	14	61
			485		00	14	48
			Yerla River in between Gat No 485 & V.B of Tasgaon }		00	09	38
Total					02	71	46
2	NEHRUNAGAR		SH - 75 in Gat No 58 }		00	03	75
			64		00	46	70
			63		00	32	56
			66		00	18	22
			67		00	36	10
			Nala in between Gat No 67 & 29 }		00	01	07

Taluka : TASGAON		District : SANGLI			State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
2	NEHRUNAGAR (Contd.)		29		00	02	57
			Nala in between Gat No 29 & 30 }		00	01	50
			30		00	06	50
			31		00	00	47
			28	2	00	17	41
			28	1	00	21	88
			27		00	11	40
			26		00	09	33
			Asphalted Road in Gat No 26 }		00	02	35
			24		00	15	20
			4		00	14	68
			5		00	06	74
Total					02	48	43
3	TASGAON						
			Yerla River in between Survey No 692 & V.B of Nimni }		00	09	41
			692		00	38	02
			968		00	35	00
			961		00	26	50
			693		00	15	46
			694		00	23	00
			695		00	03	50
			687		00	37	30
			686		00	11	85
			642		00	32	88
			643		00	31	34
			644		00	32	79
			646		00	00	02
			622		00	00	25
			621		00	23	41
			620		00	11	26
			619		00	20	94
			618		00	18	88
			Metalled Road in between Survey No 618 & 611 }		00	03	54
			611		00	41	37
			612		00	22	26
			Asphalted Road in between Survey No 612 & 549 }		00	02	31
			549		00	20	88

Taluka : TASGAON			District : SANGLI		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
3	TASGAON	540			00	32	12
	(Contd.)	538			00	17	46
		536			00	40	71
		537			00	41	13
		527			00	34	68
		Cart Track in between Survey 527 & 441			00	02	51
		442			00	10	60
		441			00	00	05
		437			00	04	09
		438			00	00	14
		440			00	02	69
		439			00	07	81
		447		1	00	24	46
		447		2	00	14	21
		Nala in Survey No 432			00	01	80
		432			00	15	74
		451			00	09	17
		452			00	30	66
		450			00	01	57
		459			00	44	49
		462			00	05	27
		Cart Track in Survey No 459			00	00	91
		460			00	32	36
		Cart Track in between Survey 460 & 394			00	03	52
		394			00	09	31
		SH - 10 in between Survey No 393 & 394			00	04	68
		393			00	21	01
		371			00	32	70
		392			00	30	89
		Cart Track in between Survey No 392 & 386			00	03	19
		388			00	00	24

Taluka : TASGAON		District : SANGLI			State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
3	TASGAON (Contd.)	386			00	11	00
		384			00	08	00
		382			00	19	25
		381			00	00	60
		321			00	46	25
		Nala in Survey No 321			00	03	41
		315			00	04	96
		313			00	27	11
		314			00	28	59
		Village Road in between Survey No 314 & 273			00	02	80
		273			00	15	49
		274			00	50	24
		275			00	41	32
		276			00	43	14
		279			00	84	03
		192			00	44	57
		Cart Track in Survey No 192			00	00	64
		SH - 136 in between Survey No 192 & 193			00	03	43
		193			00	07	89
		Drain in between Survey No 193 & 185			00	02	44
		185			00	30	83
Total					14	18	33
4	CHINCHANI		538		00	22	06
			537		00	26	77
			536		00	06	37
			540		00	00	27
			535		00	04	99
			544		00	17	56
			548		00	15	26
			547		00	38	86
			551		00	37	54
			553		00	01	21

Taluka : TASGAON			District : SANGLI		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
4	CHINCHANI (Contd.)		552		00	30	09
			Metalled Road in between Gat No 552 & 577		00	03	76
			577		00	22	76
			576		00	13	17
			615		00	22	36
			617		00	27	31
			608		00	15	03
			622		00	19	28
			623		00	37	42
			Cart Track in between Gat No 623 & 658		00	02	75
			658	1	00	53	86
			658	2	00	02	50
			Asphalted Road in between Gat No 658/2 & 654		00	02	79
			654		00	21	94
			764		00	11	86
			Drain in between 764 & V.B of Bahirewadi		00	02	52
			Kapur Nala in between V.B of Bahirewadi & Gat No 863		00	08	26
			863		00	35	83
			849		00	05	12
			850		00	00	12
			864		00	08	89
			MDR - 34 in between Gat No 864 & 904		00	01	90
			904		00	02	21
			902		00	19	98
			903		00	02	06
			901		00	09	76
			900		00	00	08
			1002		00	13	75

Taluka : TASGAON		District : SANGLI			State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
4	CHINCHANI (Contd.)		1003		00	21	79
			1044		00	08	83
			1043		00	24	97
			1009		00	01	54
			1010		00	07	87
			1042		00	22	89
			1011		00	08	61
			Unlined Canal Gat } No 1011		00	01	03
			1020		00	05	92
			1021		00	03	12
			1022		00	09	72
			1025		00	32	49
Total					07	17	03
5	BAHIREWADI		Area in between } V.B.Of Chinchani & Gat No 227		00	03	15
			227		00	01	82
			228		00	11	51
			229		00	18	17
			215		00	11	02
			214		00	13	49
			211		00	10	00
			212		00	31	82
			Road in between } Gat No 212 & 175		00	01	96
			182		00	08	67
			173		00	09	42
			171		00	05	60
			170		00	04	50
			174		00	00	10
			168		00	00	10
Total					01	31	33
6	SAWARDE		255		00	26	70
			254		00	25	27
			253		00	05	03
			256		00	13	07
			257		00	02	70
			258		00	02	50
			259		00	05	04
			260		00	04	04
			261		00	07	81
			262		00	03	90

Taluka : TASGAON			District : SANGLI		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6	SAWARDE (Contd.)		263		00	10	01
			277		00	12	00
			276		00	02	42
			278		00	01	92
			279		00	04	25
			Cart Track in between Gat No 279 & 280		00	02	10
			280		00	34	28
			Nala in between Gat No 280 & 283		00	04	98
			283		00	28	09
			282		00	06	51
			284		00	05	43
			285		00	03	29
			286		00	09	22
			287		00	10	41
			288		00	09	28
			Total		02	40	25
7	KAULGE		299		00	00	05
			292		00	10	86
			293		00	03	02
			291		00	07	00
			290		00	08	71
			289		00	02	90
			280		00	08	00
			281		00	10	49
			277		00	04	04
			274		00	04	50
			273		00	01	50
			272		00	01	06
			269		00	00	05
			270		00	11	86
			267		00	06	46
			264		00	06	02
			248		00	00	06
			249		00	04	85
			250		00	14	69
			252		00	01	53
			247	3	00	12	86
			Asphalted Road in between Gat No 247/3 & 214		00	02	48
			214		00	02	86

Taluka : TASGAON		District : SANGLI		State : MAHARASHTRA			
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
7	KAULGE (Contd.)		219	B	00	02	48
			218		00	02	06
			217		00	03	04
			208		00	02	73
			207		00	03	29
			201		00	16	40
			183		00	16	47
			182		00	01	25
			184		00	23	50
			174		00	06	45
			173		00	08	16
			172		00	06	72
			171		00	06	40
			146		00	06	17
			147		00	05	16
			148		00	03	54
			149		00	02	31
			150		00	07	46
			151		00	02	31
			152		00	21	57
			153		00	09	80
			108		00	13	97
			49		00	11	34
			50		00	05	61
			51		00	05	44
			52		00	05	71
			53		00	24	67
Total					03	49	86
8	VAGHAPUR		Nala in between V.B of Kaulge & Gat No 339 to 366	1	00	06	39
			339 to 366		00	05	38
			Nala in between 339 to 366 & 369		00	06	44
			369		00	02	00
			370		00	17	98
			Metalled Road in Gat No 370/1		00	01	48
			89		00	04	61
			90		00	04	25
			91		00	05	00

Taluka : TASGAON			District : SANGLI		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
8	VAGHAPUR (Contd.)		93		00	05	00
			94		00	04	84
			95		00	06	63
			96		00	05	66
			97		00	06	07
			98		00	07	00
			103		00	12	21
			106		00	04	18
			107		00	03	29
			108		00	03	84
			109		00	03	17
			110		00	03	19
			111		00	03	14
			67		00	03	67
			66		00	03	36
			114		00	00	98
			115		00	02	66
			116		00	04	61
			63		00	09	85
			119		00	02	18
			120		00	03	30
			121		00	03	19
			122		00	02	92
			123		00	02	17
			124		00	06	42
			125		00	04	73
			126		00	14	89
			Metalled Road in } Gat No 130 }		00	03	48
			130		00	03	37
			131		00	02	26
			132		00	02	82
			133		00	02	01
			134		00	03	37
			135		00	04	88
			136		00	05	04
			137		00	02	97
			138		00	02	20
			139		00	02	20
			140		00	02	88
			141		00	07	56
			142		00	04	29
			143		00	03	93
			144		00	06	08
			145		00	11	56
Total					02	57	88

Taluka : TASGAON			District : SANGLI		State : MAHARASHTRA				
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area				
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
9	KHUJGAON		157		00	03	80		
			156		00	06	37		
			155		00	06	43		
			154		00	05	65		
			153		00	06	12		
			152		00	03	11		
			151		00	03	55		
			150		00	02	93		
			149		00	03	09		
			148		00	02	93		
			147		00	02	53		
			146		00	05	29		
			141		00	04	57		
			180		00	00	49		
			184		00	47	59		
			186		00	03	19		
			Metalled Road in between Gat No 186 & 90			00	03	24	
			90	B	00	45	26		
			91		00	02	96		
			92		00	06	57		
			93		00	04	49		
			Nala in Gat No 93		00	01	71		
			95		00	26	95		
			94		00	29	94		
			106		00	38	45		
			104		00	10	51		
			105		00	15	82		
Total					02	93	54		
10	BASTAWADE		816		00	25	00		
			Metalled Road in Gat No 816			00	03	57	
			773		00	18	00		
			762		00	12	00		
			759		00	01	75		
			760		00	06	75		
			756		00	14	85		
			785		00	04	50		
			786		00	05	00		
			787		00	07	25		
			788		00	03	00		
			789		00	03	67		
			790		00	03	50		
			792		00	05	25		
		Total					01	14	09

Taluka : TASGAON		District : SANGLI			State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
11	SAWLAJ	290		2	00	09	00
		294			00	27	00
		291			00	45	90
		292			00	62	16
		302			00	43	30
		315			00	27	79
		316		1	00	12	60
		316		2	00	14	22
		316		3	00	13	50
		316		4	00	19	80
		Metalled Road in } Survey No 316			00	02	25
		317			00	23	64
		Metalled Road in } Survey No 317			00	05	33
		Asphalted Road in } between Survey No			00	03	01
		121 & 317					
		122			00	03	00
		120			00	04	00
		121			00	53	83
		Agran Nadi in } between Survey No			00	13	56
		120 & 104					
		104		5	00	03	52
		104		4	00	11	50
		104		3	00	02	00
		104		2	00	02	00
		Cart Track in } Survey No 104			00	04	15
		107		4	00	06	30
		107		3	00	00	56
		107		2	00	23	00
		107		1	00	10	00
		108		1	00	03	50
		108		3	00	03	50
		110			00	21	98
		Asphalted Road in } between Survey No			00	02	38
		110 & 56					
		56			00	04	17
		55			00	35	00

Taluka : TASGAON		District : SANGLI			State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
11	SAWLAIJ (Contd.)	Metalled Road in between Survey No 55 & 12			00	01	18
		12			00	16	01
		11			00	00	07
		10			00	09	00
		9			00	12	92
		8			00	12	25
		7		1A+2A	00	05	40
		7		1B+2B	00	13	88
		18			00	18	62
		19		1	00	25	65
		19		2	00	13	50
		19		3	00	06	90
		MDR - 34 in between Survey No 19 & 555			00	04	39
		555		2B	00	15	55
		555		2A/2	00	02	70
		554		1A	00	14	19
		554		3	00	07	57
		532			00	59	07
		533		1A+4B+3+5+6	00	28	80
		533		1B+2+4A	00	25	43
		538		12/3+13B+4/6+5/5	00	17	02
		538		5/3+11+4/5+12/5	00	19	80
		538		5/2+2+3+4/1+6+7+8+1	00	35	80
		539			00	62	00
		540			00	03	25
		541			00	36	23
		542		1+2	00	31	00
		542		3+4	00	23	18
		543		1	00	06	50
		543		2	00	06	50
		543		3	00	06	50
		543		4	00	06	50
		543		5	00	14	45
		543		6	00	10	50
		543		7	00	10	25
Total					11	00	01

Taluka : TASGAON			District : SANGLI		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12	DONGAR SONI		1089		00	12	56
			1088		00	48	92
			1090		00	12	95
			1087		00	12	00
			1086		00	42	67
			1084		00	03	66
			1083		00	23	37
			1082		00	09	64
			1080		00	22	68
			1078		00	11	06
			1112		00	09	36
			1109		00	02	20
			1110		00	07	22
			1111		00	08	57
			1118		00	00	76
			1106		00	23	19
			1103		00	17	53
			1123		00	00	15
			1124		00	37	09
			1133		00	04	69
			1132		00	06	44
			1130		00	17	87
			1129		00	13	61
			1128		00	20	57
			1170		00	00	05
			1169		00	15	14
			1168		00	12	83
			1166		00	10	80
			1159		00	01	50
			1165		00	21	57
			1164		00	16	70
			1163		00	17	27
			105		00	74	31
			106		00	25	96
			107		00	25	52
			108		00	12	06
			109		00	07	91
			110		00	19	19
			112		00	19	41
			113		00	11	51
			159		00	06	51
			160		00	18	73
			158		00	33	38
			164		00	27	57
			165		00	00	07
			182		00	14	08

Taluka : TASGAON			District : SANGLI		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12	DONGAR SONI (Contd.)		184		00	07	74
			185		00	15	66
			187		00	04	44
			186		00	04	77
			Metalled Road in } Gat No 187 }		00	04	25
			189		00	01	86
			190		00	35	79
					Total	08	35
13	DAHIVADI		467		00	22	50
			455		00	11	18
			456		00	22	78
			444		00	06	18
			457		00	15	51
			458		00	12	99
			459		00	00	42
			441		00	13	00
			440		00	10	66
			439		00	11	55
			436		00	00	32
			438		00	21	41
	433		00	08	09		
			Total	01	56	59	
14	JARANDI		823		00	05	92
					Total	00	05

[No. R-31015/26/2004-O.R.-II]

HARISH KUMAR, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 28 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2751.— केन्द्रीय सरकार को लोकहित में यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि महाराष्ट्र राज्य में लोनी (पुणे) से पकनी (सोलापूर) तक हजारावाडी के रास्ते पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों के परिवहन के लिए हिन्दुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा एक विस्तार पाइपलाइन बिछाई जानी चाहिए;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार को ऐसी पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि ऐसी भूमि में जो इस से उपाबद्ध अनुसूची में वर्णित है, जिसमें उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने का प्रस्ताव है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए;

अतः अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, उस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा करती है;

कोई व्यक्ति, जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, उस तारीख से जिसको इस अधिसूचना से युक्त भारत के राजपत्र की प्रतियाँ साधारण जनता को

उपलब्ध करा दी जाती हैं, इक्कीस दिन के भीतर भूमि के नीचे पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने के लिए उसमें उपयोग के अधिकार के अर्जन के सम्बन्ध में श्री. एस. एन. कुन्देत्कर, सक्षम प्राधिकारी, मुम्बई-पुणे पाइपलाइन विस्तार परियोजना (लोनी से पकनी तक हज़ारवाडी के रास्ते), हिन्दुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड, मेगा सेंटर, मगरपट्टा - एम व एन विंग, हादापसर-411 028 (पुणे जिला), महाराष्ट्र को लिखित रूप में आक्षेप भेज सकेगा।

अनुसूची

तालुका : तासगांव		जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र			
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	निमणी		134		00	16	25
			476		00	01	84
			496		00	02	74
			कुल		00	20	83
2	नेहरुनगर		28	2	00	04	47
			27		00	01	40
			6		00	01	60
			9		00	00	30
			5		00	05	11
			कुल		00	12	88
3	तासगांव	688			00	24	25
		689			00	00	60
		548			00	25	00
		540			00	01	14
		538			00	01	05
		437			00	00	60
		438			00	00	36
		460			00	02	30
		380			00	01	30
		381			00	15	46
		283			00	00	30
		193			00	03	43
			कुल		00	75	79
4	चिंचणी		608		00	03	05
			658	3	00	22	00
			763		00	00	60
			902		00	02	06
			कुल		00	27	71
5	भैरवाडी		214		00	02	45
			212		00	09	46
			181		00	32	06
			कुल		00	43	97

तालुका : तासगांव		जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र			
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6	सावई		254		00	14	08
			256		00	01	63
			261		00	01	36
			263		00	00	78
			276		00	01	68
			278		00	00	30
			280		00	00	73
			283		00	02	02
			285		00	02	71
			288		00	00	60
			कुल		00	25	89
7	कौलगे		293		00	00	83
			289		00	03	10
			281		00	07	20
			277		00	01	55
			275		00	01	00
			272		00	01	04
			248		00	00	30
			249		00	00	80
			214		00	00	70
			218		00	00	30
			217		00	01	60
			207		00	00	60
			182		00	00	30
			171		00	02	63
			146		00	01	64
			147		00	00	37
			148		00	00	96
			149		00	00	74
			151		00	00	22
			152		00	01	32
			108		00	00	30
			53		00	01	50
			कुल		00	29	00
8	वाघापुर		339 से 366		00	01	91
			89		00	02	26
			90		00	02	94
			96		00	01	55
			97		00	00	60
			107		00	00	51
			109		00	00	78

तालुका : तासगांव			जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
8	वाघापुर (मिरंतर)		110		00	00	58
			111		00	00	66
			67		00	00	30
			65		00	05	73
			114		00	00	23
			119		00	01	11
			123		00	01	09
			125		00	03	34
			129		00	03	48
			131		00	01	15
			135		00	02	70
			136		00	03	21
			137		00	02	49
			138		00	00	61
			139		00	02	11
			146		00	08	92
कुल					00	48	26
9	खुजगाव		156		00	01	04
			155		00	01	38
			152		00	00	48
			180		00	01	91
			186		00	03	16
			91	व	00	00	34
			92		00	00	35
			104		00	06	81
			105		00	03	43
कुल					00	18	90
10	बस्तावडे		759		00	02	50
			760		00	02	25
			815		00	26	00
			814		00	11	61
			813		00	08	50
			गट नंबर 813 में नाला		00	03	31
			771		00	15	50
गट नंबर 771 और 770 } के बीच में नाला					00	03	96

तालुका : तासगांव		जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र				
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल			वर्ग मीटर
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
10	बस्तवडे (निरंतर)		770		00	08	50	
			768		00	17	80	
			767		00	06	25	
			766		00	10	25	
			765		00	05	00	
			764		00	07	50	
			761		00	10	00	
				कुल	01	38	93	
11	सावलज	294			00	08	28	
		316		3	00	01	26	
		316		4	00	01	24	
		317			00	70	85	
		121			00	09	77	
		104		5	00	07	84	
		104		6	00	02	23	
		107		4	00	03	37	
		107		6+5	00	08	05	
		56			00	32	00	
		12			00	00	72	
		11			00	00	60	
		9			00	01	38	
		7		1अ+2अ	00	00	84	
		19		3	00	03	78	
		533		5+6	00	05	04	
		540			00	00	23	
		555		2अ/3	00	02	85	
		543		5	00	03	41	
				कुल	01	63	74	
12	डोंगरसोनी		1089		00	03	00	
			1082		00	04	24	
			1106		00	01	39	
			1108		00	00	30	
			107		00	03	01	

तालुका : तासगांव			जिला : सांगली		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12	डोंगरसोनी (निरंतर)		158		00	07	59
			165		00	02	48
कुल					00	22	01

[फा. सं. आर-31015/26/2004-ओ.आर.-II]

हरीश कुमार, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 28th July, 2005

S. O. 2751.—Whereas it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transportation of petroleum products from Loni (Pune) to Pakni (Solapur) via Hazarwadi in the State of Maharashtra, an extension pipeline should be laid by Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Limited;

And whereas it appears to the Central Government that for the purpose of laying such pipeline, it is necessary to acquire the right of user in land under which the said pipeline is proposed to be laid and which is described in the Schedule annexed hereto;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Petroleum and Minerals Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Any person, interested in the land described in the said Schedule may, within twenty one days from the date on which the copies of the Gazette of India containing this notification are made available to the public, object in writing to the acquisition of the right of user therein for laying of the pipeline under the land to Shri S.N. Kundetkar, Competent Authority, Mumbai-Pune Pipeline Extension Project (from Loni to Pakni via Hazarwadi), Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Limited, Mega Center, Magarpatta – M & N Wing, Hadapsar – 411 028 (Pune District), Maharashtra.

SCHEDULE

Taluka : TASGAON		District : SANGLI		State : MAHARASHTRA				
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area			Sq.mt
					Hectare	Are		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		8
1	NIMANI		134		00	16		25
			476		00	01		84
			496		00	02		74
			Total		00	20		83
2	NEHRUNAGAR		28	2	00	04		47
			27		00	01		40
			6		00	01		60
			9		00	00		30
			5		00	05		11
			Total		00	12		88
3	TASGAON	688			00	24		25
		689			00	00		60
		548			00	25		00
		540			00	01		14
		538			00	01		05
		437			00	00		60
		438			00	00		36
		460			00	02		30
		380			00	01		30
		381			00	15		46
		283			00	00		30
		193			00	03		43
			Total		00	75		79
4	CHINCHANI		608		00	03		05
			658	3	00	22		00
			763		00	00		60
			902		00	02		06
			Total		00	27		71
5	BAHIREWADI		214		00	02		45
			212		00	09		46
			181		00	32		06
			Total		00	43		97
6	SAWARDE		254		00	14		08
			256		00	01		63
			261		00	01		36
			263		00	00		78

Taluka : TASGAON			District : SANGLI		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6 SAWARDE (Contd.)			276		00	01	68
			278		00	00	30
			280		00	00	73
			283		00	02	02
			285		00	02	71
			288		00	00	60
Total					00	25	89
7 KAULGE			293		00	00	83
			289		00	03	10
			281		00	07	20
			277		00	01	55
			275		00	01	00
			272		00	01	04
			248		00	00	30
			249		00	00	80
			214		00	00	70
			218		00	00	30
			217		00	01	60
			207		00	00	60
			182		00	00	30
			171		00	02	63
			146		00	01	64
			147		00	00	37
			148		00	00	96
			149		00	00	74
			151		00	00	22
			152		00	01	32
			108		00	00	30
			53		00	01	50
Total					00	29	00
8 VAGHAPUR			339 to 366		00	01	91
			89		00	02	26
			90		00	02	94
			96		00	01	55
			97		00	00	60
			107		00	00	51
			109		00	00	78

Taluka : TASGAON			District : SANGLI		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
8 VAGHAPUR (Contd.)			110		00	00	58
			111		00	00	66
			67		00	00	30
			65		00	05	73
			114		00	00	23
			119		00	01	11
			123		00	01	09
			125		00	03	34
			129		00	03	48
			131		00	01	15
			135		00	02	70
			136		00	03	21
			137		00	02	49
			138		00	00	61
			139		00	02	11
			146		00	08	92
Total					00	48	26
9 KHUJGAON			156		00	01	04
			155		00	01	38
			152		00	00	48
			180		00	01	91
			186		00	03	16
			91	B	00	00	34
			92		00	00	35
			104		00	06	81
			105		00	03	43
Total					00	18	90
10 BASTAWADE			759		00	02	50
			760		00	02	25
			815		00	26	00
			814		00	11	61
			813		00	08	50
			Nala in Gat No 813	}	00	03	31
			771		00	15	50
			Nala in between Gat No 771 & 770	}	00	03	96

Taluka : TASGAON			District : SANGLI		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
10 BASTAWADE (Contd.)			770		00	08	50
			768		00	17	80
			767		00	06	25
			766		00	10	25
			765		00	05	00
			764		00	07	50
			761		00	10	00
Total					01	38	93
11 SAWLAJ			294		00	08	28
		316		3	00	01	26
		316		4	00	01	24
		317			00	70	85
		121			00	09	77
		104		5	00	07	64
		104		6	00	02	23
		107		4	00	03	37
		107		6+5	00	08	05
		56			00	32	00
		12			00	00	72
		11			00	00	60
		9			00	01	38
		7		1A+2A	00	00	84
		19		3	00	03	78
		533		1A+4B+3+5+6	00	05	04
		540			00	00	23
		555		2A/3	00	02	85
		543		5	00	03	41
Total					01	63	74
12 DONGAR SONI			1089		00	03	00
			1082		00	04	24
			1106		00	01	39
			1108		00	00	30
			107		00	03	01

Taluka : TASGAON			District : SANGLI		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12 DONGAR SONI (Contd.)			158		00	07	59
			165		00	02	48
Total					00	22	01

[No. R-31015/26/2004-O.R.-II]
HARISH KUMAR, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 28 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2752.—केन्द्रीय सरकार ने पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात उक्त अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन जारी की गई भारत सरकार के पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना संख्या का आ 2725 तारीख 20 अक्टूबर, 2004, जो भारत के राजपत्र तारीख 30 अक्टूबर, 2004 में प्रकाशित की गई थी, द्वारा उस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट भूमि में महाराष्ट्र राज्य में लोणी (पुणे) से पकनी (सोलापुर) तक हजारवाडी के रास्ते पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों के परिवहन के लिए मुम्बई-पुणे पाइपलाइन विस्तार परियोजना के माध्यम से हिन्दुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा की थी ;

और उक्त राजपत्र अधिसूचना की प्रतियां जनता को तारीख 07 फरवरी, 2005, को उपलब्ध करा दी गई थी ;

और सक्षम प्राधिकारी ने, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन, केन्द्रीय सरकार को अपनी रिपोर्ट दे दी है ;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार ने, उक्त रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात, और यह समाधान हो जाने पर कि उक्त भूमि पाइपलाइन बिछाने के लिए अपेक्षित है, उसमें उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने का विनिश्चय किया है ;

अतः अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, यह घोषणा करती है कि इस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट भूमि में पाइपलाइन बिछाने के लिए उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए ;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (4) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, यह निदेश देती है कि उक्त भूमि में उपयोग का अधिकार इस घोषणा के प्रकाशन की तारीख से केन्द्रीय सरकार में निहित होने की बजाए, सभी विल्लंगमों से मुक्त, हिन्दुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड में निहित होगा ।

अनुसूची

तालूका : सांगोला		जिला : सोलापुर			राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	पाचेगाँव बुद्रुक		73		00	07	96
			60		00	21	67
			56		00	17	75
			54		00	13	88
			52	1	00	05	58
			52	2	00	05	57
			49		00	21	70
			53		00	05	22
			48		00	18	65
			85		00	00	20
			47		00	08	91
			86		00	00	15
			87		00	17	41
			26		00	08	87
			88 से 100		00	26	01
			25		00	03	45
			गट नंबर 88 से 100 } में नाला		00	23	43
			102		00	08	18
			104		00	07	12
			105		00	00	72
			206		00	05	57
			204		00	15	83
			गट नंबर 204 और } 179 के बीच में मेटल्ड रास्ता		00	03	42
			179		00	21	18
			178		00	16	77
			176		00	23	45
			135		00	12	34
			136		00	03	25
			137		00	10	85
			160		00	13	25
			159		00	15	68
			158		00	00	17
			154		00	17	09
			157		00	00	05
			156		00	03	03
			155		00	10	91

तालूका : सांगोला		जिला : सोलापुर			राज्य : महाराष्ट्र			
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल			
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1	पाचेगाँव बुद्रुक (निरंतर)		गट नंबर 155 और 641 के बीच में नाला		00	07	47	
			641		00	04	23	
			628		00	24	02	
			626		00	00	83	
			627		00	13	31	
			625		00	23	12	
			622		00	14	77	
			621		00	05	03	
			620		00	06	83	
			619		00	12	85	
			615		00	02	62	
			613		00	11	39	
			518		00	01	48	
			517		00	21	14	
			516		00	27	98	
			514		00	03	57	
			513		00	09	21	
			505	3	00	04	30	
			507		00	04	12	
			506		00	04	37	
			505	2	00	03	16	
			505	1	00	08	39	
			504		00	21	63	
			428		00	65	54	
				गट नंबर 428 के बीच में मेटल्ड रास्ता		00	03	08
				430		00	21	34
				440		00	54	91
				439		00	00	31
				459		00	05	42
				460		00	53	72
				467		00	04	93
		गट नंबर 460, 467 और गाँव सीमा कॉबडवाडी के बीच में नाला		00	17	47		
कुल					08	57	81	

तालूका : सांगोला			जिला : सोलापुर		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र						
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल						
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
2	कौबडवाडी		गट नंबर 266, 267 और गाँव सीमा पाचेगाँव बुद्रक के पास का नाला		00	04	91				
			266		00	00	10				
			267		00	07	32				
			268		00	04	41				
			269		00	06	13				
			270		00	06	91				
			272		00	16	42				
			271		00	06	52				
			274		00	17	63				
			275		00	14	03				
			276		00	25	93				
			286		00	28	72				
			कुल				01	39	03		
			3		कोले		गट नंबर 2952 और 2931 के बीच का प्रमुख जिला मार्ग 78 गट नंबर 2910 और 2706 के बीच में वरार देवी नाला गट नंबर 2702 और 1957 के बीच में अस्पलटेड रास्ता		00	04	41
							00		09	97	
00	02	74									
00	40	96									
00	14	32									
00	07	01									
00	20	92									
00	00	83									
00	02	22									
00	01	02									
00	02	28									
00	07	92									
00	03	66									

तालूका : सांगोला			जिला : सोलापुर		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-ग्रुप सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
3	कोले (निरंतर)		1789		00	14	69
			1782		00	64	27
			1784		00	15	35
			1787		00	28	30
			1756		00	44	08
			1753		00	18	80
			1754		00	04	82
			1751		00	06	81
			1750		00	04	35
			1749		00	03	37
			1759		00	06	54
			1748		00	02	34
			1745		00	09	00
			1747		00	01	06
			1746		00	00	04
			1704		00	67	30
			गट नंबर 1704 और				
			1695 के बीच का				
			मेटल्ड रास्ता				
			1695		00	49	70
			1691		00	12	56
			1693		00	63	76
			1680		00	22	82
			1681		00	16	97
			1679		00	28	61
			1678		00	24	75
			गट नंबर 1678 और				
			1676 के बीच का				
			प्रमुख जिला मार्ग				
			78				
			गट नंबर 1678 और				
			1676 के बीच में				
			ड्रेन				
			1676		00	36	44
			कुल		06	78	13
4	जुनौनी		21		00	43	51
			20		00	11	93
			17		00	53	23
			24		00	01	17

तालूका : सांगोला			जिला : सोलापुर		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
4	जुनीनी (निरंतर)		25		00	00	71
			26		00	00	76
			27		00	22	38
			30		00	80	50
			34		00	28	28
			31		00	30	30
			32		00	20	50
			33		00	03	21
			44	3	01	35	84
			44	4	00	12	00
			132		00	37	00
			135		00	09	76
			134		00	16	00
			142		00	17	51
			143		00	01	65
			गट नंबर 143 और 145 के बीच का				
			मेटल्ड रास्ता				
			गट नंबर 145 में मेटल्ड रास्ता				
			145		00	11	45
			146		00	11	66
			147		00	03	59
			150		00	05	74
			151		00	10	28
			152		00	18	04
			153		00	23	31
			154		00	36	38
			गट नंबर 154 और 205 के बीच में				
			नाला				
			205		00	46	99
			206		00	05	22
			207		00	04	60
			208		00	03	49
			209		00	06	85
			210		00	22	72
			215		00	10	65
			216		00	13	83
			217		00	17	07
			218		00	16	75

तालूका : सांगोला		जिला : सोलापुर			राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
1	2	3	4	5	हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
4	जुनीनी (निरतर)		219		00	01	80
			288		00	65	16
			289		00	13	78
			290		00	32	83
			295		00	20	14
			331		00	04	21
			300		00	23	13
			301		00	00	05
			गट नंबर 300 और 329 के बीच में नाला		00	13	37
			329		00	24	58
			326		00	31	57
			कुल		10	31	57
5	करंडेवाडी		111		00	18	43
			गट नंबर 111 के बीच में मेटल्ड रास्ता		00	03	30
			110		00	00	10
			कुल		00	21	83
6	हातीद		659		00	35	54
			658		00	21	44
			660		00	60	15
			665		00	02	03
			663		00	00	18
			गट नंबर 664 में राज्य मार्ग 3		00	04	05
			664		00	38	37
			669		00	30	91
			670		00	29	63
			671		00	63	93
			559		00	02	00
			558		00	08	77
			557		00	04	51
			556		00	03	87
			555		00	08	62
			457		00	00	94
			458		00	00	99
			455		00	16	88

तालूका : सांगोला		जिला : सोलापुर			राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर वग	मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6	हातीद (निरंतर)		गट नंबर 358 में नाला		00	13	57
			358		00	11	48
			359		00	34	13
			366		00	05	64
			गट नंबर 366 और				
			212 के बीच का		00	03	64
			मेटल्ड रास्ता				
			212		00	03	60
			211		00	00	39
			207		00	24	01
			205		00	28	91
			204		00	07	61
			गट नंबर 204 और				
			24 के बीच का		00	04	69
			गाडी रास्ता				
			24		00	20	65
			25		00	23	59
			गट नंबर 25 और 56				
			के बीच का प्रमुख		00	06	47
			जिला मार्ग 62				
			56		00	10	52
			59		00	30	45
			61		00	15	39
			गट नंबर 61 और 114				
			के बीच में नाला		00	09	30
			114		00	05	94
			गट नंबर 114 और				
			113 के बीच की भूमि		00	03	56
			113		00	22	64
			111		00	49	74
			109		00	09	57
			106		00	33	18
			107		00	03	07
			105		00	20	71
			गट नंबर 105 और गाँव				
			सीमा मिसलवाडी के बीच		00	03	51
			का गाडी रास्ता				
कुल					07	38	77

तालूका : सांगोला			जिला : सोलापुर		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र			
क्रम सं.	गाव	का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट. नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
						हेक्टर	एयर	वगे मीटर
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
7	मिसालवाडी			314		00	27	43
				315		00	55	00
				197		00	09	45
				198		00	03	26
				199		00	02	15
				200		00	02	59
				201		00	03	11
				202		00	08	00
				195		00	03	54
				194		00	05	55
				193		00	07	02
				192		00	05	26
				139		00	10	07
				138		00	10	34
				137		00	12	62
				136		00	14	51
				135		00	00	04
				140		00	05	12
				141		00	06	24
				142		00	03	41
				144		00	00	22
				145		00	03	60
				146		00	04	50
				147		00	02	80
				148		00	03	07
				149		00	01	68
				150		00	05	26
				18		00	24	31
				17		00	11	98
		कुल						02
8	राजुरी			723		00	97	37
				810		00	13	07
				727		00	69	92
				805 से 809		00	06	24
				गट नंबर 805 से 809 और 729 के बीच का मेटल्ड रास्ता		00	10	11
				729		00	13	23
				730		00	34	68
		736		00	51	16		

तालूका : सांगोला			जिला : सोलापुर		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
8	राजुरी (निरंतर)		734		00	10	29
			735		00	02	08
			737		00	18	70
			732		00	10	15
			736 से 738		00	12	14
			गट नंबर 736 से 738 और 400 से 406 के बीच में नाला		00	06	42
			400 से 406 गट नंबर 375 से 399 में मेटल्ड रास्ता		00	67	85
			375 से 399		00	04	19
			309		00	11	41
			318		00	17	41
			313		00	14	39
			315		00	08	52
			316		00	10	68
			317		00	10	00
			325		00	06	08
			326		00	06	18
			327		00	05	79
			328		00	12	08
			331		00	12	69
			329		00	05	46
			332		00	01	00
			1257		00	00	08
			335		00	10	00
			336		00	07	72
			337		00	04	00
			338		00	01	96
			339		00	02	39
			340		00	14	14
			344		00	17	52
			345		00	06	54
			258		00	00	12
			253		00	64	75
			252		00	12	98
			249		00	11	03
			248		00	14	47
			247		00	10	63
					00	05	26

तालूका : सांगोला		जिला : सोलापुर			राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
8 राजुरी	(निरंतर)		गट नंबर 247 और 225 के बीच में मेटल्ड रास्ता		00	08	73
			225	00	09	90	
			226	00	59	84	
			कुल	08	11	35	
9 वाटबरे			626	00	11	91	
			624	00	50	11	
			623	00	39	81	
			कुल	01	01	83	
10 निजामपुर			487	00	01	46	
			489	00	21	22	
			490	00	15	98	
			491	00	26	82	
			501	00	15	39	
			500	00	27	90	
			499	00	18	00	
			496	00	10	47	
			526	00	27	14	
			529	00	09	09	
			गट नंबर 529 और 553 के बीच में मेटल्ड रास्ता	00	04	64	
			553	00	18	31	
			544	00	14	29	
			543	00	11	54	
			541	00	40	50	
			540	00	02	73	
			533	00	14	53	
			537	00	02	69	
			534	00	02	32	
			84	00	01	56	
			91	2	00	06	47
			92	00	09	06	
			95	00	12	30	
			96	00	22	88	
			97	00	16	25	
			98	00	11	42	
			99	00	00	10	
			कुल	03	65	06	

तालूका : सांगोला			जिला : सोलापुर		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
11	अकोला		623		00	69	14
			619		00	17	99
			618		00	75	35
			604		00	13	40
			605		00	18	32
			602		00	31	33
			588		00	44	23
			गट नंबर 588 में अस्फालटेड रास्ता		00	04	25
			587		00	26	37
			579		00	10	81
			589		00	29	30
			590		00	20	00
			577		00	25	11
			576		00	01	89
			575		00	43	82
			525		00	44	20
			527		00	12	25
			528		00	42	87
			522		00	09	40
			521		00	13	05
			520		00	15	12
			519		00	08	93
			516		00	07	92
			513		00	09	91
			512		00	02	87
			511		00	02	66
			467		00	33	82
			466		00	17	42
			465		00	04	92
			464 (पै)		00	02	03
			463		00	02	41
			462 (पै)		00	02	82
			461		00	06	81
			455		00	07	61
			452		00	01	46
			451		00	00	45
		कुल					06
12	कडलास		436		00	03	97
			437		00	25	41
			439		00	14	47

तालूका : सांगोला		जिला : सोलापुर			राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
1	2	3	4	5	हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
12	कडलास (निरंतर)				6	7	8
			440		00	07	39
			441		00	08	66
			442		00	07	66
			447		00	10	70
			448		00	07	39
			449		00	15	08
			455		00	09	89
			456		00	01	38
			454		00	00	30
			459		00	02	46
			457		00	00	10
			458		00	06	27
			602	1	00	61	79
			601		00	06	35
			598		00	19	71
			594		00	02	08
			599		00	00	10
			597		00	05	95
			596		00	10	36
			595 पै		00	17	36
			583		00	07	71
			555		00	41	02
			गट नंबर 555 में मेटल्ड रास्ता		00	02	82
			660		00	10	08
			661		00	01	00
			666		00	26	25
			665		00	04	81
			672		00	48	34
			714		00	47	46
			733		00	36	34
			735		00	14	89
			809		01	15	99
			गट नंबर 809 और 860 के बीच में राज्य मार्ग 71		00	02	40
			860		00	19	50
			गट नंबर 860 और 867 के बीच में मेटल्ड रास्ता		00	02	01

तालूका : सांगोला		जिला : सोलापुर			राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12	कडलास (निरतर)		867		00	00	37
			861		00	30	24
			862		00	16	86
			866		00	18	99
			865		00	17	37
			गट नंबर 865 और 884 के बीच में मेटल्ड रास्ता		00	02	66
			884		00	21	09
			885		00	17	11
			890		00	15	92
			889		00	19	26
			888		00	21	22
			927		00	06	93
			900		00	04	82
			925		00	05	63
			924		00	06	92
			923		00	01	96
			922		00	04	68
			921		00	06	28
			920		00	07	22
			919		00	12	47
			914		00	02	19
			गट नंबर 915 और 1183 के बीच में नाला		00	06	89
			1182		00	16	91
			1181		00	05	22
			1180		00	05	64
			गट नंबर 1208 में मेटल्ड रास्ता		00	03	17
			1208		00	22	29
			1209		00	16	58
			1210		00	10	89
			1212		00	19	79
			1213		00	24	25
			1219	2	00	12	85
			1221		00	11	78
			1230		00	13	98
			1231		00	11	36
			1234		00	13	02

तालूका : सांगोला		जिला : सोलापुर			राज्य : महाराष्ट्र				
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल				
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
12	कडलास (निरंतर)		1235		00	07	06		
			1236		00	03	73		
			1240		00	06	07		
			1241		00	21	31		
			1242		00	04	85		
			1243		00	17	14		
			1257		00	24	12		
			1256		00	47	67		
			1255		00	07	06		
			1254		00	07	73		
			1253		00	06	81		
			1250		00	09	17		
			1251		00	26	51		
			1252		00	00	48		
			गट नंबर 1251 और गाँव सीमा मेडशिंंगी के बीच में कोरडा नदी		00	09	78		
		कुल					12	59	75
		13	मेडशिंंगी		गट नंबर 291 और गाँव सीमा कडलास के बीच में कोरडा नदी		00	09	84
	गट नंबर 291 में मेटल्ड रास्ता				00	04	57		
	306			1	00	84	25		
	306			2	00	42	53		
	309				00	11	19		
	310				00	12	21		
	311				00	24	44		
	313				00	19	30		
	317				00	24	09		
	318				00	38	54		
	328				00	15	04		
	गट नंबर 328 और 375 के बीच में अपरुपा नदी				00	08	36		
	375				00	34	65		
	374				00	11	54		
	373				00	19	65		
	372				00	07	74		

तालूका : सांगोला			जिला : सोलापुर		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र					
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल					
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
13	मेडशिंंगी (निरंतर)		गट नंबर 372 और 411 के बीच में अस्फालटेड रास्ता		00	03	79			
			411		00	09	63			
			412		00	06	90			
			413		00	15	00			
			414		00	17	97			
			416		00	10	86			
			417		00	08	00			
			420		00	44	24			
			423		00	27	32			
			424		00	26	37			
			425		00	11	17			
			427		00	12	98			
			428		00	07	53			
			कुल				05	69	70	
			14		वाडेगांव		614	00	21	19
613/1, 613/2	00	40		51						
608	00	14		43						
607	00	15		19						
602	00	00		14						
599	00	18		50						
582	00	16		83						
578	00	50		11						
568	00	06		32						
567	00	07		06						
566	00	09		81						
556	00	13		91						
555	00	07		56						
506	00	18		41						
गट नंबर 506 और 490 के बीच में राज्य मार्ग 3	00	05		87						
490			00		07	50				
491			00		04	82				
492			00		04	35				
		493	00	06	32					
कुल				02	68	83				
15	राजापुर		88	00	36	61				
			89	00	49	99				
			90	00	43	60				

तालूका : सांगोला		जिला : सोलापुर			राज्य : महाराष्ट्र			
क्रम सं.	गाव	का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
						हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
15 राजापुर	(निरंतर)	गट नंबर 90 और 84 के बीच में मेटल्ड रास्ता						
						00	02	05
						00	48	94
						00	25	28
						00	18	13
						00	17	56
						00	00	71
						00	57	25
						00	59	26
		कुल			03	59	38	

[फा. सं. आर-31015/19/2004-ओ.आर. II]

हरीश कुमार, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 28th July, 2005

S. O. 2752.— Whereas by notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas number S.O. 2725, dated the 20th October, 2004, issued under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Petroleum and Minerals Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), published in the Gazette of India dated the 30th October, 2004, the Central Government declared its intention to acquire the right of user in the land, specified in the Schedule appended to that notification for the purpose of laying an pipeline for transportation of petroleum products through Mumbai-Pune Pipeline Extension Project from Loni (Pune) to Pakni (Solapur) via Hazarwadi in the State of Maharashtra by Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Limited;

And whereas copies of the said Gazette notification were made available to the public on the 7th February, 2005;

And whereas the competent authority has, under sub-section (1) of section 6 of the said Act, submitted report to the Central Government;

And whereas the Central Government, after considering the said report and on being satisfied that the said land is required for laying the pipeline, has decided to acquire the right of user therein;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that the right of user in the land specified in the Schedule, appended to this notification, is hereby acquired for laying the pipeline;

And further, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby directs that the right of user in the said land for laying the pipeline shall, instead of vesting in the Central Government, vest on the date of the publication of the declaration, in Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Limited, free from all encumbrances.

SCHEDULE

Taluka : SANGOLA		District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA			
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	PACHEGAON		73		00	07	96
	BUDRUK		60		00	21	67
			56		00	17	75
			54		00	13	88
			52	1	00	05	58
			52	2	00	05	57
			49		00	21	70
			53		00	05	22
			48		00	18	65
			85		00	00	20
			47		00	08	91
			86		00	00	15
			87		00	17	41
			26		00	08	87
			88 to 100		00	26	01
			25		00	13	45
			Nala in Gat No } 88 to 100		00	23	43
			102		00	08	18
			104		00	07	12
			105		00	00	72
			206		00	05	57
			204		00	15	83
			Metalled Road in } between Gat No } 204 & 179		00	03	42
			179		00	21	18
			178		00	16	77
			176		00	23	45
			135		00	12	34
			136		00	03	25
			137		00	10	85
			160		00	13	25
			159		00	15	68
			158		00	00	17
			154		00	17	09
			157		00	00	05
			156		00	03	03
			155		00	10	91

Taluka : SANGOLA		District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA					
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area				
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
1	PACHEGAON BUDRUK (Contd.)		Nala in between Gat No 155 & 641		00	07	47		
			641		00	04	23		
			628		00	24	02		
			626		00	00	83		
			627		00	13	31		
			625		00	23	12		
			622		00	14	77		
			621		00	05	03		
			620		00	06	83		
			619		00	12	85		
			615		00	02	62		
			613		00	11	39		
			518		00	01	48		
			517		00	21	14		
			516		00	27	98		
			514		00	03	57		
			513		00	09	21		
			505	3	00	04	30		
			507		00	04	12		
			506		00	04	37		
			505	2	00	03	16		
			505	1	00	08	39		
			504		00	21	63		
			428		00	65	54		
					Metalled Road in Gat No 428		00	03	08
					430		00	21	34
					440		00	54	91
					439		00	00	31
					459		00	05	42
					460		00	53	72
					467		00	04	93
					Nala in between Gat No 460 & 467 & V.B of Kombadwadi		00	17	47
		Total					08	57	81

Taluka : SANGOLA			District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
2	KOMBADWADI		Nala adjacent to V.B Pachegaon Budruk & Gat No 266 & 267		00	04	91
			266		00	00	10
			267		00	07	32
			268		00	04	41
			269		00	06	13
			270		00	06	91
			272		00	16	42
			271		00	06	52
			274		00	17	63
			275		00	14	03
			276		00	25	93
			286		00	28	72
Total					01	39	03
3	KOLE		MDR - 78 in between Gat No 2952 & 2931		00	04	41
			Warar Devi Nala in between Gat No 2910 & 2706		00	09	97
			Asphalted Road in between Gat No 2702 & 1957		00	02	74
			1957		00	40	96
			1964		00	14	32
			1966		00	07	01
			1967		00	20	92
			Drain in Gat No 1967		00	00	83
			Metalled Road in between Gat No 1967 & 1794		00	02	22
			1794		00	01	02
			1793		00	02	28
			1790		00	07	92
			Nala in between Gat No 1790 & 1789		00	03	66

Taluka : SANGOLA			District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
3 KOLE (Contd.)			1789		00	14	69
			1782		00	64	27
			1784		00	15	35
			1787		00	28	30
			1756		00	44	08
			1753		00	18	80
			1754		00	04	82
			1751		00	06	81
			1750		00	04	35
			1749		00	03	37
			1759		00	06	54
			1748		00	02	34
			1745		00	09	00
			1747		00	01	06
			1746		00	00	04
			1704		00	67	30
			Metalled Road in between Gat No 1704 & 1695		00	02	32
			1695		00	49	70
			1691		00	12	56
			1693		00	63	76
			1680		00	22	82
			1681		00	16	97
			1679		00	28	61
			1678		00	24	75
			MDR - 78 in between Gat No 1678 & 1676		00	05	99
			Drain in between Gat No 1678 & 1676		00	04	83
			1676		00	36	44
Total					06	78	13
4 JUNONI			21		00	43	51
			20		00	11	93
			17		00	53	23
			24		00	01	17

Taluka : SANGOLA			District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
4	JUNONI (Contd.)		25		00	00	71
			26		00	00	76
			27		00	22	38
			30		00	80	50
			34		00	28	28
			31		00	30	30
			32		00	20	50
			33		00	03	21
			44	3	01	35	84
			44	4	00	12	00
			132		00	37	00
			135		00	09	76
			134		00	16	00
			142		00	17	51
			143		00	01	65
			Metalled Road in between Gat No 143 & 145		00	00	22
			Metalled Road in Gat No 145		00	04	73
			145		00	11	45
			146		00	11	66
			147		00	03	59
			150		00	05	74
			151		00	10	28
			152		00	18	04
			153		00	23	31
			154		00	36	38
			Nala in between Gat No 154 & 205		00	01	14
			205		00	46	99
			206		00	05	22
			207		00	04	60
			208		00	03	49
			209		00	06	85
			210		00	22	72
			215		00	10	65
			216		00	13	83
			217		00	17	07
			218		00	16	75

Taluka : SANGOLA			District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA			
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area			
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
4	JUNONI (Contd.)		219		00	01	80	
			288		00	65	16	
			289		00	13	78	
			290		00	32	83	
			295		00	20	14	
			331		00	04	21	
			300		00	23	13	
			301		00	00	05	
			Nala in between	}				
			Gat No					
			300 & 329		00	13	37	
			329		00	24	58	
			326		00	31	57	
Total					10	31	57	
5	KARANDEWADI		111		00	18	43	
			Metalled Road in	}				
			Gat No 111					
		110		00	00	10		
Total					00	21	83	
6	HATID		659		00	35	54	
			658		00	21	44	
			660		00	60	15	
			665		00	02	03	
			663		00	00	18	
			SH - 3 in	}				
			Gat No					
			664		00	04	05	
			664		00	38	37	
			669		00	30	91	
			670		00	29	63	
			671		00	63	93	
			559		00	02	00	
			558		00	08	77	
			557		00	04	51	
			556		00	03	87	
			555		00	08	62	
			457		00	00	94	
			458		00	00	99	
	455		00	16	88			

Taluka : SANGOLA			District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6	HATID (Contd.)		Nala near Gat No 358		00	13	57
		358	00		11	48	
		359	00		34	13	
		366	00		05	64	
		Metalled Road in between Gat No 366 & 212	00		03	64	
		212	00		03	60	
		211	00		00	39	
		207	00		24	01	
		205	00		28	91	
		204	00		07	61	
		Cart Track in between Gat No 204 & 24	00		04	69	
		24	00		20	65	
		25	00		23	59	
		MDR - 62 in between Gat No 25 & 56	00		06	47	
		56	00		10	52	
		59	00		30	45	
		61	00		15	39	
		Nala in between Gat No 61 & 114	00		09	30	
		114	00		05	94	
		Area in between Gat No 114 & 113	00		03	56	
		113	00		22	64	
		111	00		49	74	
		109	00		09	57	
		106	00		33	18	
		107	00		03	07	
		105	00		20	71	
		Cart Track in between Gat No 105 & V.B of Misalwadi	00		03	51	
Total					07	38	77

Taluka		SANGOLA		District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area			
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
7	MISALWADI		314		00	27	43	
			315		00	55	00	
			197		00	09	45	
			198		00	03	26	
			199		00	02	15	
			200		00	02	59	
			201		00	03	11	
			202		00	08	00	
			195		00	03	54	
			194		00	05	55	
			193		00	07	02	
			192		00	05	26	
			139		00	10	07	
			138		00	10	34	
			137		00	12	62	
			136		00	14	51	
			135		00	00	04	
			140		00	05	12	
			141		00	06	24	
			142		00	03	41	
			144		00	00	22	
			145		00	03	60	
			146		00	04	50	
			147		00	02	80	
			148		00	03	07	
			149		00	01	68	
			150		00	05	26	
			18		00	24	31	
			17		00	11	98	
		Total					02	52
8	RAJURI		723		00	97	37	
			810		00	13	07	
			727		00	69	92	
			805 to 809		00	06	24	
			Metalled Road in between Gat No 805 to 809 & 729		00	10	11	
			729		00	13	23	
			730		00	34	68	
			736		00	51	16	

Taluka : SANGOLA		District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA			
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
8	RAJURI (Contd.)		734		00	10	29
			735		00	02	08
			737		00	18	70
			732		00	10	15
			736 to 738		00	12	14
			Nala in between Gat No 736 to 738 & 400 to 406		00	06	42
			400 to 406		00	67	85
			Metalled Road in Gat No 375 to 399		00	04	19
			375 to 399		00	11	41
			309		00	17	41
			318		00	14	39
			313		00	08	52
			315		00	10	68
			316		00	10	00
			317		00	06	03
			325		00	06	18
			326		00	05	79
			327		00	12	08
			328		00	12	69
			331		00	05	46
			329		00	01	00
			332		00	00	08
			1257		00	10	00
			335		00	07	72
			336		00	04	00
			337		00	01	96
			338		00	02	39
			339		00	14	14
			340		00	17	52
			344		00	06	54
			345		00	00	12
			258		00	64	75
			253		00	12	98
			252		00	11	03
			249		00	14	47
			248		00	10	63
			247		00	05	26

Taluka : SANGOLA			District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Gr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
8	RAJURI (Contd.)		Metalled Road in between Gat No 247 & 225		00	08	73
			225		00	09	90
			226		00	59	84
		Total			08	11	35
9	WATAMBRE		626		00	11	91
			624		00	50	11
			623		00	39	81
		Total			01	01	83
10	NIJAMPUR		487		00	01	46
			489		00	21	22
			490		00	15	98
			491		00	26	82
			501		00	15	39
			500		00	27	90
			499		00	18	00
			496		00	10	47
			526		00	27	14
			529		00	09	09
			Metalled Road in between Gat No 529 & 553		00	04	64
			553		00	18	31
			544		00	14	29
			543		00	11	54
			541		00	40	50
			540		00	02	73
			533		00	14	53
			537		00	02	69
			534		00	02	32
			84		00	01	56
			91	2	00	06	47
			92		00	09	06
			95		00	12	30
			96		00	22	88
			97		00	16	25
			98		00	11	42
			99		00	00	10
Total					03	65	06

Taluka : SANGOLA			District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
11	AKOLA		623		00	69	14
			619		00	17	99
			618		00	75	35
			604		00	13	40
			605		00	18	32
			602		00	31	33
			588		00	44	23
			Asphalted Road in } Gat No 588		00	04	25
			587		00	26	37
			579		00	10	81
			589		00	29	30
			590		00	20	00
			577		00	25	11
			576		00	01	89
			575		00	43	82
			525		00	44	20
			527		00	12	25
			528		00	42	87
			522		00	09	40
			521		00	13	05
			520		00	15	12
			519		00	08	93
			516		00	07	92
			513		00	09	91
			512		00	02	87
			511		00	02	66
			467		00	33	82
			466		00	17	42
			465		00	04	92
			464 (P)		00	02	03
			463		00	02	41
			462 (P)		00	02	82
			461		00	06	81
			455		00	07	61
			452		00	01	46
			451		00	00	45
		Total					06
12	KADLAS		436		00	03	97
			437		00	25	41
			439		00	14	47

Taluka : SANGOLA		District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA			
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12 KADLAS (Contd.)			440		00	07	39
			441		00	08	66
			442		00	07	66
			447		00	10	70
			448		00	07	39
			449		00	15	08
			455		00	09	89
			456		00	01	38
			454		00	00	30
			459		00	02	46
			457		00	00	10
			458		00	06	27
			602	1	00	61	79
			601		00	06	35
			598		00	19	71
			594		00	02	08
			599		00	00	10
			597		00	05	95
			596		00	10	36
			595 (P)		00	17	36
			583		00	07	71
			555		00	41	02
			Metalled Road in } Gat No 555		00	02	82
			660		00	10	08
			661		00	01	00
			666		00	26	25
			665		00	04	81
			672		00	48	34
			714		00	47	46
			733		00	36	34
			735		00	14	89
			809		01	15	99
			SH - 71 in between } Gat No 809 & 860		00	02	40
			860		00	19	50
			Metalled Road in } between Gat No 860 & 867		00	02	01

Taluka : SANGOLA		District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA			
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12	KADLAS (Contd.)		867		00	00	37
			861		00	30	24
			862		00	16	86
			866		00	18	99
			865		00	17	37
			Metalled Road in between Gat No 865 & 884		00	02	66
			884		00	21	09
			885		00	17	11
			890		00	15	92
			889		00	19	26
			888		00	21	22
			927		00	06	93
			900		00	04	82
			925		00	05	63
			924		00	06	92
			923		00	01	96
			922		00	04	68
			921		00	06	28
			920		00	07	22
			919		00	12	47
			914		00	02	19
			Nala in between Gat No 915 & 1183		00	06	89
			1182		00	16	91
			1181		00	05	22
			1180		00	05	64
			Metalled Road in Gat No 1208		00	03	17
			1208		00	22	29
			1209		00	16	58
			1210		00	10	89
			1212		00	19	79
			1213		00	24	25
			1219	2	00	12	85
			1221		00	11	78
			1230		00	13	98
			1231		00	11	36
			1234		00	13	02

Taluka : SANGOLA		District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA			
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12 KADLAS (Contd.)			1235		00	07	06
			1236		00	03	73
			1240		00	06	07
			1241		00	21	31
			1242		00	04	85
			1243		00	17	14
			1257		00	24	12
			1256		00	47	67
			1255		00	07	06
			1254		00	07	73
			1253		00	06	81
			1250		00	09	17
			1251		00	26	51
			1252		00	00	48
		Korda River in between Gat No 1251 & V.B. of Medsingi }			00	09	78
Total					12	59	75
13 MEDSINGI			Korda River in between V.B. of Kadlas & Gat No 291 }		00	09	84
			Metalled Road in Gat No 291 }		00	04	57
			306	1	00	84	25
			306	2	00	42	53
			309		00	11	19
			310		00	12	21
			311		00	24	44
			313		00	19	30
			317		00	24	09
			318		00	38	54
			328		00	15	04
		Aprupa Nadi in between Gat No 328 & 375 }			00	08	36
			375		00	34	65
			374		00	11	54
			373		00	19	65
			372		00	07	74

Taluka : SANGOLA			District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
13	MEDSINGI (Contd.)		Asphalted Road in between Gat No 372 & 411		00	03	79
			411		00	09	63
			412		00	06	90
			413		00	15	00
			414		00	17	97
			416		00	10	86
			417		00	08	00
			420		00	44	24
			423		00	27	32
			424		00	26	37
			425		00	11	17
			427		00	12	98
			428		00	07	53
Total					05	69	70
14	WADEGAON		614		00	21	19
			613/1, 613/2		00	40	51
			608		00	14	43
			607		00	15	19
			602		00	00	14
			599		00	18	50
			582		00	16	83
			578		00	50	11
			568		00	06	32
			567		00	07	06
			566		00	09	81
			556		00	13	91
			555		00	07	56
			506		00	18	41
			SH - 3 in between Gat No 506 & 490		00	05	87
			490		00	07	50
			491		00	04	82
			492		00	04	35
			493		00	06	32
Total					02	68	83
15	RAJAPUR		88		00	36	61
			89		00	49	99
			90		00	43	60

Taluka : SANGOLA			District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
15 RAJAPUR (Contd.)			Metalled Road in between Gat No 90 & 84		00	02	05
			84		00	48	94
			81		00	25	28
			80		00	18	13
			79		00	17	56
			82		00	00	71
			53		00	57	25
			54		00	59	26
Total					03	59	38

[No. R-31015/19/2004-O.R.-II]
HARISH KUMAR, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 28 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2753.—केन्द्रीय सरकार को लोकहित में यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि महाराष्ट्र राज्य में लोनी (पुणे) से पकनी (सोलापुर) तक हजारवाडी के रास्ते पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों के परिवहन के लिए हिन्दुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा एक विस्तार पाइपलाइन बिछाई जानी चाहिए ;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार को ऐसी पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि ऐसी भूमि में जो इस से उपाबद्ध अनुसूची में वर्णित है, जिसमें उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने का प्रस्ताव है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए ;

अतः अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, उस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा करती है ;

कोई व्यक्ति, जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, उस तारीख से जिसको इस अधिसूचना से युक्त भारत के राजपत्र की प्रतिष्ठों साधारण जनता को उपलब्ध करा दी जाती है, इक्कीस दिन के भीतर भूमि के नीचे पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने के लिए उसमें उपयोग के अधिकार के अर्जन के सम्बन्ध में श्री एस एन कुन्हेतकर, सक्षम प्राधिकारी, मुम्बई-पुणे पाइपलाइन विस्तार परियोजना (लोनी से पकनी तक हजारवाडी के रास्ते) हिन्दुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड, मेगा सेंटर, मागरपट्टा - एम व एन विंग, हादापसर - 411 028 (पुणे जिला) महाराष्ट्र राज्य को लिखित रूप में आक्षेप भेज सकेगा ।

अनुसूची

तालूका : सांगोला		जिला : सोलापुर			राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर वग	मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	पाचेगाँव बुद्रुक		508		00	05	48
				कुल	00	05	48
2	कोले		2403		00	14	46
			2404		00	48	43
			2405		00	04	64
			2406		00	11	28
			2407		00	19	62
			2408		00	24	24
			2409		00	26	79
			2388		00	20	32
			2386		00	07	42
			2383		00	19	55
			2382		00	03	45
			2381		00	05	07
			2379		00	10	50
			2378		00	17	00
			2375		00	14	00
			2374		00	12	34
			2373		00	07	29
			2372		00	07	25
			2371		00	05	43
			2370		00	01	92
			2367		00	21	10
			2163		00	06	31
			2162		00	04	91
			2161		00	06	13
			2160		00	07	07
			2159		00	81	62
			1958		00	00	60
			1960		00	11	50
			1961		00	11	11
			1752		00	07	20
			1748		00	06	54
			1678		00	08	10
				कुल	04	53	67
3	जुनीनी		35		00	00	30
			44	3	00	01	00
			135		00	08	00
			142		00	03	10
				कुल	00	12	40

तालूका : सांगोला		जिला : सोलापुर			राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
1	2	3	4	5	हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
6	7	8					
4	हातीद		673	2	00	07	14
			670		00	61	05
			ई एन 113		00	58	00
			503		00	00	60
			ई एन 107		00	50	25
			ई एन 106		00	30	50
			454		00	09	74
			212		00	27	39
			107		00	05	72
			कुल		02	50	39
5	मिसालवाडी		313		00	27	43
			314		00	27	53
			197		00	03	26
			316		00	06	63
			317		00	07	28
			319		00	02	96
			321		00	02	72
			324		00	00	43
			195		00	06	51
			194		00	03	49
			193		00	01	79
			192		00	05	05
			137		00	05	12
			145		00	00	60
			143		00	00	30
			कुल		01	01	10
6	उधनवाडी		618		00	24	52
			619		00	26	38
			620		00	04	70
			621		00	07	19
			622		00	08	13
			625		00	21	90
			629		00	08	58
			628		00	11	22
			627		00	10	19
			630		00	21	74
			626		00	14	44
			595		00	08	88
			594		00	06	69
			593		00	07	12
			592		00	09	00
			591		00	06	52

तालूका : सांगोला		जिला : सोलापुर			राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6	उधनवाडी (निरंतर)		590		00	02	67
			597		00	55	20
		कुल				02	55
7	राजुरी		806		00	06	24
			738		00	23	20
			733		00	16	05
			756		00	12	14
			734		00	01	93
			737		00	05	48
			732		00	15	03
			331		00	01	13
			332		00	00	44
			335		00	06	69
			337		00	01	09
			338		00	01	97
			248		00	03	44
			246		00	05	37
		कुल				01	00
8	निजामपुर		488		00	14	09
कुल				00	14	09	
9	अकोला		467		00	08	71
			459		00	10	55
			456		00	04	13
कुल				00	23	39	
10	कडलास		448		00	03	31
			459		00	03	81
			597		00	02	08
			582		00	06	80
			583		00	01	88
			584		00	00	80
			585		00	05	78
			581		00	09	98
			569		00	00	25
			567		00	02	81
			568		00	00	60
			557	2	00	23	39
			588		00	02	16
			589		00	05	88
			577	1	00	34	07
			556		00	01	30
			661		00	00	32

तालूका : सांगोला		जिला : सोलापुर			राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
10	कडलास (निरतर)		662		00	10	08
			664		00	08	91
			913		00	15	89
			1181		00	02	24
			1179		00	05	71
			1186		00	05	22
			1187		00	08	27
			गट न 1187 और 1208 } के बीच में ई एन		00	70	00
			1237		00	15	89
			कुल		02	47	43
11	मेडशिंंगी		305		00	08	61
			कुल		00	08	61
12	वाडेगाँव		602		00	15	48
			601		00	07	10
			603		00	00	60
			600		00	00	60
			591		00	25	82
			583		00	03	00
			587		00	18	00
			586		00	07	02
			579		00	20	14
			577		00	15	29
			565		00	08	00
			561		00	03	00
			559		00	06	50
			558		00	04	00
			557		00	05	00
			578		00	05	15
			568		00	03	17
			567		00	01	26
			555		00	06	20
			554		00	06	75
			494		00	08	00
			495		00	07	75
			497		00	01	50
			498		00	03	50
			499		00	02	75

तालुका : सांगोला			जिला : सोलापूर		राज्य : महाराष्ट्र		
क्रम सं.	गाव का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	गट नंबर	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
					हेक्टर	एयर वगे	मीटर
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12	वाडेगाव (विरतर)		500		00	06	50
			489		00	16	75
कुल					02	08	83

[फा. सं. आर-31015/19/2004-ओ.आर II]

हरिश कुमार, जवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 28th July, 2005

S. O. 1753.—Whereas it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transportation of petroleum products from Loni (Pune) to Pakni (Solapur) via Hazarwadi in the State of Maharashtra, an extension pipeline should be laid by Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Limited;

And whereas it appears to the Central Government that for the purpose of laying such pipeline, it is necessary to acquire the right of user in land under which the said pipeline is proposed to be laid and which is described in the Schedule annexed hereto;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Petroleum and Minerals Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Any person, interested in the land described in the said Schedule, may, within twenty one days from the date on which copies of the Gazette of India containing this notification are made available to the public, object in writing to the acquisition of the right of user therein for laying of the pipeline under the land to Shri S.N.Kundetkar, Competent Authority, Mumbai-Pune Pipeline Extension Project (from Loni to Pakni via Hazarwadi), Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Limited, Mega Center, Magarpatta - M&N Wing, Hadapsar-411028, Pune District, Maharashtra.

SCHEDULE

Taluka : SANGOLA		District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA			
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	PACHEGAON BUDRUK		508		00	05	48
				Total	00	05	48
2	KOLE		2403		00	14	46
			2404		00	48	43
			2405		00	04	64
			2406		00	11	28
			2407		00	19	62
			2408		00	24	24
			2409		00	26	79
			2388		00	20	32
			2386		00	07	42
			2383		00	19	55
			2382		00	03	45
			2381		00	05	07
			2379		00	10	50
			2378		00	17	21
			2375		00	14	27
			2374		00	12	34
			2373		00	07	29
			2372		00	07	25
			2371		00	05	43
			2370		00	01	92
			2367		00	21	10
			2163		00	06	31
			2162		00	04	91
			2161		00	06	13
			2160		00	07	07
			2159		00	81	62
			1958		00	00	60
			1960		00	11	50
			1961		00	11	11
			1752		00	07	20
			1748		00	06	54
			1678		00	08	10
				Total	04	53	67
3	JUNONI		35		00	00	30
			44	3	00	01	00
			135		00	08	00
			142		00	03	10
				Total	00	12	40

Taluka : SANGOLA			District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
4	HATID		673	2	00	07	14
			670		00	61	05
			EN 113		00	58	00
			503		00	00	60
			EN 107		00	50	25
			EN 106		00	30	50
			454		00	09	74
			212		00	27	39
			107		00	05	72
			Total		02	50	39
5	MISALWADI		313		00	27	43
			314		00	27	53
			197		00	03	26
			316		00	06	63
			317		00	07	28
			319		00	02	96
			321		00	02	72
			324		00	00	43
			195		00	06	51
			194		00	03	49
			193		00	01	79
			192		00	05	05
			137		00	05	12
			145		00	00	60
			143		00	00	30
			Total		01	01	10
6	UDHANWADI		618		00	24	52
			619		00	26	38
			620		00	04	70
			621		00	07	19
			622		00	08	13
			625		00	21	90
			629		00	08	58
			628		00	11	22
			627		00	10	19
			630		00	21	74
			626		00	14	44
			595		00	08	88
			594		00	06	69
			593		00	07	12
			592		00	09	00
			591		00	06	52

Taluka : SANGOLA		District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA			
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6	UDHANWADI (Contd.)		590		00	02	67
			597		00	55	20
Total					02	55	07
7	RAJURI		806		00	06	24
			738		00	23	20
			733		00	16	05
			756		00	12	14
			734		00	01	93
			737		00	05	48
			732		00	15	03
			331		00	01	13
			332		00	00	44
			335		00	06	69
			337		00	01	09
			338		00	01	97
			248		00	03	44
			246		00	05	37
Total					01	00	20
8	NIJAMPUR		488		00	14	09
Total					00	14	09
9	AKOLA		467		00	08	71
			459		00	10	55
			456		00	04	13
Total					00	23	39
10	KADLAS		448		00	03	31
			459		00	03	81
			597		00	02	08
			582		00	06	80
			583		00	01	88
			584		00	00	80
			585		00	05	78
			581		00	09	98
			569		00	00	25
			567		00	02	81
			568		00	00	60
			557	2	00	23	39
			588		00	02	16
			589		00	05	88
			577	1	00	34	07
			556		00	01	30
			661		00	00	32

Taluka : SANGOLA			District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA		
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
10	KADLAS (Contd.)		662		00	10	08
			664		00	08	91
			913		00	15	89
			1181		00	02	24
			1179		00	05	71
			1186		00	05	22
			1187		00	08	27
			EN in between Gat No. 1187 & 1208		00	70	00
			1237		00	15	89
Total					02	47	43
11	MEDSINGI		305		00	08	61
Total					00	08	61
12	WADEGAON		602		00	15	48
			601		00	07	10
			603		00	00	60
			600		00	00	60
			591		00	25	82
			583		00	03	00
			587		00	18	00
			586		00	07	02
			579		00	20	14
			577		00	15	29
			565		00	08	00
			561		00	03	00
			559		00	06	50
			558		00	04	00
			557		00	05	00
			578		00	05	15
			568		00	03	17
			567		00	01	26
			555		00	06	20
			554		00	06	75
			494		00	08	00
			495		00	07	75
			497		00	01	50
			498		00	03	50
			499		00	02	75

Taluka : SANGOLA		District : SOLAPUR		State : MAHARASHTRA			
Sr. No.	Name of the Village	Survey No.	Gat No.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
					Hectare	Are	Sq.mt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12 WADEGAON (Contd.)			500		00	06	50
			489		00	16	75
Total					02	08	83

[No. R-31015/19/2004-O.R.-II]

HARISH KUMAR, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 2 अगस्त, 2005

का. आ. 2754.—केन्द्रीय सरकार को लोकहित में यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि गुजरात राज्य में कोयली से रतलाम तक पेट्रोलियम उत्पादन के परिवहन के लिए इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा एक पाइपलाइन बिछाई जानी चाहिए;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार को उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उस भूमि में उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने का प्रस्ताव है और जो इस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में वर्णित है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए;

अतः अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, उस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा करती है.

कोई व्यक्ति, जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, उस तारीख से जिसको उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन भारत के राजपत्र में यथा प्रकाशित इस अधिसूचना की प्रतियां साधारण जनता के उपलब्ध करा दी जाती है, ईक्कीस दिन के भीतर भूमि के नीचे पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने के संबंध में पी. आर. भट्ट सक्षम प्राधिकारी इंडियन ऑयल कोर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड, मकान नं 3/122 रिफाइनरी टाउनशिप, पो.ओ. जवाहरनगर, वडोदरा-391320 (गुजरात) को लिखित रूप में आक्षेप भेज सकेगा।

अनुसूची					
तालुका : वडोदरा	जिला : वडोदरा		राज्य : गुजरात		
गाँव का नाम	सर्वेक्षण सं-खण्ड सं.	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
			हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मिटर
1	2	3	4	5	6
आसोज	213	-	0	7	41
	206	-	0	9	37
	207	-	0	4	84
	202	-	0	14	48
	201	-	0	18	89
	198	-	0	14	50
	199	-	0	0	0.5
	197	-	0	5	19
	183	P	0	36	83
	182	-	0	8	67
	181	-	0	11	48
	177	P	0	29	59
	137	-	0	13	63
	138	-	0	37	03
	139	-	0	56	02
	115	P	0	4	32
	116	-	0	0	36
	117	-	0	44	20
	93	-	0	9	60
	94	P	0	0	18
	92	-	0	41	78
	91	-	0	6	98

[फा. सं. आर-25011/5/2005-ओ.आर-1]

एस. के. चिटकारा, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 2nd August, 2005

S. O. 2754.—Whereas, it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transportation of petroleum products from Koyali to Ratlam in the State of Gujarat, a pipeline should be laid by the Indian Oil Corporation Limited.

And whereas it appears to the Central Government that for the purpose of laying the said pipeline, it is necessary to acquire the right of user in the land under which the said pipeline is proposed to be laid and which is described in the Schedule annexed to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the petroleum and Minerals pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in land)

Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Any person interested in the land described in the said Schedule may, within twenty-one days from the date on which the copies of this notification, issued under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act, as published in the Gazette of India are made available to the general public, object in writing to the laying of pipeline under the land to Mr. P.R. Bhatt, Competent Authority, Indian Oil Corporation Limited, at office Qtrs.No.3/122,Refinery Township, P.O. Jawaharnagar, Vadodara-391320 (Gujarat).

SCHEDULE

Tehsil :- Vadodara		District :- Vadodara		State :- Gujarat		
Name of Village		Survey/Block No	Sub-Division No.	Area		
				Hectare	Are	Sq.mtr.
1		2	3	4	5	6
Asoj		213	-	0	7	41
		206	-	0	9	37
		207	-	0	4	84
		202	-	0	14	48
		201	-	0	18	89
		198	-	0	14	50
		199	-	0	0	0.5
		197	-	0	5	19
		183	P	0	36	83
		182	-	0	8	67
		181	-	0	11	48
		177	P	0	29	59
		137	-	0	13	63
		138	-	0	37	03
		139	-	0	56	02
		115	P	0	4	32
		116	-	0	0	36
		117	-	0	44	20
		93	-	0	9	60
		94	P	0	0	18
		92	-	0	41	78
		91	-	0	6	98

[F. No. R-25011/5/2005-O.R-I]
S. K. CHITKARA, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 2 अगस्त, 2005

का. आ. 2755.—केंद्रीय सरकार को लोकहित में यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि गुजरात राज्य में कोयली से रतलाम तक पेट्रोलियम उत्पादन के परिवहन के लिए इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा एक पाइपलाइन बिछाई जानी चाहिए;

और केंद्रीय सरकार को उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उस भूमि में उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने का प्रस्ताव है और जो इस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में वर्णित है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए;

अतः अब, केंद्रीय सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, उस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा करती है.

कोई व्यक्ति, जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, उस तारीख से जिसको उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन भारत के राजपत्र में यथा प्रकाशित इस अधिसूचना की प्रतियां साधारण जनता के उपलब्ध करा दी जाती है, ईक्कीस दिन के भीतर भूमि के नीचे पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने के संबंध में पी. आर. भट्ट सक्षम प्राधिकारी इंडियन ऑयल कोर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड, मकान नं 3/122 रिफाइनरी टाउनशीप, पो.ओ. जवाहरनगर, वडोदरा-391320 (गुजरात) को लिखित रूप में आक्षेप भेज सकेगा।

अनुसूची

तालुका :- सावली	ज़ीला :- वडोदरा		राय :- गुजरात		
गाँव का नाम	सर्वेक्षण सं-खण्ड सं.	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
			हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मिटर
1	2	3	4	5	6
पीलील	115	-	0	10	80
	114	-	0	07	52
	120	-	0	12	56
	118	-	0	01	67
	119	-	0	22	43
	132	-	0	07	26
	130	2	0	07	3
	130	1	0	20	15
	142	2	0	00	89
	142	1	0	01	56
	139	P3	0	07	24
	139	P4A	0	11	93
	140	1	0	09	94
	141	-	0	12	82
	149	-	0	06	12
	183	2	0	01	53
	183	1	0	08	66
	158	1	0	21	35
	158	2	0	00	4
	7	-	0	04	30
	9	-	0	05	48
	162	P1	0	12	95
	162	P2	0	01	12
	163	2	0	09	38
	228	1	0	15	20
	228	P2	0	10	83
	236	-	0	11	84
	242	-	0	06	79
	259	-	0	00	90
	243	-	0	14	72
	252	2	0	08	73
	253	-	0	00	55
	257	1	0	10	69
	257	2	0	04	48
	255	-	0	06	17
	1141	-	0	09	12
	1140	-	0	12	28
	812	-	0	08	46

1	2	3	4	5	6
दीलीज (अरी)	811	-	0	03	5
	813	2	0	25	9
	818	-	0	00	89
	822	-	0	15	59
	838	-	0	04	82
	837	-	0	11	15
	836	-	0	06	7
	835	-	0	09	82
	840	-	0	07	76
	839	-	0	03	73
	842	-	0	00	85
	844	-	0	11	72
	845	-	0	14	74
	857	2/P1	0	39	69
	856	-	0	03	87
	711	-	0	00	39
	712	-	0	14	10
	709	-	0	06	86
	706	1	0	01	54
	708	-	0	17	13
	695	-	0	01	46
	696	1	0	13	18
	701	1	0	05	94
	701	2	0	00	65
	698	-	0	01	91
	699	P1	0	17	47
	594	1	0	03	44
	689	-	0	16	42
	647	-	0	04	24
	1146	-	0	10	82
	685	P1	0	01	45
	648	-	0	03	74
	856	4	0	07	15
	656	1	0	11	1
	656	2	0	23	87
	659	-	0	12	7
	662	-	0	03	38
	658	1	0	01	62
	634	-	0	06	56
	633	1	0	8	35
	633	2	0	8	35
	632	-	0	10	72
	631	-	0	14	13
	619	P2	0	00	81

1	2	3	4	5	6
पीलील (गरी)	629	-	0	20	65
	628	-	0	01	50
इन्दाल	402	-	0	8	33
	403	-	0	3	22
	226	-	0	7	26
	225	-	0	1	61
	172	-	0	0	68
	173	-	0	14	10
	170	-	0	6	37
	179	-	0	12	36
	182	1	0	12	29
	165	-	0	10	74
	163	1	0	4	86
	163	2	0	5	59
	159	-	0	13	22
	160	-	0	5	44
	153	-	0	11	14
	161	-	0	0	48
	152	-	0	10	71
	151	-	0	8	65
	150	-	0	4	28
	120	-	0	01	22
	121	-	0	13	99
	59	-	0	4	88
	58	-	0	11	41
	60	-	0	12	90
	61	-	0	6	87
	65	-	0	4	19
	62	-	0	0	54
	62	1	0	17	70
	53	-	0	0	28
	50	3	0	8	8
	50	1	0	8	50
	50	2/B	0	9	12
	85	-	0	19	99
	49	-	0	13	52
	482	-	0	14	97
	481	-	0	3	19
	493	-	0	5	70
	492	-	0	8	14
	490	1	0	2	38
	490	-	0	5	99
	524	1	0	06	34
	524	P/1	0	10	36
	523	-	0	1	73
	535	1	0	3	71

1	2	3	4	5	6
इन्दाल (हारी...)	535	2	0	4	87
	538	2	0	0	60
	538	1	0	3	82
	537	-	0	8	9
	552	-	0	0	34
	557	-	0	12	99
	556	-	0	12	8
	551	-	0	10	26
	669	-	0	0	26
	563	-	0	4	75
	668	-	0	9	78
	666	-	0	3	36
	667	-	0	8	26
	664	-	0	7	83
	663	-	0	0	70
	653	-	0	14	54
	654	-	0	6	43
	650	-	0	8	48
	651	-	0	8	42
	711	-	0	15	73
	744	-	0	15	41
	743	-	0	14	28
	754	-	0	12	16
	753	-	0	13	40
	757	-	0	13	69
	1257	-	0	0	42
	756	-	0	11	51
	758	-	0	2	60
	755	-	0	17	73
	1276	2/P/1	0	60	51
	1276	3/1	0	31	57
	1276	3/2	0	31	57
	1276	4	0	2	84
भीमर	210	-	0	13	38
	53	-	0	34	88
	46	-	0	11	28
	47	-	0	2	31
	45	-	0	6	77
	44	-	0	0	7
	43	1	0	8	3
	43	2	0	3	52
	43	3	0	5	7
	43	4	0	0	37
	42	2	0	1	89
	612	-	0	8	5
	613	-	0	10	80

1	2	3	4	5	6
भीमर (गरी-)	611	1/A+C	0	13	53
	582	1	0	5	12
	582	2	0	5	15
	580	1	0	0	11
	581	1	0	7	98
	590	-	0	1	81
	583	1	0	13	25
	583	2	0	6	22
	588	-	0	3	82
	589	1	0	1	37
	589	2	0	5	75
	561	2	0	1	26
	562	-	0	17	80
	563	-	0	17	76
	565	-	0	11	77
	559	1	0	8	44
	559	2	0	8	60
	559	-	0	8	18
	536	1/P2	0	07	70
	536	2/P2	0	10	79
	549	-	0	8	96
	539	1	0	0	92
	539	2	0	9	93
	546	1	0	14	97
	546	1	0	0	41
	545	1	0	8	3
	545	2	0	3	39
गराधीया	488/387	-	0	15	94
	493/391	-	0	18	16
	494/390	-	0	0	47
	496/398	1	0	3	49
	495/400	-	0	10	61
	482/401	-	0	6	12
	479/399	-	0	1	87
	480/402	-	0	5	62
	478/408	-	0	3	66
	477/407	-	0	3	35
	474/409	-	0	16	42
	510/432	-	0	8	53
	511/433	-	0	17	1
	513/445	-	0	4	20
	517/448	-	0	15	1
	518/449	-	0	9	9
	519/449	-	0	7	20
	516/447	-	0	2	94
	543/465	-	0	16	13

1	2	3	4	5	6
गराधीया (गारी...)	552/472	-	0	7	87
	551/471	-	0	7	11
	549/471	-	0	14	34
	548/471	-	0	7	7
	547/470	-	0	0	3
	560/369	-	0	0	44
	561/383	-	0	9	0
	562/383	-	0	12	74
	563/382	-	0	3	65
	20	2	0	3	19
वडादला	20	1	0	12	18
	22	-	0	6	46
	19	2	0	0	49
	23	2	0	0	2
	19	1	0	8	60
	24	-	0	11	64
	18	1	0	0	10
	11	-	0	0	8
	17	-	0	16	15
	13	2	0	0	3
	14	1	0	9	69
	14	2/B	0	0	58
	16	2	0	21	88
	16	1	0	5	62
	15	-	0	0	03
	218	2	0	0	26
	114	1	0	36	71
	207	-	0	13	15
	206	-	0	0	84
	181	-	0	23	75
	188	-	0	16	46
	187	1A	0	5	84
	187	1B	0	12	37
	187	1C	0	17	5
	129	1A/P1	0	2	94
	147	1	0	3	87
	147	2	0	5	94
	146	-	0	28	59
	150	-	0	0	14
	144	-	0	0	04
	143	P2	0	18	57
	114	3/P2	0	34	56
	114	3/P1	0	38	79
हरीपुरा	190	-	0	10	65
	160	-	0	7	12
	159	-	0	17	50

1	2	3	4	5	6
हरीपुर (जारी...)	158	-	0	19	22
	157	-	0	20	65
	156	-	0	18	52
	165	2	0	8	40
	165	3	0	10	78
	166	1	0	14	33
	166	2	0	4	81
	167	-	0	18	89
	168	-	0	18	78
	169	-	0	19	57
	170	1/P1	0	18	9
	172	-	0	17	99
	173	1	0	28	33
	173	2P1	0	20	40
गंगाडीया अदलावाडा	82	-	1	58	02
	181	3/3P	0	8	9
	181	4/A	0	28	32
	181	4/B	0	12	15
	181	8	0	31	90
	181	9	0	7	41
	181	24	0	27	20
	181	23/2	0	19	38
	181	23/3	0	17	78
	182	11/P3	0	6	69
	182	11/P2	0	2	31
	202	-	0	25	40
	182	2/C	0	12	37
	182	2/B	0	20	73
	182	2/A/P2	0	9	43
	182	2/A/P1	0	6	9
	182	1	0	3	49
	182	7	0	49	10
	182	5/A	0	4	37
	182	5/B	0	29	67
लोटना	182	3/2	0	15	51
	115	1	0	32	37
	115	2	0	7	33
	116	-	0	26	41
	124	-	0	26	58
	125	-	0	10	12
	127	-	0	13	13
	126	-	0	0	05
	128	-	0	8	21
	138	-	0	0	16
	137	1	0	16	33
	137	2	0	83	67

1	2	3	4	5	6
लोटना (जारी)	13	-	0	17	14
	12	1	0	9	56
	12	4	0	3	40
	12	5	0	0	39
	12	6	0	14	82
	12	8	0	3	75
	12	7	0	0	12
	11	1	0	6	68
	22	-	0	31	64
	10	-	0	0	88
	23	1	0	4	9
	25	2P1	0	8	10
	25	1	0	16	96
	25	2P2	0	7	95
	27	-	0	16	46
	38	1	0	0	4
	38	2	0	20	14
	42	-	0	6	83
	41	1	0	13	45
	39	2	0	8	56
	149	-	0	8	64
	150	-	0	9	50
	151	2	0	7	58
	153	-	0	8	1
	155	-	0	7	68
	154	1	0	10	80
	154	2	0	8	28
	154	3	0	17	76
	183	-	0	14	29
	182	-	0	16	56
	181	-	0	17	26
	179	1	0	13	43
	179	2	0	12	09
	13	1	0	18	42
	13	2	0	18	94
	13	5P2	0	24	15
	13	4	0	23	47
	13	2/P2	0	23	16
	180	1	0	10	25
	180	2	0	9	31
मुहेला	264	1	0	23	42
	266	-	0	32	17
	265	-	0	8	99
	267	-	0	38	21
	271	-	0	4	13
	365	-	0	37	27
	365	-	0	37	27

1	2	3	4	5	6
मुदेल (जारी)	364	-	0	38	96
	348	-	0	6	83
	349	-	0	33	75
	350	-	0	38	96
	345	-	0	5	34
	344	-	0	36	2
	335	-	0	3	30
	336	-	0	37	63
	330	-	0	40	1
	332	-	0	7	12
	326	-	0	13	98
	327	-	0	40	77
सीगानीया	23	7	0	36	77
	23	6	0	0	85
	35	-	0	19	27
	35	1	0	19	16
	35	2	0	0	82
	34	-	0	10	62
	31	1	0	6	44
	32	-	0	28	97
	36	-	0	0	86
खाखरीया	114	10/P2	0	11	13
	114	10/P6	0	16	60
	114	10/P5	0	4	84
	114	6	0	30	86
	114	5/P1	0	23	67
	114	4	0	8	45
	114	3/P1	0	24	99
	114	3/P2	0	24	98
	114	1	0	33	55

[फा. सं. आर-25011/5/2005-ओ.आर-I]

एस. के. चिटकारा, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 2nd August, 2005

S. O. 2755.—Whereas, it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transportation of petroleum products from Koyali to Ratlam in the State of Gujarat, a pipeline should be laid by the Indian Oil Corporation Limited.

And whereas it appears to the Central Government that for the purpose of laying the said pipeline, it is necessary to acquire the right of user in the land under which the said pipeline is proposed to be laid and which is described in the Schedule annexed to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the petroleum and Minerals pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in land)

Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Any person interested in the land described in the said Schedule may, within twenty-one days from the date on which the copies of this notification, issued under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act, as published in the Gazette of India are made available to the general public, object in writing to the laying of pipeline under the land to Mr. P.R. Bhatt, Competent Authority, Indian Oil Corporation Limited, at office Qtrs.No.3/122,Refinery Township, P.O. Jawaharnagar, Vadodara-391320 (Gujarat).

SCHEDULE

Tehsil :- Savli	Dist :- Vadodara		State :- Gujarat		
Name of Village	Survey/Block NO.	Sub-Division No.	Area		
			Hectare	Are	Sq.mtr.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Pilol	115	-	0	10	80
	114	-	0	07	52
	120	-	0	12	56
	118	-	0	01	67
	119	-	0	22	43
	132	-	0	07	26
	130	2	0	07	3
	130	1	0	20	15
	142	2	0	00	89
	142	1	0	01	56
	139	P3	0	07	24
	139	P4A	0	11	93
	140	1	0	09	94
	141	-	0	12	82
	149	-	0	06	12
	183	2	0	01	53
	183	1	0	08	66
	158	1	0	21	35
	158	2	0	00	4
	7	-	0	04	30
	9	-	0	05	48
	162	P1	0	12	95
	162	P2	0	01	12
	163	2	0	09	38
	228	1	0	15	20
	228	P2	0	10	83
	236	-	0	11	84
	242	-	0	06	79
	259	-	0	00	90
	243	-	0	14	72
	252	2	0	08	73
	253	-	0	00	55

1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Pilol (Contd.)</i>	257	1	0	10	69
	257	2	0	04	48
	255	-	0	06	17
	1141	-	0	09	12
	1140	-	0	12	28
	1139	-	0	14	17
	1134	-	0	21	23
	812	-	0	08	46
	811	-	0	03	5
	813	2	0	25	9
	818	-	0	00	89
	822	-	0	15	59
	838	-	0	04	82
	837	-	0	11	15
	836	-	0	06	7
	835	-	0	09	82
	840	-	0	07	76
	839	-	0	03	73
	842	-	0	00	85
	844	-	0	11	72
	845	-	0	14	74
	857	2/P1	0	39	69
	856	-	0	03	87
	711	-	0	00	39
	712	-	0	14	10
	709	-	0	06	86
	706	1	0	01	54
	708	-	0	17	13
	695	-	0	01	46
	696	1	0	13	18
	701	1	0	05	94
	701	2	0	00	65
	698	-	0	01	91
	699	P1	0	17	47
	594	1	0	03	44
	689	-	0	16	42
	647	-	0	04	24
	1146	-	0	10	82
	685	P1	0	01	45
	648	-	0	03	74
	656	4	0	07	15
	656	1	0	11	1
	656	2	0	23	87
	659	-	0	12	7
	662	-	0	03	38
	658	1	0	01	62
	634	-	0	06	56

1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Pilol (contd...)</i>	633	1	0	8	35
	633	2	0	8	35
	632	-	0	10	72
	631	-	0	14	13
	619	P2	0	00	81
	629	-	0	20	65
	628	-	0	01	50
Indral	402	-	0	8	33
	403	-	0	3	22
	226	-	0	7	26
	225	-	0	1	61
	172	-	0	0	68
	173	-	0	14	10
	170	-	0	6	37
	179	-	0	12	36
	182	1	0	12	29
	165	-	0	10	74
	163	1	0	4	86
	163	2	0	5	59
	159	-	0	13	22
	160	-	0	5	44
	153	-	0	11	14
	161	-	0	0	48
	152	-	0	10	71
	151	-	0	8	65
	150	-	0	4	28
	120	-	0	01	22
	121	-	0	13	99
	59	-	0	4	88
	58	-	0	11	41
	60	-	0	12	90
	61	-	0	6	87
	65	-	0	24	19
	62	-	0	19	54
	62	1	0	317	70
	53	-	0	110	26
	50	3	0	118	8
	50	1	0	28	50
	50	2/B	0	9	12
	85	-	0	19	99
	49	-	0	13	52
	482	-	0	14	97
	481	-	0	3	19
	493	-	0	5	70
	492	-	0	8	14
	490	1	0	2	38
	490	-	0	5	99
	524	1	0	06	34
	524	P/1	0	10	36
	523	-	0	1	73
	535	1	0	3	71

1	2	3	4	5	6
Indral	535	2	0	4	87
	538	2	0	0	60
	538	1	0	3	82
	537	-	0	8	9
	552	-	0	0	34
	557	-	0	12	99
	556	-	0	12	8
	551	-	0	10	26
	669	-	0	0	26
	563	-	0	4	75
	668	-	0	9	78
	666	-	0	3	36
	667	-	0	8	26
	664	-	0	7	83
	663	-	0	0	70
	653	-	0	14	54
	654	-	0	6	43
	650	-	0	8	48
	651	-	0	8	42
	711	-	0	15	73
	744	-	0	15	41
	743	-	0	14	28
	754	-	0	12	16
	753	-	0	13	40
	757	-	0	13	69
	1257	-	0	0	42
	756	-	0	11	51
	758	-	0	2	60
	755	-	0	17	73
	1276	2/P/1	0	60	51
	1276	3/1	0	31	57
	1276	3/2	0	31	57
	1276	4	0	2	84
VEMAR	210	-	0	13	38
	53	-	0	34	88
	46	-	0	11	28
	47	-	0	2	31
	45	-	0	6	77
	44	-	0	0	7
	43	1	0	8	3
	43	2	0	3	52
	43	3	0	5	7
	43	4	0	0	37
	42	2	0	1	89
	612	-	0	8	5
	613	-	0	10	80

1	2	3	4	5	6
	611	1/A+C	0	13	53
	582	1	0	5	12
	582	2	0	5	15
	580	1	0	0	11
	581	1	0	7	98
	590	-	0	1	81
	583	1	0	13	25
	583	2	0	6	22
	588	-	0	3	82
	589	1	0	1	37
	589	2	0	5	75
	561	2	0	1	26
	562	-	0	17	80
	563	-	0	17	76
	565	-	0	11	77
	559	1	0	8	44
	559	2	0	8	60
	559	-	0	8	18
	536	1/P2	0	07	70
	536	2/P2	0	10	79
	549	-	0	8	96
	539	1	0	0	92
	539	2	0	9	93
	546	1	0	14	97
	546	1	0	0	41
	545	1	0	8	3
	545	2	0	3	39
Garadhiya	488/387	-	0	15	94
	493/391	-	0	18	16
	494/390	-	0	0	47
	496/398	1	0	3	49
	495/400	-	0	10	61
	482/401	-	0	6	12
	479/399	-	0	1	87
	480402	-	0	5	62
	478/408	-	0	3	66
	477/407	-	0	3	35
	474/409	-	0	16	42
	510/432	-	0	8	53
	511/433	-	0	17	1
	513/445	-	0	4	20
	517/448	-	0	15	1
	518/449	-	0	9	9
	519/449	-	0	7	20
	516/447	-	0	2	94
	543/465	-	0	16	13

1	2	3	4	5	6
Ganadhige	552/472	-	0	7	87
	551/471	-	0	7	11
	549/471	-	0	14	34
	548/471	-	0	7	7
	547/470	-	0	0	3
	580/389	-	0	0	44
	561/383	-	0	9	0
	562/383	-	0	12	74
	563/382	-	0	3	65
Vadadala	20	2	0	3	19
	20	1	0	12	18
	22	-	0	6	46
	19	2	0	0	49
	23	2	0	0	2
	19	1	0	8	60
	24	-	0	11	64
	18	1	0	0	10
	11	-	0	0	8
	17	-	0	16	15
	13	2	0	0	3
	14	1	0	9	69
	14	2/B	0	0	58
	16	2	0	21	88
	16	1	0	5	62
	15	-	0	0	03
	218	2	0	0	26
	114	1	0	36	71
	207	-	0	13	15
	206	-	0	0	84
	181	-	0	23	75
	188	-	0	16	46
	187	1A	0	5	84
	187	1B	0	12	37
	187	1C	0	17	5
	129	1A/P1	0	2	94
	147	1	0	3	87
	147	2	0	5	94
	146	-	0	28	59
	150	-	0	0	14
	144	-	0	0	04
	143	P2	0	18	57
	114	3/P2	0	34	56
	114	3/P1	0	38	79
Haripura	190	-	0	10	65
	160	-	0	7	12
	159	-	0	17	50

1	2	3	4	5	6
Maripura	158	-	0	19	22
	157	-	0	20	65
	156	-	0	18	52
	165	2	0	8	40
	165	3	0	10	78
	166	1	0	14	33
	166	2	0	4	81
	167	-	0	18	89
	168	-	0	18	78
	169	-	0	19	57
	170	1/P1	0	18	9
	172	-	0	17	99
	173	1	0	28	33
	173	2P1	0	20	40
	82	-	1	58	02
	181	3/3P	0	8	9
	181	4/A	0	28	32
	181	4/B	0	12	15
	181	8	0	31	90
	181	9	0	7	41
Gangadiya Adalwada	181	24	0	27	20
	181	23/2	0	19	38
	181	23/3	0	17	78
	182	11/P3	0	6	69
	182	11/P2	0	2	31
	202	-	0	25	40
	182	2/C	0	12	37
	182	2/B	0	20	73
	182	2/A/P2	0	9	43
	182	2/A/P1	0	6	9
	182	1	0	3	49
	182	7	0	49	10
	182	5/A	0	4	37
	182	5/B	0	29	67
	182	3/2	0	15	51
	115	1	0	32	37
	115	2	0	7	33
	116	-	0	26	41
	124	-	0	26	58
Lotana	125	-	0	10	12
	127	-	0	13	13
	126	-	0	0	05
	128	-	0	8	21
	138	-	0	0	16
	137	1	0	16	33
	137	2	0	83	67

1	2	3	4	5	6
Lotana	13	-	0	17	14
	12	1	0	9	56
	12	4	0	3	40
	12	5	0	0	39
	12	6	0	14	82
	12	8	0	3	75
	12	7	0	0	12
	11	1	0	6	68
	22	-	0	31	64
	10	-	0	0	88
	23	1	0	4	9
	25	2P1	0	8	10
	25	1	0	16	96
	25	2P2	0	7	95
	27	-	0	16	46
	38	1	0	0	4
	38	2	0	20	14
	42	-	0	6	83
	41	1	0	13	45
	39	2	0	8	56
Sadar	149	-	0	8	64
	150	-	0	9	50
	151	2	0	7	58
	153	-	0	8	1
	155	-	0	7	88
	154	1	0	10	80
	154	2	0	8	28
	154	3	0	17	76
	183	-	0	14	29
	182	-	0	16	56
	181	-	0	17	26
	179	1	0	13	43
	179	2	0	12	09
	13	1	0	18	42
	13	2	0	18	94
	13	5P2	0	24	15
	13	4	0	23	47
	13	2/P2	0	23	16
	180	1	0	10	25
	180	2	0	9	31
Mudhela	264	1	0	23	42
	266	-	0	32	17
	265	-	0	8	99
	267	-	0	38	21
	271	-	0	4	13
	365	-	0	37	27

1	2	3	4	5	6
Mudhela	364	-	0	38	96
	348	-	0	6	83
	349	-	0	33	75
	350	-	0	38	96
	345	-	0	5	34
	344	-	0	36	2
	335	-	0	3	30
	336	-	0	37	63
	330	-	0	40	1
	332	-	0	7	12
	326	-	0	13	98
	327	-	0	40	77
Singaniya	23	7	0	36	77
	23	6	0	0	85
	35	-	0	19	27
	35	1	0	19	16
	35	2	0	0	82
	34	-	0	10	62
	31	1	0	6	44
	32	-	0	28	97
	36	-	0	0	86
Khakhariya	114	10/P2	0	11	13
	114	10/P6	0	16	60
	114	10/P5	0	4	84
	114	6	0	30	86
	114	5/P1	0	23	67
	114	4	0	8	45
	114	3/P1	0	24	99
	114	3/P2	0	24	98
	114	1	0	33	55

[F. No. R-25011/5/2005-O.R-I]
S. K. CHITKARA, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 2 अगस्त, 2005

का. आ. 2756.—केन्द्रीय सरकार को लोकहित में यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि गुजरात राज्य में कोयली से रतलाम तक पेट्रोलियम उत्पादन के परिवहन के लिए इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा एक पाइपलाइन बिछाई जानी चाहिए; और केन्द्रीय सरकार को उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उस भूमि में उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने का प्रस्ताव है और जो इस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में वर्णित है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए; अतः अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, उस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की धोषणा करती है.

कोई व्यक्ति, जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, उस तारीख से जिसको उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन भारत के राजपत्र में यथा प्रकाशित इस अधिसूचना की प्रतियां साधारण जनता के उपलब्ध करा दी जाती हैं, ईक्कीस दिन के भीतर भूमि के नीचे पाईपलाईन बिछाए जाने के संबंध में पी. आर. भट्ट सक्षम प्राधिकारी इंडीयन ऑयल कोर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड, मकान नं 3/122 रिफाइनरी टाउनशीप, पो.ओ. जवाहरनगर, वडोदरा-391320 (गुजरात) को लिखित रूप में आक्षेप भेज सकेगा।

अनुसूची

तालुका : दाहोद	जिला : दाहोद		राज्य : गुजरात		
गाँव का नाम	सर्वेक्षण सं-खण्ड सं.	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
			हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मिटर
1	2	3	4	5	6
रोझाभ	59	-	0	28	21
	126	3	0	5	94
	55	-	0	19	53
	54	-	0	12	57
	49	-	0	44	46
	126	5	0	21	10
	77	-	0	10	28
	82	-	0	10	3
	83	-	0	10	61
	84	-	0	21	61
	91	2	0	14	36
	90	-	0	27	32
	96	-	0	23	63
	92	-	0	36	87
	93	A	0	32	86
	93	B	0	21	78
जेकोत	3	-	0	7	64
	17	-	0	22	20
	47	109	0	7	11
	47	68	0	23	37
	47	70	0	14	72
	47	69	0	18	76
	47	67	0	2	89
	47	75	0	7	66
	47	66	0	15	62
	21	-	0	3	6
	23	5	0	26	32
	20	1	0	20	17
	47	92	0	19	41
	47	88	0	2	46
	47	93	0	24	75
	47	94	0	23	54
रामपुरा	20	-	0	5	54
	1	5/P1	0	54	73
	1	5/P2	0	54	73

1	2	3	4	5	6
काशी रस्ताइ	68	-	0	11	25
	63	-	0	20	50
	58	-	0	7	23
	62	-	0	16	87
	46	-	0	17	57
	44	-	0	21	85
	43	-	0	18	99
	41	-	0	3	2
	42	-	0	0	6
	40	-	0	13	44
	69	-	0	38	36
	67	-	0	35	31
	64	-	0	38	69
	60	-	0	25	69
	31	1	0	25	36
	72	1	1	52	59
	59	-	0	48	0
चापरी	65	-	0	15	96
	64	-	0	11	44
	7	B	0	7	67
	7	A	0	21	71
	6	-	0	23	31
	180	A	0	34	5
	180	B	0	28	27
	180	C	0	6	69
	175	-	0	0	26
	174	-	0	29	24
बारवानी	172	1	0	25	64
	172	2	0	21	45
	139	-	0	11	20
	141	-	0	19	31
	143	-	0	13	10
	140	-	0	10	48
	142	-	0	34	20
खरोदा	74	-	0	16	67
	67	-	0	16	75
	72	-	0	21	94
	71	-	0	5	6
	47	-	0	19	82
	69	-	0	19	29
	64	-	0	10	64
	63	1	0	17	94
	403	-	0	4	61
	402	-	0	6	59
	301	102	0	2	29
	301	103	0	22	23
	301	104	0	9	01
	70	-	0	36	87
	301	101	0	65	11

1	2	3	4	5	6
उसरवाण	135	-	0	13	2
	140	-	0	28	87
	143	-	0	25	79
	144	-	0	36	10
	145	-	0	4	23
	166	-	0	11	87
	168	-	0	0	63
	167	-	0	17	25
	165	-	0	6	67
	163	-	0	0	73
	162	-	0	28	31
	158	-	0	0	52
	157	-	0	12	87
उकारडी	285	-	0	25	46
	283	-	0	11	44
	284	-	0	8	8
	282	1	0	1	8
	281	-	0	29	39
	280	2	0	10	36
	280	1	0	0	77
	293	-	0	2	71
	294	2	0	7	34
	295	-	0	16	53
	344	-	0	31	61
	345	-	0	14	69
	356	-	0	34	58
	360	1	0	8	26
	360	2	0	8	9
	360	3	0	7	25
	360	4	0	7	85
	359	-	0	13	41
राजपुर	112	1	0	37	36
	112	2	0	5	90
	111	-	0	43	12
	117	1	0	0	68
	108	-	0	64	6
	107	-	0	17	9
	116	-	0	0	49
	105	-	0	10	20
	106	-	0	10	44
खारेडी	76	1	0	15	25
	77	-	0	30	90
	78	1	0	28	22
	80	-	0	16	15

1	2	3	4	5	6
रवारीडी (बादी...)	83	-	0	20	94
	85	1	0	21	21
	87	-	0	11	55
	88	-	0	3	66
	94	P1	0	32	72
	97	-	0	18	90
	119	1	0	24	16
	119	2	0	10	20
	118	-	0	16	12
	116	-	0	16	59
	115	-	0	21	44
	125	-	0	16	85
	214	P1	3	13	64
	217	-	0	25	33
	86	-	0	0	12
नानी रणापुर	50	-	0	18	45
	49	-	0	27	14
	55	1	0	2	75
	56	1	0	9	75
	57	1	0	1	33
	67	1	0	31	44
	64	-	0	25	13
	63	-	0	0	7
	65	3	0	24	98
	80	1	0	23	60
	80	2	0	28	39
	131	3	0	4	94
	122	-	0	31	14
	123	-	0	32	98
	111	-	0	31	45
	109	-	0	7	29
	108	-	0	36	80
नवागाँव	441	2	0	26	61
	425	-	0	0	11
	440	-	0	8	53
	439	2	0	23	28
	439	1	0	0	22
	438	1	0	6	78
	438	2	0	6	78
	437	-	0	5	51
	436	1	0	22	38
	435	1	0	7	51
	434	2	0	4	26
	434	1	0	13	90

1	2	3	4	5	6
नवागोंव (जरी...)	433	-	0	10	49
	431	1	0	14	70
	431	2	0	13	46
	432	1	0	9	15
	480	-	0	0	72
	399	1	0	13	0
	397	-	0	11	44
	395	-	0	6	96
	394	2	0	0	20
	391	1	0	33	63
	392	1	0	21	49
	384	1	0	9	13
	386	-	0	30	20
	378	-	0	19	89
	375	2	0	0	69
	376	-	0	25	57
	348	A	0	1	67
	335	-	0	0	86
	336	1	0	20	66
	348	B	0	13	50
	347	1	0	6	38
	347	2	0	8	11
	345	-	0	7	58
	346	-	0	9	32
	321	-	0	17	40
	322	1	0	11	31
	322	2	0	47	5
	284	-	0	19	84
	265	-	0	5	23
	264	1	0	23	55
	265	1	0	6	60
	269	-	0	58	67
	270	-	0	0	55
	267	A	0	21	89
	268	1	0	21	56
	247	-	0	22	51
	249	-	0	3	14
	246	1	0	31	44
	237	-	0	36	44
	238	-	0	22	18
तानाचीया	267	2	0	19	53
	268	2	0	14	60
	270	-	0	0	64
	269	-	0	19	23

1	2	3	4	5	6
ताम्रचीया (जारी..)	40	-	0	47	14
	39	-	0	0	89
	92	-	0	35	32
	77	-	0	1	47
	72	-	0	16	39
	73	-	0	24	54
	70	-	0	77	58
	102	-	0	3	83
	100	-	0	0	45
	101	-	0	22	75
	127	-	0	46	29
	99	-	0	40	7
	134	-	0	20	73
	95	-	0	0	71
	135	-	0	21	37
	136	-	0	33	24
	90	-	0	45	85
	91	-	0	33	17
हीमाला	125	-	0	49	69
	123	3	0	30	65
	124	-	0	3	23
	123	2	0	35	51
	112	-	0	11	51
	110	-	0	9	23
	108	-	0	27	9
	109	-	0	17	37
	106	-	0	35	88
	104	-	0	0	5
	105	-	0	16	92
	96	-	0	2	65
	97	-	0	43	61
	76	-	0	21	82
	65	-	0	40	10
	218	-	0	35	30
	219	-	0	12	98
	16	-	0	25	34
	220	-	0	0	16
	24	-	0	6	87
	15	1	0	19	25
	11	-	0	15	33
	10	-	0	15	34
	9	2	0	11	26
	9	4	0	9	79
	9	3	0	21	30

1	2	3	4	5	6
हीमाला (फारसी-००)	9	5	0	5	65
कोटडा खुर्द	89	-	0	37	32
	91	-	0	30	93
	1	-	0	3	38
राचाद	258	-	0	4	66
	244	1	0	40	19
	243	-	0	0	35
	242	9	0	10	53
	246	-	0	9	59
	242	7	0	34	2
	237	2	0	2	64
	233+248	-	0	27	69
	235	-	0	2	37
	234	-	0	8	85
	233	-	0	13	27
	228	-	0	1	15
	232	-	0	23	34
	231	-	0	3	24
	229	-	0	14	50
	202	2/2	0	1	71
	202	3/2+3/1	0	12	98
	203	-	0	14	57
	176	1	0	16	93
	176	2	0	7	17
	169	-	0	29	14
	168	-	0	24	13
	166	1	0	14	89
	164	-	0	15	84
	163	-	0	9	13
उदार	88	-	0	15	48
	89	-	0	21	72
	58	2/14	0	8	40
	58	2/13	0	20	6
	59	-	0	9	72
	60	-	0	18	29
	13	-	0	17	13
	87	2	0	43	52
	57	-	0	19	7
	58	2/4	0	30	5
	14	-	0	34	14
खेग	45	14	0	11	20
	45	13	0	12	1
	45	12	0	15	55
	45	3	0	15	4

1	2	3	4	5	6
रेंज (गारी--)	45	5	0	32	59
	47	-	0	6	21
	46	-	0	18	93
	4	-	0	30	21
	2	2	0	45	53

[फा. सं. आर-25011/6/2005-ओ.आर-1]

एस. के. चिटकारा, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 2nd August, 2005

S. O. 2756.—Whereas, it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transportation of petroleum products from Koyali to Ratlam in the State of Gujarat, a pipeline should be laid by the Indian Oil Corporation Limited.

And whereas it appears to the Central Government that for the purpose of laying the said pipeline, it is necessary to acquire the right of user in the land under which the said pipeline is proposed to be laid and which is described in the Schedule annexed to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the petroleum and Minerals pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Any person interested in the land described in the said Schedule may, within twenty-one days from the date on which the copies of this notification, issued under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act, as published in the Gazette of India are made available to the general public, object in writing to the laying of pipeline under the land to Mr. P.R. Bhatt, Competent Authority, Indian Oil Corporation Limited, at office Qtrs.No.3/122,Refinery Township, P.O. Jawaharnagar, Vadodara-391320 (Gujarat).

SCHEDULE

Tehsil :- Dahod		Dist :- Dahod		State :- Gujarat		
Name of Village	Survey/Block NO.	Sub-Div. No.	Area			
			Hectare	Are	Sq.mtr.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	
Rozam	59	-	0	28	21	
	126	3	0	5	94	
	55	-	0	19	53	
	54	-	0	12	57	
	49	-	0	44	46	
	126	5	0	21	10	
	77	-	0	10	28	
	82	-	0	10	3	
	83	-	0	10	61	
	84	-	0	21	61	
	91	2	0	14	36	
	90	-	0	27	32	
	96	-	0	23	63	
	92	-	0	36	87	
	93	A	0	32	86	
	93	B	0	21	78	
	3	-	0	7	64	
	17	-	0	22	20	
	47	109	0	7	11	
	47	68	0	23	37	
	47	70	0	14	72	
	47	69	0	18	76	
	47	67	0	2	89	
	47	75	0	7	66	
	47	66	0	15	62	
	21	-	0	3	6	
	23	5	0	26	32	
	20	1	0	20	17	
	47	92	0	19	41	
	47	88	0	2	46	
	47	93	0	24	75	
	47	94	0	23	54	
Rampura	20	-	0	5	54	
	1	5/P1	0	54	73	
	1	5/P2	0	54	73	
Kali Talai	68	-	0	11	25	
	63	-	0	20	50	
	58	-	0	7	23	
	62	-	0	16	87	
	46	-	0	17	57	

1	2	3	4	5	6
	44	-	0	21	85
	43	-	0	18	99
	41	-	0	3	2
	42	-	0	0	6
	40	-	0	13	44
	69	-	0	38	36
	67	-	0	35	31
	64	-	0	38	69
	60	-	0	25	69
	31	1	0	25	36
	72	1	1	52	59
	59	-	0	48	0
Chapari	65	-	0	15	96
	64	-	0	11	44
	7	B	0	7	67
	7	A	0	21	71
	6	-	0	23	31
	180	A	0	34	5
	180	B	0	28	27
	180	C	0	6	69
	175	-	0	0	26
	174	-	0	29	24
	172	1	0	25	64
	172	2	0	21	45
Borvani	139	-	0	11	20
	141	-	0	19	31
	143	-	0	13	10
	140	-	0	10	48
	142	-	0	34	20
Kharoda	74	-	0	16	67
	67	-	0	16	75
	72	-	0	21	94
	71	-	0	5	6
	47	-	0	19	82
	69	-	0	19	29
	64	-	0	10	64
	63	1	0	17	94
	403	-	0	4	61
	402	-	0	6	59
	301	102	0	2	29
	301	103	0	22	23
	301	104	0	9	01
	70	-	0	36	87
	301	101	0	65	11

1	2	3	4	5	6
Usarvan	135	-	0	13	2
	140	-	0	28	87
	143	-	0	25	79
	144	-	0	36	10
	145	-	0	4	23
	166	-	0	11	87
	168	-	0	0	63
	167	-	0	17	25
	165	-	0	6	67
	163	-	0	0	73
	162	-	0	28	31
	158	-	0	0	52
	157	-	0	12	87
	285	-	0	25	46
Ukardi	283	-	0	11	44
	284	-	0	8	8
	282	1	0	1	8
	281	-	0	29	39
	280	2	0	10	36
	280	1	0	0	77
	293	-	0	2	71
	294	2	0	7	34
	295	-	0	16	53
	344	-	0	31	61
	345	-	0	14	69
	356	-	0	34	58
	360	1	0	8	26
	360	2	0	8	9
	360	3	0	7	25
Rajpur	360	4	0	7	85
	359	-	0	13	41
	112	1	0	37	36
	112	2	0	5	90
	111	-	0	43	12
	117	1	0	0	68
	108	-	0	64	6
	107	-	0	17	9
	116	-	0	0	49
	105	-	0	10	20
Kharedi	106	-	0	10	44
	76	1	0	15	25
	77	-	0	30	90
	78	1	0	28	22
	80	-	0	16	15

1	2	3	4	5	6
	83	-	0	20	94
	85	1	0	21	21
	87	-	0	11	55
	88	-	0	3	66
	94	P1	0	32	72
	97	-	0	18	90
	119	1	0	24	16
	119	2	0	10	20
	118	-	0	16	12
	116	-	0	16	59
	115	-	0	21	44
	125	-	0	16	85
	214	P1	3	13	64
	217	-	0	25	33
	86	-	0	0	12
Nani Ranapur	50	-	0	18	45
	49	-	0	27	14
	55	1	0	2	75
	56	1	0	9	75
	57	1	0	1	33
	67	1	0	31	44
	64	-	0	25	13
	63	-	0	0	7
	65	3	0	24	98
	80	1	0	23	60
	80	2	0	28	39
	131	3	0	4	94
	122	-	0	31	14
	123	-	0	32	98
Navagam	111	-	0	31	45
	109	-	0	7	29
	108	-	0	36	80
	441	2	0	26	61
	425	-	0	0	11
	440	-	0	8	53
	439	2	0	23	28
	439	1	0	0	22
	438	1	0	6	78
	438	2	0	6	78
	437	-	0	5	51
	436	1	0	22	38
	435	1	0	7	51
	434	2	0	4	26
	434	1	0	13	90

1	2	3	4	5	6
	433	-	0	10	49
	431	1	0	14	70
	431	2	0	13	46
	432	1	0	9	15
	480	-	0	0	72
	399	1	0	13	0
	397	-	0	11	44
	395	-	0	6	96
	394	2	0	0	20
	391	1	0	33	63
	392	1	0	21	49
	384	1	0	9	13
	386	-	0	30	20
	378	-	0	19	89
	375	2	0	0	69
	376	-	0	25	57
	348	A	0	1	67
	335	-	0	0	86
	336	1	0	20	66
	348	B	0	13	50
	347	1	0	6	38
	347	2	0	8	11
	345	-	0	7	58
	346	-	0	9	32
	321	-	0	17	40
	322	1	0	11	31
	322	2	0	47	5
	284	-	0	19	84
	265	-	0	5	23
	264	1	0	23	55
	265	1	0	6	60
	269	-	0	58	67
	270	-	0	0	55
	267	A	0	21	89
	268	1	0	21	56
	247	-	0	22	51
	249	-	0	3	14
	246	1	0	31	44
	237	-	0	36	44
	238	-	0	22	18
Tanachiya	267	2	0	19	53
	268	2	0	14	60
	270	-	0	0	64
	269	-	0	19	23

1	2	3	4	5	6
	40	-	0	47	14
	39	-	0	0	89
	92	-	0	35	32
	77	-	0	1	47
	72	-	0	16	39
	73	-	0	24	54
	70	-	0	77	58
	102	-	0	3	83
	100	-	0	0	45
	101	-	0	22	75
	127	-	0	46	29
	99	-	0	40	7
	134	-	0	20	73
	95	-	0	0	71
	135	-	0	21	37
	136	-	0	33	24
	90	-	0	45	85
	91	-	0	33	17
Himala	125	-	0	49	69
	123	3	0	30	65
	124	-	0	3	23
	123	2	0	35	51
	112	-	0	11	51
	110	-	0	9	23
	108	-	0	27	9
	109	-	0	17	37
	106	-	0	35	88
	104	-	0	0	5
	105	-	0	16	92
	96	-	0	2	65
	97	-	0	43	61
	76	-	0	21	82
	65	-	0	40	10
	218	-	0	35	30
	219	-	0	12	98
	16	-	0	25	34
	220	-	0	0	16
	24	-	0	6	87
	15	1	0	19	25
	11	-	0	15	33
	10	-	0	15	34
	9	2	0	11	26
	9	4	0	9	79
	9	3	0	21	30

1	2	3	4	5	6
	9	5	0	5	65
Kotada Khurd	89	-	0	37	32
	91	-	0	30	93
	1	-	0	3	38
Racharda	258	-	0	4	66
	244	1	0	40	19
	243	-	0	0	35
	242	9	0	10	53
	246	-	0	9	59
	242	7	0	34	2
	237	2	0	2	64
	233+248	-	0	27	69
	235	-	0	2	37
	234	-	0	8	85
	233	-	0	13	27
	228	-	0	1	15
	232	-	0	23	34
	231	-	0	3	24
	229	-	0	14	50
	202	2/2	0	1	71
	202	3/2+3/1	0	12	98
	203	-	0	14	57
	176	1	0	16	93
	176	2	0	7	17
	169	-	0	29	14
	168	-	0	24	13
	166	1	0	14	89
	164	-	0	15	84
	163	-	0	9	13
Udar	88	-	0	15	48
	89	-	0	21	72
	58	2/14	0	8	40
	58	2/13	0	20	6
	59	-	0	9	72
	60	-	0	18	29
	13	-	0	17	13
	87	2	0	43	52
	57	-	0	19	7
	58	2/4	0	30	5
	14	-	0	34	14
Kheng	45	14	0	11	20
	45	13	0	12	1
	45	12	0	15	55
	45	3	0	15	4

1	2	3	4	5	6
	45	5	0	32	59
	47	-	0	6	21
	46	-	0	18	93
	4	-	0	30	21
	2	2	0	45	53

[F. No. R-25011/6/2005-O.R-I]

S. K. CHITKARA, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 2 अगस्त, 2005

का. आ. 2757.—केन्द्रीय सरकार को लोकहित में यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि गुजरात राज्य में कोयली से रतलाम तक पेट्रोलियम उत्पादन के परिवहन के लिए इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा एक पाइपलाइन बिछाई जानी चाहिए;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार को उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उस भूमि में उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने का प्रस्ताव है और जो इस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में वर्णित है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए;

अतः अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, उस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा करती है.

कोई व्यक्ति, जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, उस तारीख से जिसको उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन भारत के राजपत्र में यथा प्रकाशित इस अधिसूचना की प्रतियां साधारण जनता को उपलब्ध करा दी जाती है, ईक्कीस दिन के भीतर भूमि के नीचे पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने के संबंध में पी. आर. भट्ट सक्षम प्राधिकारी इंडियन ऑयल कोर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड, मकान नं 3/122 रिफाइनरी टाउनशीप, पो.ओ. जवाहरनगर, वडोदरा-391320 (गुजरात) को लिखित रूप में आक्षेप भेज सकेगा।

अनुसूची

तालुका : बारीया	जिला : दाहोद		राज्य : गुजरात		
गाँव का नाम	सर्वेक्षण सं-खण्ड सं.	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
			हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मिटर
1	2	3	4	5	6
नाथुडी	8	-	0	26	95
	2	-	0	7	73
रामा	124	-	0	19	17
	126	-	0	29	07
	128	-	0	30	75
	129	-	0	38	62
	144	1	0	3	62
	144	2	0	20	65
	147	-	0	14	27
	173	-	0	4	69
	174	-	0	25	98
	176	2	0	10	21
	175	-	0	10	17
कालीयगोदा	303	-	0	43	91
	330	-	0	16	11
	229	1P2	0	15	51
	229	1P4	0	28	54
	231	-	0	1	24
	311	-	0	28	30
	232	-	0	2	71
	234	P1	0	9	74
	234	P2	0	7	68
	218	-	0	21	5
	215	-	0	5	45
	214	-	0	9	55
	170	P4	0	12	64
	175	-	0	35	39
	174	-	0	55	50
	173	-	0	0	17
	179	-	0	0	53
	180	-	0	13	13
रेबारी	215	1	0	21	30
	215	2	0	27	29
	214	-	0	0	91
	213	P1	0	2	5
	213	P2	0	29	37

1	2	3	4	5	6
	137	-	0	38	95
	135	1	0	7	38
	135	2	0	12	6
	132	-	0	47	72
	131	-	0	8	59
	130	P1	0	19	78
	130	P2	0	1	70
	129	P1	0	0	47
	128	1	0	18	88
	128	2	0	16	50
	99	-	0	11	5
	102	-	0	0	1
	101	2	0	24	35
	106	-	0	12	25
	107	1	0	14	46
	107	2	0	16	1
	105	-	0	0	46
	91	-	0	8	26
	109	-	0	20	2
	110	2	0	11	13
	110	1	0	13	62
	88	P2	0	8	41
मार्ता-झारा	15	2	0	3	95
	15	4	0	10	77
	15	3	0	0	45
	17	-	0	13	28
	18	1	0	11	16
	18	-	0	15	68
	8	-	0	2	95
	7	P1	0	34	71
	4	-	0	28	11
	3	-	0	35	57
	33	-	0	9	59
	208	-	0	21	17
	209	P1	0	7	89
	209	P2	0	10	08
	207	-	0	20	97
	206	-	0	12	01
	198	1	0	19	21
	198	2	0	7	62
	197	-	0	17	29
	196	1	0	8	45
	195	-	0	2	28
	194	-	0	17	71
	192	1	0	17	53

1	2	3	4	5	6
पीपलोद	193	-	0	11	19
	473	-	0	6	94
	474	-	0	17	62
	582	1	0	13	40
	580	1	0	11	48
	579	-	0	1	01
	539	P2	0	17	42
	285	-	0	34	20
	594	1	0	14	80
	609	1	0	5	16
	567	P2	0	4	15
	593	-	0	13	56
	639	-	0	15	24
	598	-	0	45	96
	241	-	0	20	22
	483	-	0	0	5
	239	-	0	4	63
	240	P2	0	17	31
	237	-	0	20	97
	236	-	0	34	51
	235	-	0	26	85
	297	-	0	86	81
पंचेला	81	-	0	10	32
	82	-	0	18	62
	79	2	0	1	4
	87	1	0	26	57
	88	-	0	13	65
	100	-	0	0	3
	89	-	0	23	37
	98	-	0	19	14
	97	P1	0	26	83
	130	-	0	5	31
	127	-	0	14	19
	128	-	0	16	44
	86	3P2	0	15	28
	86	3P1	0	16	37
	95	P1	0	20	51
	95	P2	0	11	78

[फा. सं. आर-25011/6/2005-ओ.आर-1]

एस. के. चिटकारा, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 2nd August, 2005

S. O. 2757.—Whereas, it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transportation of petroleum products from Koyali to Ratlam in the State of Gujarat, a pipeline should be laid by the Indian Oil Corporation Limited.

And whereas it appears to the Central Government that for the purpose of laying the said pipeline, it is necessary to acquire the right of user in the land under which the said pipeline is proposed to be laid and which is described in the Schedule annexed to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the petroleum and Minerals pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Any person interested in the land described in the said Schedule may, within twenty-one days from the date on which the copies of this notification, issued under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act, as published in the Gazette of India are made available to the general public, object in writing to the laying of pipeline under the land to Mr. P.R. Bhatt, Competent Authority, Indian Oil Corporation Limited, at office Qtrs.No.3/122,Refinery Township, P.O. Jawahamagar, Vadodara-391320 (Gujarat).

SCHEDULE

Tehsil :- Bariya	Dist :- Dahod		State :- Gujarat		
Name of Village	Survey/Block NO.	Sub-Div. NO.	Area		
			Hectare	Are	Sq.mtr.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Nathudi	8	-	0	26	95
	2	-	0	7	73
Rama	124	-	0	19	17
	126	-	0	29	07
	128	-	0	30	75
	129	-	0	38	62
	144	1	0	3	62
	144	2	0	20	65
	147	-	0	14	27
	173	-	0	4	69
	174	-	0	25	98
	176	2	0	10	21
	175	-	0	10	17
Kaliya Gota	303	-	0	43	91
	320	-	0	16	11

1	2	3	4	5	6
Kaliya Gota (contd.)	229	1P2	0	15	51
	229	1P4	0	28	54
	231	-	0	1	24
	311	-	0	28	30
	232	-	0	2	71
	234	P1	0	9	74
	234	P2	0	7	68
	218	-	0	21	5
	215	-	0	5	45
	214	-	0	9	55
	170	P4	0	12	64
	175	-	0	35	39
	174	-	0	55	50
	173	-	0	0	17
	179	-	0	0	53
	180	-	0	13	13
	215	1	0	21	30
	215	2	0	27	29
	214	-	0	0	91
	213	P1	0	2	5
	213	P2	0	29	97
	137	-	0	38	95
	135	1	0	7	38
	135	2	0	12	6
	132	-	0	47	72
	131	-	0	8	59
	130	P1	0	19	78
	130	P2	0	1	70
	129	P1	0	0	47
	128	1	0	18	88
	128	2	0	16	50
	99	-	0	11	5
	102	-	0	0	1
	101	2	0	24	35
	106	-	0	12	25
	107	1	0	14	46
	107	2	0	16	1
	105	-	0	0	46
	91	-	0	8	26
	109	-	0	20	2
	110	2	0	11	13
	110	1	0	13	62
	88	P2	0	8	41
Rebari					

1	2	3	4	5	6
Moti Zari	15	2	0	3	95
	15	4	0	10	77
	15	3	0	0	45
	17	-	0	13	28
	18	1	0	11	16
	18	-	0	15	68
	8	-	0	2	95
	7	P1	0	34	71
	4	-	0	28	11
	3	-	0	35	57
	33	-	0	9	59
	208	-	0	21	17
	209	P1	0	7	89
	209	P2	0	10	08
	207	-	0	20	97
	206	-	0	12	01
	198	1	0	19	21
	198	2	0	7	62
	197	-	0	17	29
	196	1	0	8	45
	195	-	0	2	28
	194	-	0	17	71
	192	1	0	17	53
	192	-	0	11	19
Piplod	473	-	0	6	94
	474	-	0	17	62
	582	1	0	13	40
	580	1	0	11	48
	579	-	0	1	01
	539	P2	0	17	42
	285	-	0	34	20
	594	1	0	14	80
	609	1	0	5	16
	567	P2	0	4	15
	593	-	0	13	56
	639	-	0	15	24
	598	-	0	45	96
	241	-	0	20	22
	483	-	0	0	5
	239	-	0	4	63
	240	P2	0	17	31
	237	-	0	20	97
	236	-	0	34	51
	235	-	0	26	85
	297	-	0	86	81
Panchela	81	-	0	10	32
	82	-	0	18	62
	79	2	0	1	4
	87	1	0	26	57

1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Panchela (Contd..)</i>	88	-	0	13	65
	100	-	0	0	3
	89	-	0	23	37
	98	-	0	19	14
	97	P1	0	26	83
	130	-	0	5	31
	127	-	0	14	19
	128	-	0	16	44
	86	3P2	0	15	28
	86	3P1	0	16	37
	95	P1	0	20	51
	95	P2	0	11	78

[F. No. R-25011/6/2005-O.R-I]
S. K. CHITKARA, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 2 अगस्त, 2005

का. आ. 2758.—केन्द्रीय सरकार को लोकहित में यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि गुजरात राज्य में कोयली से रतलाम तक पेट्रोलियम उत्पादन के परिवहन के लिए इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा एक पाइपलाइन बिछाई जानी चाहिए;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार को उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उस भूमि में उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने का प्रस्ताव है और जो इस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में वर्णित है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए;

अतः अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, उस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा करती है.

कोई व्यक्ति, जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, उस तारीख से जिसको उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन भारत के राजपत्र में यथा प्रकाशित इस अधिसूचना की प्रतियां साधारण जनता के उपलब्ध करा दी जाती है, ईक्कीस दिन के भीतर भूमि के नीचे पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने के संबंध में पी. आर. भट्ट सक्षम प्राधिकारी इंडियन ऑयल कोर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड, मकान नं 3/122 रिफाइनरी टाउनशिप, पो.ओ. जवाहरनगर, वडोदरा-391320 (गुजरात) को लिखित रूप में आक्षेप भेज सकेगा।

अनुसूची

तालुका : लीमखेडा	जिला : दाहोद		राज्य : गुजरात		
गाँव का नाम	सर्वेक्षण सं-खण्ड सं.	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
			हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मिटर
1	2	3	4	5	6
प्रतापपुरा	58	3	0	14	40
	89	-	0	40	11
	66	-	0	0	80
	65	-	0	24	69
	52	-	0	22	25
	51	1	0	9	9
	51	2	0	17	1
	50	3	0	13	98
	49	1	0	19	58
	47	-	0	17	98
	46	1	0	66	20
	74	1	0	15	6
	74	2	0	18	63
	5	-	0	18	28
	6	1	0	2	38
	6	2	0	4	91
पानाया	137	6	0	8	12
	137	3	0	3	13
	137	2	0	3	68
	136	1+2	0	49	77
	131	2	0	16	10
	131	1	0	16	24
	130	-	0	17	52
	125	9	0	27	66
	125	P7	0	52	09
	125	8	0	27	38
	125	1	0	50	22
	125	6	0	23	47
	125	7	0	20	43
पलाली	119	1	01	52	86
	119	14	0	15	54
	119	9	0	22	09
	119	22	0	20	96
	119	-	0	22	09
	119	3	0	34	89
	119	17	0	28	57
	119	18	0	08	90
	119	23	0	21	87
	95	-	0	1	42
	94	P1	0	17	0

1	2	3	4	5	6
अंधारी	93	P2	0	19	85
	60	-	2	24	78
	97	-	0	11	33
	53	-	0	21	14
	89	-	0	2	82
	47	-	0	31	85
	45	2	0	4	78
	46	P1	0	1	02
	46	P2	0	2	31
	44	1	0	20	53
	43	1	0	18	90
	42	1	0	24	53
	42	2	0	9	10
	84	-	0	20	42
खुंघा	199	-	0	0	20
	207	-	0	54	76
	58	-	1	56	80
	180	-	0	8	25
	179	-	0	8	64
	35	1	0	10	41
	35	6	0	05	84
	35	5	0	07	10
	35	7	0	12	35
	39	-	0	22	99
	34	-	0	16	64
	31	A	0	24	20
	31	B	0	07	83
	26	2	0	16	39
	26	1	0	12	21
	18	-	0	24	97
	15	2	0	7	52
	15	1	0	5	26
	14	4	0	2	82
	14	2+3	0	17	14
	13	1+3	0	5	5
	172	1+3	0	19	56
	11	-	0	14	59
	10	-	0	14	99
	9	4	0	10	24
	9	2	0	9	29
	9	3	0	7	47
	9	1	0	2	41
	9	5	0	0	46
	8	-	0	18	28
	7	10	0	2	2

1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	2	0	2	81
	7	7+3	0	2	24
	7	6	0	2	30
	7	1	0	2	26
	7	4	0	2	16
	7	5+8+9	0	6	43
	6	1	0	19	70
खीरखेरी	87	5	0	30	83
	237	-	0	20	63
	67	3+4	0	21	88
	70	-	0	1	0
	67	1	0	14	05
	66	-	0	13	40
	68	1+2P/1+4+5	0	17	27
	68	3	0	05	93
	69	1P2	0	01	68
	174	3P	0	12	54
	174	12P	0	16	77
	172	-	0	20	14
	171	2	0	3	55
	171	6+8+10	0	0	35
	171	7	0	4	41
	173	1	0	9	32
	173	2+3+4	0	7	99
	169	4	0	24	91
	168	-	0	13	79
	166	-	0	9	8
	167	-	0	9	8
	165	1/P2	0	17	87
	165	1/P1+3	0	10	95
	164	-	0	20	8
	163	-	0	19	58
	162	B	0	4	41
	161	A	0	25	87
	159	-	0	22	84
	218	-	0	10	31
	174	8	0	12	91
	156	B	0	06	61
	174	P2	0	35	08
	174	P1	0	16	85
धाघरा वालुन्दी	53	-	0	09	79
	4	-	1	58	26
	49	-	0	14	94
	48	-	0	27	26
पोलीसीमळ	2	-	0	9	28
	36	-	0	12	18
	5	-	0	26	47
	4	-	0	16	59

1	2	3	4	5	6
	14	-	0	1	7
	15	-	0	30	70
	25	2	0	8	74
	24	-	0	27	81
टांटाघाटी	12	-	0	6	10
	13	-	0	7	66

[फा. सं. आर-25011/6/2005-ओ.आर-1]

एस. के. चिटकारा, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 2nd August, 2005

S. O. 2758—Whereas, it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transportation of petroleum products from Koyali to Ratlam in the State of Gujarat, a pipeline should be laid by the Indian Oil Corporation Limited.

And whereas it appears to the Central Government that for the purpose of laying the said pipeline, it is necessary to acquire the right of user in the land under which the said pipeline is proposed to be laid and which is described in the Schedule annexed to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the petroleum and Minerals pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Any person interested in the land described in the said Schedule may, within twenty-one days from the date on which the copies of this notification, issued under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act, as published in the Gazette of India are made available to the general public, object in writing to the laying of pipeline under the land to Mr. P.R. Bhatt, Competent Authority, Indian Oil Corporation Limited, at office Qtrs.No.3/122,Refinery Township, P.O. Jawaharnagar, Vadodara-391320 (Gujarat).

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE						
Tehsil :- Limkheda	Dist :- Dahod		State :- Gujarat			
Name of Village	Survey/Block NO.	Sub-Division NO.	Area			
			Hectare	Are	Sq.mtr.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	
Pratap Pura	58	3	0	14	40	
	89	-	0	40	11	
	66	-	0	0	80	
	65	-	0	24	69	
	52	-	0	22	25	
	51	1	0	9	9	
	51	2	0	17	1	
	50	3	0	13	98	
	49	1	0	19	58	
	47	-	0	17	98	
	46	1	0	66	20	
	74	1	0	15	6	
	74	2	0	18	63	
	5	-	0	18	28	
	6	1	0	2	38	
	6	2	0	4	91	
	Pania	137	6	0	8	12
		137	3	0	3	13
		137	2	0	3	68
		136	1+2	0	49	77
131		2	0	16	10	
131		1	0	16	24	
130		-	0	17	52	
125		9	0	27	66	
125		P7	0	52	09	
125		8	0	27	38	
125		1	0	50	22	
125		6	0	23	47	
125		7	0	20	43	
Palali		119	1	01	52	86
		119	14	0	15	54
	119	9	0	22	09	
	119	22	0	20	96	
	119	-	0	22	09	
	119	3	0	34	89	
	119	17	0	28	57	
	119	18	0	08	90	
	119	23	0	21	87	
	95	-	0	1	42	
94	P1	0	17	0		

1	2	3	4	5	6
Andhari	93	P2	0	19	85
	60	-	2	24	78
	97	-	0	11	33
	53	-	0	21	14
	89	-	0	2	82
	47	-	0	31	85
	45	2	0	4	78
	46	P1	0	1	02
	46	P2	0	2	31
	44	1	0	20	53
	43	1	0	18	90
	42	1	0	24	53
	42	2	0	9	10
	84	-	0	20	42
Kundha	199	-	0	0	20
	207	-	0	54	76
	58	-	1	56	80
	180	-	0	8	25
	179	-	0	8	64
	35	1	0	10	41
	35	6	0	05	84
	35	5	0	07	10
	35	7	0	12	35
	39	-	0	22	99
	34	-	0	16	64
	31	A	0	24	20
	31	B	0	07	83
	26	2	0	16	39
	26	1	0	12	21
	18	-	0	24	97
	15	2	0	7	52
	15	1	0	5	26
	14	4	0	2	82
	14	2+3	0	17	14
	13	1+3	0	5	5
	172	1+3	0	19	56
	11	-	0	14	59
	10	-	0	14	99
	9	4	0	10	24
	9	2	0	9	29
	9	3	0	7	47
	9	1	0	2	41
	9	5	0	0	46
	8	-	0	18	28
	7	10	0	2	2

1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	2	0	2	81
	7	7+3	0	2	24
	7	6	0	2	30
	7	1	0	2	26
	7	4	0	2	16
	7	5+8+9	0	6	43
	6	1	0	19	70
	87	5	0	30	83
	237	-	0	20	63
	67	3+4	0	21	88
	70	-	0	1	0
	67	1	0	14	05
	66	-	0	13	40
	68	1+2P/1+4+5	0	17	27
	68	3	0	05	93
	69	1P2	0	01	68
	174	3P	0	12	54
	174	12P	0	16	77
	172	-	0	20	14
	171	2	0	3	55
	171	6+8+10	0	0	35
	171	7	0	4	41
	173	1	0	9	32
	173	2+3+4	0	7	99
	169	4	0	24	91
	168	-	0	13	79
	166	-	0	9	8
	167	-	0	9	8
	165	1/P2	0	17	87
	165	1/P1+3	0	10	95
	164	-	0	20	8
	163	-	0	19	58
	162	B	0	4	41
	161	A	0	25	87
	159	-	0	22	84
	218	-	0	10	31
	174	8	0	12	91
	156	B	0	06	61
	174	P2	0	35	08
	174	P1	0	16	85
	53	-	0	69	79
	4	-	1	58	26
	49	-	0	14	94
	48	-	0	27	26
	2	-	0	9	28
	36	-	0	12	18
	5	-	0	26	47
	4	-	0	16	59

Khirkheri

Dhadhara

Valundi

Policimal

1	2	3	4	5	6
	14	-	0	1	7
	15	-	0	30	70
	25	2	0	8	74
	24	-	0	27	81
Tantaghati	12	-	0	6	10
	13	-	0	7	66

[F. No. R-25011/6/2005-O.R-I]
S. K. CHITKARA, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 2 अगस्त, 2005

का. आ. 2759.—केन्द्रीय सरकार को लोकहित में यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि गुजरात राज्य में कोयली से रतलाम तक पेट्रोलियम उत्पादन के परिवहन के लिए इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा एक पाइपलाइन बिछाई जानी चाहिए;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार को उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उस भूमि में उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने का प्रस्ताव है और जो इस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में वर्णित है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए;

अतः अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, उस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा करती है.

कोई व्यक्ति, जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, उस तारीख से जिसको उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन भारत के राजपत्र में यथा प्रकाशित इस अधिसूचना की प्रतियां साधारण जनता के उपलब्ध करा दी जाती हैं, ईक्कीस दिन के भीतर भूमि के नीचे पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने के संबंध में पी. आर. भट्ट सक्षम प्राधिकारी इंडियन ऑयल कोर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड, मकान नं 3/122 रिफाइनरी टाउनशीप, पो.ओ. जवाहरनगर, वडोदरा-391320 (गुजरात) को लिखित रूप में आक्षेप भेज सकेगा।

अनुसूची

तालुका : धोधंबा	जिला : पंचमहाल		राज्य : गुजरात		
गाँव का नाम	सर्वेक्षण सं-खण्ड सं.	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
			हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मिटर
1	2	3	4	5	6
मुआवाय	90	-	0	27	45
	7	-	0	13	48
	11	-	0	7	16
	12	-	0	6	38
	75	2	0	21	32
	115	P2+P3	0	25	24
	67	1	0	3	52
	117	P1	0	11	0
	117	P3	0	0	65
	63	-	0	9	25
	118	2	0	9	30
	10	-	0	27	89
	65	-	0	25	26
	62	2	0	18	38
	62	3	0	6	88
	32	-	0	39	25
	30	-	0	31	45
	91	1	0	59	09
	8	2	0	22	08
	49	-	0	24	99
	191	1	0	08	26
	191	2	0	10	54
	190	-	0	12	73
	189	-	0	11	47
शेरपुरा	194	1+2	0	10	23
	193	1	0	02	96
	193	2	0	06	97
	195	-	0	11	8
	196	-	0	20	73
	20	-	0	3	23
	19	-	0	15	55
	21	-	0	10	84
	26	1	0	14	71
	26	2	0	13	61
	27	-	0	14	65
	28	-	0	20	03

1	2	3	4	5	6
	48	-	0	12	13
	43	-	0	2	77
	47	-	0	5	18
	46	1	0	5	49
	46	3	0	5	92
	38	2A+2B	0	13	63
	38	1A	0	0	71
	60	-	0	8	09
	59	1	0	19	77
	84	-	0	13	63
	86	-	0	10	35
	85	-	0	23	64
सीमलीया	196	-	0	11	21
	197	-	0	7	46
	187	-	0	4	94
	188	P1	0	16	83
	188	P2	0	1	03
	182	1	0	37	56
	102	-	0	1	1
	181	-	0	10	23
	173	2	0	0	47
	179	1	0	16	97
	179	4	0	9	00
	148	2P1	0	5	71
	148	-	0	12	53
	176	2	0	7	87
	176	1	0	7	34
	145	-	0	15	10
	144	4	0	7	90
	144	6	0	8	85
	144	3	0	8	59
	140	-	0	31	58
	141	2	0	19	7
	100	4	0	6	51
	100	3	0	13	2
	100	1	0	8	69
	100	5	0	10	53
	99	-	0	32	32
	108	-	0	21	57
	83	-	0	4	73
	82	P1	0	7	52
	78	P1	0	3	33

1	2	3	4	5	6
	81	-	0	12	41
	79	-	0	19	13
	80	1	0	0	25
	61	-	0	38	6
	62	-	0	18	54
	57	1+4	0	4	15
	57	3	0	12	91
	'82	-	0	0	82
	56	2	0	9	61
	'83	-	0	15	14
	4	1	0	10	66
	5	-	0	6	42
	5	1	0	15	87
	701	1	0	0	82
	702	1	0	14	44
	702	3	0	18	39
	700	2	0	3	23
	651	1	0	32	86
	653	-	0	9	52
खीलोडी (रीचवानी)	165	-	0	3	42
	166	-	0	25	4
	167	1	0	22	57
	15	-	0	7	11
	14	-	0	2	83
	13	-	0	24	76
	12	-	0	5	83
	19	11	0	26	81
	8	-	0	21	56
	7	-	0	3	37
	6	-	0	0	77
	5	-	0	11	26
	4	-	0	12	77
	25	-	0	22	41
	28	-	0	9	53
	29	-	0	23	12
	30	-	0	3	20
	187	-	0	26	98
	190	-	0	20	15
	188	-	0	12	49
	205	-	0	8	45
	206	-	0	9	4
	239	-	0	21	62
	223	-	0	12	76
	224	-	0	14	56
	236	P2	0	1	92

1	2	3	4	5	6
	225	-	0	8	93
	218	2+5	0	0	94
	226	-	0	33	27
	207	-	0	7	65
	191	5	0	5	92
	191	2+3	0	9	70
शानीयादा	15	-	0	29	85
	14	-	0	32	63
	13	-	0	18	85
	12	1P2	0	10	13
	11	-	0	31	50

[फा. सं. आर-25011/7/2005-ओ.आर-1]

एस. के. चिटकारा, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 2nd August, 2005

S. O. 2759.—Whereas, it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transportation of petroleum products from Koyali to Ratlam in the State of Gujarat, a pipeline should be laid by the Indian Oil Corporation Limited.

And whereas it appears to the Central Government that for the purpose of laying the said pipeline, it is necessary to acquire the right of user in the land under which the said pipeline is proposed to be laid and which is described in the Schedule annexed to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (i) of section 3 of the petroleum and Minerals pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Any person interested in the land described in the said Schedule may, within twenty-one days from the date on which the copies of this notification, issued under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act, as published in the Gazette of India are made available to the general public, object in writing to the laying of pipeline under the land to Mr. P.R. Bhatt, Competent Authority, Indian Oil Corporation Limited, at office Qtrs.No.3/122,Refinery Township, P.O. Jawaharnagar, Vadodara-391320 (Gujarat).

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE					
Tehsil :- Goghamba	Dist :- Panch Mahal		State :- Gujarat		
Name of Village	Survey/Block NO.	Sub-Div. NO.	Area		
			Hectare	Are	Sq.mtr.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Damavav	90	-	0	27	45
	7	-	0	13	48
	11	-	0	7	16
	12	-	0	6	38
	75	2	0	21	32
	115	P2+P3	0	25	24
	67	1	0	3	52
	117	P1	0	11	0
	117	P3	0	0	65
	63	-	0	9	25
	118	2	0	9	30
	10	-	0	27	89
	65	-	0	25	26
	62	2	0	18	38
	62	3	0	6	88
	32	-	0	39	25
	30	-	0	31	45
	91	1	0	59	09
	8	2	0	22	08
	Sherpura	49	-	0	24
191		1	0	08	26
191		2	0	10	54
190		-	0	12	73
189		-	0	11	47
194		1+2	0	10	23
193		1	0	02	96
193		2	0	06	97
195		-	0	11	8
196		-	0	20	73
20		-	0	3	23
19		-	0	15	55
21		-	0	10	84
26		1	0	14	71
26		2	0	13	61
27		-	0	14	65
28		-	0	20	03

1	2	3	4	5	6
Simaliya	48	-	0	12	13
	43	-	0	2	77
	47	-	0	5	18
	46	1	0	5	49
	46	3	0	5	92
	38	2A+2B	0	13	63
	38	1A	0	0	71
	60	-	0	8	09
	59	1	0	19	77
	84	-	0	13	63
	86	-	0	10	35
	85	-	0	23	64
	196	-	0	11	21
	197	-	0	7	46
	187	-	0	4	94
	188	P1	0	16	83
	188	P2	0	1	03
	182	1	0	37	56
	183	-	0	1	1
	181	-	0	10	23
	179	2	0	0	47
	179	1	0	16	97
	179	4	0	9	00
	148	2P1	0	5	71
	148	-	0	12	53
	176	2	0	7	87
	176	1	0	7	34
	145	-	0	15	10
	144	4	0	7	90
	144	6	0	8	85
	144	3	0	8	59
	140	-	0	31	58
	141	2	0	19	7
	100	4	0	6	51
	100	3	0	13	2
	100	1	0	8	69
	100	5	0	10	53
	99	-	0	32	32
	108	-	0	21	57
	83	-	0	4	73
	82	P1	0	7	52
	78	P1	0	3	33

1	2	3	4	5	6
	81	-	0	12	41
	79	-	0	19	13
	80	1	0	0	25
	61	-	0	38	6
	62	-	0	18	54
	57	1+4	0	4	15
	57	3	0	12	91
	782	-	0	0	82
	56	2	0	9	61
	783	-	0	15	14
	4	1	0	10	66
	5	-	0	6	42
	5	1	0	15	87
	701	1	0	0	82
	702	1	0	14	44
	702	3	0	18	39
	700	2	0	3	23
	651	1	0	32	86
	653	-	0	9	52
Khilodi(Richvani)	165	-	0	3	42
	166	-	0	25	4
	167	1	0	22	57
	15	-	0	7	11
	14	-	0	2	83
	13	-	0	24	76
	12	-	0	5	83
	19	11	0	26	81
	8	-	0	21	56
	7	-	0	3	37
	6	-	0	0	77
	5	-	0	11	26
	4	-	0	12	77
	25	-	0	22	41
	26	-	0	9	53
	29	-	0	23	12
	30	-	0	3	20
	187	-	0	26	98
	190	-	0	20	15
	188	-	0	12	49
	205	-	0	8	45
	206	-	0	9	4
	239	-	0	21	62
	223	-	0	12	76
	224	-	0	14	56
	236	P2	0	1	92

1	2	3	4	5	6
	225	-	0	8	93
	218	2+5	0	0	94
	226	-	0	33	27
	207	-	0	7	65
	191	5	0	5	92
	191	2+3	0	9	70
Shaniada	15	-	0	29	85
	14	-	0	32	63
	13	-	0	18	85
	12	1P2	0	10	13
	11	-	0	31	50

[F. No. R-25011/7/2005-O.R-1]
S. K. CHITKARA, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 2 अगस्त, 2005

का. आ. 2760.—केन्द्रीय सरकार को लोकहित में यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि गुजरात राज्य में कोयली से रतलाम तक पेट्रोलियम उत्पादन के परिवहन के लिए इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा एक पाइपलाइन बिछाई जानी चाहिए;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार को उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उस भूमि में उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने का प्रस्ताव है और जो इस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में वर्णित है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए;

अतः अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, उस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा करती है.

कोई व्यक्ति, जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, उस तारीख से जिसको उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन भारत के राजपत्र में यथा प्रकाशित इस अधिसूचना की प्रतियां साधारण जनता के उपलब्ध करा दी जाती है, ईक्कीस दिन के भीतर भूमि के नीचे पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने के संबंध में पी. आर. भट्ट सक्षम प्राधिकारी इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड, मकान नं 3/122 रिफाइनरी टाउनशिप, पो.ओ. जवाहरनगर, वडोदरा-391320 (गुजरात) को लिखित रूप में आक्षेप भेज सकेगा।

अनुसूची					
तालुका : गोधरा	जिला : पंचमहाल		राज्य : गुजरात		
गाँव का नाम	सर्वेक्षण सं-खण्ड सं.	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		वर्ग मिटर
			हेक्टर	एयर	
1	2	3	4	5	6
गोलाव	665	2	0	9	66
	654	-	0	0	33
	615	-	0	15	32
	620	-	0	21	77
	629	P2	0	30	55
	631	-	0	0	45
	632	-	0	41	75
	635	-	0	9	37
	643	1,2,3	0	1	74
	642	-	0	48	92
	640	-	0	2	12
	644	1,2,3	0	17	76
	528	-	0	19	97
	527	1	0	08	66
	527	2	0	19	26
	527	3	0	07	66
	524	-	0	25	81
	522	-	0	6	75
	523	-	0	21	20
	538	2	0	12	45
	537	-	0	12	97
	539	-	0	20	88
	459	-	0	13	16
	449	-	0	21	24
	450	-	0	0	89
	448	-	0	16	66
	452	-	0	11	74
	233	3	0	44	27
	233	2	0	36	03
	233	1	0	11	69
	230	-	0	10	93
	253	-	0	6	73
	254	-	0	20	28
	256	-	0	7	34
	257	-	0	19	90
	258	-	0	15	39
	261	2	0	15	81
	260	3	0	08	08
	260	1	0	04	94
	260	2	0	08	50

1	2	3	4	5	6
	265	-	0	28	90
	265	7	0	08	18
	280	2	0	03	43
	266	P1	0	32	26
	310	-	0	8	64
	309	-	0	15	95
	311	P2	0	07	95
	311	3/P1	0	13	76
	305	P1	0	11	08
	305	P2	0	05	81
	312	-	0	1	46
दहीकोट	51	-	0	0	65
	52	P2	0	7	6
	52	P1	0	18	22
	69	P1+P2	0	31	57
	68	P2	0	5	9
	72	P1+P2	0	17	85
	71	-	0	13	83
	74	-	0	10	78
	73	-	0	14	44
	75	-	0	13	18
	103	2	0	1	61
	109	-	0	14	94
	158	-	0	26	67
	209	-	0	14	42
	210	1	0	11	55
	211	-	0	12	00
	211	-	0	7	63
	212	1	0	7	66
	212	2	0	6	87
	214	1	0	0	78
	214	2	0	10	46
	215	-	0	17	06
	218	-	0	20	22
	234	1	0	18	46
	234	2	0	14	63
	201	1	0	08	46
	201	2	0	16	26
	200	2	0	4	9
	223	-	0	12	98
	195	3	0	09	85
	195	2	0	04	28
	195	4	0	0	75
	229	-	0	29	10

1	2	3	4	5	6
	194	-	0	2	04
	235	1B	0	24	78

[फ़. सं. आर-25011/7/2005-ओ.आर-1]

एस. के. चिटकारा, अवर साचव

New Delhi, the 2nd August, 2005

S. O. 2760.—Whereas, it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transportation of petroleum products from Koyali to Ratlam in the State of Guj at a pipeline should be laid by the Indian Oil Corporation Limited.

And whereas it appears to the Central Government that for the purpose of laying the said pipeline, it is necessary to acquire the right of user in the land under which the said pipeline is proposed to be laid and which is described in the Schedule annexed to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (f) of section 3 of the petroleum and Minerals pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Any person interested in the land described in the said Schedule may, within twenty-one days from the date on which the copies of this notification, issued under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act, as published in the Gazette of India are made available to the general public, object in writing to the laying of pipeline under the land to Mr. P.R. Bhatt, Competent Authority, Indian Oil Corporation Limited, at office Qtrs.No.3/122,Refinery Township, P.O. Jawaharnagar, Vadodara-391320 (Gujarat).

SCHEDULE

Tehsil :- Godhra		Dist :- Panch Mahal		State :- Gujarat		
Name of Village	Survey/Block NO.	Sub-Div. NO.	Area			
			Hectare	Are	Sq.mtr.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	
Gollav	665	2	0	9	66	
	654	-	0	0	33	
	615	-	0	15	32	
	620	-	0	21	77	
	629	P2	0	30	55	
	631	-	0	0	45	
	632	-	0	41	75	
	635	-	0	9	37	
	643	1,2,3	0	1	74	
	642	-	0	48	92	
	640	-	0	2	12	
	644	1,2,3	0	17	76	
	528	-	0	19	97	
	527	1	0	08	66	
	527	2	0	19	26	
	527	3	0	07	66	
	524	-	0	25	81	
	522	-	0	6	75	
	523	-	0	21	20	
	538	2	0	12	45	
	537	-	0	12	97	
	539	-	0	20	88	
	459	-	0	13	16	
	449	-	0	21	24	
	450	-	0	0	89	
	448	-	0	16	66	
	452	-	0	11	74	
	233	3	0	44	27	
	233	2	0	36	03	
	233	1	0	11	69	
	230	-	0	10	93	
	253	-	0	6	73	
	254	-	0	20	28	
	256	-	0	7	34	
	257	-	0	19	90	
	258	-	0	15	39	
	261	2	0	15	81	
	260	3	0	08	08	
	260	1	0	04	94	
	260	2	0	08	50	

1	2	3	4	5	6
	265	-	0	28	90
	265	7	0	08	18
	280	2	0	03	43
	266	P1	0	32	26
	310	-	0	8	64
	309	-	0	15	95
	311	P2	0	07	95
	311	3/P1	0	13	76
	305	P1	0	11	08
	305	P2	0	05	81
	312	-	0	1	46
Dahikot	51	-	0	0	65
	52	P2	0	7	6
	52	P1	0	18	22
	69	P1+P2	0	31	57
	68	P2	0	5	9
	72	P1+P2	0	17	85
	71	-	0	13	83
	74	-	0	10	78
	73	-	0	14	44
	75	-	0	13	18
	160	2	0	1	61
	159	-	0	14	94
	158	-	0	26	67
	209	-	0	14	42
	210	1	0	11	55
	211	-	0	12	00
	211	-	0	7	63
	212	1	0	7	66
	212	2	0	6	87
	214	1	0	0	78
	214	2	0	10	46
	215	-	0	17	06
	218	-	0	20	22
	234	1	0	18	46
	234	2	0	14	63
	201	1	0	08	46
	201	2	0	16	26
	200	2	0	4	9
	223	-	0	12	98
	195	3	0	09	85
	195	2	0	04	28
	195	4	0	0	75
	229	-	0	29	10

1	2	3	4	5	6
	194	-	0	2	04
	235	1B	0	24	78

[F. No. R-25011/7/2005-O.R-I]
S. K. CHITKARA, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 2 अगस्त, 2005

क्र. आ. 2761.—केंद्रीय सरकार को लोकहित में यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि गुजरात राज्य में कोयली से रतलाम तक पेट्रोलियम उत्पादन के परिवहन के लिए इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा एक पाइपलाइन बिछाई जानी चाहिए;

और केंद्रीय सरकार को उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उस भूमि में उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने का प्रस्ताव है और जो इस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में वर्णित है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए;

अतः अब, केंद्रीय सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, उस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा करती है.

कोई व्यक्ति, जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, उस तारीख से जिसको उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन भारत के राजपत्र में यथा प्रकाशित इस अधिसूचना की प्रतियां साधारण जनता के उपलब्ध करा दी जाती हैं, ईक्कीस दिन के भीतर भूमि के नीचे पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने के संबंध में पी. आर. भट्ट सक्षम प्राधिकारी इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड, मकान नं 3/122 रिफाइनरी टाउनशिप, पो.ओ. जवाहरनगर, वडोदरा-391320 (गुजरात) को लिखित रूप में आक्षेप भेज सकेगा।

अनुसूची					
तालुका : कालोस	जिला : पंचमहाल		राज्य : गुजरात		
गाँव का नाम	सर्वेक्षण सं-खण्ड सं.	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
			हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मिटर
1	2	3	4	5	6
मधवास	269	P1	0	6	83
	270	-	0	11	12
	271	-	0	17	2
	272	-	0	4	75
	265	P1	0	9	67
	264	P1	0	17	88
	258	P1	0	11	51
	258	P2	0	10	98
	259	-	0	10	93
	242	-	0	1	29
	233	-	0	14	44
	234	-	0	22	56
	231	-	0	0	17
	235	-	0	17	42
	236	-	0	0	46
	238	-	0	14	71
	216	-	0	11	1
	217	-	0	3	76
	212	-	0	0	79
	212	1	0	7	83
	211	-	0	21	96
	191	-	0	2	39
	193	-	0	18	71
	195	-	0	12	40
	198	1	0	0	86
	196	-	0	0	34
	197	1	0	26	38
	170	-	0	7	24
	168	-	0	15	3
	100	1	0	1	37
	100	2	0	8	9
	101	2	0	7	2
	101	3	0	6	89
	102	3	0	9	30
	103	3	0	19	2
	104	1	0	07	05
	104	2	0	05	16
	95	-	0	19	7
	94	-	0	10	61
	90	-	0	24	44

1	2	3	4	5	6
	111	-	0	3	13
	88	-	0	0	49
	484	-	0	33	31
अनीधरा	172	-	0	22	97
	171	-	0	41	43
	168	-	0	33	47
	169	-	0	3	82
	170	-	0	28	41
	165	2	0	21	84
	164	-	0	19	79
जेतपुर	145	-	0	4	9
	144	-	0	12	31
	153	-	0	24	4
	114	-	0	18	88
	115	1+2	0	21	4
	107	-	0	10	10
	295	1	0	13	41
	293	1	0	9	86
	307	1	0	10	75
	307	2	0	10	70
	311	-	0	0	36
	124	-	0	0	7
	125	1	0	20	44
	119	-	0	20	53
	106	-	0	0	41
	108	-	0	8	1
	66	1	0	13	16
	287	-	0	19	22
	313	-	0	3	16
	286	-	0	2	21
	285	1	0	24	31
	120	-	0	20	90
	116	B	0	0	17
	129	-	0	30	0
	121	-	0	36	75
	294	1	0	28	75
	308	-	0	48	54
	148	-	0	37	71
	147	1	0	21	69
	109	-	0	38	57
	146	-	0	26	74
	143	-	0	12	3
	310	-	0	30	39
जमनापुर	20	-	0	17	69
	19	-	0	11	50

1	2	3	4	5	6
	2	-	0	11	34
	1	1	0	22	32
	1	2	0	9	36
	1	3	0	6	48
अलवा	41	P1	0	16	26
	42	-	0	28	36
	46	-	0	0	25
	44	-	0	3	75
	53	-	0	1	2
	66	-	0	8	45
	66	2	0	9	10
	67	-	0	1	50
	65	1	0	18	95
	64	-	0	4	46
	62	P1	0	8	6
	63	-	0	6	75
	96	-	0	8	80
	95	P3	0	4	60
	309	-	0	28	53
	99	-	0	9	41
	22	-	0	33	55
	24	-	0	3	79
	43	P1	0	25	73
	97	P1	0	28	44
	307	-	0	15	27
कंडाच	43	-	0	81	82
	295	1	0	5	62
	294	-	0	9	00
	294	P2	0	15	29
	296	-	0	6	57
	305	3	0	1	37
	304	-	0	12	48
	303	1	0	3	43
	306	1	0	1	38
	306	2	0	6	85
	314	-	0	28	68
	323	-	0	9	19
	322	1	0	5	47
	322	2	0	10	1
	321	-	0	4	87
	320	-	0	9	1
	319	1	0	22	7
	402	2	0	3	49
	410	-	0	15	31
	411	-	0	9	68

1	2	3	4	5	6
	412	-	0	14	24
	413	-	0	4	59
	445	-	0	8	86
	446	-	0	22	29
	447	1	0	3	70
	51	1	0	7	77
	51	2	0	7	7
	450	-	0	0	25
	457	-	0	13	71
ऊतरेडीया	136	2	0	1	91
	135	1	0	18	7
	146	P2	0	16	41
	134	1/1	0	0	15
	147	A	0	2	84
	133	1/1	0	13	53
	149	-	0	13	2
	107	-	0	0	1
	150	-	0	17	32
	104	1	0	7	28
	104	2	0	7	15
	105	-	0	2	66
	103	1	0	12	6
	102	1	0	5	30
	102	2	0	12	82
	101	1	0	7	81
	96	-	0	8	14
	93	-	0	6	84
	159	-	0	15	39
	94	1+8	0	7	74
	94	1+8P1 & 1+4P1	0	0	53
	94	A2/1	0	4	67
	94	A2/2	0	4	67
	94	6	0	4	47
	94	7	0	4	47
	17	-	0	28	84
	73	1	0	16	47
	72	1	0	17	57
	71	1	0	22	31
	70	-	0	7	5
	68	1	0	5	32
	68	2	0	17	10
	63	-	0	11	62
	64	1	0	7	48
	64	2	0	7	49
	57	-	0	27	0

1	2	3	4	5	6
	55	1/1	0	6	22
	56	-	0	12	19
	48	1	0	34	27
	49	-	0	9	95
	47	1	0	5	11
	46	1	0	0	19
	45	1	0	12	62
	45	2+3	0	25	70
	44	1+2	0	3	43
अलाली	414	-	0	13	7
	415	2	0	7	97
	416	3	0	7	28
	417	-	0	6	69
	424	1	0	6	91
	424	2	0	5	80
	425	-	0	1	27
	423	-	0	10	28
	427	-	0	10	96
	428	-	0	15	34
	429	-	0	13	49
	434	3	0	7	15
व्यासडा	78	-	0	2	71
	74	-	0	42	66
	75	-	0	0	70
	80	-	0	9	97
	82	-	0	42	27
	83	-	0	23	53
	111	-	0	31	11
	110	-	0	0	39
	114	-	0	18	19
	115	-	0	11	58
	1507	-	0	27	91
	1504	-	0	0	98
	1503	-	0	9	32
	1502	-	0	11	80
	1488	-	0	8	60
	1487	-	0	8	97
	1486	-	0	17	80
	1484	-	0	11	07
	1481	-	0	12	22
	1480	-	0	6	01
	1456	-	0	6	86
	1457	-	0	8	58
	1441	-	0	2	94
	1440	-	0	4	43

1	2	3	4	5	6
	1439	-	0	8	06
	1426	A	0	13	72
	1427	-	0	15	43
	1430	-	0	11	72
	1438	-	0	1	13
	1413	-	0	43	25
	1412	-	0	8	86
	1216	-	0	25	57
	1221	-	0	10	00
	1235	-	0	6	92
	1236	-	0	5	52
	1237	-	0	4	76
	1198	-	0	10	76
	1199	-	0	3	40
	1197	-	0	9	51
	1263	-	0	10	43
	1195	-	0	7	25
	1107	-	0	9	87
	1516	A	0	3	68
	1186	-	0	5	74
	1187	-	0	1	93
अदादरा	755	-	0	15	78
	754	1	0	1	12
	754	2+4	0	0	33
	756	1	0	5	23
	756	2	0	5	62
	785	1	0	9	28
	785	2	0	25	30
	786	1	0	15	88
	803	1	0	6	92
	803	2	0	15	26
	802	4	0	20	65
	800	1	0	0	36
	801	-	0	34	23
	835	1A	0	0	59
	835	1B	0	11	87
	834	-	0	22	64
	833	-	0	14	0
	52	-	0	31	48
	62	1	0	5	10
	62	2	0	17	19
	61	-	0	17	24
	59	2	0	12	13
	58	-	0	9	69
	77	2	0	2	44

1	2	3	4	5	6
	78	-	0	0	22
	79	1	0	29	30
	82	-	0	52	79
	83	-	0	12	67
	86	-	0	6	72
	85	1	0	2	24
	85	2	0	20	18
भुकी	112	1	0	13	80
	112	2	0	18	80
	110	-	0	6	40
	113	5	0	31	30
	113	4	0	7	94
	113	2	0	2	11
	113	7	0	1	10
	113	3	0	8	40
	118	-	0	9	60
	117	-	0	7	79
	116	1	0	11	83
	116	2	0	12	51
	84	-	0	16	62
	87	1	0	09	34
	87	2	0	23	46
	79	-	0	8	69
	88	2	0	10	37
	71	1	0	7	43
	71	2	0	7	43
	70	-	0	8	66
	69	1	0	11	69
	69	2	0	03	06
	68	-	0	8	94
	64	-	0	21	27
फानसी	6	1	0	13	13
	7	1	0	46	98
	43	1	0	0	46
	44	1	0	35	53
	21	-	0	13	34
	40	-	0	13	55
	39	-	0	18	90
	18	-	0	13	53
	24	-	0	10	50
	25	-	0	7	84
	26	1	0	16	29
	26	2	0	11	96
	33	-	0	25	54
करोली	310	1	0	01	30
	310	2	0	16	62
	310	3	0	08	06
	308	-	0	10	89

1	2	3	4	5	6
	255	-	0	16	79
	320	-	0	17	06
	320	1	0	09	24
	313	-	0	23	29
	313	1P1	0	01	46
	309	-	0	26	6
	256	1	0	24	93
	256	1P1	0	01	01
	254	-	0	9	82
	321	1/1	0	0	93
	321	-	0	16	19
	255	-	0	01	46
	255	1	0	14	14

[फ़. सं. आर-25011/7/2005-ओ.आर-1]

एस. के. चिटकारा, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 2nd August, 2005

S. O. 2761.—Whereas, it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transportation of petroleum products from Koyali to Ratlam in the State of Gujarat, a pipeline should be laid by the Indian Oil Corporation Limited.

And whereas it appears to the Central Government that for the purpose of laying the said pipeline, it is necessary to acquire the right of user in the land under which the said pipeline is proposed to be laid and which is described in the Schedule annexed to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the petroleum and Minerals pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Any person interested in the land described in the said Schedule may, within twenty-one days from the date on which the copies of this notification, issued under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act, as published in the Gazette of India are made available to the general public, object in writing to the laying of pipeline under the land to Mr. P.R. Bhatt, Competent Authority, Indian Oil Corporation Limited, at office Qtrs.No.3/122,Refinery Township, P.O. Jawaharnagar, Vadodara-391320 (Gujarat).

SCHEDULE

Tehsil :- Kalol	Dist :- Panch Mahal		State :- Gujarat		
Name of Village	Survey/Block NO.	Sub-Division NO.	Area		
			Hectare	Are	Sq.mtr.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Madhvas	269	P1	0	6	83
	270	-	0	11	12
	271	-	0	17	2
	272	-	0	4	75
	265	P1	0	9	67
	264	P1	0	17	88
	258	P1	0	11	51
	258	P2	0	10	98
	259	-	0	10	93
	242	-	0	1	29
	233	-	0	14	44
	234	-	0	22	56
	231	-	0	0	17
	235	-	0	17	42
	236	-	0	0	46
	238	-	0	14	71
	216	-	0	11	1
	217	-	0	3	76
	212	-	0	0	79
	212	1	0	7	83
	211	-	0	21	96
	191	-	0	2	39
	193	-	0	18	71
	195	-	0	12	40
	198	1	0	0	66
	196	-	0	0	34
	197	1	0	26	36
	170	-	0	7	24
	166	-	0	15	3
	100	1	0	1	37
	100	2	0	8	9
	101	2	0	7	2
	101	3	0	6	89
	102	3	0	9	30
	103	3	0	19	2
	104	1	0	07	05
	104	2	0	05	16
	95	-	0	19	7
	94	-	0	10	61
	90	-	0	24	44

1	2	3	4	5	6
Anidara	111	-	0	3	13
	88	-	0	0	49
	484	-	0	33	31
	172	-	0	22	97
	171	-	0	41	43
	168	-	0	33	47
	169	-	0	3	82
	170	-	0	28	41
	165	2	0	21	84
	164	-	0	19	79
Jetpur	145	-	0	4	9
	144	-	0	12	31
	153	-	0	24	4
	114	-	0	18	88
	115	1+2	0	21	4
	107	-	0	10	10
	295	1	0	13	41
	293	1	0	9	86
	307	1	0	10	75
	307	2	0	10	70
	311	-	0	0	36
	124	-	0	0	7
	125	1	0	20	44
	119	-	0	20	53
	106	-	0	0	41
	108	-	0	8	1
	66	1	0	13	16
	287	-	0	19	22
	313	-	0	3	16
	286	-	0	2	21
	285	1	0	24	31
	120	-	0	20	90
	116	B	0	0	17
	129	-	0	30	0
	121	-	0	36	75
	294	1	0	28	75
	308	-	0	48	54
	148	-	0	37	71
	147	1	0	21	69
	109	-	0	38	57
	146	-	0	26	74
	143	-	0	12	3
Jamanapur	310	-	0	30	39
	20	-	0	17	69
	19	-	0	11	50

1	2	3	4	5	6
	2	-	0	11	34
	1	1	0	22	32
	1	2	0	9	36
	1	3	0	6	48
Alwa	41	P1	0	16	26
	42	-	0	28	36
	46	-	0	0	25
	44	-	0	3	75
	53	-	0	1	2
	66	1	0	8	45
	66	2	0	9	10
	67	-	0	1	50
	65	1	0	18	95
	64	-	0	4	46
	62	P1	0	8	6
	63	-	0	6	75
	96	-	0	8	80
	95	P3	0	4	60
	308	-	0	28	53
	99	-	0	9	41
	22	-	0	33	55
	24	-	0	3	79
	43	P1	0	25	73
	97	P1	0	28	44
	307	-	0	15	27
Kandach	43	-	0	81	82
	295	1	0	5	82
	294	-	0	9	00
	294	P2	0	15	29
	296	-	0	8	57
	305	3	0	1	37
	304	-	0	12	48
	303	1	0	3	43
	306	1	0	1	38
	306	2	0	6	85
	314	-	0	28	68
	323	-	0	9	19
	322	1	0	5	47
	322	2	0	10	1
	321	-	0	4	87
	320	-	0	9	1
	319	1	0	22	7
	402	2	0	3	49
	410	-	0	15	31
	411	-	0	9	68

1	2	3	4	5	6
Utrediya	412	-	0	14	24
	413	-	0	4	59
	445	-	0	8	86
	446	-	0	22	29
	447	1	0	3	70
	51	1	0	7	77
	51	2	0	7	7
	450	-	0	0	25
	457	-	0	13	71
	136	2	0	1	91
	135	1	0	18	7
	146	P2	0	16	41
	134	1/1	0	0	15
	147	A	0	2	84
	133	1/1	0	13	53
	149	-	0	13	2
	107	-	0	0	1
	150	-	0	17	32
	104	1	0	7	28
	104	2	0	7	15
	105	-	0	2	66
	103	1	0	12	6
	102	1	0	5	30
	102	2	0	12	82
	101	1	0	7	81
	96	-	0	8	14
	93	-	0	6	84
	159	-	0	16	39
	94	1+8	0	7	74
	94	1+8P1 & 1+4P1	0	0	53
	94	A2/1	0	4	67
	94	A2/2	0	4	67
	94	6	0	4	47
	94	7	0	4	47
	17	-	0	28	84
	73	1	0	16	47
	72	1	0	17	57
	71	1	0	22	31
	70	-	0	7	5
	68	1	0	5	32
	68	2	0	17	10
	63	-	0	11	62
	64	1	0	7	48
	64	2	0	7	49
	57	-	0	27	0

1	2	3	4	5	6
	55	1/1	0	6	22
	56	-	0	12	19
	48	1	0	34	27
	49	-	0	9	95
	47	1	0	5	11
	46	1	0	0	19
	45	1	0	12	62
	45	2+3	0	25	70
	44	1+2	0	3	43
Alali	414	-	0	13	7
	415	2	0	7	97
	416	3	0	7	28
	417	-	0	6	69
	424	1	0	6	91
	424	2	0	5	80
	425	-	0	1	27
	423	-	0	10	28
	427	-	0	10	96
	428	-	0	15	34
	429	-	0	13	49
	434	3	0	7	15
Vyasda	78	-	0	2	71
	74	-	0	42	66
	75	-	0	0	70
	80	-	0	9	97
	82	-	0	42	27
	83	-	0	23	53
	111	-	0	31	11
	110	-	0	0	39
	114	-	0	18	19
	115	-	0	11	58
	1507	-	0	27	91
	1504	-	0	0	98
	1503	-	0	9	32
	1502	-	0	11	80
	1488	-	0	8	60
	1487	-	0	8	97
	1486	-	0	17	80
	1484	-	0	11	07
	1481	-	0	12	22
	1480	-	0	6	01
	1456	-	0	6	86
	1457	-	0	8	58
	1441	-	0	2	94
	1440	-	0	4	43

1	2	3	4	5	6
	1439	-	0	8	06
	1426	A	0	13	72
	1427	-	0	15	43
	1430	-	0	11	72
	1438	-	0	1	13
	1413	-	0	43	25
	1412	-	0	8	86
	1216	-	0	25	57
	1221	-	0	10	00
	1235	-	0	6	92
	1236	-	0	5	52
	1237	-	0	4	76
	1198	-	0	10	76
	1199	-	0	3	40
	1197	-	0	9	51
	1263	-	0	10	43
	1195	-	0	7	25
	1107	-	0	9	87
	1516	A	0	3	68
	1186	-	0	5	74
	1187	-	0	1	93
Adadara	755	-	0	15	78
	754	1	0	1	12
	754	2+4	0	0	33
	756	1	0	5	23
	756	2	0	5	62
	785	1	0	9	28
	785	2	0	25	30
	786	1	0	15	88
	803	1	0	6	92
	803	2	0	15	28
	802	4	0	20	65
	800	1	0	0	36
	801	-	0	34	23
	835	1A	0	0	59
	835	1B	0	11	87
	834	-	0	22	64
	833	-	0	14	0
	52	-	0	31	48
	62	1	0	5	10
	62	2	0	17	19
	61	-	0	17	24
	59	2	0	12	13
	58	-	0	9	69
	77	2	0	2	44

1	2	3	4	5	6
Bhuki	78	-	0	0	22
	79	1	0	29	30
	82	-	0	52	79
	83	-	0	12	67
	86	-	0	6	72
	85	1	0	2	24
	85	2	0	20	18
	112	1	0	13	80
	112	2	0	18	80
	110	-	0	6	40
	113	5	0	31	30
	113	4	0	7	94
	113	2	0	2	11
	113	7	0	1	10
	113	3	0	8	40
	118	-	0	9	60
	117	-	0	7	79
	116	1	0	11	83
	116	2	0	12	51
	84	-	0	16	62
	87	1	0	09	34
	87	2	0	23	46
	79	-	0	8	69
	88	2	0	10	37
	71	1	0	7	43
	71	2	0	7	43
	70	-	0	8	66
	69	1	0	11	69
	89	2	0	03	06
	68	-	0	8	94
	64	-	0	21	27
Fansi	6	1	0	13	13
	7	1	0	46	98
	43	1	0	0	46
	44	1	0	35	53
	21	-	0	13	34
	40	-	0	13	55
	39	-	0	18	90
	18	-	0	13	53
	24	-	0	10	50
	25	-	0	7	84
	26	1	0	16	29
	26	2	0	11	96
	33	-	0	25	54
Karoli	310	1	0	01	30
	310	2	0	16	62
	310	3	0	08	06
	308	-	0	10	89

1	2	3	4	5	6
	255	-	0	16	79
	320	-	0	17	06
	320	1	0	09	24
	313	-	0	23	29
	313	1P1	0	01	46
	309	-	0	26	6
	256	1	0	24	93
	256	1P1	0	01	01
	254	-	0	9	82
	321	1/1	0	0	93
	321	-	0	16	19
	255	-	0	01	46
	255	1	0	14	14

[F. No. R-25011/7/2005-O.R-I]
S. K. CHITKARA, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 2 अगस्त, 2005

का. आ. 2762.—केन्द्रीय सरकार को लोकहित में यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि गुजरात राज्य में कोयली से रतलाम तक पेट्रोलियम उत्पादन के परिवहन के लिए इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा एक पाइपलाइन बिछाई जानी चाहिए;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार को उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उस भूमि में उक्त पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने का प्रस्ताव है और जो इस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में वर्णित है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए;

अतः अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, उस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा करती है.

कोई व्यक्ति, जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, उस तारीख से जिसको उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन भारत के राजपत्र में यथा प्रकाशित इस अधिसूचना की प्रतियां साधारण जनता के उपलब्ध करा दी जाती है, ईक्कीस दिन के भीतर भूमि के नीचे पाइपलाइन बिछाए जाने के संबंध में पी. आर. सह सक्षम प्राधिकारी इंडियन ऑयल कोर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड, मकान नं 3/122 रिफाइनरी टाउनशीप, पो.ओ. जवाहरनगर, वडोदरा-391320 (गुजरात) को लिखित रूप में आक्षेप भेज सकेगा।

अनुसूची

तालुका : हालोल	जिला : पंचमहाल		राज्य : गुजरात		
गाँव का नाम	सर्वेक्षण सं-खण्ड सं.	उप-खण्ड सं.	क्षेत्रफल		
			हेक्टर	एयर	वर्ग मिटर
1	2	3	4	5	6
कंजरी(चन्द्रपुरा)	2313	2	0	1	64
	2312	-	0	1	18
	2315	-	0	5	79
	2317	-	0	11	97
	2316	-	0	20	91
	2314	2	0	37	39
	2335	-	0	36	18
	2333	1	0	27	36
	2333	2	0	0	1
	2334	-	0	39	40
	2344	-	0	39	34
	241	-	0	38	68
	2	-	0	66	29
	209	2/3	0	1	27
	208	1	0	36	80
	214	-	0	25	83
	215	-	0	11	31
	228	-	0	22	68
	229	-	0	15	56
	230	-	0	5	49
	237	-	0	44	43
	235	-	0	7	36
	242	-	0	6	83
	1	2P1	0	32	88
	1	2P2	0	32	86
मुवाला	116	-	0	9	92
	113	-	0	30	75
	112	-	0	24	42
	108	2/1	0	29	88
	109	1/1/P	0	17	12
	109	1/2/P	0	16	01
	109	2	0	16	49
	105	-	0	35	68
	104	-	0	22	90
	78	2	0	20	1
	78	4	0	49	81

1	2	3	4	5	6
मुक्ता	111	-	0	0	16
	106	2/1	0	0	3
	102	-	0	3	37

[फा. स. आर-25011/7/2005-ओ.आर-I]

एस. के. चिटकारा, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 2nd August, 2005

S. O. 2762.—Whereas, it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transportation of petroleum products from Koyali to Ratlam in the State of Gujarat, a pipeline should be laid by the Indian Oil Corporation Limited.

And whereas it appears to the Central Government that for the purpose of laying the said pipeline, it is necessary to acquire the right of user in the land under which the said pipeline is proposed, to be laid and which is described in the Schedule annexed to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (f) of section 3 of the petroleum and Minerals pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Any person interested in the land described in the said Schedule may, within twenty-one days from the date on which the copies of this notification, issued under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act, as published in the Gazette of India are made available to the general public, object in writing to the laying of pipeline under the land to Mr. P.R. Bhatt, Competent Authority, Indian Oil Corporation Limited, at office Qtrs.No.3/122, Refinery Township, P.O. Jawaharnagar, Vadodara-391320 (Gujarat).

SCHEDULE

Tehsil :- Halol	Dist :- Panch Mahal		State :- Gujarat			
Name of Village	Survey/Block NO.	Sub-Division NO.	Area			
			Hectare	Are	Sq.mtr.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	
Kanjari (Chandrapura)	2313	2	0	1	64	
	2312	-	0	1	18	
	2315	-	0	5	79	
	2317	-	0	11	97	
	2316	-	0	20	91	
	2314	2	0	37	39	
	2335	-	0	36	18	
	2333	1	0	27	36	
	2333	2	0	0	1	
	2334	-	0	39	40	
	2344	-	0	39	34	
	241	-	0	36	68	
	2	-	0	66	29	
	209	2/3	0	1	27	
	208	1	0	36	80	
	214	-	0	25	83	
	215	-	0	11	31	
	228	-	0	22	68	
	229	-	0	15	56	
	230	-	0	5	49	
	237	-	0	44	43	
	235	-	0	7	36	
	242	-	0	6	83	
	1	2P1	0	32	88	
	1	2P2	0	32	86	
	Muwala	116	-	0	9	92
		113	-	0	30	75
		112	-	0	24	42
		108	2/1	0	29	88
		109	1/1/P	0	17	12
		109	1/2/P	0	16	01
		109	2	0	16	49
		105	-	0	35	68
104		-	0	22	90	
78		2	0	20	1	
78		4	0	49	81	
111		-	0	0	16	
106		2/1	0	0	3	
102		-	0	3	37	

[F. No. R-25011/7/2005-O.R-I]
S. K. CHITKARA, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 5 अगस्त, 2005

का. आ. 2763.—केन्द्रीय सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए भारत सरकार के पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना संख्या का. आ. 631, तारीख 21 फरवरी, 2005, में जो भारत के राजपत्र, भाग 2—खंड 3, उपखंड (ii) तारीख 26 फरवरी 2005, में पृष्ठ 1778 से पृष्ठ 1781 पर प्रकाशित की गई थी, निम्नलिखित संशोधन करती है, अर्थात् :—

उक्त अधिसूचना की इस अनुसूची में :—

- (क) पृष्ठ संख्या 1780 पर, स्तम्भ 2 में ग्राम “मकसूदनप”, शब्द के स्थान पर “मकसूदनपुरा” पढ़े।

[फा. सं. आर-31015/88/2004-ओ.आर.-II]

हरीश कुमार, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 5th August, 2005

s. O. 2763.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub section (1) of section 3 of the Petroleum and Minerals Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendments in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas number S.O.631, dated the 21st February, 2005, published at pages 1778 to 1781, in Part II, section 3, sub-section (ii), of the Gazette of India, dated the 26th February, 2005, namely:—

In the Schedule to the said notification:—

- (a) at page 1780, against village “ Maksudanp”, read “Maksudanpura”;

[No. R-31015/88/2004-O.R.-II]

HARISH KUMAR, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 5 अगस्त, 2005

का. आ. 2764.—केन्द्रीय सरकार ने पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाईपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात उक्त अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन जारी की गई भारत सरकार के पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना संख्या का. आ. 631 तारीख 21 फरवरी, 2005, जो भारत के राजपत्र तारीख 28 फरवरी, 2005 में प्रकाशित की गई थी, द्वारा उस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट भूमि में मध्यप्रदेश राज्य में म्रंगल्या (इंदौर) संस्थापन से हरियाणा राज्य में पियाला तथा दिल्ली राष्ट्रीय राजधानी क्षेत्र में बिजवासन तक पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों के परिवहन के लिए मुंबई-मांगल्या पाईपलाइन विस्तार परियोजना के माध्यम से भारत पेट्रोलियम कॉरपोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा एक विस्तार पाईपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन के अपने आशय की घोषणा की थी ;

और उक्त राजपत्र अधिसूचना की प्रतियां जनता को तारीख 25 अप्रैल, 2005 को उपलब्ध करा दी गई थी ;

और सक्षम प्राधिकारी ने, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन, केन्द्रीय सरकार को अपनी रिपोर्ट दे दी है ;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार ने, उक्त रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात, और यह समाधान हो जाने पर कि उक्त भूमि पाईपलाइन बिछाने के लिए अपेक्षित है, उसमें उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने का विनिश्चय किया है ;

अतः अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, यह घोषणा करती है कि अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट उक्त भूमि में पाईपलाइन बिछाने के लिए उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाता है ;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (4) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, यह निदेश देती है कि उक्त भूमि में उपयोग का अधिकार इस घोषणा के प्रकाशन की तारीख को केन्द्रीय सरकार में निहित होने की बजाए, सभी विल्लंगमों से मुक्त, भारत पेट्रोलियम कॉरपोरेशन लिमिटेड में निहित होगा।

अनुसूची

तहसील : मलारना बूंगर		जिला : सवाई माधोपुर	राज्य : राजस्थान
क्र०	ग्राम का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	क्षेत्रफल हैक्टेयर में
1	2	3	4
1.	पीलवा नदी	414	0.4536
		405	0.1087
		399	0.0777
		397	0.2551
		396	0.0072
		321	0.0072
		320	0.0114
		319	0.0144
		471	0.1445
		477	0.0265
		476	0.0105
		475	0.1806
		486	0.0823
		485	0.4597
		652	0.2015
		647	0.3061
		650	0.0040
		643	0.2232
		642	0.0284
		641	0.1229
		620	0.0720
		625	0.0754
		621	0.0858
		623	0.1152

1	2	3	4
1.	पीलवा नदी (जारी...)	614	0.0864
		590	0.1968
		586	0.1152
		585	0.0101
		584	0.1440
		582	0.2232
		580	0.0050
		581	0.0050
		576	0.1584
		472	0.0020
		473	0.0020
		570	0.0020
		575	0.0435
		574	0.0586
		572	0.0255
		571	0.1581
2.	बाढ़ पीलवा नदी	195	0.1872
		188	0.0100
3.	घक बिलोली	116	0.0020
		115	0.0720
		114	0.1440
		112	0.1080
		107	0.1080
		106	0.0218
		105	0.0216
		104	0.1260
		103	0.1322
		102	0.0288
		101	0.1872
		100	0.0216
		99	0.1368
		98	0.0828
		77	0.0360
		66	0.1152
		83	0.0864
		1	0.0216
4.	कोथाली	165	0.3456
		164	0.6600
		166	0.0288
		109	0.1440
		108	0.3816
		107	0.0576
		106	0.3240
		99	0.2160
		98	0.1872
		51	0.0144
		31	0.3528
		29	0.1872
		30	0.1512
		23	0.0216
		22	0.2088
		21	0.0144
5.	एबरा	105	0.1116
		106	0.0540
		107	0.2412
		95	0.0324
		109	0.1404
		110	0.2412
		112/1	0.1728

(फ. सं. आर-31015/88/2004-ओआर-II)

हरीश कुमार, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 5th August, 2005

S. O. 2764.—Whereas by a notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas number S.O. 631, dated the 21st February, 2005, issued under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Petroleum and Minerals Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act) published in the Gazette of India dated the 26th February, 2005, the Central Government declared its intention to acquire the right of user in the land, specified in the Schedule appended to that notification for the purpose of laying an extension pipeline for transportation of petroleum products through Mumbai-Manglya Pipeline Extension Project from Manglya (Indore) terminal in the State of Madhya Pradesh to Piyala in the State of Haryana and Bijwasan in the NCT of Delhi by Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited;

And whereas the copies of the said Gazette notification were made available to the public on the 25th April, 2005;

And whereas the competent authority has, under sub-section (1) of section 6 of the said Act, submitted report to the Central Government;

And whereas the Central Government, after considering the said report and on being satisfied that the said land is required for laying the pipeline, has decided to acquire the right of user therein;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that the right of user in the said land, specified in the Schedule, is hereby acquired for laying the pipeline;

And further, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government directs that the right of user in the said land for laying the pipeline shall, instead of vesting in the Central Government, vest on the date of the publication of this declaration, in Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited, free from all encumbrances.

SCHEDULE

TEHSIL : MALARNA DUNGAR		DISTRICT : SAWAI MADHOPUR	STATE : RAJASTHAN
S.No.	Name of Village	Survey No.	Area in Hectare
1	2	3	4
1.	Pilwa Nadi	414	0.4536
		405	0.1087
		399	0.0777
		397	0.2551
		398	0.0072
		321	0.0072
		320	0.0114
		319	0.0144
		471	0.1445
		477	0.0285
		476	0.0105
		475	0.1806
		486	0.0823
		485	0.4597
		652	0.2015
		647	0.3081
		650	0.0040
		643	0.2232
		642	0.0284
		641	0.1229
		620	0.0720
		625	0.0754
		621	0.0858
		623	0.1152

1	2	3	4
1	Pilwa Nadi (Contd.)	614	0.0864
		590	0.1968
		586	0.1152
		585	0.0101
		584	0.1440
		582	0.2232
		580	0.0050
		581	0.0050
		576	0.1584
		472	0.0020
		473	0.0020
		570	0.0020
		575	0.0435
		574	0.0586
		572	0.0255
		571	0.1581
2.	Badh Pilwa Nadi	195	0.1872
		188	0.0100
3.	Chak Biloli	116	0.0020
		115	0.0720
		114	0.1440
		112	0.1080
		107	0.1080
		106	0.0216
		105	0.0216
		104	0.1260
		103	0.1322
		102	0.0288
		101	0.1872
		100	0.0216
		99	0.1368
		98	0.0828
		77	0.0360
		66	0.1152
		63	0.0864
		1	0.0216
4.	Kothali	165	0.3456
		164	0.6600
		166	0.0288
		109	0.1440
		108	0.3816
		107	0.0576
		106	0.3240
		99	0.2160
		98	0.1872
		51	0.0144
		31	0.3528
		29	0.1872
		30	0.1512
		23	0.0216
		22	0.2088
		21	0.0144
5.	Abra	105	0.1116
		106	0.0540
		107	0.2412
		95	0.0324
		109	0.1404
		110	0.2412
		112/1	0.1728

[F.No. R-31015/88/2004-OR-II]
Harish Kumar, Under Secretary

नई दिल्ली, 5 अगस्त, 2005

का. आ. 2765.—केन्द्रीय सरकार ने पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात उक्त अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन जारी की गई भारत सरकार के पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना संख्या का.आ. 769 तारीख 25 फरवरी, 2005, जो भारत के राजपत्र तारीख 5 मार्च, 2005 में प्रकाशित की गई थी, द्वारा उस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट भूमि में मध्यप्रदेश राज्य में मांगल्या (इंदौर) संस्थापन से हरियाणा राज्य में पियाला तथा दिल्ली राष्ट्रीय राजधानी क्षेत्र में बिजवासन तक पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों के परिवहन के लिए मुंबई-मांगल्या पाइपलाइन विस्तार परियोजना के माध्यम से भारत पेट्रोलियम कारपोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा एक विस्तार पाइपलाइन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन के अपने आशय की घोषणा की थी ;

और उक्त राजपत्र अधिसूचना की प्रतियां जनता को तारीख 30 अप्रैल, 2005 को उपलब्ध करा दी गई थी ;

और सक्षम प्राधिकारी ने, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन, केन्द्रीय सरकार को अपनी रिपोर्ट दे दी है ;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार ने, उक्त रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात, और यह समाधान हो जाने पर कि उक्त भूमि पाइपलाइन बिछाने के लिये अपेक्षित है, उसमें उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने का विनिश्चय किया है ;

अतः अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, यह घोषणा करती है कि अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट उक्त भूमि में पाइपलाइन बिछाने के लिए उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाता है ;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (4) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, यह निदेश देती है कि उक्त भूमि में उपयोग का अधिकार इस घोषणा के प्रकाशन की तारीख को केन्द्रीय सरकार में निहित होने की बजाए, सभी विल्लंगमों से मुक्त, भारत पेट्रोलियम कारपोरेशन लिमिटेड में निहित होगा ।

तहसील : सुसनेर		जिला : शाजापुर	राज्य : मध्यप्रदेश
क्र०	ग्राम का नाम	सर्वे नंबर	क्षेत्रफल हेक्टेयर में
1	2	3	4
1	नाहरखेड़ा	84(शास.भूमि)	0.5240
		85(नदी)	0.0259
		86(शास.भूमि)	0.1320
		87(शास.भूमि)	0.1521
		83(नदी)	0.0305
		80	0.2365
		79	0.1962
		77(नदी)	0.0512
		58	0.0306
		59	0.1458
		61	0.0557
		62	0.0127
		63	0.2237
		53	0.3160
		51	0.1656
		125	0.0718
		127(शास.भूमि)	0.1977
		37(शास.भूमि)	0.0847
2	उमरिया	667(शास.भूमि)	0.8671
		132(शास.नाला)	0.0327
		120(शास.भूमि)	0.0327
		130(शास.भूमि)	0.0028
		134(शास.नाला)	0.0274

1	2	3	4
2	उमरिया (जारी....)	139(शास.भूमि)	0.0141
		140(शास.भूमि)	0.0547
		151(शास.भूमि)	0.2003
		152(शास.भूमि)	0.0005
		150(शास.भूमि)	0.0140
		149(शास.भूमि)	0.0084
		181(शास.नाला)	0.0403
		180(शास.भूमि)	0.2865
		161(शास.भूमि)	0.0168
		164(शास.भूमि)	0.3590
		165(शास.भूमि)	0.0108
		173(शास.भूमि)	0.0100
		177(शास.भूमि)	0.5287
		166(शास.भूमि)	0.0055
3	पिपलिया नानकर	90(शास.भूमि)	0.0419
		179(शास.भूमि)	0.2270
		180(शास.भूमि)	0.6403
		155(शास.रास्ता)	0.1152
		159	0.2035
		157	0.0426
		156	0.0757
		172(शास.नाला)	0.0133
		139	0.0640
		141	0.0114
		140	0.2429
		145	0.0342
		152	0.0816
		146	0.0572
		148	0.0878
		149(शास.रास्ता)	0.1862
		346(शास.रास्ता)	0.0142
		345	0.0061
		340	0.8000
		339	0.1215
		338	0.0768
		337	0.0103
		426(शास.रास्ता)	0.0387
		428	0.0664
		429	0.1170
		430	0.0808
		461	0.0085
		458	0.0811
		459	0.0249
		456	0.0697
		452	0.0287
		451	0.0456

1	2	3	4
3	पिपलिया नानकर (जारी....)	450	0.0410
		447	0.1058
		483(शास.नाला)	0.0334
		626	0.0881
		625	0.0682
		624	0.0106
		624/1411(शास.भूमि)	0.0435
		289	0.0090
4	बामनिया खेड़ी	275	0.0010
		276	0.1097
		277	0.0358
		293	0.0010
		292	0.2427
		301	0.0212
		302	0.0295
		304	0.0111
		305	0.0425
		353	0.1704
		363	0.1039
		366	0.0180
		365	0.0998
		367	0.0224
		371	0.0816
		372	0.0842
		379(शास.रास्ता)	0.0190
		413	0.1028
		412	0.0010
		411	0.0200
		414	0.0079
		417(शास.नाला)	0.0213
		415	0.0219
		416	0.0381
		470	0.0493
		468/1255	0.0140
		469	0.0109
		468	0.0158
		467	0.0884
		471	0.0181
		466	0.0124
		472	0.0823
		465	0.1221
		473	0.0031
		474	0.1189
		475	0.0203
		476	0.0737
		477	0.0716

1	2	3	4
4	बामनिय खेड़ी (जारी.....)	482	0.2028
		480	0.1177
		481	0.0152
		364	0.0200
		485	0.3000
		483	0.0100
5	मैना	393	0.0032
		390	0.2132
		392	0.0034
		389	0.0258
		1048(शाम.रास्ता)	0.0313
		404	0.0949
		412	0.1854
		411	0.1310
		410	0.1122
		429	0.0269
		430	0.1483
		431	0.0789
		1032	0.0010
		1037(शाम.रास्ता)	0.0398
		1023	0.1812
		1024	0.1322
		1025	0.1154
		1026	0.0580
		1012	0.0874
		980	0.1131
		982	0.0876
		983	0.0292
		984	0.0745
		993	0.0307
		994	0.0767
		992	0.0529
		991	0.0424
		1163	0.0526
		1159	0.0615
		1164	0.0618
		1957	0.0633
		1156	0.0431
		1154	0.0085
		1640(शाम.रास्ता)	0.0353
		1646	0.2185
		1647	0.0010
		1644	0.0196
		1757	0.0303
		1756	0.0837
		1755	0.0202

1	2	3	4
5	मैना (जारी.....)	1745	0.0143
		1746	0.0653
		1747	0.1070
		1749	0.0131
		1741	0.0339
		1778	0.0162
		1812	0.0320
		1813	0.0063
		1818	0.0961
		1819	0.0039
		1817	0.0197
		1820	0.0750
		1839	0.0012
		1837	0.0412
		1838	0.0656
		1840	0.0220
		1842	0.0264
		1843	0.0224
		1844	0.0140
		1860	0.0193
		1859	0.1034
		1861	0.0124
		1858	0.0150
		1972	0.0102
		1899	0.1582
		2001	0.0985
		2002	0.0159
		2003	0.2050
		2005	0.0284
		2004	0.0466
		2026	0.0843
		2017	0.0625
		2016	0.0389
		2015	0.0456
		2014	0.1362
		2018	0.1327
		2010 (शास्र भूमि)	0.0482
		2012	0.0400
		1155	0.0300
		989	0.0200
		1013	0.0100
		432	0.0100
		391	0.0400
		981	0.0200
6	बोरखेड़ी	731 (शास्र नाला)	0.0491
		481	0.5212

1	2	3	4
6	बोरखेड़ी (जारी....)	477	0.0375
		482	0.0554
		475	0.0200
		476	0.0541
		478 (शास.नाला)	0.0498
		90	0.4114
		109(शास.नाला)	0.0147
		92	0.3122
		93	0.0356
		94	0.0249
		97	0.0407
		96	0.0920
		83	0.1495
		81	0.0071
		67	0.0292
		69	0.0818
		80	0.0467
		70	0.1575
		71	0.0538
		72	0.0168
		60	0.0709
		59	0.1253
		23	0.0302
		24	0.0192
		21	0.1228
		13	0.1930
		27	0.0070
		12	0.0986
		11	0.1022
		1	0.0184
		25	0.0100
		84	0.0400
		85(शास.नाला)	0.0100
7	गुराड़ी	877	0.0002
		878	0.2816
		879	0.0566
		401 (शास.नाला)	0.0101
		873	0.0151
		876	0.2031
		875	0.0002
		874	0.0001
		399	0.0001
8	शत्रुखेड़ी	58	0.0040
		57	0.0165
		55	0.1784
		54	0.1245

1	2	3	4
8	शत्रुखेड़ी (जारी.....)	53	0.0847
		52	0.0195
		56	0.2173
		49	0.3374
		48 (शास.नाला)	0.0530
		47	0.7861
		26(शास.रास्ता)	0.0232
		25	0.0641
		23	0.1240
		24	0.0016
		10	0.4829
		99 (शास.सडक)	0.0315
		231	0.3129
		11	0.0016
		51	0.0100
9	मालनवासा	737	0.1599
		736	0.1657
		358 (शास. नाला)	0.0497
		293	0.0748
		294	0.0418
		303	0.0010
		302	0.0977
		323	0.0808
		324	0.0822
		300	0.0113
		336	0.1447
		337	0.0805
		339	0.0786
		251	0.0271
		250	0.1035
		344	0.0026
		243	0.1235
		345	0.0219
		242	0.1168
		347	0.0412
		233	0.0865
		232	0.0233
		234	0.0212
		227	0.1603
		222	0.0823
		221	0.0777
		220	0.0147
		217	0.1538
		214	0.0897
		213	0.0917
		212	0.0300

1	2	3	4
10	ननोरा	829	0.1041
		830	0.0602
		831	0.0586
		833	0.0641
		834	0.0032
		818	0.1593
		817	0.0792
		842	0.0494
		843	0.0524
		166 (शास. नाला)	0.0557
		169	0.0160
		170	0.1697
		144	0.1057
		145	0.1269
		147	0.1328
		148	0.0849
		149	0.1743
		150	0.0537
		152	0.0397
		153	0.1010
		154 (शास. नाला)	0.0262
		749	0.0010
		745	0.0600
		748	0.0100
		837	0.0100
		841	0.0100
11	कादमी	274 (शास. रास्ता)	0.0362
		278	0.0946
		279	0.0032
		277	0.1021
		268	0.1318
		267	0.0474
		266	0.0361
		261	0.0185
		262	0.0620
		248	0.2183
		242	0.1511
		235	0.1092
		241	0.0118
		236	0.1530
		237	0.1826
		104 (शास. रास्ता)	0.0475
		112	0.0794
		114	0.1115
		116	0.0315
		119	0.0621

1	2	3	4
11	कादमी (जारी.....)	120	0.0830
		117(शास.रास्ता)	0.0238
		97	0.0119
		64	0.0120
		1(शास.नाला)	0.0193
		66	0.0677
		67	0.1507
		69	0.0058
		68	0.0394
		65	0.0106
		58	0.0107
		57	0.0599
		56	0.0444
		50	0.0516
		49	0.0217
		602 (शास.रास्ता)	0.0565
		538	0.2318
		546	0.0924
		547	0.1370
		571	0.0672
		570	0.1201
		577	0.0739
		568	0.1374
		567	0.1662
		566	0.2380
		589	0.0873
		591	0.1439
		593	0.1868
		608	0.0023
		609 (शास.रास्ता)	0.0477
		617/827	0.0520
		610	0.1572
		274	0.0400
		263	0.0200
		238	0.0100
		113	0.0400
		115	0.0100
		73	0.0300
		122	0.0100
		40	0.0100
		897	0.1566
12	मेहतपुर	893	0.0734
		894	0.0841
		895	0.1417
		885	0.2113
		880 (शास.रास्ता)	0.0256

1	2	3	4
12	मेहतपुर (जारी.....)	875	0.1200
		869	0.0636
		876	0.1240
		877	0.0010
		867	0.0074
		866	0.1225
		914	0.0063
		915	0.1058
		923	0.1747
		924	0.0864
		925	0.0640
		926	0.0245
		927	0.0445
		928	0.0627
	930 (शास.रास्ता)		0.0173
		942	0.0496
		931	0.0156
		937	0.2500
		952	0.0091
		296	0.2491
	296/1230		0.1321
		297	0.1222
		288	0.0010
		287	0.2409
		299	0.0115
		285	0.4215
	244 (शास.नाला)		0.0273
		243	0.0020
		273	0.3271
		272	0.1010
		246	0.0816
		247	0.1111
		253	0.0206
		252	0.1399
		251	0.0372
		265	0.3737
	1 (शास.नाला)		0.1018
13	पिपमिया खेड़ी (जारी.....)	148	0.0929
		146	0.2198
		143	0.0514
		144	0.0865
		86	0.1277
		83	0.0303
		82	0.1322
	75 (नदी)		0.0557

[फा. सं. आर-31015/71/2004-ओ.आर-II]

हरीश कुमार, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 5th August, 2005

S. O. 2765.—Whereas by a notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas number S.O.769, dated the 25th February, 2005, issued under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Petroleum and Minerals Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act) published in the Gazette of India dated the 5th March, 2005, the Central Government declared its intention to acquire the right of user in the land, specified in the Schedule appended to that notification for the purpose of laying an extension pipeline for transportation of petroleum products through Mumbai-Mangliya Pipeline Extension Project from Mangliya (Indore) terminal in the State of Madhya Pradesh to Piyala in the State of Haryana and Bijwasan in the NCT of Delhi by Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited ;

And whereas the copies of the said Gazette notification were made available to the public on the 30th April, 2005;

And whereas the competent authority has, under sub-section (1) of section 6 of the said Act, submitted report to the Central Government;

And whereas the Central Government, after considering the said report and on being satisfied that the said land is required for laying the pipeline, has decided to acquire the right of user therein ;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that the right of user in the said land, specified in the Schedule, is hereby acquired for laying the pipeline;

And further, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government directs that the right of user in the said land for laying the pipeline shall, instead of vesting in the Central Government, vest on the date of the publication of this declaration, in Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited, free from all encumbrances.

SCHEDULE

TEHSIL : SUSNER		DISTRICT : SHAJAPUR	STATE : MADHYA PRADESH
S.No.	NAME OF VILLAGE	SURVEY NO.	AREA IN HECTARE
1	2	3	4
1	NAHARKHERA	84(Govt. Land)	0.5240
		85(River)	0.0259
		86(Govt. Land)	0.1320
		87(Govt. Land)	0.1521
		83(River)	0.0305
		80	0.2365
		79	0.1962
		77(River)	0.0512
		58	0.0306
		59	0.1458
		61	0.0557
		62	0.0127
		63	0.2237
		53	0.3160
		51	0.1656
		125	0.0718
		127(Govt. Land)	0.1977
		37(Govt. Land)	0.0847
2	UMARIYA	667(Govt. Land)	0.8671
		132(Govt. Nala)	0.0327
		120(Govt. Land)	0.0327
		130(Govt. Land)	0.0028
		134(Govt. Nala)	0.0274

1	2	3	4
2	UMARIYA (Contd.....)	139(Govt. Land)	0.0141
		140(Govt. Land)	0.0547
		151(Govt. Land)	0.2003
		152(Govt. Land)	0.0005
		150(Govt. Land)	0.0140
		149(Govt. Land)	0.0084
		181(Govt. Nala)	0.0403
		180(Govt. Land)	0.2865
		161(Govt. Land)	0.0168
		164(Govt. Land)	0.3590
		165(Govt. Land)	0.0108
		173(Govt. Land)	0.0100
		177(Govt. Land)	0.5287
		166(Govt. Land)	0.0055
3	PIPLIYA NANKAR	90(Govt. Land)	0.0419
		179(Govt. Land)	0.2270
		180(Govt. Land)	0.6403
		155(Govt. Rasta)	0.1152
		159	0.2035
		157	0.0426
		156	0.0757
		172(Govt. Nala)	0.0133
		139	0.0640
		141	0.0114
		140	0.2429
		145	0.0342
		152	0.0816
		146	0.0572
		148	0.0878
		149(Govt. Rasta)	0.1862
		346(Govt. Rasta)	0.0142
		345	0.0061
		340	0.8000
		339	0.1215
		338	0.0768
		337	0.0103
		426(Govt. Rasta)	0.0387
		428	0.0664
		429	0.1170
		430	0.0808
		461	0.0085
		458	0.0811
		459	0.0249
		456	0.0697
		452	0.0287
		451	0.0456

1	2	3	4
3	PIPLIYA NANKAR (Contd.....)	450 447 483(Govt. Nala) 626 625 624 624/1411(Govt. Land) 289	0.0410 0.1058 0.0334 0.0881 0.0682 0.0106 0.0435 0.0090
4	BAMNIYA KHEDI	275 276 277 293 292 301 302 304 305 353 363 366 365 367 371 372 379(Govt. Rasta) 413 412 411 414 417(Govt. Nala) 415 416 470 468/1255 469 468 467 471 466 472 465 473 474 475 476 477	0.0010 0.1097 0.0358 0.0010 0.2427 0.0212 0.0295 0.0111 0.0425 0.1704 0.1039 0.0180 0.0998 0.0224 0.0816 0.0842 0.0190 0.1028 0.0010 0.0200 0.0079 0.0213 0.0219 0.0381 0.0493 0.0140 0.0109 0.0158 0.0884 0.0181 0.0124 0.0823 0.1221 0.0031 0.1189 0.0203 0.0737 0.0716

1	2	3	4
4	BAMNIYA KHEDI (Contd.....)	482 480 481 364 485 483	0.2028 0.1177 0.0152 0.0200 0.3000 0.0100
5	MAINA	393 390 392 389 1048(Govt. Rasta) 404 412 411 410 421 430 431 1032 1037(Govt. Rasta) 1023 1024 1025 1026 1012 980 982 983 984 993 994 992 991 1163 1159 1164 1957 1156 1154 1640(Govt. Nala) 1646 1647 1644 1757 1756 1755	0.0032 0.2132 0.0034 0.0258 0.0313 0.0949 0.1854 0.1310 0.1122 0.0269 0.1483 0.0789 0.0010 0.0398 0.1812 0.1322 0.1154 0.0580 0.0874 0.1131 0.0876 0.0292 0.0745 0.0307 0.0767 0.0529 0.0424 0.0526 0.0615 0.0618 0.0633 0.0431 0.0085 0.0353 0.2185 0.0010 0.0196 0.0303 0.0837 0.0202

1	2	3	4
5	MAINA (Contd.....)	1745	0.0143
		1746	0.0653
		1747	0.1070
		1749	0.0131
		1741	0.0339
		1778	0.0162
		1812	0.0320
		1813	0.0063
		1818	0.0961
		1819	0.0039
		1817	0.0197
		1820	0.0750
		1839	0.0012
		1837	0.0412
		1838	0.0656
		1840	0.0220
		1842	0.0264
		1843	0.0224
		1844	0.0140
		1860	0.0193
		1859	0.1034
		1861	0.0124
		1858	0.0150
		1972	0.0102
		1899	0.1582
		2001	0.0985
		2002	0.0159
		2003	0.2050
		2005	0.0284
		2004	0.0466
		2026	0.0843
		2017	0.0625
		2016	0.0389
		2015	0.0456
		2014	0.1362
		2018	0.1327
		2010(Govt. Land)	0.0482
		2012	0.0400
		1155	0.0300
		989	0.0200
		1013	0.0100
		432	0.0100
		391	0.0400
		981	0.0200
6	BORKHEDI	731(Govt. Nala)	0.0491
		481	0.5212

1	2	3	4
6	BORKHEDI (Contd.....)	477	0.0375
		482	0.0554
		475	0.0200
		476	0.0541
		478(Govt. Nala)	0.0498
		90	0.4114
		109(Govt. Nala)	0.0147
		92	0.3122
		93	0.0356
		94	0.0249
		97	0.0407
		96	0.0920
		83	0.1495
		81	0.0071
		67	0.0292
		69	0.0818
		80	0.0467
		70	0.1575
		71	0.0538
		72	0.0168
		60	0.0709
		59	0.1253
		23	0.0302
		24	0.0192
		21	0.1228
		13	0.1930
		27	0.0070
		12	0.0986
		11	0.1022
		1	0.0184
		25	0.0100
		84	0.0400
7	GURADI	85 (Govt. Nala)	0.0100
		877	0.0002
		878	0.2816
		879	0.0566
		401(Govt. Nala)	0.0101
		873	0.0151
		876	0.2031
		875	0.0002
		874	0.0001
8	SHATRUKHEDI	399	0.0001
		58	0.0040
		57	0.0165
		55	0.1784
		54	0.1245

1	2	3	4
8	SHATRUKHEDI (Contd...)	53	0.0847
		52	0.0195
		56	0.2173
		49	0.3374
		48(Govt. Nala)	0.0530
		47	0.7861
		26(Govt. Rasta)	0.0232
		25	0.0641
		23	0.1240
		24	0.0016
		10	0.4829
		99(Govt. Road)	0.0315
		231	0.3129
		11	0.0016
		51	0.0100
9	MALANWASA	737	0.1599
		736	0.1657
		358(Govt. Nala)	0.0497
		293	0.0748
		294	0.0418
		303	0.0010
		302	0.0977
		323	0.0808
		324	0.0822
		300	0.0113
		336	0.1447
		337	0.0805
		339	0.0786
		251	0.0271
		250	0.1035
		344	0.0026
		243	0.1235
		345	0.0219
		242	0.1168
		347	0.0412
		233	0.0865
		232	0.0233
		234	0.0212
		227	0.1603
		222	0.0823
		221	0.0777
		220	0.0147
		217	0.1538
		214	0.0897
		213	0.0917
		212	0.0300

1	2	3	4
10	NANORA	829	0.1041
		830	0.0602
		831	0.0586
		833	0.0641
		834	0.0032
		818	0.1593
		817	0.0792
		842	0.0494
		843	0.0524
		166(Govt. Nala)	0.0557
		169	0.0160
		170	0.1697
		144	0.1057
		145	0.1269
		147	0.1328
		148	0.0849
		149	0.1743
		150	0.0537
		152	0.0397
		153	0.1010
		154(Govt. Nala)	0.0262
		749	0.0010
		745	0.0600
		748	0.0100
		837	0.0100
		841	0.0100
11	KADMI	274(Govt. Rasta)	0.0362
		278	0.0946
		279	0.0032
		277	0.1021
		268	0.1318
		267	0.0474
		266	0.0361
		261	0.0185
		262	0.0620
		248	0.2183
		242	0.1511
		235	0.1092
		241	0.0118
		236	0.1530
		237	0.1826
		104(Govt. Rasta)	0.0475
		112	0.0794
		114	0.1115
		116	0.0315
		119	0.0621

1	2	3	4
11	KADMI (Contd.....)	120	0.0830
		117(Govt. Rasta)	0.0238
		97	0.0119
		64	0.0120
		61(Govt. Nala)	0.0193
		66	0.0677
		67	0.1507
		69	0.0058
		68	0.0394
		65	0.0106
		58	0.0107
		57	0.0599
		56	0.0444
		50	0.0516
		49	0.0217
		602(Govt. Rasta)	0.0565
		538	0.2318
		546	0.0924
		547	0.1370
		571	0.0672
		570	0.1201
		577	0.0739
		568	0.1374
		567	0.1662
		566	0.2380
		589	0.0873
		591	0.1439
		593	0.1868
		608	0.0023
		609(Govt. Rasta)	0.0477
		617/827	0.0520
		810	0.1572
		274	0.0400
		263	0.0200
		238	0.0100
		113	0.0400
		115	0.0100
		73	0.0300
		122	0.0100
		40	0.0100
12	MEHATPUR	897	0.1566
		893	0.0734
		894	0.0841
		895	0.1417
		885	0.2113
		880(Govt. Rasta)	0.0256

1	2	3	4
12	MEHATPUR (Contd.....)	875	0.1200
		869	0.0636
		876	0.1240
		877	0.0010
		867	0.0074
		866	0.1225
		914	0.0063
		915	0.1058
		923	0.1747
		924	0.0864
		925	0.0640
		926	0.0245
		927	0.0445
		928	0.0627
		930(Govt. Rasta)	0.0173
		942	0.0496
		931	0.0156
		937	0.2500
		952	0.0091
		296	0.2491
		296/1230	0.1321
		297	0.1222
		288	0.0010
		287	0.2409
		299	0.0115
		285	0.4215
		244(Govt. Nala)	0.0273
		243	0.0020
		273	0.3271
		272	0.1010
		246	0.0816
		247	0.1111
		253	0.0206
		252	0.1399
		251	0.0372
		265	0.3737
		1(Govt. Nala)	0.1018
13	PIPLIYA KHEDI	148	0.0929
		146	0.2198
		143	0.0514
		144	0.0865
		86	0.1277
		83	0.0303
		82	0.1322
		75 (River)	0.0557

[No. R-31015/71/2004-O.R.-II]
HARISH KUMAR, Under Secy.

कोयला मंत्रालय

नई दिल्ली, 22 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2766.— केन्द्रीय सरकार ने कोयला धारक क्षेत्र (अर्जन और विकास) अधिनियम 1957 (1957 का 20) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 4 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन जारी, जो भारत के राजपत्र, भाग II, खंड 3, उपखंड (ii) तारीख 3 अप्रैल, 2004 में प्रकाशित जारी की गई थी, भारत सरकार के कोयला मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना संख्यांक का.आ. 818 तारीख 29 मार्च, 2004 द्वारा उस अधिसूचना से उपाबद्ध अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट परिक्षेत्र की भूमि में, जिसका माप 1285.970 हेक्टर (लगभग) या 3177.63 एकड़ (लगभग) है, कोयले का पूर्वोक्षण करने के अपने आशय की सूचना दी थी ;

और, केन्द्रीय सरकार का यह समाधान हो गया है, कि उक्त भूमि के भाग में कोयला अभिप्राप्य है ;

अतः, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 7 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, इससे संलग्न अनुसूची में वर्णित 810.32 हेक्टर (लगभग) या 2003.53 एकड़ (लगभग) माप की भूमि में सभी अधिकारों का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की सूचना देती है ।

टिप्पण:- (1): इस अधिसूचना के अंतर्गत आने वाले क्षेत्र के रेखांक संख्या एसईसीएल/बीएसपी/जीएम (पीएलजी) /भूमि / 296, तारीख 23 फरवरी, 2005 का निरीक्षण कलेक्टर, सरगुजा (छत्तीसगढ़) के कार्यालय में या कोयला नियंत्रक, 1, काउंसिल हाउस स्ट्रीट, कोलकाता - 700 001 के कार्यालय में या साउथ ईस्टर्न कोलफील्ड्स लिमिटेड (राजस्व अनुभाग) सीपत रोड, बिलासपुर- 495006 (छत्तीसगढ़) के कार्यालय में किया जा सकता है ।

टिप्पण:- (2): उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 8 के उपबंधों की ओर ध्यान आकृष्ट किया जाता है, जिसमें निम्नलिखित उपबंध है:-

“अर्जन के प्रति आक्षेप 8:

(1) कोई व्यक्ति जो किसी भूमि में, जिसकी बाबत धारा 7 के अधीन अधिसूचना निकाली गई है, हितबद्ध है, अधिसूचना के निकाले जाने से तीस दिन के भीतर संपूर्ण भूमि या उसके किसी भाग या ऐसी भूमि में या उस पर के किन्हीं अधिकारों का अर्जन किए जाने के बारे में आक्षेप कर सकेगा ।

स्पष्टीकरण:- इस धारा के अर्थान्तर्गत यह आक्षेप नहीं माना जाएगा कि कोई व्यक्ति किसी भूमि में कोयला उत्पादन के लिए स्वयं खनन-संक्रियाएं करना चाहता है और ऐसी संक्रियाएं केन्द्रीय सरकार या किसी अन्य व्यक्ति को नहीं करनी चाहिए।

(2) उपधारा (1) के अधीन प्रत्येक ने आक्षेप सक्षम प्राधिकारी को लिखित रूप में की जाएगी और सक्षम प्राधिकारी आक्षेपकर्ता को स्वयं सुने जाने का या विधि व्यवसायी द्वारा सुनवाई का अवसर देगा और ऐसे सभी आक्षेपों को सुनने के पश्चात् और ऐसी अतिरिक्त जांच, यदि कोई हो, करने के पश्चात् जो वह आवश्यक समझता है, वह या तो धारा 7 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन अधिसूचित भूमि के या ऐसी भूमि में या उस पर के अधिकारों के संबंध में एक रिपोर्ट या ऐसी भूमि के विभिन्न टुकड़ों या ऐसी भूमि में या उस पर के अधिकारों के संबंध में आक्षेपों पर अपनी सिफारिशों और उसके द्वारा की गई कार्यवाही के अभिलेख सहित विभिन्न रिपोर्ट केन्द्रीय सरकार को उसके विनिश्चय के लिए देगा।

(3) इस धारा के प्रयोजनों के लिए वह व्यक्ति किसी भूमि में हितबद्ध समझा जाएगा जो प्रतिकर में हित का दावा करने का हकदार होता, यदि भूमि या किसी ऐसी भूमि में या उस पर के अधिकार इस अधिनियम के अधीन अर्जित कर लिए जाते हैं।”

टिप्पण 3 : केन्द्रीय सरकार ने कोयला नियंत्रक, 1, काउंसिल हाउस स्ट्रीट, कोलकाता -700 001 को उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 के अधीन भारत के राजपत्र भाग 2, खंड 3, उपखंड (ii), तारीख 4 अप्रैल, 1987 के पृष्ठ 1397 से 1400 में प्रकाशित अधिसूचना सं. का आ. 905, तारीख 20 मार्च, 1987 द्वारा सक्षम प्राधिकारी नियुक्त किया गया है।

अनुसूची

आमगांव ओपनकास्ट प्रोजेक्ट बिश्रामपुर क्षेत्र, जिला- सरगुजा (छत्तीसगढ़)

सभी अधिकार

क्रम संख्या	ग्राम का नाम	ग्राम नम्बर	पटवारी हल्का नम्बर	तहसील	जिला	क्षेत्र हेक्टर में	टिप्पण
1	आमगाँव	09	65	सूरजपुर	सरगुजा	04.72	भाग
2	पटना	350	66	सूरजपुर	सरगुजा	507.89	भाग
3	साल्ही	432	66	सूरजपुर	सरगुजा	289.64	भाग
4	कोटे	077	65	सूरजपुर	सरगुजा	08.57	भाग
कुलयोग:- 810.82 हेक्टर (लगभग) या 2003.53 एकड़ (लगभग)							

1. ग्राम आमगांव (भाग) में अर्जित किए जाने वाले प्लॉट संख्यांक:-

421 (भाग), 422, 423, 424 (भाग), 425 (भाग), 442(भाग), 443 (भाग), 444 (भाग), 446 (भाग), 447 (भाग), 448 से 452, 453 (भाग), 461 (भाग), 463 (भाग),

2. ग्राम पटना (भाग) में अर्जित किए जाने वाले प्लॉट संख्यांक:-

112(भाग), 113(भाग), 116(भाग), 117(भाग), 118 से 134, 135 (भाग), 136 (भाग), 137 (भाग), 145(भाग), 146 (भाग), 147 (भाग), 148, 149(भाग), 168 (भाग), 169 से 191, 192 (भाग), 193 से 205, 206 (भाग), 207 (भाग), 208

(भाग), 209 से 213, 214 (भाग), 215 (भाग), 216 (भाग), 217 (भाग), 219 (भाग), 221 (भाग), 229 (भाग), 231 (भाग), 232 से 244, 245 (भाग), 246 (भाग), 253 (भाग), 254 (भाग), 255 से 260, 261 (भाग), 262 से 266, 267 (भाग), 268 से 282, 283 (भाग), 284 (भाग), 287 (भाग), 344 (भाग), 350 (भाग), 353 (भाग), 354, 355 (भाग), 356 (भाग), 358 (भाग), 359 (भाग), 360 से 363, 364 (भाग), 365 (भाग), 366 से 372, 373 (भाग), 374, 375 (भाग), 376 से 380, 381 (भाग), 382 से 396, 397 (भाग), 398 से 435, 436 (भाग), 437 (भाग), 439 (भाग), 440 (भाग), 449 (भाग), 450 से 454, 455 (भाग), 456 (भाग), 465 (भाग), 466 से 473, 474 (भाग), 476 (भाग), 477, 478 (भाग), 490 (भाग), 494 (भाग), 495, 496, 497 (भाग), 498 (भाग), 499 (भाग), 500 (भाग), 502 (भाग), 503 (भाग), 504 (भाग), 505 (भाग), 506 (भाग), 507 से 515, 516 (भाग), 517 से 559, 560 (भाग), 562 (भाग), 564 (भाग), 565 से 602, 603 (भाग), 604 (भाग), 607 (भाग), 609 (भाग), 614 (भाग), 615 (भाग), 616 (भाग), 617, 618 (भाग), 654 (भाग), 655 (भाग), 659 (भाग), 660 से 663, 664 (भाग), 665, 666 (भाग), 667 से 1515, 1516 (भाग), 1517 (भाग), 1518 से 1550, 1551 (भाग), 1554 (भाग), 1555, 1556, 1557 (भाग), 1568 (भाग), 1585 (भाग), 1586 (भाग), 1587 (भाग), 1588 से 1612, 1613 (भाग), 1614 से 1623, 1624 (भाग), 1625, 1626 (भाग), 1629 (भाग), 1631 (भाग), 1632 (भाग), 1633 से 1636, 1637 (भाग), 1645 (भाग), 1646 से 1669, 1670 (भाग), 1671 (भाग), 1006/1679, 180/1682, 953/1683, 910/1684, 948/1685, 244/1686, 454/1687, 734/1688, 1078/1693.

3. ग्राम साव्ही (भाग) में अर्जित किए जाने वाले प्लॉट संख्यांक:-

92 (भाग), 93, 94, 95 (भाग), 96 (भाग), 97 (भाग), 98 (भाग), 99 (भाग), 114 (भाग), 115 से 138, 139 (भाग), 142 (भाग), 145 (भाग), 160 (भाग), 613 (भाग), 614 (भाग), 615, 616 (भाग), 618 (भाग), 619 (भाग), 635 (भाग), 636 से 638, 794 (भाग), 795 (भाग), 796, 797, 798 (भाग), 799 से 853, 854 (भाग), 855 (भाग), 886 (भाग), 888 (भाग), 889 (भाग), 890 (भाग), 894 (भाग), 895 (भाग), 896 (भाग), 897 से 945, 946 (भाग), 947 से 1007, 1008 (भाग), 1009 (भाग), 1010 से 1026, 1027 (भाग), 1028 (भाग), 1031 (भाग), 1032 (भाग), 1033 (भाग), 1036 (भाग), 1037, 1038, 1039 (भाग), 1040 से 1045, 1046 (भाग), 1047 (भाग), 1048 (भाग), 1074 (भाग), 1076 (भाग), 1081 (भाग), 1082 (भाग), 1083, 1084 (भाग), 1085 से 1102, 1103 (भाग), 1104 से 1113, 1114 (भाग), 1115 से 1117, 1118 (भाग), 1119 (भाग), 1120 (भाग), 1121 से 1318, 1319 (भाग), 1320 (भाग), 1321, 1322, 1323 (भाग), 1327 (भाग), 1328 (भाग), 1329 (भाग), 1330 (भाग), 1331 से 1360, 1362 (भाग), 1363 (भाग), 1365 (भाग), 1366 (भाग), 1369 (भाग), 1418 (भाग), 1419 से 1422, 1433 (भाग), 1434, 1435, 1436 (भाग), 1438 (भाग), 1439 (भाग), 1440 (भाग), 1725 (भाग), 1726 (भाग), 1727, 1728 (भाग), 1729 (भाग), 1730 (भाग), 1731 (भाग), 1741 (भाग), 1742 (भाग), 1743 (भाग), 1744 (भाग), 1745 (भाग), 1746 (भाग), 1747 से 1805, 1806 (भाग), 1807, 1808, 1809 (भाग), 1810 (भाग), 1811 (भाग), 1815 (भाग), 1816 (भाग), 1824 (भाग), 1829 (भाग), 1830 (भाग), 1831 (भाग), 1832 (भाग), 1833 (भाग), 1834 (भाग), 1835 (भाग), 1836 से 1848, 1849 (भाग), 1850 से 1852, 1853

(भाग), 1855 (भाग), 1856 से 1860, 1861 (भाग), 1864 (भाग), 1865 (भाग), 1871 (भाग), 1872, 1873 (भाग), 1874 (भाग), 1878 (भाग), 1888 (भाग), 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893 से 1895, 1896 (भाग), 1897 से 1903, 1904 (भाग), 1905, 1906 (भाग), 1907 (भाग), 1908 (भाग), 1910 (भाग),

4. ग्राम कोट (भाग) में अर्जित किए जाने वाले प्लॉट संख्यांक:-

547 (भाग), 550 (भाग), 553 (भाग), 554 (भाग), 555 से 567, 568 (भाग), 569, 571 (भाग), 572, 573 (भाग), 574 (भाग), 575 (भाग), 576, 577 (भाग), 580 (भाग), 581 (भाग),

सीमा वर्णन

- क-क1-क2 रेखा ग्राम कोट पटना की सम्मिलित सीमा से बिन्दु “क” से आरंभ होती और ग्राम कोट में प्लॉट संख्या 568, 550, 553, 554, 547, 577, 580, 581, 575, 574, 573, 571 से होकर गुजरती है और बिन्दु “क 2” पर मिलती है।
- क2-ख रेखा ग्राम पटना में प्लॉट संख्या 604, 603, 607, 609, 614, 615, 616, 618, 659, 664, 666, 655, 1551, 1554, 654, 1568, 1557, 1517, 1516, 1517, 1585, 1586, 1587 से होकर गुजरती है। और बिन्दु “ख” पर मिलती है।
- ख-ख1-ख2 रेखा ग्राम आमगांव में प्लॉट संख्या 421, 424, 425, 443, 442, 444, 446, 463, 447, 461, 453 से होकर गुजरती है और बिन्दु “ख2” पर मिलती है।
- ख2-ग रेखा ग्राम पटना में प्लॉट संख्या 1613, 1626, 1629, 1624, 1631, 1632, 1637, 1645, 1670, 1671 से होकर गुजरती है और बिन्दु “ग” पर मिलती है।
- ग-ग1-ग2 रेखा ग्राम साल्ही में प्लॉट संख्या 1439, 1438, 946, 1436, 1440, 1433, प्लॉट संख्या 1422, 1421 की उत्तरी सीमा से गुजरती है फिर प्लॉट संख्या 1418, प्लॉट संख्या 1360 की उत्तरी सीमा से होकर, प्लॉट संख्या 1362, 1363, 1365, 1369, 1365, 1366, 1330, 1329, 1328, 1327, 1323, 1320, 1725, 1726, 1728, 1729, 1319 से होकर गुजरती है और बिन्दु “ग2” पर मिलती है।
- ग2-ग3-ग4 रेखा ग्राम साल्ही में प्लॉट संख्या 1319, 1730, 1731, 1741, 1742, 1743, 1744, 1745, 1746, 1811, 1810, 1809, 1815, 1806, 1815, 1816, 1835, 1824, 1833, 1834, 1832, 1831, 1830, 1829, से होकर गुजरती है और फिर प्लॉट संख्या 1829, 1896 की पूर्वी सीमा के साथ-साथ होती हुई बिन्दु “ग4” में मिलती है।
- ग4-ग5-ग6 रेखा ग्राम साल्ही में प्लॉट संख्या 1896, 1907, 1908, 1907, 1910, 1906, 1904, 1888, 1874, 1873, 1878, 1871, 1861, 1864, 1865, 1855,

1849, 1853, 613, 614, 616, 1103, 618, 619, 635, प्लाट संख्या 636, 637, 638 की दक्षिणी सीमा से होकर फिर प्लाट संख्या 1084, 1082, 1081, 1114, 1118, 1120, 1119 से होकर गुजरती है और बिन्दु “ग6” पर मिलती है।

ग6-ग7-ग8 रेखा ग्राम साल्ही में प्लाट संख्या 1119, 1076, 1120, 1074, 1046, 1047, 1048, 1039, 1036, 1033, 1032, 1031, 1028, 1027, 1009, 1008, 886, 888, 889, 890, 896, 894, 895, 854, 855, 798, 794, 795, 142, 139, 145, 160, 114, 95, 99, 98, 97, 96, 92 से होकर गुजरती है और बिन्दु “ग8” पर मिलती है।

ग8-घ रेखा ग्राम पटना में प्लाट संख्या 365, 373, 364, 353, 350, 356, 355, 359, 358, 344, 375, 381, 221, 214, 215, 216, 217, 219, 208, 207, 206, 229, 231, 246, 245, 246, 192, 254, 253, 254, 261 से होकर गुजरती है और बिन्दु “घ” पर मिलती है।

घ-ङ रेखा ग्राम पटना में प्लाट संख्या 261, 287, 267, 284, 283, 397, 168, 149, 146, 147, 145, 135, 136, 137, 116, 117, 113, 112, 436, 437, 439, 440, 449, 455, 456, 465, 478, 476, 474, 490, 494, 497, 498, 499, 500, 516, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506 से होकर गुजरती है और बिन्दु “ङ” पर मिलती है।

ङ-क रेखा ग्राम पटना में प्लाट संख्या 506 से, प्लाट संख्या 560, की उत्तरी सीमा से होकर फिर प्लाट संख्या 560, 562, 564 से होकर गुजरती है और आरंभिक बिन्दु “क” पर मिलती है।

[फा. सं. आर-43015/13/2003-पी.आर.आई.डब्ल्यू.]

बी. के. पण्डा निदेशक

Ministry of Coal

New Delhi, the 22nd July, 2005

S. O. 2766.—Whereas by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Coal number S.O. 818 dated the 29th March, 2004, issued under sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Coal Bearing Areas (Acquisition and Development) Act, 1957 (20 of 1957) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act) and published in Part – II, section – 3, sub-section (ii) of the Gazette of India dated the 3rd April, 2004, the Central Government gave notice of its intention to prospect for coal in 1285.970 hectares (approximately) or 3177.63 acres (approximately) of the lands in the locality specified in the Schedule annexed to that notification;

And, whereas, the Central Government is satisfied that coal is obtainable in a part of the said lands ;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 7 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby gives notice of its intention to acquire the land measuring 810.82 hectares (approximately) or 2003.53 acres (approximately) in all rights in the schedule appended hereto .

[illegible]

1. Plot numbers to be acquired in village Amgaon (Part):

421 (Part), 422, 423, 424 (Part), 425 (Part), 442(Part), 443 (Part), 444 (Part), 446 (Part), 447 (Part), 448 to 452, 453 (Part), 461 (Part), 463 (Part),

2. Plot numbers to be acquired in village Patna (Part):

112 (Part), 113 (Part), 116 (Part), 117 (Part), 118 to 134, 135 (Part), 136 (Part), 137 (Part), 145 (Part), 146 (Part), 147 (Part), 148, 149 (Part), 168 (Part), 169 to 191, 192 (Part), 193 to 205, 206 (Part), 207 (Part), 208 (Part), 209 to 213, 214 (Part), 215 (Part), 216 (Part), 217 (Part), 219 (Part), 221 (Part), 229 (Part), 231 (Part), 232 to 244, 245 (Part), 246 (Part), 253 (Part), 254 (Part), 255 to 260, 261(Part), 262 to 266, 267 (Part), 268 to 282,283 (Part), 284 (Part), 287 (Part), 344 (Part), 350 (Part), 353 (Part), 354, 355 (Part), 356 (Part), 358 (Part), 359 (Part), 360 to 363, 364 (Part), 365 (Part), 366 to 372, 373 (Part), 374, 375 (Part), 376 to 380, 381 (Part), 382 to 396, 397 (Part), 398 to 435, 436 (Part), 437 (Part), 439 (Part), 440 (Part), 449(Part), 450 to 454, 455 (Part), 456 465 (Part), 466 to 473, 474 (Part), 476 (Part), 477, 478 (Part), 490 (Part), 494 (Part), 495, 496, 497 (Part), 498 (Part), 499 (Part), 500 (Part), 502 (Part), 503 (Part), 504 (Part), 505 (Part), 506 (Part), 507 to 515, 516 (Part), 517 to 559, 560 (Part), 562 (Part), 564 (Part), 565 to 602, 603 (Part), 604 (Part), 607 (Part), 609 (Part), 614 (Part), 615 (Part), 616 (Part), 617, 618 (Part), 654 (Part), 655 (Part), 659 (Part), 660 to 663, 664 (Part), 665, 666 (Part), 667 to 1515, 1516 (Part), 1517 (Part), 1518 to 1550, 1551(Part), 1554 (Part), 1555, 1556, 1557 (Part), 1568 (Part), 1585 (Part), 1586 (Part), 1587 (Part), 1588 to 1612, 1613 (Part), 1614 to 1623, 1624 (Part), 1625, 1626 (Part), 1629 (Part), 1631 (Part), 1632 (Part), 1633 to 1636, 1637 (Part), 1645 (Part), 1646 to 1669, 1670 (Part), 1671(Part), 1006/1679, 180/1682, 953/1683, 910/1684, 948/1685.244/1686, 454/1687, 734/1688, 1078/1693.

3. Plot numbers to be acquired in village Salhi (Part):

92 (Part), 93, 94, 95 (Part),96 (Part),97 (Part),98 (Part),99 (Part),114 (Part),115 to 138, 139 (Part),142 (Part),145 (Part),160(Part),613 (Part),614 (Part), 615, 616 (Part),618 (Part),619 (Part),635 (Part),636 to 638, 794 (Part),795 (Part), 796, 797, 798 (Part),799 to 853, 854(Part), 855 (Part),886 (Part),888 (Part),889 (Part),890 (Part),894 (Part),895 (Part),896 (Part), 897 to 945, 946 (Part),947 to 1007, 1008 (Part),1009 (Part),1010 to 1026, 1027 (Part),1028 (Part),1031 (Part),1032 (Part),1033 (Part),1036 (Part), 1037, 1038, 1039(Part), 1040 to 1045, 1046 (Part),1047 (Part),1048 (Part),1074 (Part),1076 (Part),1081 (Part),1082 (Part),1083, 1084(Part), 1085 to 1102, 1103 (Part),1104 to 1113, 1114 (Part),1115 to 1117, 1118 (Part),1119 (Part),1120 (Part),1121 to 1318, 1319 (Part),1320(Part), 1321, 1322, 1323 (Part), 1327 (Part),1328(Part),1329 (Part),1330 (Part),1331 to 1360, 1362 (Part),1363 (Part),1365(Part), 1366(Part),1369(Part),1418 (Part),1419 to 1422, 1433 (Part),1434, 1435 1436 (Part),1438 (Part),1439 (Part),1440 (Part),1725 (Part),1726 (Part),1727, 1728 (Part),1729(Part), 1730 (Part), 1731 (Part),1741 (Part),1742 (Part),1743 (Part),1744 (Part),1745 (Part),1746 (Part),1747 to 1805, 1806 (Part), 1807, 1808, 1809 (Part),1810 (Part),1811 (Part),1815 (Part),1816 (Part),1824 (Part),1829 (Part),1830 (Part),1831 (Part),1832 (Part),1833 (Part),1834 (Part),1835 (Part),1836 to 1848, 1849 (Part),1850 to 1852, 1853 (Part),1855 (Part),1856 to 1860, 1861 (Part),1864 (Part),1865 (Part),1871 (Part),1872, 1873 (Part),1874 (Part),1878 (Part),1888 (Part),1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893 to 1895, 1896(Part), 1897 to 1903, 1904 (Part),1905, 1906 (Part),1907 (Part),1908 (Part),1910 (Part),

4. Plot numbers to be acquired in village Kote (Part):

547 (Part), 550 (Part), 553 (Part), 554 (Part), 555 to 567, 568 (Part), 569, 571 (Part), 572, 573 (Part), 574 (Part), 575 (Part), 576, 577 (Part), 580 (Part), 581 (Part),

Boundary description :-

- A-A1-A2** Line starts from point "A" on the common boundary of village kote-Patna and passes in village kote through plot numbers 568, 550, 553, 554, 547, 577, 580, 581, 575, 574, 573, 571 and meets at point "A2".
- A2-B** Line passes in village Patna through Plot numbers 604, 603, 607, 609, 614, 615, 616, 618, 659, 664, 666, 655, 1551, 1554, 654, 1568, 1557, 1517, 1516, 1517, 1585, 1586, 1587, and meets at point "B".
- B-B1-B2** Line passes in village Amgaon through plot numbers 421, 424, 425, 443, 442, 444, 446, 463, 447, 461, 453 and meets at point "B2".
- B2-C** Line passes in village patna through plot numbers 1613, 1626, 1629, 1624, 1631, 1632, 1637, 1645, 1670, 1671 and meets at point 'C'.
- C-C1-C2** Line passes in villages Salhi through plot numbers 1439, 1438, 946, 1436, 1440, 1433, Northern boundary of plot numbers 1422, 1421 then through plot numbers 1418 Northern boundary of plot number 1360 through plot numbers 1362, 1363, 1365, 1369, 1365, 1366, 1330, 1329, 1328, 1327, 1323, 1320, 1725, 1726, 1728, 1729, 1319 and meet at point "C2".
- C2-C3-C4** Line passes in village Salhi through plot numbers 1319, 1730, 1731, 1741, 1742, 1743, 1744, 1745, 1746, 1811, 1810, 1809, 1815, 1806, 1815, 1816, 1835, 1824, 1833, 1834, 1832, 1831, 1830, 1829, then along the Eastern boundary of plot numbers 1829, 1896 and meets at point "C4".
- C4-C5-C6** Line passes in village Salhi through plot numbers 1896, 1907, 1908, 1907, 1910, 1906, 1904, 1888, 1874, 1873, 1878, 1871, 1861, 1864, 1865, 1855, 1849, 1853, 613, 614, 616, 1103, 618, 619, 635 Southern boundary of plot numbers 636, 637, 638 then through plot numbers 1084, 1082, 1081, 1114, 1118, 1120, 1119 and meet at point "C6".
- C6-C7-C8** Line passes in village Salhi through Plot numbers 1119, 1076, 1120, 1074, 1046, 1047, 1048, 1039, 1036, 1033, 1032, 1031, 1028, 1027, 1009, 1008, 886, 888, 889, 890, 896, 894, 895, 854, 855, 798, 794, 795, 142, 139, 145, 160, 114, 95, 99, 98, 97, 96, 92 and meet at point "C8".
- C8-D** Line passes in village patna through plot numbers 365, 373, 364, 353, 350, 356, 355, 359, 358, 344, 375, 381, 221, 214, 215, 216, 217, 219, 208, 207, 206, 229, 231, 246, 245, 246, 192, 254, 253, 254, 261 and meets at point "D".
- D-E** Line passes in village patna through plot numbers 261, 287, 267, 284, 283, 397, 168, 149, 146, 147, 145, 135, 136, 137, 116, 117, 113, 112, 436, 437, 439, 440, 449, 455, 456, 465, 478, 476, 474, 490, 494, 497, 498, 499, 500, 516, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506 and meets at point "E".
- E-A** Line passes in village patna through plot numbers 506 northern boundary of plot number 560, then through plot number 560, 562, 564 and meets at the starting point "A".

[No. 43015/13/2003-PRIW]
B. K. PANDA, Director

श्रम मंत्रालय

नई दिल्ली, 7 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2767.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार सिंडिकेट बैंक के प्रबंधन के संबंधित नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, बेंगलूर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 36/2000) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 7-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-12011/40/2000-आई आर(बी-II)]

सी. गंगाधरन, अवर सचिव

MINISTRY OF LABOUR

New Delhi, the 7th July, 2005

S.O. 2767.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 36/2000) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Bangalore as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Syndicate Bank and their workman, received by the Central Government on 7-7-2005.

[No. L-12011/40/2000-IR (B-II)]

C. GANGADHARAN, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE

**BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT
INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT
BANGALORE**

Dated : 30th June, 2005

Present : Shri A. R. Siddiqui, Presiding Officer

C. R. No. 36/2000

I Party

The General Secretary
Syndicate Bank Staff
Association,
Anand Plaza,
2nd Floor, Near Anand Rao
Circle, Bangalore-560 009

II Party

The Dy. Managing Director,
Syndicate Bank,
Head Office, Distt. Udupi
Manipal-576 119
(Karnataka State)

AWARD

1. The Central Government by exercising the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section 2A of the Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 has referred this dispute vide order No. L-12011/40/2000/IR (B-II) dated 12th June, 2000 for adjudication on the following schedule :

SCHEDULE

“Whether the management of Syndicate Bank is justified in terminating the services of Shri Gurumallaiah, Former Attender? If not, what relief the workman is entitled for?”

2. The case of the first party workman, as made out in the Claim Statement, briefly, stated is that in the month of February, 1995 the management came across an incident of attempted fraudulent encashment of two demand drafts at

Gandhibagh, Nagpur branch and thereafter it was found that these two demand draft leaves actually pertained to Chamarajnagar branch of the Bank and investigation was taken up. It is his case that the management during the investigation obtained from him a confessional letter dated 28-6-95 while he was working as an Attender at Chamarajnagar branch on the ground that he was responsible for the ilfering of certain DD leaves which were used for the attempted fraudulent encashment of 2 demand drafts by the outsiders. He contended that the above said confessional letter was obtained from him under coercion and threat and he was suspended from the services by order dated 5-9-95. He was issued with the charge sheet dated 16-4-1997 on the allegation that he committed acts prejudicial to the interest of the management bank. He denied the charges by his reply dated 5-6-97 and then he was reinstated into the service by order dated 28-1-98. He contended that thereafter a departmental enquiry was held against him into the aforesaid charge sheet and the Enquiry Officer submitted his report dated 14-3-1998 holding him guilty of the charges leveled against him. He was given the personal hearing by the Disciplinary Authority on 10-6-98 and the authority by its order dated 21-7-98 dismissed him from service with immediate effect. The appeal preferred by him was also dismissed by order dated 15-12-98 after giving him an opportunity of personal hearing. He contended that the above confessional letter has been drafted in impeccable English and his signature has been obtained on the said letter and that letter alone he has been held guilty of the charges of misconduct; that the defence taken by the first party during the course of enquiry with regard to the above said letter has not been demolished despite his lengthy cross examination by the management representative; that the report of the Enquiry Officer is one sided and his findings are perverse and the reasons given by him holding the first party workman guilty are not valid and supported by evidence therefore, the enquiry report is perverse in as much as the finding of Enquiry Officer holding that the above said confessional statement was a voluntary statement is not correct; that the opportunity was not given to the first party in defending his case and there is flagrant violation of principles of natural justice in conducting the enquiry; that the past record of the First party is excellent and unblemished having served the bank for more than 25 years at various branches of the bank and that despite the fact that charge was not proved in the Domestic Enquiry, he has been dismissed from service on the basis of the perverse findings of the enquiry officer. Therefore, he requested the court to pass an award for his reinstatement with all consequential benefits.

2. The management by its Counter Statement challenged the claim of the first party and the averments made by him in his Claim Statement. The various contentions taken by the management in their Counter Statement at Para 3 to 18 are as under :—

Para 3 :— that Shri Gurumallaiah was working as Attender at Chamarajnagar Branch of the Second Party Bank from October, 1986. He was placed under

suspension on 5-9-1995. The following incident was reported :

Demand Draft No. 712672/135 dated 16-1-1995 for Rs. 9.85 lacs favouring on J. Jone and Demand Draft No. 712673/180 dated 20-1-1995 for Rs. 8.94 lacs favouring "Jhone Plastics" were presented for payment to Gandhibagh Branch, Nagpur of the Second Party Bank in clearing through Central Bank of India, Kingsway, Nagpur Branch. The said Demand Draft appeared to have issued by Bhandra Branch of the Second Party Bank. As the Nagpur Branch developed certain doubts, they checked with regard to the issuance of said Demand Drafts with Bhandra Branch and came to know that the said Branch never issued such Demand Drafts. The matter was subsequently taken up with the Second Party Bank's Head Office, Stationery and Record Department, Manipal. It then came to the light that the said Demand Drafts were issued to the Chamarajnagar Branch of the Second Party Bank. On investigation, it further came to be known that the following Demand Drafts/Pay Order leaves were missing :

- (i) MICR Demand Draft leaves MDC 712671 to 712689 with drawee branch name pre-printed as Gandhibagh-Nagpur.
- (ii) MICR Demand Draft leaves 737671 to 737680 with drawee branch name pre-printed as Guwahati Branch.
- (iii) MICR Demand Draft leaves MDC 662671 to 662680 with drawee branch name pre-printed as Baroda Mandvi Branch.
- (iv) Pay Order Pad bearing No. 248751 to 248800 when the matter was further investigated, Shri Gurumallaiah, made a Voluntary Confessional Statement on 28-6-95 in the presence of two officials at Divisional Office, Mysore as detailed under :—
 - (a) That Shri Gurumallaiah came into contact with one Shri Manoharchandra, a clerk of Thitimathi Branch of the Second Party Bank and he introduced him to certain outsiders. These outsiders wanted certain Demand Draft Leaves for certain financial consideration.
 - (b) Shri Gurumallaiah handed over a Pay Order Book to one Shri Sudhakara through Shri Manoharchandra.
 - (c) The outsiders wanted Shri Gurumallaiah to get Demand Draft Pad only, for a consideration of Rs. 50,000/-. The outsiders retained the Pay Order Book with them.
 - (d) Shri Gurumallaiah, took out three Demand Draft Pads and handed over to

Shri Manoharchandra for passing of to the said outsiders.

- (e) The outsiders returned the Demand Draft Pads/Pay Order to him under the pretext that Demand Draft Pad of a particular specimen only was wanted.
- (f) While replacing the returned Demand Draft Pads/Pay Orders, it was noticed that certain Demand Draft leaves and Pay Order leaves were missing.

For the above acts, Shri Gurumallaiah was placed under suspension by an order dated 5-9-1995 under Clause 19.12(b) of the Bipartite Settlement governing suspension pending/ initiation of Enquiry.

Para 4 :— that the aforesaid acts of Shri Gurumallaiah amounted to gross Misconduct under Clause 19.5 (j) of the Bi-Partite Settlement, he was rightly charge sheeted for "Doing Acts Prejudicial to the interest of the Bank".

Para 5 :— that it is a blatant lie to say that the Second Party Bank Management obtained a confessional letter dated 28-6-1995 from the Shri Gurumallaiah who was working as an attender at Chamarajnagar Branch informing *inter alia* that he was responsible for the pilfering of certain DD leaves which were used for the attempted fraudulent encashment of two Demand Drafts by the outsiders stated above. One the contrary, Shri Gurumallaiah himself gave a voluntary confessional letter to the Second Party Bank admitting his misconduct.

Para 6 :— that Shri Gurumallaiah was placed under suspension pending/initiation of Departmental enquiry. It is again a blatant lie that because he denied the charges vide his reply dated 5-6-1997, he was reinstated into the services of the bank at Regional Office, Bijapur vide reinstatement order dated 28-1-1998.

Para 7 :— that the explanation given to the charge sheet was not satisfactory, a Departmental Enquiry was ordered and Shri Gurumallaiah fully and actively participated in the Departmental Enquiry along with Shri D. S. Veeraiah, President of All India SC/ST Association as his Defence Representative.

Para 8 :— that the enquiry officer so appointed to conduct the Departmental enquiry in consonance with Principles of Natural Justice and in accordance with the provisions of the Bi-Partite Settlement. After carefully analyzing the oral and documentary evidence that are produced before him, the Enquiry Officer rightly came to the conclusion that the charges leveled against Shri Gurumallaiah are proved and accordingly submitted his report to the Disciplinary Authority holding Shri Gurumallaiah guilty.

Para 9 :— that the Disciplinary Authority afforded an opportunity of personal hearing to Shri Gurumallaiah. After considering the submissions of Shri Gurumallaiah and the papers that are produced before him, rightly passed an order dismissing Shri Gurumallaiah from the services of Second Party Bank which is just and proper. The order of dismissal is the appropriate and most suitable punishment to the Gravity of the misconduct committed by Shri Gurumallaiah.

Para 10 :— that Shri Gurumallaiah preferred an appeal before the Appellate Authority against the order of the Disciplinary Authority and the Appellate Authority afforded an opportunity of Personal Hearing to Shri Gurumallaiah. The Appellate Authority after considering the submissions that are made by Shri Gurumallaiah during the course of Personal Hearing and after carefully studying the papers that are produced before him rightly came to the conclusion that there is no merit in the Appeal filed by Shri Gurumallaiah. Since the Misconduct committed by Shri Gurumallaiah was so grave for which dismissal is the only appropriate punishment that can be given, the Appellate Authority rightly confirmed the order of the Disciplinary Authority dismissing Shri Gurumallaiah from the services of the Second Party Bank.

Para 11 :— that the grounds that are urged in the claim statement are all false and misleading. It is not a must that the knowledge of English of an attender should be minimal. The contention in the Claim Statement that the confessional letter dated 28-6-95 is obtained through the help of CBI men is nothing but an after thought and deserves to be condemned. The said claim is a false statement made to gain undue sympathy from this court and deserves to be condemned.

Para 12 :— that it is not true to say that the Report of the Enquiry Officer is one sided and his findings are perverse. On the other hand, the Enquiry Officer has considered the oral and documentary evidence that is produced before him in the Departmental Enquiry and submitted a meaningful and purposeful report. In the Departmental Enquiry, the Second Party Management examined 5 witnesses and relied on 7 documents. All the Management witnesses were extensively cross examined by the Defence. In the Departmental Enquiry, Shri Gurumallaiah was got examined himself and produced a document. Since the Enquiry Officer has taken all the aspects into consideration before submitting his Enquiry Report it is not correct to say that the findings of the Enquiry Officer are perverse or one sided.

Para 13 :— that due opportunity was given to the Defence to present their case. In the Claim Statement, there is no mention as to what due opportunity was denied to him. Even there is no mention as to how there is flagrant violation of Principle of Natural

Justice. Since there is no specific allegation of denial of due opportunity or flagrant violation of Principle of natural Justice by the Enquiry Officer, in the Claim Statement, the same deserves to be condemned.

Para 14 :— that though the charge was not proved in the Domestic Enquiry and that Shri Gurumallaiah was dismissed from the services on the perverse finding of the Enquiry Officer. On the other hand, charges were proved in the Departmental Enquiry and the punishment of dismissal from the services of the second party bank is most appropriate and correct punishment that can be given to the serious misconduct that is committed by the Shri Gurumallaiah.

Para 15 :— that no one can miss the constitutional perception to which the Banking Industry is beholden, namely, to secure and humane conditions of work and creation of congenial working atmosphere. At once, the industry and all its components must strive towards excellence, so that the banking industry rises to higher levels of endeavor and achievement. Excellence is not achieved except with a deep sense of commitment to work and discipline. Diluting discipline and condoning indiscipline would only destroy motivation. Loyalty to work and discipline among the employees of the Second Party Bank are two important factors for the existence of the Second Party Bank. Any misguided sympathy is no more than a maudlin sentiment that may prove fatal for the existence of Second Party Bank. The Second Party Bank management has imposed a just and proper punishment for the concerned workman for the grave misconduct committed by him. The punishment is very much in accordance with the gravity of misconduct committed by him and the same is not to be interfered by this court.

Para 16 :— that Shri Gurumallaiah has been dismissed for the proved misconduct. The punishment is imposed after extending all reasonable and fair opportunities to the Shri Gurumallaiah to defend himself in the enquiry and in subsequent proceedings. Since the punishment of dismissal imposed is not by way of victimization or unfair labour practices and it is prayed that the same is not to be interfered in any manner.

Para 17 :— that the allegations that are not specifically admitted are generally denied and the first party is put to strict proof of the same.

Para 18 :— that the Second Party Management at the first instance relies on the Domestic Enquiry conducted in respect of charges levelled against the first party. In case for any reasons, this court is to come to the conclusion that the Domestic Enquiry is not fair and proper, the second party management may be permitted to lead fresh evidence before this court to establish the charges against the first party. It is prayed that the reference may be rejected and an

Award may be passed in favour of the Second Party Bank."

3. Keeping view the respective contentions of the parties, with regard to the fairness and validity or other wise of the enquiry proceedings conducted by the Second Party against the first party, this court on 31-3-2004 framed the following Preliminary Issue :—

"Whether the Domestic Enquiry conducted against the first party by the Second Party was Fair and Proper?"

and the case was taken up for the trial of the said issue in the first instance. During the course of trial, the management examined the Enquiry Officer as MW1 and got marked documents at Ex. M1 to M4. There being no representation on the part of the first party union or for that matter or by the first party workman, MW1 was discharged and case came to be posted for evidence of the first party on the said issue if any. From 23-11-04 till 24-2-05, case under went several adjournments giving opportunity to the first party to lead evidence on the said issue and since the first party failed to do so the matter came to be posted for hearing of the arguments. Then arguments on the said issue were heard on 14-6-05 in the absence of representative of the first party union and the first party workman and this tribunal by its order dated 20-6-05 answered the above said issue recording the finding that Domestic Enquiry conducted against the first party by the Second Party is fair and proper. Then case was posted for argument on merits by 22-6-05, on which date again there was no representation from the first party and after having heard the learned counsel for the Second party, the case is posted for Award.

4. Now therefore, keeping in view the finding recorded by this tribunal on the above said Preliminary Issue holding that the Domestic Enquiry conducted against the first party by the Second party is fair and proper, the next question to be gone into by this tribunal would have been about the perversity or otherwise of the findings of the Enquiry Officer and quantum of punishment awarded against the first party holding him guilty of the charges of misconduct levelled against him.

5. As noted above, there has been no representation on the part of the first party union and the first party workman and in the result except the averments made in the Claim Statement that findings of the Enquiry Officer suffered from perversity, the court is left with no alternative but to go through the findings of the Enquiry Officer by itself so as to find out the truth in the contentions taken by the first party challenging the enquiry findings as perverse etc.

6. As far as the management is concerned, the learned counsel representing it argued that there has been sufficient and legal documentary as well as oral evidence pressed into service by the management to establish the charges of misconduct levelled against the first party and that finding given by the Enquiry Officer are well supported by valid and cogent reasons based on the above said

evidence. Therefore, he submitted that by no stretch of imagination it can be said that the findings suffered from perversity so as to seek inference at the hands of this tribunal.

7. On going through the enquiry findings marked before this tribunal at Ex. M4, I find substance in the arguments advanced by the management. In order to appreciate the various contentions taken by the management and so also the contention taken by the first party it is worthwhile to bring on record the very observations and reasonings assigned by the Enquiry Officer in coming to the Conclusion that first party was responsible for the misconduct alleged. On pages 22 to 25 of the Enquiry Report under the heading 'Analysis of Evidence' learned enquiry officer observed as under :—

Analysis of Evidence

"I have carefully perused the evidence (oral as well as documentary) laid before me during the enquiry. The management relied on 7 documents and examined five witnesses. The defence examined one witness and relied upon one document.

The charge levelled against Shri C. Gurumullaiah is "doing acts prejudicial to the interest of the Bank" vide Clause No. 19.5(i) of the Bipartite Settlement.

The allegations against Shri C. Gurumullaiah is that while working as an Attender at Chamarajanagar branch, he pilfered blank Demand Draft and Pay Order pads from the custody of the branch and parted with the same to outsiders who utilized the same and attempted to perpetuate a fraud on the Bank. That he made a voluntary confession statement detailing the circumstances under which the modus operandi adopted by him to pilfer the blank Demand Draft and Pay Order pads.

I am of the opinion that answers to the following questions would help me in arriving at a just conclusion :

- (1) Whether Demand Draft and Pay Order pads were missing from Chamarajnagar branch ?
- (2) Whether Sri Gurumullaiah had access to the DD/Presenting Officer pads kept in the saferoom of Chamarajnagar branch ?
- (3) Whether Shri Gurumullaiah has signed the confession statement ?
- (4) Whether the confession statement dated 28-6-95 is a Voluntary Statement ?

1. Whether Demand Draft and Pay Order pads were missing from Chamarajnagar branch ?

The Management has relied upon M. Ex. 2, 2a to 2i, 3 to 6 to establish about DD pads/Presenting Officer pads missing from the branch and that two of such missing DD leaves were presented at Nagpur branch of the Bank for payment and on oral evidence of MW2, 4 & 5. In view of the defence not touching upon this point, the management could establish relying upon both the oral and documentary

evidence that the DD/Presenting Officer pads referred to in the Charge sheet were found missing from the safe custody of Chamarajnagar branch.

2. Whether Shri Gurumallaiah had access to the DD/Presenting Officer pads kept in the saferoom of Chamarajnagar branch ?

It has been established through documentary evidence that the relevant DD/Presenting Officer pads were kept in the saferoom of Chamarajnagar Branch. The Manager, MW2, has categorically stated that Shri Gurumallaiah was not handling the keys of the saferoom. However, during re-examination, she has clarified that the Attenders, including Shri Gurumallaiah had access to the saferoom during office hours till the gate is locked. MW2 further stated that it may not be possible for the joint custodians to always keep an eye on the Attenders who have access to the saferoom. MW4, one of the joint custodians, has deposed that the grill gate to the saferoom was not closed always due to various office exigencies. Further in the cross examination, MW4 clarified that after removing the cash in the morning, the door of the saferoom was just closed, meaning to say that the door was not locked. He also clarified that the gate of the saferoom was kept open for the convenience of the branch to take out pension papers, stationery items which were kept there and were frequently required. In response to the question as to whether accountability has been fixed on joint custodians who were responsible for the safety of the lost DD/Presenting Officer pads, MW2 stated that the required information was given and she is not aware of any questioning/punishment. MW4, one of the joint custodians, has stated that for the missing of the DD/Presenting Officer pads and for carelessness, the joint custodians including himself have been suitably punished. Thus, it is apparent that the door of the saferoom was not locked always and that it was accessible to attenders during office hours. MW5 has stated that the DD/Presenting Officer pads in question were in current use and that it was kept in a steel box and the box used to be brought to the Counter by a sub-staff/Attender and that sometimes, the box used to be brought from the saferoom to the counter without the supervisor accompanying the same/attender. It has also come on record that the said steel box used to be kept unlocked. From the evidence, it is evident that the Attenders of the branch including Shri Gurumallaiah had access to the DD pads, though in normal circumstances, it is deviation from the procedure.

3. Whether Shri Gurumallaiah has signed the confession statement ?

Shri Gurumallaiah has categorically stated that the confession statement, M. Ex. 1 is signed by him albeit under coercion/threat.

4. Whether the confession statement dated 28-6-1995 is voluntary Statement ?

There is a divergent view about the confession statement dt. 28-6-95 (M. Ex. 1). The management states that the statement is voluntary and is given by

Shri Gurumallaiah and that it is typed in English. However, the defence states that the said statement is obtained from the CSE under coercion and that it was obtained at a house at Chamarajapuram Railway Station. In support of their stand, the Management has examined MW1 and MW3 whose signatures appear in M. Ex. 1. Both MW1 and MW3 stated that the statement, M. Ex. 1 is given by Shri Gurumallaiah and that they are witnesses to the oral statement and that the oral statement which was in Kannada was translated to English and the same was typed in English and after typing the statement recorded, it was once again read out to Shri Gurumallaiah to make him understand what is typed therein. They confirm that whatever is in the last para of M. Ex. 1 to the effect that the statement is made without coercion and that oral statement which was in Kannada is translated and typed/recorded in English is true and that Shri Gurumallaiah went on narrating the events as they took place and the same was recorded in English. Here the oral evidence adduced by MW1 corroborates with the evidence given by MW3. Evidence regarding the time, place, persons present in respect of M. Ex. 1 adduced by MW1 and MW3 tallies. Sufficient reasons have been adduced by the witnesses as to why the statement was not recorded in Kannada. It needs to be mentioned here that both MW1 and MW3 have stated that the oral statement of Shri Gurumallaiah was translated and typed in English and that the typed version was again read out to Shri Gurumallaiah and made him understand the English words in Kannada. In this regard, MW2 and MW4 have stated that CSE can understand English. This is relevant particularly when the CSE has worked with MW2 and MW4.

The defence has raised doubts regarding the technical aspects of the statement dated 28-6-95 (M. Ex. 1) of the CSE. In my opinion, a statement, whether it is addressed to anybody or not/whether it is made known to any person unknown. It is the statement of the signatory unless it is destroyed or disowned. In the instant case, from the circumstances appearing, the statement of the CSE is intended/addressed to the Bank because if it were not to be given to the Bank, the defence has not brought any evidence to the contrary. Both the witnesses to the statement (MW1 and MW3) have clearly stated that the statement of the CSE was recorded and witnessed by them and the same was duly passed on to the higher authorities. Hence, there cannot be any doubt about the technical validity of M. Ex. 1 coming to the analysis of the defence evidence, the CSE has exposed himself as Defence witness. The CSE/DW has deposed that he was slapped and hand cuffed and was taken by bus to Mysore and that he was taken to a house and was locked. Further he has stated that he was given a typed letter, which was in English and was asked to sign it. He has also stated that he neither read the statement signed by him or the contents were explained to him. That he was threatened by two persons and was forced to sign the statement. He has also stated that both MW1 and MW3 are not present at that point of time. I find that Shri Gurumallaiah, in response to the chargesheet has submitted his explanation vide letter dated 5-6-97 and in the enquiry, he has agreed that the said letter as his own.

He has also informed that he understood the contents of the said letter dated 5-6-97. On going through the said letter/explanation, though he CSE has informed that the statement was obtained under threat/coercion, now where he has informed that he was taken on the previous day to the statement by force from the branch and that the statement was not obtained at DO, Mysore but at a house at Chamarajapuram Railway Station. This aspect is of vital importance in the light of clear cut indication in the charge sheet. Wherein it is stated that the confession statement was made at Mysore. Even in DEx. 1, which is a letter dated 29-6-95, of the CSE to the Manager, requesting for a day's leave on 28-6-95, the CSE has stated only about his visit to the Divisional Office, nowhere has he mentioned about the obtention of MEx. 1 under threat. The DEx. 1 clearly states that he went to see the Divisional Manager on 28-6-95 in connection with same subject matter pertaining to the Bank and it does not talk about taking him to Mysore by force. It is also relevant to note that the Branch Manager, i.e. MW2 has not come out with anything about any such incident of forcibly taking away of the CSE from the branch. In fact, she has stated that the CSE was not taken into custody from the branch by the CBI Official. In this regard, the defence has not produced any corroborative evidence in support of CSE's evidence. Regarding the ill treatment meted to him at the basement of the branch or taking him away to Mysore during office hours, the defence has not produced any corroborative evidence. MW2, the Manager has answered in the cross examination that the presence of the CSE at DO was informed to her subsequently.

I observe that the statement in question, i.e. MEx. 1 is dated 28-6-95 and the Charge sheet was received by the CSE on 6-5-97, i.e. after considerable time gap.

The CSE/DW during the cross examination, has stated that he did not inform the authorities about under what circumstances i.e. under threat, the confession letter dated 28-6-95 was given. The CSE/DW has informed that since he was assured that no dire consequences would happen, he did not inform his higher authorities/given any complaint. The above reason adduced by the CSE/DW is not satisfactory particularly when the Bank has suspended him from service on 5-9-95 for his alleged act of pilfering DD/Presenting Officer pads. It is also relevant to note that the CSE is suspended from the service within 3 months of the statement (MEx. 1). Thus, from the above, it can be concluded that the CSE did not mention anything about the ill treatment, taking him by force to Mysore etc. to his higher authorities till during the enquiry. DEX. 1 which the CSE/DW has submitted to the branch does not talk anything about this. He did not inform his higher authorities anything about intention of M. Ex. 1 by threat, etc. till he was issued with charge sheet though in the meantime, he was suspended from the service. Even the letter dated 5-6-97 does not corroborate the oral evidence of the CSE. All the above aspects go to show that the oral evidence of the CSE is an after thought and that the confession statement dated 28-6-95 (MEx. 1) is a voluntary statement.

From the analysis made above, it is clear that Shri C. Gurumallaiah pilfered blank DD and Presenting Officer pads from the custody of Chamarajanagar branch and parted with the same to certain outsiders and that pursuant to such act, he gave a confession statement voluntarily on 28-6-95.

8. Therefore, from the reading of the above said discussion and the observations, so to say, the reasoning given by the Enquiry Officer after analyzing of evidence brought on record before him, it gets crystal clear that there was sufficient documentary as well as oral evidence to speak to the charges of misconduct leveled against the first party. The Enquiry Officer has discussed at length oral testimony as well as the documents produced by the management in reaching his conclusion to hold the first party guilty of the charges. The learned enquiry officer has very much taken into consideration the defence taken by the first party workman contending that the above said confessional letter given by him was obtained from him under coercion and threats. He rejected the above said defence of the first party by giving very cogent and sufficient reasonings as could be seen from the above passage in the enquiry report.

9. Now it is well settled principle of law that enquiry findings can be said to be perverse in case the conclusion drawn by the Enquiry Officer holding the workman guilty of the misconduct was not based on evidence or was based on 'insufficient evidence'. The case on hand is neither the case of 'no evidence' or the case of 'insufficient evidence'. In the result it is very difficult to appreciate the contention taken by the first party workman that enquiry findings suffered from perversity so as to be interfered by the hands of this tribunal resulting into setting aside the dismissal order passed against him.

10. With regard to the quantum of punishment, again there is no force in the contention of the first party that the dismissal order passed against him was not proportionate to the gravity of the misconduct committed by him. The fact that he served the bank for a period of 25 years without inviting any black mark in his service cannot be a factor to be given any weight in imposing the punishment of dismissal against the workman. While passing the punishment order one has to see the misconduct committed by the workman and if it is of a grave nature, then, past record of the workman will not help him in any way particularly in the cases like one on hand when the gravity of misconduct is apparent. In the result, it cannot be said that punishment of dismissal was in any way not commensurate or disproportionate to the gravity of the misconduct committed by the workman. Therefore, punishment order is to be upheld and reference is to be rejected accordingly. Hence the following Award :—

AWARD

The reference is dismissed. No. order to cost.

(Dictated to PA transcribed by her, corrected and signed by me on 30th June, 2005)

A. R. SIDDIQUI, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 7 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2768.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार सिंडिकेट बैंक के प्रबंधन के संबंध में नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, बेंगलूर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 47/2003) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 7-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-12012/73/2003-आई आर(बी-II)]

सी. गंगाधरन, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 7 July, 2005

S.O. 2768.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 47/2003) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Bangalore as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Syndicate Bank and their workman, received by the Central Government on 7-7-2005.

[No. L-12012/73/2003-IR (B-II)]

C. GANGADHARAN, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, "SHRAM SADAN"

III MAIN, III CROSS, II PHASE, TUMKUR ROAD,
YESHWANTHPUR, BANGALORE-560022.

Dated : 29th June, 2005

Present :

Shri A. R. Siddiqui, Presiding Officer

C. R. No. 47/2003

I Party

Shri H.R. Nagaraja Murthy,
Thulagama Compound,
Behind St. Marys Kannada,
Convent, Church Colony,
Arsikere Town, Arsikere,
Hassan District-573 103
Karnataka.

II Party

The Asstt. General
Manager, Syndicate Bank,
Zonal Office,
IRC, Gandhinagar,
Bangalore-560 009

AWARD

1. The Central Government by exercising the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section 2A of the Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 has referred this dispute vide Order No. L-12012/73/2003/IR (B-II) dated 31st July, 2003 for adjudication on the following schedule :

SCHEDULE

"Whether the action of the management of Syndicate Bank on compulsorily retiring Shri H.R. Nagaraja Murthy, Ex- Clerk from Services w.e.f. 18-1-2000 is legal and justified? If not, what relief the workman is entitled to?"

2. As could be seen from the records (Order sheet maintained by this Tribunal) thrice notices of appearance on the above said reference point were issued to the first party by RPAD but on all those three occasions notice have returned unserved with a report that "addressee (First Party) has not been served on account of his absence at the address given and that his whereabouts are not known". Therefore, there being no point in once again issuing notices of appearance to the first party, the matter came to be posted for filing of the Claim Statement of the first party giving once more opportunity to the first party but he did not turn up nor he filed his Claim Statement. Therefore, the case was posted for filing Counter Statement if any, by the Second Party Management.

3. The Management which made appearance through counsel filed its Counter Statement. The various contentions taken by the management in its Counter Statement are as under :—

Para 1 :— that no Claim Petition has been received from the first party workman nor the First party workman has filed any Claim Petition before this Hon'ble Tribunal to the best of its knowledge.

Para 2 :—that the first party workman was chargesheeted on a number of occasions and administered punishments for commission of various minor and major/ gross misconducts from time to time in terms of the relevant provisions of Bipartite Settlement under which his service conditions are governed. It is pertinent to mention that he was issued with a total of 11 chargesheets and administered punishments earlier to the impugned charge-sheet vide No. CGS(W)/BNG/99/21 dated 9-3-1999 which culminated in his compulsory retirement from the services. The details of such chargesheets and punishments administered are furnished in Annexure-A. It is therefore on record that the service record maintained by the first party workman was a soiled one.

Para 3 :—that the impugned charge sheet vide No. CGS(W)/BNG/99/21 dated 9-3-1999 itself bears the reference of earlier three chargesheets issued to him for similar misconducts i.e. Commission of misconduct of irregular attendance and unauthorised absence. This speaks that there is nothing surprise or new in the service of impugned chargesheet to the first party workman when he was already in the habit of being a regular recipient of chargesheets.

Para 4 :—that the first party workman being a workman is governed by various awards

and Bipartite Settlement. The Fact remains that he is a habitual absentee. The impugned charge sheet was delivered to him on 7-4-1999. As he did not submit any reply. After waiting for more than 50 days the Disciplinary Authority has rightly proceeded in the matter by ordering for a departmental enquiry *vide* his letter No. 1267/CGS (W)/99/21 dated 29-5-1999 by appointing the enquiry officer.

Para 5 :—that the Enquiry Officer issued letter/notice to the first party workman on 29-7-1999 intimating that he would be holding the enquiry at Zonal Office, Bangalore on 25-8-1999 and that he is entitled to engage of Defence representative in terms a Clause 19.12(a) of the Bipartite Settlement. A Copy of the enquiry notice is enclosed as Annexure-B which was duly acknowledged by the first party workman. He on 18-8-1999 submitted a letter informed that he was suffering from illness since 26-7-1999 and Doctors have advised him for rest. The subject letter was not supported by any Medical Certificate nor any supportive information/document thereto. In view of the same, as there was no supportive information/document, the enquiry officer immediately on receipt of his letter sent a telegram duly followed by a letter advising the first party workman to attend the enquiry at Zonal Office, Bangalore on 25-8-99. As there was no reply, nor any communication from the first party workman, the enquiry Officer as scheduled on 25-8-1999, held the enquiry and conducted the same in strict adherence to the principles of natural justice by following scrupulously the principles and procedures of departmental enquiry. The very fact that enquiry officer has allowed him sufficient time gap. is indicative that he has tried his level best to accommodate the first party workman. The fact remains that the enquiry was adjourned on 25-8-1999 by giving the first party workman ample opportunities to put forth his defence, the enquiry proceedings was again held on 6-9-1999 and subsequently on 18-9-1999. After completion of each and every session of the enquiry, the enquiry officer has diligently sent a copy of the enquiry proceedings to the first party workman. The Second Party Management also wish to come on record that the first party workman has requested the management to permit him to have the

assistance of an advocate for his defence the copy of the said letter is enclosed as Annexure-C which was duly replied by the Disciplinary Authority *vide* his letter No. 2460/CGH(W)/99/21 dated 28-8-99. clearly informing the first party workman that his request for an Advocate cannot be considered as the charge pertains to unauthorized absent which does not involve any legal issue, *inter alia*, advising him to attend the enquiry scheduled for 6-9-1999. A copy of the letter is enclosed as Annexure-D which was received by the first party workman on 4-9-99.

Para 6 :— that the first party workman was charged for unauthorized absence he was an habitual absentee. His frequent and intermittent absence had put the Branch administration out of gear and the day to day functioning of the branch and customer service was affected. The first party workman was working at the Kolagunda Branch of the Second Party bank which is a rural branch and being a rural branch such unauthorized absence creates lot of problems, that too when such absence runs on an ongoing basis.

Para 7 :— the very fact that the Enquiry officer has time and again informed the first party workman about the proceedings and has sent the copy of the enquiry proceedings and documents etc. immediately after the completion of proceedings on 25-8-99 i.e. the first day of enquiry, on that day itself, is indicative that the first party workman is aware of the documents on which the management has relied upon to prove the charge against him as enumerated in the impugned chargesheet and related proceedings.

Para 8 :—that inspite of Enquiry Officer's intimation/notice/letter of him informing that he is entitled to engage the Defence Representative in terms Clause 19.12(a) of the Bipartite Settlement, he has not engaged any Defence Representative nor there was any letter/representation/communication to the effect other than a letter i.e. Annexure-C requesting to engage the lawyer. This too was immediately replied by the Disciplinary Authority with valid reasons in Annexure-D.

Para 9 :—that in departmental enquiry the assistance of advocate is not a mandatory provision. The charge, is that of unauthorized absence which is frequent and intermittent in nature.

This charge does not involve any legal angle or legal complexities. This was made clear to the first party workman time and again.

Para 10:—that though considerable time was given, the first party workman did not submit any reply to the charge sheet. Leave is not a matter of right and such frequent absence that too at regular intervals cannot be condoned by any services industry like Second Party Bank.

Para 11:—that the first party workman inspite of due notices, absented himself from the enquiry, the Enquiry Officer was compelled to hold the enquiry by placing the first party workman exparte. When the first party workman avoided to attend the enquiry, there was no alternative for the Enquiry Officer then to place him exparte and proceed with the enquiry. This is a settled position. In the circumstances, it is but natural that when the enquiry is held exparte, to have a clear picture of the issue involved and get at the bottom of the truth, the Enquiry Officer can put questions of clarificatory nature. These questions are put only to know the procedural aspect of governance/administration and/or rules/procedures followed in the event of unauthorised absence. A copy of the Enquiry Officer's Report is enclosed as Annexure-E. The Enquiry Officer has conducted the enquiry in strict adherence to the principles of Natural Justice and has followed scrupulously the rules and procedures of departmental enquiry.

Para 12:—that the first party workman was repeatedly chargesheeted for unauthorized absence on number of occasions. He was also charge sheeted for commission of gross misconducts bordering on financial indiscipline and so on. Total charge sheets so issued to him are 12 in number including one under question. The fact remains that the Appellate Authority in the appeal has viewed the matter leniently and reduced the punishment of dismissal to that of Compulsory Retirement. This punishment is rather lenient and just and proper. The punishment is proportionate to the gravity and seriousness of misconduct.

Para 13:—that there is no Claim Petition preferred by the first party workman, the Second Party is not in a position to rebut the Claim Para-wise. Since all the connected papers have been submitted herewith, the same may please be perused and this Hon'ble Tribunal may be pleased to reject the Reference and pass an Award upholding the decision of the Second Party Bank.

Para 14:—that if this Hon'ble Tribunal comes to the conclusion on any ground that enquiry is

not fair and proper, it may be permitted to lead further evidence and fresh evidence to prove the charges before this Hon'ble tribunal against the first party, to meet the ends of justice. Therefore, for the aforementioned reasons, it is respectfully prayed that this Hon'ble Tribunal be pleased to reject the Claim Statement of the first party and pass an award in favour of the Second Party, which would meet the ends of justice and equity.

4. Keeping in view the various contentions taken by the management with regard to the validity and fairness or otherwise of the enquiry proceedings, this court thought it proper to frame a Preliminary issue and accordingly a Preliminary issue as under was framed as under :

"Whether the Domestic Enquiry conducted against the first party by the Second Party is Fair and Proper?"

5. Thereupon the management was called upon to lead evidence on the above said issue. The management filed an affidavit of enquiry officer as MW1 and got marked in all 18 documents at Ex. M1 to M18. Since the first party remained exparte, there was no cross examination of MW1. After hearing the learned counsel for the Second Party Management on the above said issue, it was answered in the affirmative holding that the enquiry conducted against the first party by the Second Party is fair and proper. On 17th June 2005 when the matter was taken up to pronounce the order on the above said issue and order was pronounced in the open court, the learned counsel for the Second Party also remained absent therefore, matter was taken as heard and posted for award.

6. In the light of the findings recorded by this tribunal on the above said Preliminary Issue to the effect that the enquiry conducted by the second party against the first party is fair and proper the only next point to be taken into consideration would be as to whether the findings of the enquiry officer holding the first party workman guilty of the charges of misconduct suffered from any perversity or not and as to whether the impugned punishment of Compulsory Retirement imposed by the management is proportionate and in commensurate to the gravity of misconduct committed by the first party. As seen above, the first party workman not only remained absent before the Enquiry Officer resulting into exparte enquiry proceedings but also remained absent before this tribunal as his presence would not be secured by this tribunal despite issuing notice to him on 3 occasions by registered post. Therefore, as the things stand, on the part of the first party, the findings of the enquiry have gone unchallenged and uncontroverted. However, in order to decide the point in controversy, this tribunal felt it necessary to go into the very report of the Enquiry Officer. Under the heading "Analysis of Evidence" on page 5 and 6 of the Enquiry Report run as under :—

Analysis of Evidence.

"The charge sheet framed against the employee is habitual doing of an act which amounts to minor misconducts of absence without leave and

irregular attendance vide Clause No. 19.5 (f) of the Bipartite Settlement. The charge sheet also specified the various periods of unauthorized absence of the CSE from 2-2-98 to 17-12-98 totaling to 162 days. Since the CSE was charge sheeted thrice in the past as mentioned in the Charge sheet, on 4th occasion his irregular attendance to office was treated as Gross Misconduct and accordingly the matter was brought under Clause 19.5(f) of the Bipartite Settlement. MR. has also produced photocopies of the charge sheets issued to the CSE in the past as well as the proceedings of the disciplinary Authority awarding punishments. Therefore, in the instant case, the action of the employee absents unauthorisedly and also his irregular attendance have been rightly brought under Clause No. 19.5 (f) of the Bipartite Settlement as a Gross Misconduct.

The employees absence for 162 days was treated as unauthorized by RO Mysore and the same was communicated to the CSE vide the letters mentioned in the charge sheet. The copies of RO Mysore letters were produced by the MR in the enquiry. From the said letters of RO Mysore issued to the CSE, I observe that the various periods of his absence was treated as unauthorized with consequent out in wages, break in service and postponement of annual increment date for the following reasons :—

- (i) Remainiang a sen without proper sanction of leave by the competent authority,
- (ii) Irregular attendance,
- (iii) Violation of leaves rules.

It was also informed to the CSE that the said UAA period would not count as service for terminal/pension benefits. The charges are further strengthened by the documents produced by the MR. Hence, I am fully convinced to say that the CSE absented without intimation and sanctioned of leave for 162 days during the period mentioned in the charge sheet.

From the deposition of witnesses MW1 and MW-2, it is observed that the CSE has already availed Sick Leave to the maximum eligibility of 540 days. The total EOL on LOP availed is 412 days and UAA of 839 days. Kolgunda being small potential branch, such absence by violating leave rules has caused inconvenience to the branch in its smooth functioning and effected customers service.

The employee has not even replied to the charge sheet inspite of granting ample time. During the enquiry also he has not participated to cross examine the management witnesses and to lead his evidence in defence inspite of providing opportunities by adjourning the enquiry at each stage. He did not even make his submissions till today i.e. 25-10-99, on enquiry proceedings inspite of giving time upto 30-9-99.

Taking into consideration the oral and documentary evidence produced before me by the Management and the CSE not coming forward to lead any evidence in defence, I am convinced that the CSE has absented unauthorisedly in violation of leave rules and his absence has affected the smooth functioning of the branch and also customer service in that rural branch."

7. Therefore from the perusal of the above said passage from the Enquiry Report submitted by the Enquiry Officer, it can be seen that the learned Enquiry Officer has not only taken into consideration the oral testimony of 2 witnesses examined before him as MW1 and MW2 but also has considered the documentary evidence produced before him by the management representative during the course of enquiry held against the first party in his absence. After analysing the evidence, therefore, the Enquiry Officer in my opinion rightly came to the conclusion that the charge of misconduct of habitual absence from duty against the first party workman has been proved by sufficient and legal evidence. It is based on the above said enquiry report Ex. M13 marked before this tribunal, the Disciplinary Authority by its order dated 18-1-2000 marked at Ex.M15 imposed the punishment of dismissal against the workman. It is seen from the records that against the above said punishment order the first party workman prepared an appeal and the Appellate Authority by its order dated 8-6-2000 disallowed the appeal partly by modifying the punishment of dismissal into the punishment of Compulsory Retirement. A perusal of the impugned punishment order by the Disciplinary Authority and the above said order passed by the Appellate Authority again go to establish the various contentions taken by the management in their Counter Statement referred to supra. The reasonings assigned by the Disciplinary Authority as well as by the Appellate Authority are again quite valid and cogent not to be interfered at the hand of this tribunal. Therefore, going through the enquiry report and the aforesaid punishment orders by the Disciplinary Authority and the Appellate Authority, I am having absolutely no hesitation in my mind to come to the conclusion that charges of misconduct leveled against the first party workman have been proved by sufficient, legal and satisfactory evidence.

8. Now coming to the point of quantum of punishment, here again, there appears to be no injustice as such done to the first party. The Appellate Authority has already taken a lenient view and modified the punishment of dismissal into the punishment of Compulsory Retirement. Therefore, keeping in view the gravity of the misconduct committed by the first party, punishment of Compulsory Retirement does not seem to be disproportionate or not in commensurate to the gravity of the misconduct committed by the first party. In the result the following award is passed.

AWARD

The reference is dismissed. No order to cost.

(Dictated to PA transcribed by her corrected and signed by me on 29th June, 2005.)

A.R. SIDDIQUI, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 7 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2769.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार मार्मागाव पोर्ट ट्रस्ट के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय नं. 1 मुम्बई के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 60/2003) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 7-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-36011/3/98-आई आर(एम)]
सी. गंगाधरण, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 7th July, 2005

S.O. 2769.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. 60/2003) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Mumbai-1 now as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Mormugao Port Trust and their workman, received by the Central Government on 7-7-2005.

[No. L-36011/3/98-IR (M)]
C. GANGADHARAN, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL NO. 1 AT MUMBAI

PRESENT:

Shri Justice Hrishikesh Banerji,
Presiding Officer

Reference No. CGIT-60 of 2003

Employers in relation to the Management of
Mormugao Port Trust

And

Their workmen

Appearances:

For the Management : Shri M.B. Anchan, Advocate

For the Union : Shri Jaiprakash Sawant, Advocate
State : Goa

Mumbai, dated this the 22nd day of June, 2005

AWARD

This is a reference made by the Central Government in exercise of its powers under Clause (d) of Sub-section (1) and Sub-section (2A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act (the Act for short). The terms of reference are as follows:

“Whether the action of the Management of Mormugao Port Trust in proposing change in shift pattern from 12 hours (which includes 3 hours fixed overtime with one hour recess) to 8 hours shift in respect of Watch and Ward Staff of General

Administration Department by way of issuing Notice of change under Section 9-A of the I.D. Act, 1947 is legal and justified? If not, what relief the workmen are entitled to?”

Both the parties jointly filed a settlement and prayed that the matter may be disposed of. The terms of settlement are as follows:

1. The Management and the employees through the recognized union i.e. MP and RWU and GP & DEU have agreed to revert/post the fire brigade staff on 12 hrs. shift pattern for a period of 6 months w.e.f. 12-04-04. All the fire brigade staff will be posted on rotation basis so as to give the benefit of O.T. to all the staff uniformly. Total 13 fire brigade personnel will be posted in each shift.
2. The staff when posted on 12 hrs. shift duty shall be paid 3 hrs. of fixed overtime for each day of work. The staff will not claim any O.T. payment for the recess hours for meals and will maintain full turn at all times to meet any emergency.
3. No variable overtime will be payable under any circumstances except for those who are working on port holidays in shifts to maintain minimum complement or unless specifically approved by the Competent Authority.
4. The union will withdraw all the matters connected with the fire brigade which are pending before LC, Labour Ministry, Industrial Tribunals and High Court, having the consent settlement.
5. Both the parties have agreed to send the compliance report of the terms of settlement to the ALC (C)/RLC/CLC, Labour Ministry, Presiding Officer/CGIT No. 1. This Agreement will remain valid for a period of six months w.e.f. 12-4-2004.”

Since the parties have already settled the matter, it is disposed of by stating that there is no industrial dispute between the parties for passing an Award.

HRISHIKESH BANERJI, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 7 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2770.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार बैंक ऑफ इंडिया के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय नं. 1, मुम्बई के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 4/2004) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 7-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-12011/175/2003-आई आर(बी-II)]
सी. गंगाधरण, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 7th July, 2005

S.O. 2770.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. 4/2004) of

the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Mumbai-1 now as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Bank of India and their workman, received by the Central Government on 7-7-2005.

[No. L-12011/175/2003-IR (B-II)]

C. GANGADHARAN, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE

**BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT
INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL NO. 1
AT MUMBAI**

PRESENT:

Shri Justice Hrishikesh Banerji,
Presiding Officer

Reference No. CGIT-4 of 2004

Employers in relation to the Management of
Bank of India

And

Their workmen

Appearances:

For the Management: Shri Saptarshi Ghosh

For the Union : Shri V. M. Tendulkar, President

Mumbai, dated this the 22nd day of June, 2005

AWARD

This is a reference made by the Central Government in exercise of its powers under Clause (d) of Sub-section (1) and Sub-section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act (the Act for short). The terms of reference are as follows:

“Whether the action of the Management of Bank of India, Mumbai South Zone, Mumbai in violating the agreement arrived at in between the Bank of India Management and Federation of Bank of India Staff Unions on selection to the post of Cashier Category ‘E’ and ‘C’ is justified? If not, what relief the union, viz. Bank of India Karmachari Sena is entitled to?”

The Bank of India Karmachari Sena submits that their grievances as reflected in the order of reference no longer exist and hence they are not interested in prosecuting the reference. It is therefore held that the reference stands disposed of as withdrawn.

The reference is therefore disposed of.

HRISHIKESH BANERJI, Presiding Officer
नई दिल्ली, 8 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2771.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार मोदीलुफ्त लि. के प्रबंधन के संबंध में नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में

निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, मुम्बई I के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 23/99) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 6-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-11012/91/98-आई आर(सी-1)]

एस. एस. गुप्ता, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 8th July, 2005

S.O. 2771.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. 23/99) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Mumbai-1 now as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Modiluft Ltd. and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 6-7-2005.

[No. L-11012/91/98-IR (C-I)]

S. S. GUPTA, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE

**BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT
INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL NO. 1
AT MUMBAI**

PRESENT:

Shri Justice Hrishikesh Banerji,
Presiding Officer

Reference No. CGIT-23 of 1999

Employers in relation to the Management of
Modiluft Ltd.

And

Their workmen

Appearances:

For the Management : S/Shri Shamrao Patil and A.S. Patil,
Advocate

For the Union : Shri Jaiprakash Sawant, Advocate
State : Maharashtra

Mumbai, dated this the 22nd day of June, 2005

AWARD

This is a reference made by the Central Government in exercise of its powers under Clause (d) of Sub-section (1) and Sub-section (2A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act (the Act for short). The terms of reference are as follows:

क्या मोदीलुफ्त लि. के प्रबंधन द्वारा सूची में दिए गए कर्मचारों को काम से रोकना तथा उनके वेतन का भुगतान न करना विधिवत् न्यायसंगत व उचित है? यदि नहीं तो कर्मकार किस राहत के पात्र हैं?

Both the parties jointly filed a settlement and prayed that the matter may be disposed of.

Since the parties have already settled the matter, it is disposed of by stating that there is no Industrial Dispute between the parties for passing an Award.

HRISHIKESH BANERJI, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 8 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2772.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार भा.को.को. लि. के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, धनबाद-II (संदर्भ संख्या 48/2001) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 6-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-20012/453/2000-आई आर (सी-I)]

एस.एस. गुप्ता, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 8th July, 2005

S.O. 2772.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 48/2001) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, Dhanbad-II now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of BCCL and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 6-7-2005.

[No. L-20012/453/2000-IR (C-I)]

S. S. GUPTA, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE**BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL (NO. 2) AT DHANBAD****PRESENT:**

Shri B. Biswas,
Presiding Officer

In the matter of an Industrial Dispute under
Section 10(1)(d) of the I.D. Act, 1947

Reference No. 48 of 2001

PARTIES:

Employers in relation to the management of M/s. BCCL
and their workman

APPEARANCES:

On the behalf of the workman	: None
On behalf of the employers	: Mr. U. N. Lal, Advocate.

State : Jharkhand : Industry : Coal

Dated, Dhanbad, the 26th June, 2005

AWARD

The Govt. of India, Ministry of Labour, in exercise of the powers conferred on them under Section 10(1)(d) of the I.D. Act, 1947 has referred the following dispute to this tribunal for adjudication vide their order No. L-20012/453/2000 (C-I), dated, the 19th February, 2001.

SCHEDULE

"Whether the action of the management of M/s. BCCL in reverting back the workman Sri Kalipada Mahato, Bastacola Area from the post of Clerk (T) to General Mazdoor by nullifying the selection and posting order dated 15-5-92 is

justified and legal? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?"

2. In this reference neither the concerned workman nor his representative appeared. Management, however, made appearance through their authorised representative. It transpires from the record that initially instant reference case was disposed of on the basis of 'No dispute' award. After passing that 'No dispute' award the sponsoring union filed a petition for recalling the said award and accordingly a misc. case was registered vide Misc. Case No. 4/2004. The misc. case was disposed of vide order No. 4 dated 19-10-2004 in favour of the sponsoring union and the original reference case was restored to its original file and Number. Thereafter the sponsoring union/workman was directed to submit written Statement on 11-1-2005. On that date neither the concerned workman nor his representative was found present and accordingly the case was adjourned for filing Written Statement on 24-3-2005 though both sides were present, but no written Statement was filed on behalf of the workman/union and accordingly date was fixed on 6-5-2005 for filing Written Statement by the workman. But on 6-5-2005 neither the concerned workman nor his representative was found present. Attitude of the sponsoring union shows clearly that their intention is only to drag on the case for the reason best known to them. This is a case of 2001. It is seen that within the period four years the sponsoring union did not consider necessary to submit written Statement. As such at this stage, I do not find any sufficient ground to adjourn the case *suo moto* for filing Written Statement by the workman. Hence workman's case is closed and accordingly a 'No dispute' Award is passed in this reference presuming non-existence of any industrial dispute between the parties.

B. BISWAS, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 8 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2773.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार टिस्को के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम मंत्रालय, धनबाद-II के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 67/99) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 6-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-20012/186/98-आई आर (सी-I)]

एस. एस. गुप्ता, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 8 July, 2005

S.O. 2773.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 67/99) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, Dhanbad-II now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Tisco and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 6-7-2005.

[No. L-20012/186/98-IR (C-I)]

S. S. GUPTA, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE**BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT
INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL (NO. 2) AT DHANBAD
PRESENT :**

Shri B. Biswas,
Presiding Officer.

In the matter of an Industrial Dispute under
Section 10(1)(d) of the I.D. Act, 1947

Reference No. 67 of 1999

PARTIES : Employers in relation to the management of
Tisco and their workman

APPEARANCES :

On behalf of the workman : Mr. D. Mukherjee,
Advocate.

On behalf of the employers : Mr. D.K. Verma,
Advocate.

State : Jharkhand Industry : Coal
Dated, Dhanbad, the 20th June, 2005

AWARD

The Govt. of India, Ministry of Labour, in exercise of the powers conferred on them under Section 10(1)(d) of the I.D. Act, 1947 has referred the following dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication vide their order No. L-20012/186/98-IR (C-I), dated, 27-1-1999.

SCHEDULE

"Whether the action of the management of Bhelatand Colliery of M/s. TISCO in dismissing Sh. Dharam Singh, Chairman, P. No. 214574 of Project Section, Bhelatand under Clause 19(5) of the Certified Standing Order of the company vide dismissal Order No. PROJ/AB/2090 dated 26th October, 1994 w.e.f. 1-11-1994 is justified? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?"

2. Case of the concerned workman according to written Statement submitted by him in brief is as follows :—

The concerned workman submitted that he was employed under the Group Survey Officer, Sijua Group, Survey Office situated at Bhelatand Colliery under whole and sole control of the Manager, Survey, Sijua Group of Collieries, consisted of Malkera Colliery, Sijua Colliery and Bhelatand Colliery. He submitted that over alleged cause of action a chargesheet was issued to him under signature of the Officer who is not the competent to issue chargesheet vide No. DGM/A-3/1239 dt. 22-6-94. He submitted reply to the said chargesheet denying all the charges brought against him but as the Disciplinary Authority was not satisfied with the reply given, decided to hold domestic enquiry against him. He alleged further that the Enquiry Officer who was appointed to hold domestic enquiry did not give sufficient opportunity to defend his case. On the contrary after completing the enquiry proceeding arbitrarily submitted his report holding him guilty to the charges. The Disciplinary Authority thereafter issued the order of dismissal without considering all pros and cons. Accordingly, he submitted that the said order of dismissal issued against him by the Disciplinary Authority was not only illegal and arbitrary but also it violated the principle of

natural justice. After issuance of the said order of dismissal he submitted representation to the management with prayer for his reinstatement in service recalling the said order of dismissal but that yielded no effect and for which he raised an industrial dispute before the ALC (C) for conciliation which ultimately resulted reference to this Tribunal for adjudication. The concerned workman accordingly submitted prayer to pass Award directing the management to reinstate him in service setting aside the order of dismissal from the date when it was issued.

3. Management on the contrary after filing written Statement-cum-rejoinder have denied all the claims and allegation which the concerned workman asserted in his Written Statement. They submitted that during 'C' shift duty on 18-6-94 at about 1.30 A.M. of 19-6-94, the concerned workman came to Sijua Colliery and after meeting Mr. R.C. Singh Asstt. Colliery Manager of that colliery who at that relevant time was found standing on the surface at 15 Pit Top, threatened him to kill taking a Revolver in his hand. He also made query to him why he was not granting leave to the employees. However, said R.C. Singh, Asstt. Colliery Manager somehow got his escape from him and came to the Security Department and informed the matter to them. When the officials of the Security Department reached the spot the concerned workman fled away from the place of occurrence. As the offence committed by the concerned workman amounted to serious misconduct as per clause 19(5) of the Certified Standing Order of the Company, a chargesheet was issued to him on 22-6-94 and he was also placed under suspension. After receipt of the said chargesheet the concerned workman submitted his reply on 4-7-94 denying all the charges brought against him. In reply as alibi he disclosed that on 18-6-94 from 8.30 A.M. to 1.00 P.M. he was on duty and as he got loose motion and pain in his abdomen for which he went to the Nursing Home of Dr. M.P. Saha, Chatabad Malkera Dhanbad and got his admission there and released on 19-6-1994 at 7.00 P.M. He submitted that as he was under treatment at the time of incident it was impossible on his part to commit such misconduct as alleged in the chargesheet. As the reply given by the concerned workman was not satisfactory the Disciplinary Authority appointed Mr. M.M. Haque, Dy. Manager (Personnel) Sijua Colliery as Enquiry Officer to conduct departmental enquiry against him. Shri R.C. Singh, Asstt. Colliery Manager, Sijua Colliery was appointed as Management's representative to put his case before the Enquiry Officer on behalf of the management. It has been submitted by the management that in course of hearing of the enquiry proceeding full opportunity was given to the concerned workman not only to cross-examine the Management witnesses but also to defend his own case. They submitted that the Enquiry Officer conducted the said departmental enquiry fairly, properly and in accordance with the principle of natural justice. After completion of the said enquiry, the Enquiry officer submitted his report holding the concerned workman guilty to the charges. The Disciplinary Authority thereafter considering the enquiry proceeding, enquiry report and all other relevant papers came to the conclusion that finding of the enquiry officer was proper and accordingly the Disciplinary Authority dismissed him from his service with effect from 1-11-1994

by order dt. 26-10-1994. They further submitted that neither they committed any illegality nor took any arbitrary decision in dismissing the concerned workman from service and for which he is not entitled to get any relief in view of his prayer. Accordingly management submitted prayer to pass Award rejecting the claim of the concerned workman.

4. Points to be decided

"Whether the action of the management of Bhelatand Colliery of M/s. TISCO. in dismissing Sh. Dharam Singh, Chairman, P. No. 214574 of Project Section, Bhelatand under clause 19 (5) of the certified standing order of the company *vide* dismissal order No. PROJ/AB/2090 dt. 26th October, 1994 w.e.f. 1-11-1994 is justified? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?"

5. Finding with Reasons

It transpires from the record that before taking up hearing of this case on merit it was taken into consideration whether domestic enquiry held against the concerned workman was fair, proper and in accordance with principle of natural justice. It is seen that the said issue on preliminary point was disposed of in favour of the management *vide* Order No. 24 dt. 15-6-2004. Now the point for consideration is whether management have been able to substantiate the charge brought against the concerned workman and if so whether the concerned workman is entitled to get any relief in view of provision of U/s. 11A of the I. D. Act., 1947. In course of hearing the chargesheet which was issued to the concerned workman was marked as Ext. M-1. The chargesheet speaks as follows :—

"It has been reported that on 18-6-1994 at about 1.30 A.M. in 'C' shift (early hours of 19-6-1994), you went to Sijua Colliery 15 Pit Top with a revolver in your hand and threatened Shri R. C. Singh, Asstt. Manager, Sijua Colliery to kill him. You also asked as to why he was not granting leave to the employees. Sri R. C. Singh somehow managed to escape. He immediately informed the Security Department. Before the Security Personnel could reach the colliery premises, you had fled away.

The above act on your part amounts to not only threatening a superior officer but also to serious disorderly behaviour.

You are hereby suspended pending enquiry with immediate effect. During the period of your suspension, you will be paid subsistence allowance as per statutory provisions.

You are allowed 72 hours from the date of receipt here of to give your explanation. Any representation that you may make in this connection will be taken into consideration before passing orders.

Sd/- Illegible

A.G. M. (Projects)
Jamadoba 22-6-94"

The chargesheet was issued for committing misconduct by the concerned workman as per clause 19(5) of the Certified Standing Order applicable to the workers of the Company. According to Section 19(5) of the Certified

Standing Order any employee may be suspended, fined or dismissed without notice or any compensation in lieu of notice if he is found guilty of the misconduct for drunkenness, fighting, riotous or disorderly or indecent behaviour.

It is the specific allegation of the management that on 19-6-1994 at about 1.30 A.M. at night the concerned workman i.e. the delinquent came to Sijua Colliery and on seeing Shri R. C. Singh, Asstt. Colliery Manager of that colliery who was at that relevant time standing on the surface at 15 Pit Top came to him and taking a revolver in his hand threatened him to kill. At the time of threatening he also asked Mr. R. C. Singh why he was not granting leave to the employees. Said Shri R. C. Singh, however, was able to get his escape from the spot and thereafter he rushed to the Security Department and informed the incident in question to the Security Department. On receiving the said news when the Security personnel came to the spot they, however, did not find the concerned workman there. It is seen that over the said incident no FIR was lodged against the concerned workman at local Police Station. Considering record I have failed to find out any complaint lodged by the complainant Mr. R. C. Singh over the incident in question. Ld. Advocate for the management has failed to satisfy this Tribunal in course of hearing if any written complaint was submitted by the complainant Mr. R. C. Singh to the management over the incident in question. Therefore, it is seen that without lodging any FIR and also in absence of any written complaint Disciplinary Authority issued a chargesheet against the concerned workman. The chargesheet marked as Ext. M-1 also does not speak if any written complaint was lodged by the complainant or not? Against that chargesheet concerned workman submitted his reply which during hearing was marked as Ext. M-2. In reply, the concerned workman denied all the charges brought against him and as *ali bi* took the plea that at the time of relevant incident he was not at all present at the spot on the ground that at that time he was admitted in the Nursing home of Dr. M. P. Saha at Saha Nursing Home, Chatabad Malkera, Dhanbad. As the reply of the chargesheet given by the concerned workman was not satisfactory the Disciplinary Authority appointed Mr. M. M. Haque, Dy. Manager (Personnel) as Enquiry Officer. During hearing of the enquiry proceeding Enquiry Officer examined Mr. R. C. Singh, Mr. N. K. Gupta, Asstt. Manager and Ajay Kumar. From the statement of R. C. Singh it transpires that on 19-6-1994 at about 1.30 A.M. while he was on 15 Pit Top the concerned workman i.e. Dharam Singh an employee of Project Bhelatand came to him with a revolver in his right hand and thereafter putting the revolver on his chest asked him why he was not granting leave. When Shri Singh resisted he saw another person standing about 20 feet away who was covered with a shawl. On moving further ahead he found another person standing at 11 Pit. Thereafter he came to the Security Office and informed Mr. Ajay Kumar, Security Officer about the incident in question. This witness submitted that at the time of the incident in question N. K. Gupta and Durga Mahato were present on the spot and they witnessed the incident in question. No evidence is forthcoming whether the leave application of the concerned workman was with the

complainant for disposal or not. On the contrary this witness during cross-examination admitted that the concerned workman never approached previously regarding his leave. It is also not evident if R. C. Singh was the controlling authority of the concerned workman and was in charge of sanctioning any leave to the concerned workman. The chargesheet while speaks that R. C. Singh was charged by the concerned workman why he was not granting leave to the employees the statement of R. C. Singh on the contrary appears to be different on that point. During hearing management have failed to examine Durga Mahato who was an eye witness of the incident in question. Considering the statement of N. K. Gupta it transpires that on the relevant date and time he was on leave. However, he was present on the spot with a view to line up job of his section and went to 15 Pit Top between 1.15 to 1.30 A.M. This witness disclosed that when he was talking with the miners he noticed the concerned workman to talk with R. C. Singh. Sometimes after, the said person came to him and shook his hand and asked him "SAHEB AAP MARE GHAR KHANA KHANE CHALEYA". This witness disclosed as the concerned workman was at that time in drunken state he helped him to move towards lamp cabin from pit top. At that time he found a Pistol with the concerned workman. He presumed the pistol as toy pistol. This witness did not disclose in which part of the body of the concerned workman he found the pistol. When this witness disclosed that the delinquent shook hand with him in that case it was not possible on his part to possess the alleged pistol in his hand because of the fact that it is not possible on the part of a person to shake hand with pistol in his hand. From the statement of Ajay Kumar, Security Officer it transpires that on 19-6-1994 at about 1.30 A.M. Mr. R. C. Singh came to his control room from the colliery site and informed that one person came on the pit top with his mouth covered and thereafter the said person placed revolver on his chest and asked him why he was not granting leave. Said R. C. Singh further disclosed that somehow after getting his escape from his hand he came there with a view to inform the incident in question. After receiving the said news he rushed to the spot but did not find the delinquent i.e. the concerned workman. During cross-examination N. K. Gupta firmly disclosed that he did not find the concerned workman to place revolver on the chest of R. C. Singh. He only found him to talk with R. C. Singh and a pistol was in his hand. He further admitted that while the concerned workman was talking with R. C. Singh his face was not covered with anything. Therefore, if the cross-examination of N. K. Gupta is taken into consideration it will expose clearly that he made an exaggerated statement to the Security Officer Ajay Kumar after coming to control room. It is also curious to note that though R. C. Singh by name and face was acquainted with the concerned workman, instead of disclosing his name disclosed to the Security Officer that one person at the Pit Top No. 15 on 19-6-1994 at 1.30 A.M. came to him and placed revolver on his chest, covered his mouth and asked him why he was not granting leave. This witness I have already discussed, did not state anything whether he was leave sanctioning authority of the concerned workman and if any such leave application was pending to him. Therefore, it is not at all clear for granting

of whose leave the concerned workman intended to create pressure on him. If the evidence of N. K. Gupta is taken into consideration it will expose clearly that the concerned workman was in drunken state at the relevant time but I do not find its corroboration from the statement of R. C. Singh. It is further seen that the concerned workman i.e. the delinquent had a good relationship with N. K. Gupta and had that not been so he would not request him for having meal with him at his house. Not only Mr. N. K. Gupta, Durga Mahato were present at the spot but also many other miners and trammers were present. It is curious to note that management did not consider necessary to examine either Durga Mahato or other trammers and miners/loaders who were present at the spot. It is also very curious to note that R. C. Singh reported the incident in question to the management on the basis of which chargesheet was issued against the concerned workman. Therefore, the role of R. C. Singh cannot be considered as independent. Knowing fully well of the fact management engaged this R. C. Singh as Presenting Officer to present the case on behalf of the management. I have carefully considered all the statement of witnesses, and after careful consideration of all the material evidence on record I find no hesitation to draw conclusion that the statement of one witness varies from the statement of other witness in a very ugly manner. Considering statement of all the witnesses there is sufficient reason to believe that R. C. Singh was not in good relation with the concerned workman and for which this way or that way his intention was to take revenge against him. No satisfactory explanation is forthcoming on the part of the management why R. C. Singh did not submit any written complaint. Why no FIR was lodged against the concerned workman particularly when there was allegation that at the relevant time of the alleged incident he was armed with deadly weapon. If FIR was lodged there was chance of recovery of alleged revolver from the possession of the concerned workman. I have failed to understand how without written complaint just on the basis of verbal report management issued chargesheet against the concerned workman which is absolutely illegal as because of the fact that the concerned workman was deprived of consulting the complaint made against him. Biasness of the management appears to be very much evident considering the fact that R. C. Singh was an Officer of the management. It is true that in reply to the chargesheet the concerned workman took an alibi in support of his plea of innocence. Onus on him to establish the alibi. However, question of establishing the defence comes in only when the charge brought against him is established beyond all reasonable doubt. Onus absolutely rests on the management to establish the charge against the concerned workman/delinquent. It is seen that with a view to establish the charge management have been able to examine one witness i.e. Mr. N. K. Gupta who according to them was the person on the spot at the time of the incident in question. Apart from evidence of N. K. Gupta management also examined one Security Officer Mr. Ajay Kumar whose evidence I have discussed in details above. He cannot be considered as an eye witness as because of the fact that he was not present on the spot at the relevant time of the incident. This witness also in course of his evidence admitted this fact. It is evident

that not only Mr. N. K. Gupta but also many other persons were present on the spot at the time of the incident in question and according to the evidence of the witnesses i.e. N. K. Gupta and R. C. Singh, they also witnessed the incident in question. It is clear that R. C. Singh, is the sole officer who was present on the spot at the time of incident. Therefore, before giving importance to his evidence it has to be looked into whether the allegation made by him against the concerned workman/delinquent has got its support by independent witness who were present at that time and saw the incident. It is really astonishing to note that in spite of getting ample scope management did not consider necessary to examine any independent witness with a view to corroborate the incident in question as alleged by R. C. Singh excepting the evidence of N. K. Gupta. I have carefully discussed the evidence of N. K. Gupta above and it has been exposed clearly that the allegation which Mr. R. C. Singh brought against the concerned workman/delinquent did not find its support from his evidence.

The allegation which was brought against the concerned workman was very serious in nature and therefore close scrutiny was expected on the part of the Enquiry Officer before holding the concerned workman guilty to the charge. It is seen that the Enquiry Officer without scanning the evidence of the witness presented by the management was very much busy to discuss with the alibi taken by the concerned workman/delinquent. It reveals from his report how he found the concerned workman guilty to the charges as he failed to establish the alibi taken by him. The Enquiry Officer has totally forgotten either or did not consider necessary to follow the principle of natural justice. Question of believing or disbelieving the alibi only would come after establishment of charge brought against the concerned workman/delinquent by the management. It is seen that the Enquiry Officer without scanning the evidence of management witnesses properly just relying on his finding relating to alibi taken by the concerned workman came to his conclusion that he was found guilty to the charges brought against him under clause 19(5) of the Certified Standing Order. In view of my discussion above I find no hesitation to say that the management have failed to substantiate the charge brought against the concerned workman. The concerned workman accordingly deserves benefit of doubt.

It is seen that management based on the enquiry report dismissed the concerned workman from his service. The order of dismissal during evidence of Enquiry Officer was marked as Ext. M-9. Now the point for consideration is whether the concerned workman deserves any relief u/s. 11A of the I. D. Act. Section 11A of the Act speaks as follows :—

“Where an industrial dispute relating to the discharge or dismissal of a workman has been referred to a Labour Court, Tribunal or National Tribunal for adjudication and in the course of the adjudication proceedings, the Labour Court, Tribunal or National Tribunal, as the case may be, is satisfied that the order of discharge or dismissal was not justified, it may, by its award, set aside the order of discharge or dismissal and direct reinstatement of the workman

on such terms and conditions, if any, as it thinks fit, or give such other relief to the workman including the award of any lesser punishment in lieu of discharge or dismissal as the circumstances of the case may require.”

Therefore, according to this provision it has to be looked into whether the said order of dismissal was justified or proportionate to the offence committed by the concerned workman/delinquent. It is really astonishing to note that the Disciplinary authority also did not apply their mind before imposing punishment upon the concerned workman. Just based on the report submitted by the Enquiry Officer the Disciplinary Authority decided to dismiss him from his service. Dismissal of the concerned workman from his service based on the enquiry report I should say has violated all the principles of natural justice in view of my discussion above. I find no hesitation to say that such order of dismissal issued by the Disciplinary Authority was neither justified nor proportionate to any offence committed by him. In view of my discussion above I hold management have failed to substantiate the charge against the concerned workman totally and knowing fully well of this fact they only for the prestige of an Officer did not hesitate to dismiss the concerned workman from his service arbitrarily and illegally. Therefore, the said order of dismissal as is not justified or proportionate is liable to be set aside. In the result, the following Award is rendered :—

“The action of the management of Bhelatand Colliery of M/s. TISCO in dismissing Shri Dharam Singh, Chainman, P. No. 214574 of Project Section, Bhelatand under Clause 19(5) of the certified standing order of the company vide dismissal order No. PROJ/AB/2090 dated 26th October, 1994, w.e.f. 1-11-1994 is not justified. Consequently, he is entitled to get reinstatement to his original post of Chainman w.e.f. 1-11-1994. He is also entitled to get 25% back wages from the date of his dismissal to the date of his reinstatement with other consequential benefit.”

Management is directed to implement the Award within three months from the date of its publication in the Gazette of India in the light of the observation made above.

B. BISWAS, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 8 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2774.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) को धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार भा.को.को. लि. के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय धनबाद-II के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 86/99) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 6-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-20012/65/98-आई आर(सी-1)]

एस.एस. गुप्ता, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 8th July, 2005

S.O. 2774.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 86/99) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court,

Dhanbad-II now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of BCCL and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 6-7-2005.

[No. L-20012/65/98-IR (C-I)]

S. S. GUPTA, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL (NO. 2) AT DHANBAD

PRESENT:

Shri B. Biswas,
Presiding Officer

In the matter of an Industrial Dispute under
Section 10(1)(d) of the I.D. Act, 1947

REFERENCE NO. 86 OF 1999

PARTIES : Employers in relation to the management of
Kusunda Area No. 6 of M/s. BCCL and
their workman.

APPEARANCES:

On the behalf of the workman : Mr. S. N. Goswami,
Ld. Advocate;

On behalf of the employers : Mr. B. M. Prasad and
Mr. A. K. Sinha,
Ld. Advocates.

STATE : JHARKHAND **INDUSTRY :** Coal

Dated, Dhanbad, the 16th June, 2005

AWARD

The Govt. of India, Ministry of Labour, in exercise of the powers conferred on them under Section 10(1)(d) of the I.D. Act, 1947 has referred the following dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication vide their Order No. L-20012/65/98-IR (C-I), dated, the 22nd January, 1999.

SCHEM

"Whether the action of the management of Kusunda Area of BCCL in dismissing/stopping the workman Shri Samru Harijan, Miner Loader of Industry Colliery from 2-10-1995 although date of birth of workman recorded in different records is 10-5-1939 is justified? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?"

2. The case of the concerned workman according to written statement submitted by the sponsoring union on his behalf in brief is as follows:

The sponsoring union submitted that the concerned workman was initially appointed at Industry Colliery on 29-6-65 as Miner Loader by the erstwhile owner and at that time his date of birth in the Form-B Register vide Sl. No. 491 was recorded as 10-5-1939. His I.D. Card No. was 53526 and CMPF A/c No. was C/362362. They submitted that in the I. D. Card which was issued to him by the present management after nationalisation of the said colliery his date of birth also was recorded as 10-5-39. In the year 1987 management issued service excerpt to him wherein also his date of birth was recorded as 10-5-39. As date of birth in the service excerpt was correctly recorded he did not find reason to raise any dispute over his date of birth.

They alleged that all of a sudden management issued superannuation notice to the concerned workman mentioning the date of his superannuation as 20-10-95 without any basis and prior to his attaining the age of 60 years. They further alleged that management on the basis of that notice illegally and arbitrarily violating the principle of natural justice superannuated him w.e.f. 20-10-95 and for which they submitted several representations to recall that illegal order of superannuation but as management refused to consider their representations they raised Industrial Dispute before ALC(C) for conciliation which ultimately resulted reference to this Tribunal for adjudication.

They accordingly submitted prayer to pass award directing the management to reinstate the concerned workman to his work and allow him to remain in service till his attaining age of 60 years according to date of birth recorded in the Form-B Register with back wages and other consequential relief.

3. Management on the contrary after filing written statement-cum-rejoinder have denied all the claims and allegations which the sponsoring union asserted in the written statement submitted on behalf of the concerned workman.

They submitted that there was no question of dismissal or stopping of service of the concerned workman on the ground that he superannuated from service on attaining the age of sixty years.

They disclosed that in Sl. No. 491 of the Form-B Register after some interpretation his date of birth was recorded as 10-3-1930. They alleged that the said interpretation was made by the concerned workman in connivance with others. They disclosed that in F.D.P. date of birth of the concerned workman was recorded as 20-10-35 and relying on the said date of birth he superannuated from service on 20-10-95 and after his superannuation he withdrew his CMPF money and gratuity amount.

They submitted that neither they committed any illegality nor took any arbitrary decision superannuating the concerned workman from his service and for which they submitted their prayer to pass award rejecting the claim of the sponsoring union.

4. POINTS TO BE DECIDED

"Whether the action of the management of Kusunda Area of BCCL in dismissing/stopping the workman Shri Samru Harijan, Miner Loader of Industry Colliery from 2-10-1995 although date of birth of workman recorded in different records is 10-5-1939 is justified? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?"

5. Findings with Reasons

It transpires from the record that management with a view to substantiate their claim examined one witness as M.W. 1. The sponsoring union on the contrary in spite of getting ample opportunity did not consider necessary to adduce any evidence.

Considering the facts disclosed in the pleadings of both sides also considering material documents in the record I find no dispute to hold that the concerned workman

got his appointment by the erstwhile owner as Miner/Loader at Industry Colliery.

It is the specific contention of the sponsoring union that all particulars including date of birth of the concerned workman were recorded in the Form-B register while he joined to his service. They submitted further that in Sl. No. 461 of the said Form-B Register the date of birth of the concerned workman was recorded as 10-5-1939. Subsequently, ID Card bearing No. 53526 was issued to him wherein also his date of birth was recorded as 10-5-39. They further disclosed that in the year 1987 management issued service excerpt to the concerned workman for verification of the particulars including date of birth recorded therein by the workman. In the said service excerpt his date of birth was also recorded as 10-5-1939. Their contention is that as date of birth was correctly recorded in the service excerpt there was no question at all to raise any dispute over his date of birth. Accordingly, submission of the sponsoring is that not only in the Form-B Register but also in the ID Card and Service excerpt issued to him the same date of birth i.e. 10-5-1939 was recorded. As such his date of superannuation falls in 10-5-1999.

The dispute in the instant case was cropped up when notice of superannuation was issued to the concerned workman dt. 17-2-95 wherein his date of superannuation was mentioned as 20-10-95. It is the contention of the management that date of birth of the concerned workman in the Form-B Register after manipulation by the workman in connivance with others was recorded as 10-3-1930. They submitted that from E.D.P. It exposed that date of birth of the concerned workman was recorded 20-10-1935 and by way of superannuation notice date of superannuation of the concerned workman from service was fixed on 20-10-95.

It is not the claim of the concerned workman that his date of birth was 10-3-1930. He although claimed that his date of birth is 10-5-1939 and in support of his claim he relied on ID Card bearing No. 53526 and service excerpt. From the copies of the ID Card and Service excerpt of the concerned workman which are lying in the record it speaks clearly that date of birth of the concerned workman was 10-5-1939. Accordingly, there was no scope at all to raise any dispute over his date of birth.

There is no dispute at all to say that Form-B register is a Statutory Register as per Mines Act and particulars recorded therein are binding on both sides. It is the allegation of the management that after interpolation of the date of birth recorded in the Form-B register it was written as 10-3-1930. It is an incredible story to believe on the ground that if any interpolation in date of birth is done in that case it is done in that manner so that the workman can get scope of extra length of service. There is no worker who is so fooled to make such interpolation in his date of birth for the purpose of advancing his date of superannuation. Therefore, it is not at all believable that by way of interpretation he intended to get his superannuation at an early date than the date of his actual superannuation. Had that been so he would not definitely raise Industrial Dispute challenging his date of superannuation fixed by the management.

No satisfactory explanation is forthcoming on the part of the management why in course of hearing they have failed to produce the Form-B Register for perusal of this Tribunal to consider how the date of birth of the concerned workman was interpreted therein.

Date of birth recorded in EDP has no statutory force until and unless it is established that the said entry was recorded from Statutory Register. It is not the case of the management that they did neither issued identity card nor service excerpt to the concerned workman. It is also not their case that entries made in the ID Card and Service Excerpt were manipulated by the concerned workman. It is their case as per para 11 of the written statement that date of birth recorded in the Form-B register vide Sl. No. 491 was 10-3-1930 which had been manipulated in connivance with others. The Form-B register remains under custody of the Management. Therefore, onus on them to establish how that date of birth of the concerned workman was manipulated. Apart from this fact it transpires that while in EDP date of birth of the concerned workman is appearing as 20-10-35. On the contrary his date of birth in the ID Card and service excerpt are appearing as 10-5-39. The ID Card was issued in favour of the workman by the management on 26-10-73 while Service Excerpt was issued on 2-1-88 under signature of the management official. Therefore, there is sufficient reason to believe that till date of issuance of Service Excerpt there was no allegation of interpolation of date of birth of the concerned workman in the Form-B Register so the service excerpt was prepared in consultation with the same.

I have already discussed above that EDP is not a statutory document. Therefore, before accepting his date of birth as recorded in EDP onus on the management to establish from which statutory register they collected the said date of birth, i.e. 20-10-35. I have already discussed above that in course of hearing, Management have failed to produce the Form-B register before this Tribunal for verification. Considering my discussion above it is clear that in different records different date of birth of the concerned workman is appearing. As per guide line of JBCCI Circular date of birth recorded in the Form-B register shall be binding on both sides if no gross discrepancy is detected. As per para 11 of the written statement it is claim of the management that date of birth recorded therein was interpreted but did not disclose what was his actual date of birth of the concerned workman. Entries in the ID Register are also made from the Form-B Register. Management did not consider necessary to produce the ID Register to show that date of birth of the concerned workman was recorded as 20-10-1935. As it is not the case of the management that date of birth of the concerned workman in the ID Card as well as in the Service Excerpt was recorded wrongly the same stands. Accordingly when it transpires that different date of birth of the concerned workman are appearing in different documents of the management as per JBCCI circular No. 76 they had the responsibility to assess the age of the concerned through Apex Medical Board but ignoring that provision they superannuated the concerned workman from his service just relying on the date of birth recorded in the

B. BISWAS, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 8 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2776.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार भा.को.को.लि. के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, धनबाद-II के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 36/2003) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 6-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल.-20012/234/2002-आई आर (सी-1)]

एस.एस. गुप्ता, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 8th July, 2005

S.O. 2776.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 36/2003) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, Dhanbad-II now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of BCCL and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 6-7-2005.

[No. L-20012/234/2002-IR (C-I)]

S.S. GUPTA, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL (NO. 2) AT DHANBAD

PRESENT:

Shri B. Biswas, Presiding Officer

In the matter of an Industrial Dispute under
Section 10(1)(d) of the I.D. Act, 1947

REFERENCE NO. 36 OF 2003

PARTIES:

Employers in relation to the management of Kusunda
Area of M/s. BCCL and their workman.

APPEARANCES:

On behalf of the Workman : Mr. S.N. Goswami,
Advocate

On behalf of the Employers : Mr. U.N. Lal, Advocate.

State : Jharkhand Industry : Coal

Dated the 27th June, 2005

AWARD

The Govt. of India, Ministry of Labour, in exercise of the powers conferred on them under Section 10(1)(d) of the I.D. Act, 1947 has referred the following dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication vide their Order No. L-20012/234/2002-IR (C-I), dated, the 10th March, 2003.

SCHEDULE

"Whether the action of the management of Kusunda Area of M/s. BCCL in denying promotion as Asstt. Foreman T & S Grade 'C' to Sri Haripad Rewani is fair and justified? If not, to what relief is the concerned workman entitled and from what date?"

2. In this reference both the parties appeared and filed their respective Written Statement and documents etc. The case then proceeded along its course. Subsequently at the stage of oral evidence Learned Advocate for the workman submitted his prayer to pass a 'No dispute' Award in this reference as the concerned workman involved in it is not interested to proceed with the hearing of this case. No objection raised on behalf of the management in view of the prayer made by the Learned Advocate for the workman. Heard both sides. As the concerned workman is not interested to proceed with the case there is no reason to adjourn the case for further hearing. Hence, the case is closed and accordingly a 'No dispute' Award is passed in this reference presuming non-existence of any industrial dispute between the parties.

B. BISWAS, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 8 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2777.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार भा.को.को.लि. के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, धनबाद-II के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 45/2003) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 6-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल.-20012/24/2003-आई आर (सी-1)]

एस.एस. गुप्ता, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 8th July, 2005

S.O. 2777.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 45/2003) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, Dhanbad-II now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of BCCL and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 6-7-2005.

[No. L-20012/24/2003-IR (C-I)]

S.S. GUPTA, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL (NO. 2) AT DHANBAD

PRESENT:

Shri B. Biswas, Presiding Officer

In the matter of an Industrial Dispute under
Section 10(1)(d) of the I.D. Act, 1947.

REFERENCE NO. 45 OF 2003

PARTIES:

Employers in relation to the management of Kustore
Area of M/s. BCCL and their workman.

APPEARANCES:

On behalf of the Workman : Mr. Ram Rattan Ram,
Advocate

On behalf of the Employers : Mr. U.N. Lal, Advocate.

State : Jharkhand Industry : Coal

Dated, Dhanbad, the 28th June, 2005

AWARD

The Govt. of India, Ministry of Labour, in exercise of the powers conferred on them under Section 10(1)(d) of the I.D. Act, 1947 has referred the following dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication *vide* their Order No. L-20012/24/2003-IR (C-I), dated, the 13th June, 2003.

SCHEDULE

"Whether the action of the management of BCCL, Kustore Area to dismiss Sri Gurucharan Paswan from service w.e.f. 20-6-2001 is justified? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?"

2. Case of the concerned workman according to Written Statement submitted by the sponsoring union on behalf in brief is as follows :—

The sponsoring union submitted that the concerned workman Gurucharan Paswan was a Minor/Loader at Kustore Colliery. He got his appointment on compassionate ground in place of his deceased father who was a workman of the said colliery. They submitted that the concerned workman as was suffering from a peculiar type of disease, left for his native village on 10-8-98 for his proper treatment on casual leave duly sanctioned for the period from 10-8-98 to 13-8-98. As he was under the treatment of a Vaidya he could not attend to his place of work to perform his duties. On 13-10-99 the management issued a chargesheet to him to which he submitted his reply. They submitted that without accepting the said reply the Disciplinary Authority decided to hold domestic enquiry against him and the Enquiry Officer took about 2 years for conducting the said enquiry. Actually the said enquiry was started on 23-2-2001 without assigning any cogent ground and thereby deprived the concerned workman to perform his duty from 1999 to 2001. They further alleged that on the basis of the report of the Enquiry Officer the Disciplinary Authority dismissed him from service. After the said order of dismissal he made appeal before the management for his reinstatement in service but to no effect and for which he raised an Industrial Dispute for conciliation before the ALC (C) which ultimately resulted reference to this Tribunal for adjudication. Accordingly, sponsoring union submitted prayer to pass award directing the management to reinstate the concerned workman to his service setting aside the order of dismissal with full back wages and other consequential relief.

3. Management on the contrary after filing Written Statement-cum-rejoinder have denied all the claims and allegation which the sponsoring union asserted in the Written Statement submitted on behalf of the concerned workman. Management admitted that the concerned workman was a Miner/Loader and posted at Kustore Colliery. They submitted that for committing misconduct on the ground of unauthorised absence under clause 26.1.1 a Chargesheet was issued to him *vide* No. BCCL/KC/99/1997 dated 13/14-10-99. As the reply submitted by the concerned workman was not satisfactory, the

Disciplinary Authority decided to hold domestic enquiry against him and for which they appointed Enquiry Officer. The Enquiry Officer in course of hearing enquiry proceeding gave full opportunity to the concerned workman to defend his case. They further submitted that, the said Enquiry Officer after completing domestic enquiry submitted his report holding the concerned workman guilty to the charges brought against him. After completion of the enquiry proceeding all papers relating to the same were provided to the concerned workman *vide* letter No. BCCL/KC/2001/492 dated 29-3/4-4-2001 with advice to submit his views within 15 days from the date of receipt of the said papers. He submitted his reply on 13-4-2001 which was not found satisfactory. The Disciplinary Authority thereafter considering the enquiry report, all materials on record including the reply of the concerned workman and also considering the past record decided to dismiss him from his service and accordingly *vide* letter No. BCCL/KA/2001/893 dated 12/20-6-2001 he was dismissed from service after obtaining formal approval from the General Manager, Kustore Area. They disclosed that past record of the concerned workman relating to his attendance was absolutely very bleak. They submitted that in the year 1996 and 1997 the concerned workman did not work for a single day while in the year 1998 he worked for 94 days. Accordingly they submitted that they did not commit any illegality or took any arbitrary decision in dismissing the concerned workman from his service and for which they submitted prayer to pass Award rejecting the claim of the concerned workman.

4. Points to be decided :

"Whether the action of the management of BCCL, Kustore Area to dismiss Sri Gurucharan Paswan from service w.e.f. 20-6-2001 is justified? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?"

5. Finding with reasons :

It transpires from the record that before taking up hearing of this case on merit it was taken into consideration if domestic enquiry held against the concerned workman was fair, proper and in accordance with the principle of natural justice. From the record it transpires that *vide* Order No. 8 dated 25-1-2005 the said issue on preliminary point was disposed of in favour of the management. Now the point for consideration is whether the management have been able to substantiate the charge brought against the concerned workman and if so it is to be looked into if the order of punishment imposed upon the concerned workman can be reviewed in view of the provision as laid down under Section 11A of the I.D. Act, 1947.

Considering the pleadings and also considering all materials on record I find no dispute to hold that the concerned workman was posted at Kustore Colliery as Miner/Loader. It also transpires that he, on compassionate ground, was appointed as Miner/Loader by the management in place of his deceased father who was also a worker of the said colliery. The chargesheet during hearing was marked as Ext. M-10. It transpires from the chargesheet that the same was issued to the concerned workman with the allegation of committing misconduct on

the ground of his remaining unauthorised absence from duty with effect from 6-8-98 under clause 26.1.1 of the Certified Standing Order applicable to the workman of the management. By the said chargesheet the concerned workman was directed to submit his reply within 48 hours after receipt of the same. Therefore, according to chargesheet it transpires that from 6-8-98 to 14-10-99 the concerned workman was absent from duty without taking prior permission or giving due information to the management. Reply given by the concerned workman to the chargesheet during hearing was marked as Ext. M-9. In reply he disclosed that for the treatment of his epilepsy he was compelled to remain himself absent from duty w.e.f. 14-8-98 and accordingly submitted his prayer for condoning the period of his absence during the period in question and allowed him to resume his duty. Management decided to hold domestic enquiry against the concerned workman as the reply given by him was not satisfactory and accordingly appointed Enquiry Officer to hold domestic enquiry against him. It is the contention of the concerned workman that he was a patient of epilepsy and for which he had to remain under treatment of a Vaidya for a long period. From the enquiry proceeding papers I find some medical papers marked as Ext. M-4 series which supports his claim that he was a patient of epilepsy. However, these medical papers which are lying with the enquiry proceeding papers shows that the same were issued time to time long before his committing misconduct under clause 26.1.1 as alleged by the management. I have considered the Enquiry Report submitted by the enquiry Officer marked as Ext. M-3. From the enquiry report it transpires that the concerned workman was on sanctioned casual leave for a period from 10-8-98 to 13-8-98 and he had to join his duty on 14-8-98. It has been observed by the Enquiry Officer that since 14-8-98 the concerned workman remained himself absent without giving any intimation or taking prior permission from the management. The Enquiry Officer further in his enquiry report observed that during 1996 and 1997 the concerned workman did not work for a single day while during the year 1998 he worked for 94 days. Disclosing this fact it has been observed by the Enquiry Officer that the concerned workman was a habitual absentee and for which he does not deserve any sympathy holding compassionate view to allow him to resume his duty. From the report of the Enquiry Officer I have failed to find out any material ingredient if the concerned workman remained himself absent from duty during the entire period of 1996 and 1997 without giving any intimation or prior permission from the management. It is really curious to note that the management did not take any action against the concerned workman as per provision of clause 26.1.1 of the Certified Standing Order in spite of his remaining continuous absence from duty for the period of two years. When the management did not take any action there is sufficient reason to believe that they accepted the absence of the concerned workman and allowed him to work. When no action was taken against him by the management at this stage management cannot agitate this issue and also cannot take it as a ground for taking action against him. Moreover, chargesheet issued to the concerned workman is also silent on this point. The

peculiar thing which has been noticed in course of hearing is that when Chargesheet was issued by the management to the concerned workman with allegation that the concerned workman started remaining himself absent from duty with effect from 6-8-1998 without giving any intimation from the management the Enquiry Officer observed categorically that the concerned workman was on sanctioned casual leave from 10-8-98 to 13-8-98 and he was to resume duty on 14-8-98. It is also the contention of the concerned workman that he started remaining himself absent from duty w.e.f. 14-8-98. Therefore, it is not at all correct to say that the concerned workman started remaining himself absent from duty without giving any intimation or taking prior permission from the management w.e.f. 6-8-98. Therefore, it is clear that the chargesheet issued against the concerned workman stands vitiated on the ground that a person who remains on authorised leave of a particular period cannot be termed that he is on unauthorised leave. It is therefore clear that the management was biased in issuing the chargesheet against the concerned workman. In course of hearing management has failed to justify why they issued chargesheet to the concerned workman holding that he remained on unauthorised absence from duty with effect from 6-8-98 particularly when it has been exposed clearly that from 10-8-98 to 13-8-98 he was on authorised casual leave duly sanctioned by the management. It is really shocking to note that the Enquiry Officer did not consider this fact when he submitted his reply to the Disciplinary Authority after completing domestic enquiry. This attitude of the Enquiry Officer will speak that he was not fair in arriving into decision against the concerned workman. It is seen that the Disciplinary Authority after considering the enquiry report and also considering reply given by the concerned workman dismissed him from his service vide letter dt. 12/20-6-2001 which during hearing was marked as Ext. M-1. Now the point for consideration is whether such order of dismissal can be reviewed in view of the provision under Section 11A of the I.D. Act., 1947. Section 11A of the I.D. Act speaks as follows :—

“Where an industrial dispute relating to the discharge or dismissal of a workman has been referred to a Labour Court, Tribunal or National Tribunal for adjudication and, in the course of the adjudication proceedings, the Labour Court, Tribunal or National Tribunal, as the case may be, is satisfied that the order of discharge or dismissal was not justified, it may, by its award, set aside the order of discharge or dismissal and direct reinstatement of the workman on such terms and conditions, if any, as it thinks fit, or give such other relief to the workman including the award of any lesser punishment in lieu of discharge or dismissal as the circumstances of the case may require.”

According to this provision it has to be looked into if the order of dismissal issued by the Disciplinary Authority against the concerned workman was justified and proportionate to the misconduct conducted by him. There is no dispute to hold that the concerned workman w.e.f. 14-8-98 started remaining himself absent from duty

without taking prior permission or giving any intimation to the management. From the Enquiry Report it is clear that the concerned workman was on sanctioned casual leave from 10-8-98 to 13-8-98. Knowing fully well of this fact management issued chargesheet on the allegation of committing misconduct by the concerned workman for remaining himself absent from duty w.e.f. 6-8-98 though at that relevant time he was very much on duty. As the management have failed to substantiate this fact with cogent reason it should be taken into consideration that chargesheet issued to the concerned workman was not only bad in law but the same is liable to be vitiated. Apart from this fact it is further seen that after issuing of chargesheet the management allowed the concerned workman 48 hours time to submit his reply. Clause 27.1 of the Certified Standing Order speaks clearly that where a workman is charged with a misconduct which may lead to imposition of a minor penalty he shall be informed in writing of the allegation made against him and shall be given an opportunity to explain his conduct within 48 hours. The management is at liberty to impose penalty of misconduct on the ground of committing misconduct which appears to be minor in nature. Clause 29(1) of the Certified Standing Order does not empower the management who would issue the order of dismissal against a workman for committing minor penalties. Therefore, from the outset it can be said that the Disciplinary Authority being biased illegally and arbitrarily violating the principle of natural justice dismissed the concerned workman from his service when by issuing chargesheet their clear intention was to impose minor penalty if misconduct committed by him is established during enquiry proceeding. Accordingly there is no dispute to hold that the order of dismissal issued by the Disciplinary Authority was not only unjustified but also disproportionate to the misconduct committed by the concerned workman. In view of my discussions above I hold that the order of dismissal issued by the Disciplinary Authority against the concerned workman is liable to be set aside. In the result, the following Award is rendered :—

"The action of the management of BCCL, Kustore Area to dismiss Sri Gurucharan Paswan from service w.e.f. 20-6-2001 is not justified. Consequently, the concerned workman is entitled to be reinstated in his original post w.e.f. 20-6-2001 but without any back wages. He is however, entitled to get other benefits".

Management is directed to implement the Award within three months from the date of its publication in the Gazette of India in the light of the observations made above.

B. BISWAS, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 8 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2778.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार भा.को.को.लि. के प्रबंधन के संबंध में नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/

श्रम न्यायालय, धनबाद-I के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 74/1998) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 6-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल. 20012/708/97-आई. आर. (सी-1)]

एस. एस. गुप्ता, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 8th July. 2005

S.O. 2778.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 74/1998) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, Dhanbad-I now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the Employers in relation to management of BCCL and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 6-7-2005.

[No. L-20012/708/97-IR (C-I)]

S. S. GUPTA, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL NO. 1, AT DHANBAD

In the matter of a reference Under Section 10(1)(d)(2A) of the Industrial Disputes Act., 1947

REFERENCE NO. 74 OF 1998

Parties : Employers in relation to the management of BCCL

AND

Their Workmen

Present : SHRI S. PRASAD,
Presiding Officer

Appearances :

For the Employers : Sh. R.N. Ganguly,
Advocate.

For the of the Workman : Sh. T.P. Jha,
Advocates

State : Jharkhand Industry : Coal

Dated the 30th June, 2005

AWARD

By Order No. L-20012/708/97-IR (C-I) dated 10-9-1998 the Central Government in the Ministry of Labour has, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section (2A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, referred the following dispute for adjudication to this Tribunal :

"Whether the action of the management in not regularising Sri Awadh Bihari Pandey to the post of coal despatch clerk in Golakdih O.C.P. is legal and justified? If not, to what relief the workman is entitled?"

2. It appears from the petition filed by Shri T.P. Jha, Advocate, on behalf of the workman, that the concerned workman has already expired and Mr. Jha has also prayed to close the dispute.

3. In view of such submission, I render a 'No Dispute' Award in the present reference case.

S. PRASAD, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 11 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2779.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, ई. सी. एल. के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण असनसोल (संदर्भ संख्या 9/1998) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 11-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल. 22012/484/96-आई आर (सी-II)]

एन. पी. केशवन, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 11th July, 2005

S.O. 2779.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 9/1998) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Asansol as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the management of ECL and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 11-7-2005.

[No. L-22012/484/96-IR (C-II)]

N. P. KESAVAN, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

**BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT
INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT,
ASANSOL**

PRESENT : SRI MD. SARFARAZ KHAN,
Presiding Officer

REFERENCE NO. 9 OF 1998**PARTIES :**

The Agent,

Kumardihi 'A' Colly.,

P.O. Ukhra, Distt. Burdwan

... Management

Vs.

Sri Bindeshwari Singh, Peon

Represented by the

Jt. General Secretary,

Colliery Mazdoor Union,

P.O. Ukhra, Distt. Burdwan

.... Workman

REPRESENTATIVES :

For the Management : Sri P.K. Das, Advocate

For the Workman (Union) : Sri M. Mukherjee,

Industry : COAL

State : WEST BENGAL

Dated the 28th April, 2005

AWARD

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section 2(A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), Govt. of India through the Ministry of Labour vide its letter No. L-22012/

484/96-IR (C-II) dated 20-5-98 has been pleased to refer the following dispute for adjudication to this Tribunal :

SCHEDULE

"Whether the action of the management of Kumardhi A Colliery under Bankola Area of M/s ECL is justified in dismissing Sh. Bindeshwari Singh, Peon w.e.f. 14-4-90? If not what relief the workman is entitled to?"

2. After having received the aforesaid order of reference from the Govt. of India through the Ministry of Labour, summons were issued to the respective parties through the registered post and in pursuance of the service of the notices both the parties appeared in the Court.

3. From perusal of the record it transpires that due to regular absence of the parties a No Dispute Award was passed on 16-11-98 by the Presiding Officer. Thereafter a restoration petition was filed by the workman which was registered and on issuance of the notice the management appeared. The restoration petition was pressed by the parties and on hearing both the sides the prayer was allowed and the case was restored in its original file and the dispute was taken up for final hearing on the same day.

4. Heard both the parties on merit of the case. It was jointly submitted that both the parties have amicably settled their dispute and to that effect a Memorandum of settlement was filed in the Court. Both the parties submitted that an award in the light of settlement be passed.

5. Perused the record. It transpires that a Memorandum of settlement dated 14-8-2002 duly signed by the respective parties has been filed. It is clearly agreed and resolved that the workman concerned confirmed the order of termination and the management shall pay all outstanding dues including CMPF refund, gratuity payment, leave payment, family pension given to the workman Bindeshwari Singh within a period of two months where ever possible or action will be taken as the case may be. It is clear from the contents of the Memorandum of settlement that both the parties have resolved the dispute in the light of the terms and condition agreed between them. As such it is hereby ordered that let an award be passed in the light of the terms and condition of the settlement. The Memorandum or settlement so filed shall form part of the award. Send the copies of the award to the Ministry of Labour for information and needful.

MD. SARFARAZ KHAN, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 11 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2780.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, सी.पी.डब्ल्यू.डी. के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण, लखनऊ (संदर्भ संख्या 4/2004) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 11-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल. 42012/107/2003-आई आर (सी-II)]

एन.पी. केशवन, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 11th July, 2005

S.O. 2780.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 4/2004) of the Central Govt. Indus. Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Lucknow now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial dispute between the management of CPWD and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 11-7-2005.

[No. L-42012/107/2003-IR (C-II)]

N.P. KESAVAN, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, LUCKNOW

Present : SHRIKANT SHUKLA
Presiding Officer

I.D. NO : 4/2004

Ref. No. L-42012/107/2003-IR (CM-II) dated 26-11-2003

BETWEEN

The Zonal President

All India C.P.W.D.-MRM Karmchari Sangthan
Survey of India, Mussorie
Mussorie (Uttaranchal)

(In the matter of Sh. Rajender Kumar)

AND

The Executive Engineer
Bareilly Central Division, CPWD
9-A, Premnagar, Bareilly
Bareilly (UP)

AWARD

The Government of India, Ministry of Labour, vide their Order No. L-42012/107/2003-IR (CM-II) dated 26-11-2003 has referred following dispute to the Central Government Industrial Tribunal cum Labour Court, Lucknow for adjudication.

“Whether the action of the management of CPWD in placing Sh. Rajender Kumar from Motor Lorry Driver Scale to Beldar Scale w.e.f. 25-11-1986 is legal and justified? If not, to what relief he is entitled?”

2. The admitted fact is that Sh. Rajender Kumar S/o Sh. Lakshmi Narayan had been working as a Motor Lorry Driver under the Executive Engineer Bareilly Central Division CPWD Bareilly in the pay scale of Rs. 260-400 w.e.f. 28-2-1986. Unfortunately Sh. Rajender Kumar met with an accident and was unable to drive jeep. Therefore the worker requested the management of CPWD to give him some light duty till he is fully fit for driving vehicle vide his application dated 7-11-1986. The management exceeded his request and he was allotted work of Beldar w.e.f. 25-11-1986 in the pay scale of Rs. 750-940.

The case of the trade union i.e. All India CPWD-MRM Karmchari Sanghathan is that, the Sh. Rajender Kumar was in the pay scale of 260-400, at the time of accident when he was motor lorry driver, which was subsequently revised to pay scale of Rs. 950-1500 and his salary was fixed at Rs. 970 on 27-2-86. The trade union has further stated that worker was directed by the Executive Engineer Bareilly CPWD to appear before the Transport Authorities for test on 26-9-97 and the transport authorities Bareilly found the workman fit for driving four wheeler. Sh. Rajender Kumar represented to the authorities concerned for taking him as motor lorry driver or equivalent post with pay as was being drawn by him earlier. But he was not reinstated on the post of motor lorry driver and still working as Beldar and is facing financial crises. The worker was entitled to the appointment on equivalent post carrying the same pay scale as of motor lorry driver when the workman has met with an accident on which account the worker was discriminated and placed on the lower post with a lower pay scale. The action of the CPWD for placing the workmen on lower post carrying lower pay scale is unjust, illegal, malafide and discriminatory. The trade union has therefore requested to direct the opposite party to reinstate and regularise the worker as motor lorry driver or on some equivalent post to motor lorry driver and to fix his salary as are available to motor lorry driver w.e.f. 25-11-86 and release his back wages and allowances.

The management has filed the written statement and has admitted that Rajender Kumar requested the management of allow him light duty work, and the management acceded to his request to the extent of allotment of work of Beldar to him w.e.f. 22-11-86, in the pay scale Rs. 750-940. Roughly after 10 years, the workman again requested the management vide his letter dated 6-1-96 to revert him on the roll of motor lorry driver, for which the management felt it necessary that the workman must be holding a valid driving licence and a certificate issued from the transport authorities in regard to his fitness and ability to drive the vehicle properly. It has been denied that the transport authorities. Bareilly found the worker, Rajender Kumar fit for driving four wheeler. However, it is submitted by the management that for the complete satisfaction of the department, the management directed the workman to appear before the medical board for a detailed check-up. The medical board vide its letter dated 12-8-99 declared that the workman, Rajender Kumar was unfit to drive the vehicle, and therefore, he could not be re-instated on the post of motor lorry driver. It is further stated that the alleged claim of worker is concocted, and absolutely without any reason, or justification, hence not tenable in the eyes of law, and liable to be rejected outright. Just because he was declared unfit to drive the vehicle, and he does not have the requisite eligibility criteria for his being absorbed on other equivalent posts, the management could not accede to the request of the worker. In the circumstances the claim of the workman deserves outright rejection in the interest of justice, equity and fair play.

The worker has filed rejoinder wherein he has stated that according to Section 47 of “The Person with

Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and full Participation) Act, 1995, makes it clear that :

1. "No establishment shall dispense with, or reduce in rank, an employee who acquires a disability during his service. Provided that, if an employee, after acquiring disability is not suitable for the post he was holding, could be shifted to some other post with the same pay scale and service benefits. Provided further that if it is not possible to adjust the employee against any post, he may be kept on a supernumerary post until a suitable post is available or he attains the age of superannuation whichever is earlier.
2. No promotion shall be denied to a person merely on the ground of his disability; Provided that the appropriate government may, having regard to the type of work carried on in any establishment, by notification and subject to such conditions, if any, as may be specified in such notification, except any establishment from the provisions of this section."

The worker has therefore prayed that the opposite party be directed to reinstate and regularise the workman as motor lorry driver or on some other equivalent post with protection to his pay packages and the to award the salary as available to motor lorry driver w.e.f. 25-11-86 and all consequential benefits to the worker.

The trade union has examined the worker, Shri Rajender Kumar and the opposite party has examined Assistant Engineer, Sh. A.K. Saxena.

The worker has filed photo state copies of following documents:

1. Application of worker dtd. 7-11-86.
2. Office order of CPWD, Bareilly No. 15(PF)/BCD/7562-65 dtd. 25-11-87.
3. Letter No. 15(PF)/BKM/2164 dtd. 22-9-97 addressed to the worker.
4. Letter No. 222/लाइसेंस/परीक्षण/97 dtd. 8-10-97 of transport authorities addressed to CPWD.
5. Application of worker dtd. 6-1-96.
6. Statement of claim filed by worker before ALC(C).
7. Reply to the statement of claim made by worker before ALC(C).
8. Rejoinder on behalf of the workman filed before ALC(C).

The opposite party has filed photo state copies of following documents:

1. Application of worker dtd. 7-11-86.
2. Office order of CPWD, Bareilly No. 15(PF)/BCD/7562-65 dtd. 25-11-87.
3. Application of worker dtd. 6-1-96.
4. Letter No. 5(1)BCD/29 dtd. 22-7-99 addressed to CMO, Bareilly.

5. Letter No. 15(PF)/BKM/4892 dtd. 5-8-99 addressed to CMO, Bareilly.
6. Letter No. M-1/29/262 dtd. 12-8-99 of CMO, Bareilly addressed to Executive Engineer, CPWD.
7. Discharge summary of worker, Rajender Kumar of Distt. Hospital, Bareilly.
8. Prescription and cash memos of medicines taken by Rajender Kumar.

Heard oral submissions of parties and perused the record.

It is admitted fact of the parties that Rajender Kumar was appointed as 'Motor Lorry Driver' and was working as such since Feb. 1986. However, the worker Rajender Kumar met with an accident on 22-7-86. Subsequently, on 7-11-86, Sh. Rajender Kumar moved an application addressed to Karyapalak Engineer, (Bareilly Division) of CPWD, stating that he is unable to drive four wheeler jeep and he requested that he be posted as messenger in office so that he may get wages and continue with treatment, he further wrote in application that when he is absolutely fit he will inform the Karyapalak Engineer. The copy of application dated 7-11-86 has been filed by both the parties with their pleading.

Subsequently, on 25-11-86 the Karyapalak Engineer, passed an order No. 15(PF)/PCD/7562-657 that since Sh. Rajender Kumar has been found suitable for light work by Medical Officer, District Hospital, Bareilly and therefore, he was posted as Beldar w.e.f. 22-11-86. The order further contained that in case Rajender Kumar is found medically fit he will be paid the salary applicable to the driver. By this order Sh. Rajender Kumar was allowed the salary scale of 750-12-870-14-940 w.e.f. 22-11-86. The copy of the orders have been filed the parties.

The issue referred is whether the action of the management of CPWD in placing Sh. Rajender Kumar from Motor Lorry Driver Scale to Beldar Scale w.e.f. 25-11-1986 is legal and justified? As such, this Tribunal has to see whether the order dated 25-11-86 is legal and justified? The worker has filed the extract of "Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995 (1 of 1996). The Section 44 to 47 of which are as under :

"44. Establishments in the transport sector shall, within the limits of their economic capacity and development for the benefit of persons with disabilities, take special measures to—

- (a) adapt rail compartments, busses, vessels and aircrafts in such a way as to permit easy access to such persons;
- (b) adapt toilets in rail compartments, vessels, aircrafts and waiting rooms in such a way as to permit the wheel chair users to use them conveniently.

45. The appropriate governments and the local authorities shall, within the limits of their economic capacity and development, provide for—

- (a) installation of auditory signals at red lights in the public roads for the benefits of persons with visually handicap;
- (b) causing curb cuts and slopes to be made in pavements for the easy access of wheel chair users;
- (c) engraving on the surface of the zebra crossing for the blind or for persons with low vision;
- (d) engraving on the edges of railway platforms for the blind or for persons with low vision.
- (e) devising appropriate symbols of disability;
- (f) warning signals at appropriate places.

46. The appropriate Governments and the local authorities shall, within the limits of economic capacity and development, provide for—

- (a) ramps in public buildings;
- (b) adaptation of toilets for wheel chair users;
- (c) braille symbols and auditory signals in elevators or lifts;
- (d) ramps in hospitals, primary health centres and other medical care and rehabilitation institutions.

47. (1) No establishment shall dispense with, or reduce in rank, an employee who acquires a disability during his service :

Provided that, if an employee, after acquiring disability is not suitable for the post he was holding, could be shifted to some other post with the same pay scale and service benefits :

Provided further that if it is not possible to adjust the employee against any post, he may be kept on a supernumerary post until a suitable post is available or he attains the age of superannuation, whichever is earlier."

The worker has also filed the copy of Gazette of India, Extraordinary No. 84, N. Delhi, Wednesday, February 7, 1996 which provides as under :

"S.O. 107(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995, (1 of 1996), the Central Government hereby appoints the 7th day of February, 1996 as the date on which the provisions of the said Act shall come into force."

Therefore, from the above this is undisputed that no establishment shall dispense with, or reduce in rank, an employee who acquires a disability during his service and this came into operation on 7th day of February, 1996 whereas the order in question was passed on 25-11-86, roughly above 9 years back. At the time of passing the impugned order dated 25-11-86 the Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995 (1 of 1996) was not applicable. This is established law that CGIT-cum-Labour Court cannot travel beyond the issue referred for its adjudication.

The worker on 6-1-96 represented that he is interested in driving the vehicle therefore, he be appointed on the post of driver in alternative he be provided the salary applicable to the post of driver. The department sent Rajender Kumar before the medical board of his medical fitness. The Chief Medical Officer, Bareilly vide his report dtd. 12-8-99, declared the worker as unfit for the post of driver. The witness of the opposite party has also stated that Rajender Kumar suffers with the attack of paralysis for which he submits medical bills in support of his case the opposite party had filed the photostat copy of the report of the Chief Medical Officer, Bareilly and the photostate copy of the prescription and medical receipt of purchase of medicine. The report is placed as annexure VI to the pleading of the opposite party, which clearly proved that he was not fit to drive the vehicle.

The worker has not challenged the order dated 25-11-86 till he filed the application before the ALC(C).

It is also not disputed that Rajender Kumar motor lorry driver as work charge staff. On sustaining injury. Sh. Rajender Kumar was shifted on the post of Beldar on which he has become permanent also.

It is well settled w.e.f. 7-2-96 by virtue of coming into force of "Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995 (1 of 1996)" that no establishment shall dispense with, or reduce in rank, an employee who acquires a disability during his service and in support of his case the worker has filed following case laws :

1. 2003(4) Supreme Court cases 524, Kunal Singh v. Union of India and another.
2. V-2003(2) All India Services Law Journal 102 Delhi Transport Corporation V Rajbir Singh; and
3. IV-2003(i) All India Services Law Journal 347 Delhi Transport Corporation v. Ganpat Singh.

The question remains whether this Tribunal can go beyond the issue referred to it? 2001(89) FLR 360 (Delhi High Court) Municipal Employees' Union and another v. Secretary (Labour), Government of NCT of Delhi and another makes it clear that "it is well settled proposition that the Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court cannot travel beyond the terms of Reference." There is clear prohibition to the Tribunal in enlarging the scope of reference as has been held by the Hon'ble Supreme Court between Gouri Sankar Chatterjee and others and Texmaco Ltd. and others 2001(89) FLR 694.

The learned representative of the worker has stated in the argument that the post of the worker cannot be altered accordingly to the para 11.02 of CPWD Manual Vol. III (Edition 1984 and 2000) and the worker could not have been put on light duty job where as the representative of the opposite party has stated that FRs and SRs are also applicable to the work charge staff and Ministry of Law has opined that work charged employees in the CPWD are Civil Servants in terms of Article 311 of the Constitution. He has further argued that according to FR 15 the President may transfer a Government Servant from one post to

another provided that except, on account of inefficiency or misbehaviour, or on his written request. Further it provides that Government servant shall not be transferred to, or except in a case covered by Rule 49. In the present case the worker was put to light duty job and there was no illegality in the law. No other argument pressed into. On the discussions above I come to the conclusion that action of the management of CPWD in placing Sh. Rajender Kumar from Motor Lorry Driver Scale to Beldar Scale w.e.f. 25-11-1986 is perfectly legal and justified and in the circumstances the worker is not entitled to any relief as prayed.

Lucknow 1-7-2005

SHRIKANT SHUKLA, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 11 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2781.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार सेन्ट्रल बैंक ऑफ इंडिया के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/त्रिम न्यायालय, लखनऊ के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 33/2001) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 8-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल. 12012/166/2000-आई आर (बी-II)]

सी. गंगाधरण, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 11th July, 2005

S.O. 2781.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the Award (Ref. 33/2001) of the Central Govt. Indus. Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Lucknow as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Central Bank of India and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 8-7-2005.

[No. L-12012/166/2000-IR (B-II)]

C. GANGADHARAN, Under Secy

ANNEXURE

**CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL
TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT,
LUCKNOW**

Present : SHRIKANT SHUKLA
Presiding Officer

I.D. NO : 33/2001

Ref. No. L-12012/166/2000-IR (B-II) dated 12-2-2001

BETWEEN

Sh. Prakash Narain Tripathi
Gram Durgapur (Bhenwai Mauza)
Post Peeperput,
Sultanpur (U.P.)

AND

Central Bank of India,
The Regional Manager, CBI, Regional Office 73,
Hazratganj, Lucknow (U.P.)

AWARD

The Government of India, Ministry of Labour, vide its order No. L-12012/166/2000-IR (B-II) dated 12-2-2001 referred the following dispute for adjudication to Presiding officer, CGIT-cum-Labour Court, Lucknow:—

“WHETHER THE ACTION OF THE MANAGEMENT OF CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LUCKNOW IN NOT ALLOWING DUTY TO WORKMAN SRI PRAKASH NARAIN W.E.F. 16-3-94 TREATING HIM TO HAVE VOLUNTARILY RETIRED FROM EMPLOYMENT IS LEGAL AND JUSTIFIED? IF NOT, WHAT RELIEF THE WORKMAN IS ENTITLED TO?”

The workman's case is that he was working as sub-staff at Faizabad Branch under the jurisdiction and control of the opposite party Central Bank of India, Regional Office, Lucknow. The workman fell ill and was under the medical treatment. During the said period, Faizabad branch sent letter to the workman to have treated the workman to have voluntarily cession from service. When the workman with the medical certificate, the workman presented himself to Faizabad branch and the opposite party they verbally refused to let join in service. Later on it was found that vide which letter the workman was treated in the voluntarily cession in service, was signed below the rank of officer of appointing authority and he was not empowered to order for any punishment. The Branch Manager Faizabad sent a letter to CMO, Sultanpur to examine the health and medical certificate of the workman, who vide letter no. 1/96 dt. 16-5-96 recommended his leave for 13 months and 27 days on health grounds for these periods. The opposite party played a discriminative role as in case of Mrs. Bharti Srivastava, Clerk at Vivekanand Polyclinic Branch, Lucknow, her services have been kept continued though she is reported to have gone abroad since several years. The “voluntarily cession in service” clause actually applied for such staff who proceeds abroad and seek employment there without notice to the management but management shut their eyes in case of employees in whom they have interest. Hence the workman is entitled to be kept in continuous service of the bank treating the order of the opposite party is illegal and bad in law. Therefore the workman has requested that the answer of the reference may be given in negative and the workman may please be allowed to be on duty from 16-3-94 with benefits of increments, bonus and service and the punishment order of the opposite party “voluntarily cession in service” or to have voluntarily retired be quashed as the same is illegal, arbitrary and bad in law and discriminatory.

The opposite party has alleged that the worker joined the bank on 22-11-83 at Padrauna branch as Peon-cum Farash. On his own request, he was transferred to Faizabad branch on 28-12-87. Later on, he was designated as Cash Peon on 27-11-99 and posted at B/o Chowk Faizabad, where he joined his duties on 12-12-90. The worker was served a memo No. RO : PRS : 90 : 8 : 9715 dt. 1-12-90 for

unauthorised absence from duty for 303 days upto 21-11-90. For this misconduct, the worker was cautioned vide letter No. RO : PRS : 8 : 91 : 1107 dated 14-1-91 which was served upon him on 21-1-91. Subsequently, the workman was transferred to Faizabad branch as Bill Collector. There also, he was again absent from duty from 1-11-92 to 1-2-93 (93 days). The worker was again absent unauthorisedly from 23-4-93 to 22-9-93, during this period three notices dt. 24-6-93, 26-7-93, 20-8-93 were issued by bank to the worker at his last recorded address for resumption of duty but the worker did not turn up and remained unauthorisedly absent. The worker was again absent unauthorisedly from 24-11-93 onwards and the bank advised the worker vide its letter dt. 12-2-94 to resume duties. The worker came on 16-3-94 with a medical certificate and requested Faizabad branch to allow him to join duty but he was directed to appear before CMO Sultanpur for medical examination/fitness. He came to Faizabad on 21-3-94 with CMO certificate and was then allowed to join duty. Due to his old habit, the worker left the branch again and was absent unauthorisedly from 5-5-94 and thus the worker was unauthorisedly absent from 966 days upto 28-7-94. Due to the above indisciplined behaviour of the worker and his unauthorised absence, the bank vide its letter dt. 15-11-94 treated the worker as voluntarily retired from Bank's service under para 17 of the Bipartite Settlement. That the worker was in the habit of absenting right from the beginning of his service in the bank and never tried to mend himself despite opportunities given by the bank from time to time. There is no violation of any provisions of Bipartite Settlement and the worker's case is baseless, irrelevant, without any merit as such the same should be rejected outrightly.

The bank has also raised the objection that the worker has filed the claim belated and it is not industrial dispute as defined in section 2K of the I.D. Act, 1947.

The worker has filed rejoinder and has stated that so far as contents related to initial joining of service and his transfer upto Faizabad branch of the opposite party is concerned that is true and the rest matters are twisted and misrepresented and hence denied to the workman. In its further reply, it is submitted that the workman has not been ever on unauthorised absent but due informations were always given to the opposite party by telephone or by applications and on finding the genuineness of the same, the opposite party allowed to join duty to the workman. So far as the allegation about habitual absence is concerned the worker has stated that sickness never comes with preinformaiton and it is also not in the control of human being who can avoid it and hence to be on leave on sick grounds due to illness can not be said to form habit as alleged by the opposite party. Treating misconduct the Sickness of a sick person and take punitive action for the same is barbarous act of the opposity party as no person who is human in nature can behave like that. The worker has further alleged that he was allowed to join duty on 21-3-94 after taking medical certificate from CMO Sultanpur as said by the opposity party. As such there is no need to

explain the same. It is also alleged that no notice of 'Voluntarily Retirement from Service' was received by the workman. The Faizabad branch of the opposite party vide their letter dt. 4-5-96 referred the case to CMO Sultanpur who recommended the period from 5-5-94 to 2-7-95 for sick leave on sick grounds even then the opposite party did not take the workman on duty. So far as the allegation of the oposite party in filing of claim is concerned that has been replied as irrelevant and without any merit.

The worker has filed photo copies of the following documents:

1. Photo copy of letter of Sri C.L. Sharma dt. 20-5-96 addressed to Regional officer, Lucknow paper No. 2/3.
2. Photo copy of letter of CMO dt. 16-5-96 addressed to Branch Manager, Central Bank of India, branch Faizabad paper No. 2/4.
3. Photo copy of clause 17 of Bipartite Settlement voluntary cessation of employment by the workman paper No. 5/2.
4. Photo copy of disciplinary action procedure of Central Bank of India paper no. 6/2 to 6/7.
5. Photo copy of letter of Branch Manager addressed to Sri Prakash Narain Tripathi, Distt. Sultanpur dt. 31-10-94/13-11-94 paper No. 7/7.
6. Photo copy of letter of Chief Manager Central Bank of India addressed to Regional Officer (PPS) dated 7-8-95 paper No. 7/14.
7. Photo copy of death certificate of Sri Prakash Narain Tripathi paper No. 8/4.

Opposite party has filed photo copies of the following documents :

1. Photo copy of letter dt. 15-11-94 treating the worker has voluntary retired from the bank and para 17 of the Bipartite Settlement paper No. 11/2.

During the course of proceeding the worker Sri Prakash Narain Tripathi died on 17-6-02 his wife Smt. Prem Kumari moved an applicaiton praying that she should be allowed to be party on behalf of her husband and Tribunal may order the replace the name of Sri Prakash Narain Tripathi. The predecessor in office allowed the application on 15-9-02. Smt. Prem Kumari filed an affidavit on 31-10-02 and she was cross examined on 9-5-03. Opposite party however did not produce any witness.

Heard arguments of the parties & perused evidence on as record.

The worker has not disclosed the date of letter by which the workman was treated his voluntarily cession from the service. Worker has also not given details of period which he was sick in the his statement of claim.

In the rejoinder dt. 21-11-90 worker has stated "Further leave without pay up to 9-11-90 has already closed

as opposite party has already issued "Caution" to the workman vide letter dt. 14-1-1991."

"The only matter is from onwards, in which opposite party states that workman was absent from 1-11-92 to 1-2-93 i.e. for 93 days. Then the opposite party allowed him to join service. According to opposite party workman again absented from 24-8-93 to 22-9-93."

The point of dispute is that according to opposite party workman absented himself from duty from 24-11-93, but actually he was sick but on receipt of the letter opposite party vide letter dated 12-2-94 the workman came to Faizabad branch to join duties on 16-3-94 with medical certificate but the branch officials & opposite party did not allow him to join duty. The opposite party's intention was to increase loss of pay, to show it unauthorisedly and to out him from service otherwise it is useless to count the same upto 966 till 28-7-94. On one side, opposite party says that the workman was not allowed to join duty on the other side they say the worker again absented on 5-5-94."

"Further more, if the workman was not treated in the employment of the bank, why Faizabad branch sent medical certificate of the workman to Chief Medical Officer, Sultanpur. On receipt of the report from Chief Medical Officer, Sultanpur vide letter dt. 16-5-96. The opposite party have not taken into cognizance and have not allowed duties to the workman. The photo copy of Branch letter dt. 20-6-96 & letter dated 16-5-96 by Chief Medical Officer, Sultanpur to Faizabad branch of opposite party is enclosed for perusal."

From the pleadings the admitted facts are :

1. Worker joined in the service of opposite party Bank on 22-1-83 as Peon-cum-Farrash.
2. On worker's own request he was transferred to Faizabad branch on 28-12-87.
3. Worker was designated cash Peon & posted at branch office, Chowk Faizabad dt. 12-12-90.
4. Worker was served memo No. PRS : 90 : 8 : 9715 dated 1-12-90 for unauthorised absence from duty for 303 days upto 21-11-90. For this misconduct he was "Cautioned" vide letter No. PRS : 8 : 91 : 1107 dt. 14-1-91 which was served on him on 21-1-1991.
5. Worker was transferred to Faizabad as Bill Collector there also he was absent from duty from 1-11-92 to 10-2-93 (93days).
6. Worker was again absent unauthorisedly from 23-4-93 to 22-9-93.
7. Worker was again absent on 24-11-93.
8. Worker was allowed to join duties on 21-3-94.
9. Worker was absent unauthorisedly from 5-5-94.

Worker has not stated the date on which he was ceased from the service in bank nor he has mentioned the letter particular in the statement of claim.

A reference has been made by the Govt. of India for adjudication of the issue "whether the action of the management of Central Bank of India, Lucknow in not allowing duty to the workman Sri Prakash Narain Tripathi w.e.f. 16-3-94 treating to have voluntary retired from employment is legal and justified."

Worker ought to have alleged in the statement of claim that he was not allowed duty w.e.f 16-3-94 and he ought to have proved such allegations. He has merely prayed in the statement of claim that he may be allowed to duty on 16-3-94. Wife of the worker Sri Prakash Narain Tripathi has specifically admitted in her cross examination that the worker did join the duty on 21-3-94 alongwith fitness. The statement of Smt. Prem Kumari wife of Sri Prakash Narain Tripathi as in the cross examination is reproduced below :

प्र. 5 : 16-3-94 को श्री प्रकाश नारायण त्रिपाठी मेडिकल प्रमाणपत्र के साथ ड्यूटी गये और उन्हें कहा गया कि वे सी.एम.ओ. के सामने मेडिकल फिटनेस/परीक्षण हेतु प्रस्तुत हो, सही है।

उ. : सही है

यह सही है कि दिनांक 21-3-94 को फिटनेस के साथ ड्यूटी ज्वाइन की।

5-5-94 से ड्यूटी इसलिये नहीं गये कि तबियत खराब हो गयी थी।

Thus it is clear that service of Sri Prakash Narain Tripathi did not ceased on 16-3-94 instead he continued in service thereafter also w.e.f. 21-3-94 to 4-5-94 and he absented thereafter since 5-5-94. The document paper No. 2/4 is photo copy of letter of Chief Medical Officer in which probably the Chief Medical Officer has recommended the leave from 5-5-94 to 2-7-95 on the medical grounds. Worker has filed a letter dt. 31-10-94/13-11-94 No. 28/94-95/348 of Branch Manager addressed to Sri Prakash Narain Tripathi informing him that according to Vth Bipartite Settlement chapter 17 para A worker has ceased the work. This letter is not at the point of reference. The issue before this court is not that whether the action of the management of Central Bank of India in not allowing the duty to workman w.e.f. 13-11-94 treating him to have voluntary retired from employment.

On the discussions above I come to the conclusion that the worker has neither pleaded nor proved that the management of Central Bank of India, Lucknow has not allowed him the duty w.e.f. 16-3-94 treating to have voluntary ceased from employment. On the other hand it is proved that the worker worked on 21-3-94 and afterwards and discontinued to come on duty on 5-5-94 onwards. The issue is accordingly answered in favour of the management and therefore under the present reference the worker is not entitled to any relief.

1-7-2005

Lucknow

SHRIKANT SHUKLA, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 12 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2782.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार सेन्ट्रल रेलवे के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण जबलपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या सीजीआईटी/एलसी/आर/274/99) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 12-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल.—41012/154/97-आई आर (बी-1)]

अजय कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 12th July, 2005

S.O. 2782.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. CGIT/LC/R/274/99) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, Jabalpur now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Central Railway and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 12-7-2005.

[No. L—41012/154/97-IR (B-1)]

AJAY KUMAR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, JABALPUR

No. CGIT/LC/R/274/99

Presiding Officer : SHRI C. M. SINGH

Shri Nilesh Kumar Gupta,
S/o Shri Shyam Sunder Gupta,
278, West Ghanapur,
Near Krishna Colony,
Jabalpur (MP)

Union/Workman

Versus

The Divisional Railway Manager,
Central Railway,
Jabalpur

Management

AWARD

Passed on this 6th day of July, 2005

The Government of India, Ministry of Labour vide its Notification No. L-41012/154/97-IR (B-1) dated 2nd August, 1999 has referred the following dispute for adjudication by this tribunal :

"Whether the action of the management of the Central Railway in terminating the services of Shri Nilesh Kumar Gupta, Ex. temporary workman w.e.f. 30-6-99, is legal and justified. If not, what relief he is entitled to and from which date?"

2. After the reference order was received, it was duly registered on 16-8-99 and notices were issued to the parties for filing their respective statements of claim. The workman has filed the statement of claim, management has filed written statement and thereafter the workman has filed rejoinder. The case was at the stage of filing documents. On 5-7-05, the date fixed in the reference Shri T.S. Thakur, Advocate, the learned counsel for the workman submitted that the reference be closed for No Dispute Award as the workman has no interest left in the reference. Shri B.K. Jaiswal, Law Assistant for the management submitted that he has no objection if the reference is closed for No Dispute Award. On the said date, the reference was closed. The above submissions made by the representatives of the parties clearly indicate that the parties have no interest in the reference. It further indicates that no dispute is left between the parties.

3. Under the above circumstances, No Dispute Award is passed without any order as to costs.

4. Copy of the Award be sent to the Ministry of Labour as per rules.

C. M. SINGH, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 12 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2783.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार नार्दन रेलवे के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण लखनऊ के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या आई डी-65/2001) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 12-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल.—41011/5/2001-आई आर (बी-1)]

अजय कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 12th July, 2005

S.O. 2783.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (I.D.-65/2001) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, Lucknow now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Northern Railway and their workman which was received by the Central Government on 12-7-2005.

[No. L-41011/5/2001-IR (B-1)]

AJAY KUMAR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, LUCKNOW

Present :

SHRIKANT SHUKLA, Presiding Officer

I.D. No. 65/2001

Ref. No. L-41011/5/2001/IR (B-I) Dt. 11-4-2001

Between

The Divisional Secretary,
Rail Mazdoor Union,
Northern Railway,
Charbagh, Lucknow-226001

AND

The Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridge)
Northern Railway,
Bridge Workshop,
Charbagh, Lucknow-226001

AWARD

The Government of India, Ministry of Labour referred the following dispute to Presiding Officer, CGIT-cum-Labour Court, Lucknow for adjudication :

“Whether the demand for regularisation of 69 workers mentioned in list by the management of Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridge), Northern Railway, Lucknow is justified ? If yes, what relief workmen are entitled?”

The trade union Rail Mazdoor Union, Northern Railway, Lucknow which shall hereinafter be referred as trade Union's case is that Ram Sumer and 68 others were appointed under the opposite party from date shown against their names in the enclosed list. They have completed 180 days continuous service as shown again them in Col. No. 6 of the list enclosed with the statement of claim. On completion of 180 days continuous service, all worker was entitled to be regularised by given them Temporary status and all benefits like fixation of pay seniority, pensionary benefits etc. As given to temporary Railway workers. Opposite party failed to regularise their services on the dates when completed 180 days continuous service. Workmen have been granted temporary status much after their due dates, as shown in column 7 of the list. Opposite party failed to make payments in favour of these workmen for the intervening period. It has therefore been requested that this court may hold these persons entitled for regularisation after granting temporary status on completion of 180 days continuous service as shown in column 6 of the list alongwith all consequential benefits.

Opposite party has in his written statement alleged that Ram Sumer and 68 others were engaged as daily rated casual labours from time to time as per need of the Railway administration. The workmen worked with intermittent gap. The Railway Administration provided temporary status to all the workmen when they had completed 180 days continuous service. All the workmen were regularised and absorbed in the department after screening test and medical examination from time to time as per sanctioned strength

and approval of the competent authority. Therefore the reference is bad in the eyes of law and claim is highly delayed without any explanation of delay.

Trade union raising the issue is not recognised union raised the state claim after 30 years due to malafide intention. It is pointed out that the relief has been sought one for temporary status from artificial date and other for regularisation. As per Railway Rules temporary status to the casual labour is given after 120 days continuous service and regularisation of workmen as per sanctioned strength and prior approval of the competent authority after screening test medical test for Group D post as Khalasi. Dates in the enclosed list (statement of claim) col No. 5 and 6 are artificial and without support of any documentary evidence. The opposite party has stated that Government has referred only the issue whether the demand for regularisation of 69 workers (mentioned in the list) by the management of Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridge) Northern Railway, Lucknow is justified.

Workmen are already regularised and therefore no dispute exists at all.

Sri S.N. Srivastava, Dy. Secretary of the Mazdoor Union has filed the affidavit in respect of his case and has filed following photo copies of the documents;

1. Photo copy of list of workmen Sri Ram Sumer and 68 others.
2. Photo copy of printed serial (P.S.) No. 1731-Circular No. 220-E/190-IV (Eiv) dt. 31-8-62/1-9-62 circulated by Railway Administration.
3. Photo copy of Dy. Chief Engineer/Br/NQ/N-Rly, HQ Office Baroda House, New Delhi's letter No. 25/E/Br dt. 2-7-92.
4. Photo copy of Dy. Chief Engineer (Br. W) R-Rly, Lucknow's Letter No. 803-E/5-4 (RMU) 12-C dt. 11-12-98.
5. Photo copy of Dy. Chief Engineer (Br. W) N-Rly, Lucknow's Letter No. 803-E/5-4 (RMU) 12-C dt. 22-12-99.
6. Photo copy of Dy. Chief Engineer (Br. W) N-Rly, Lucknow's 31-2-99.
7. Photo copy of Dy. Chief Engineer (Br. W) N-Rly, Lucknow's Letter dt. 21-6-99.
8. Photo copy of Dy. Chief Engineer (Br. W) N-Rly, Lucknow's Letter dt. 22-6-99.
9. Dy. CE/BR, HQ/NR HQ Office Baroda House, New Delhi's letter No. 961-E/PNM/NRM //CBE/Br. dt. 5-11-2001.

Opposite has filed the list of 69 workers who have been regularised. Sri S.N. Srivastava has examined himself

as witness and has also examined Sri Sita Ram whereas opposite party has examined Executive Engineer Sri Balbir Singh.

On 10-12-2003 the trade union representative was absent and the case was order to proceed ex-party against the trade union. In the circumstances heard the representative of the opposite party alone and carefully gone through the evidence on record.

The list of the worker for whose regularisation matter has been referred for adjudication;

Sl No.	Worker's Name	Father's Name
1	2	3
1.	Sri Ram Sumer	Sri Ishwar Dayal
2.	Sri Amrit Lal	Sri Bhagat Ram
3.	Sri Ram Kishan	Sri Ghassitey
4.	Sri Jan Mohd.	Sri Noor Mohd.
5.	Sri Sri Ram	Sri Nokhe
6.	Sri Rewa Dutt	Sri Dev Dutt
7.	Sri Ahmed Hussain	Sri Jahoor
8.	Sri Gauri Shankar	Sri Ayudhya Pd.
9.	Sri Devata Deen	Sri Ram Avatar
10.	Sri Faquirey	Sri Tulasi
11.	Sri Naresh Chandra	Sri J. C. Talukdar
12.	Sri Ram Kishan	Sri Chandika
13.	Sri Rameshwar	Sri Pyare Lal
14.	Sri Rakesh Kumar	Sri Bal Kishan
15.	Sri Shyam Lal	Sri Sarajoo
16.	Sri Sri Ram Sakhi	Sri B. N. Singh
17.	Sri Raj Narayan	Sri Ram Dularey
18.	Sri Patheshwari	Sri Data Deen
19.	Sri Late Gafoor	Sri Rasak
20.	Sri Chhotey Lal	Sri Nokhey
21.	Sri Tahal Singh	Sri Amar Singh
22.	Sri Aloopi Singh	Sri Tulasi Ram
23.	Sri Matayee	Sri Chaney
24.	Sri Shyam Lal	Sri Hari Ram
25.	Sri Nanhey	Sri Bhullayee
26.	Sri Chauhan	Sri Pyam
27.	Sri Duni	Sri Chiranji
28.	Sri Teja Ram	Sri Chhibha
29.	Sri Mangal Prasad	Sri Duni
30.	Sri Pratap Singh	Sri Nain Singh
31.	Sri A. M. Nair	Sri Raman Nair

1	2	3
32.	Sri Chet Ram	Sri Ram Achhwar
33.	Sri Lachman Singh	Sri Hori Lal Singh
34.	Sri Mohan Lal	Sri Sitaram
35.	Sri Chiranji Lal	Sri Salig Ram
36.	Sri Pooran Ram	Sri Paragi
37.	Purshottam	Sri Mangal
38.	Sri Jagir Singh	Sri Teja Singh
39.	Sri Putti Lal	Sri Chheda
40.	Sri Radhey Shyam	Sri Ram Dayal
41.	Sri Chhotey Lal	Sri Maikoo
42.	Sri Ram Pal	Sri Hirayee
43.	Sri Maikoo	Sri Roopen
44.	Sri Raja Ram	Sri Jagannath
45.	Sri Lalla	Sri Chakkal
46.	Sri Hori Lal	Sri Chibba
47.	Sri Ram Avtar	Sri Bhawan
48.	Sri Lalji	Sri Sohan Lal
49.	Sri Lalla	Sri Baboo Lal
50.	Sri Deen Dayal	Sri Mata Deen
51.	Sri Ram Murat	Sri Jaithoo
52.	Sri Pritam Singh	Sri Roda Singh
53.	Sri Deota Deen	Sri Rameshwar
54.	Sri Sat Prakash	Sri Muna Lal
55.	Sri Sive Shankar	Sri Ram Prasad
56.	Sri Sarjoo	Sri Harbansh
57.	Sri Ram Rattan	Sri Santoo
58.	Sri Ram Bahadur	Sri Puttoo
59.	Sri Janak Ram	Sri Prabhu Dayal
60.	Sri Late Guru Dayal	Sri Inder Prasad
61.	Sri M. Mukh-vinder Singh	Sri Surain Singh
62.	Sri Sooraj Prasad	Sri Kare Deen
63.	Sri Bhagwati Prasad	Sri Baboo Lal
64.	Sri Mewa lal	Sri Bhawan
65.	Sri Radhey Shyam	Sri Ajudhya
66.	Sri Bipet	Sri Maikoo
67.	Rama Kant Pandey	Sri Settal Prasad
68.	Sri C. B. Singh	Sri S. B. Singh
69.	Sri Bodh Raj	Sri Mehar Chand

Sri S. N. Srivastava has admitted that Sri Amrit Lal whose name is on Sl. No. 2 of the list is dead, the witness could not tell the date when he died. The witness has also admitted that Sri Gafoor whose name is at Sl. No. 19 is also dead. He could not tell when he died. The witness has also admitted Pritam Singh Sl. No. 52 is also dead but when he died he could not tell.

Witness has also admitted that the Naresh Chandra whose name is at Sl. No. 11, Ram Sakhi Sl. No. 16, Raj Narain whose name is on Sl. No. 17 and Pateshwar at Sl. No. 18, Chotey Lal whose name is on Sl. No. 20, Teja Ram whose name is on Sl. No. 28 and Duni whose name is on Sl. No. 27, A. M. Nair whose name is on Sl. No. 31, Maiku whose name is on Sl. No. 43, Raja Ram whose name is on Sl. No. 44 and Ram Avtar whose name is on Sl. No. 47, Ram Bahadur at Sl. No. 58 has also retired. It is also admitted by the witness of the worker that Gurdayal at Sl. No. 60 is dead. The worker's witness has also admitted that the worker Vipati whose name is on Sl. No. 66, Uma Kant Pandey at Sl. No. 67 and C.B. Singh at Sl. No. 68 have also retired. The witness could not tell to the court the day and month and year of the retired workers.

Sri S. N. Srivastava trade union witness has admitted in the cross examination that all workers have been regularised in the service.

In the present case the file of Asstt. Labour Commissioner (C), Lucknow No. LKO-8(1-46)/98-48 dt. 15-2-2000 was summoned. The ALC(C) send its confidential report which is follows :

No. LKO-8(1-46)/98

CONFIDENTIAL REPORT PART : II

The Divisional Secretary, Rail Mazdoor Union Northern Railway, Lucknow has raised a Industrial Dispute for regularisation of services in respect of Sri Ram Sumer, Khallasi and Mohan Lal, M.T. Driver and 67 others as per list Encls-I. They have completed 180 days service and as such acquired temporary status as such they are entitled for regularisation from the date as shown against their name.

In reply railway management vide letter dt. 20-1-2000 informed that they were taking steps for giving benefits of regularisation. In the last para the railway stated that the process will take additional six months. About eleven months have been passed but nothing conc has come up. It appears that railway management will not do any thing.

It is a fit case for reference to CGIT, Lucknow for adjudication of following schedule of Industrial Dispute:

"Whether the demand for regularisation of 69 workers mentioned in the list were legal and justified? If yes what relief workmen are entitled to?"

Parties to the dispute are ;

1. The Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridge), N. Rly. Bridge Workshop Charbagh, Lucknow.
2. The Divl. Secretary, Rail Mazdoor Union, N. R. Charbagh, Lucknow.

Sd/-

S. K. SINHA,

Asstt. Labour Commissioner (Central), Lucknow

The Asstt. Labour Commissioner (C) recommended the case for reference to CGIT as it was the opinion that the railway administration shall take steps for regularisation of the workers and ALC gave the opinion that the railway management will not anything, however, if the matter conducted at ALC(C) level the railway management regularised the services of the workers. Therefore, it can not be said that the demand of the trade union for regularisation of worker was not justified.

Sri S. N. Srivastava has also admitted that regularisation was known to him by the notice dated 22-2-99. The relevant question asked and answer given by Sri S. N. Srivastava at page 3 are produced below :

प्रश्न 2 : विनियमतीकरण के आदेश किस तारीख को हुए ?

उत्तर : 22-2-99 की सूचना के द्वारा यह पता चला था कि ये सभी कर्मचारी रेग्यूलर हो चुके हैं।

प्रश्न 3 : आपको ज्ञान कब हुआ ?

उत्तर : समझौता वार्ता जब ALC(C) के सामने 22-2-99 को हुई तब मुझे ज्ञान हुआ था ?

The order of the reference is dt. 11-4-2001, meaning thereby the workers stood regularised in the services during conciliation proceeding before Asstt. Labour Commissioner (C) as admitted by Sri S. N. Srivastava, Dy. Secretary, Railway Mazdoor Union, Lucknow. In the circumstances there ought to have been no reference order and also no recommendation for reference of adjudication to the CGIT, Lucknow. Award passed accordingly.

Lucknow

7-7-2005

SHRIKANT SHUKLA, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2784.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार कोचीन पोर्ट ट्रस्ट एवं कोचीन स्टीमर एजेन्ट्स एसोसिएशन के प्रबंधन के संबंध में नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, अर्नाकुलम के

पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 5/2005) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 13-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल. 35011/12/2004-आई आर (बी-II)]

सी. गंगाधरण, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2784.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 5/2005) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, Ernakulam as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Cochin Port Trust and Cochin Steamer Agents Association and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 13-7-2005.

[No. L-35011/12/2004-IR (B-II)]

C. GANGADHARAN, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, ERNAKULAM COCHIN

Present

SHRI N. RAJENDARAN : Presiding Officer

C.R. No. 5/2005

Between

The Secretary,
Cochin Port Labour Union
Wellington Island,
Cochin-682003

And

1. The Chairman,
Cochin Port Trust,
Wellington Island,
Cochin-682003

2. The President,
Cochin Steamer Agents Association,
Indira Gandhi Road,
Wellington Island,
Cochin-683003.

Representations

(1) Shri K. Anand : Advocate For Management (1)

(2) Smt. Latha Krishnan :

(1) Shri K. Anand : Advocates For Management (1)

(2) Smt. Latha Krishnan

(1) Shri B. Hamsa,

General Secretary,
Cochin Port Labour
Union
For Respondent

AWARD

Government of India, Ministry of Labour, New Delhi by its Order No. L-35011/12/2004 IR(B-II) dated 4-05-2005, referred an issue for adjudication and the award in relation to a dispute arose between the employers in relation to the Management of Cochin Port Trust and Their Workman, who is represented by the General Secretary, Cochin Port Trust Union, Wellington Island, Cochin in the following way.

“Whether the denial of employment to the steamer Watchmen on Board Ships at Cochin Port Trust by the Management of Cochin Steamer Agent's Association, Wellington Island, Cochin is legal, proper and justified? If not to what relief the workmen are entitled to?”

On receipt of reference from the Central Government to this Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Ernakulam, the said reference is registered as C.R. No. 5/2005 and notices issued to both sides. Management and Union accepted notice. On 23-6-2005 Management Party Nos. 1 and 2 entered appearance through their Counsel. For the Claimant Union, Mr. B. Hamsa, General Secretary of Cochin Port Labour Union, Wellington Island, Cochin appeared in person before the Tribunal. The parties settled their dispute out of Tribunal at discussions during a conciliation meeting before Sri R.K. Panda, Assistant Labour Commissioner (Central), Ernakulam. Parties filed joint Memo of settlement. Joint memo recorded and accepted.

The terms of settlement are :

- (1) It is agreed by the management and the union that employment opportunity for Steamer Watchmen is not available at present in Cochin Port.
- (2) In the event of employment opportunity arising with Cochin Steamer Agents' Association at any time in future for steamer watchmen or any similar category of workers, the parties agree that the workers covered under this settlement would be considered for employment by the management under existing norms.
- (3) It is agreed that the 35 steamer watchmen will be deemed to have voluntarily left the service w.e.f. 1-9-2004.
- (4) It is agreed by the management and the union that the management will pay a lump sum amount of Rs. 47,50,000 as total financial commitment for 35 steamer watchmen enrolled on 1-4-2003.
- (5) The parties agreed that the above total compensation amount includes the actual payment already made as VRS compensation to 3 steamer watchmen already retired voluntarily prior to the date of this settlement.

- (6) The parties agreed that Rs. 3,000/- per head paid 32 steamer watchmen during the month of January, 2005 forms part of the compensation package.
- (7) The parties agreed that the above total financial commitment after adjustments under Clauses (5) and (6) above will be equally distributed among 32 steamer watchmen as per the details in the list enclosed.
- (8) It is agreed by the management that the payment of compensation will be disbursed on 02-05-2005.
- (9) It is agreed by both the management and the union that with this compensation payment The workers will be deemed to have received all their legal dues and they will not have any claim for any further terminal benefits or compensation, whatsoever.
- (10) The parties agreed to implement the terms of settlement on or before 10-05-2005 and report compliance. In case no report is received, it will be deemed that the terms of settlement are fully implemented.

So on the above terms award is hereby passed.

N. RAJENDRAN, Presiding Officer

Exhibit : 'Nil'

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का.आ. 2785.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार डब्ल्यू.सी.एल. के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण जबलपुर (संदर्भ संख्या सी.जी.आई.टी./एल.सी/आर./120/2002) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 13-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल. 22012/182/2001-आई आर (सी-II)]

एन. पी. केशवन, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2785.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. CGIT/LC/R/120/2002) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Jabalpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Western Coalfield Limited and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 13-7-2005.

[No. L-22012/182/2001-IR (C-II)]

N. P. KESAVAN, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, JABALPUR.

No. CGIT/LC/R/120/2002

Presiding Officer : Shri C. M. Singh

The General Secretary,
B. K. K. M. S. (BMS),
P.O. Parasia,
Chhindwara

Union/Workman

Versus

The Chief General Manager,
WCL, Kanhan Area,
P. O. Dungaria,
Chhindwara (MP)

Management

AWARD

Passed on this 4th day of July, 2005

1. The Government of India, Ministry of Labour, vide its Notification No. L-22012/182/2001-IR(C-II) dated 27-8-2002 has referred the following dispute for adjudication by this tribunal :—

“Whether the action of the management of WCL Tandsi Project of Kanhan Area, PO Dungaria, Distt. Chhindwara (MP) in not regularising Shri Yoosuf Khan S/o Rustam Khan, General Mazdoor as Gr. III clerk w.e.f. 14-12-97 and difference of wages thereon from 4-12-96 onwards is legal and justified? If not, to what relief the workman is entitled to?”

2. After the reference order was received, it was duly registered on 9-9-2002 and notices were issued to the parties, the reference was at the stage of filing statement of claim by the workman and the notices therefor was issued to the workman. On 21-4-05, the management filed application along with original deed of settlement. It was taken for verification on 28-6-05. On 28-6-05, the workman appeared in person. He did not oppose the application for taking the original settlement on record. Therefore, the application was allowed. The original settlement deed was duly verified before me by the parties. I have very carefully gone through the terms of settlement which are as follows :—

- I. It has been agreed by BKKMS(BMS) Union to withdraw the CGIT case from the CGIT where the case is under reference and after regularization in clerical Gr. III the case will be settled fully and finally.
- II. It has been agreed that on the basis of promotion with immediate effect fitment will be done accordingly and it will be binding on both the parties to accept/Pay the basic salary calculated based on fitment as per company rule.

III. This settlement shall not to be cited as a precedence in any other case or at any other time.

IV. Neither the workman himself not concerned Union or any other Union shall raise any dispute regarding this claim in future, statutory or non-statutory, judicial or non-judicial.

The above terms of settlement are fair and legally justified. Therefore, the reference is awarded in terms of settlement without any order as to costs.

3. The copy of the award be sent to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour as per rules.

C. M. SINGH, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2786.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार ई.सी.एल. प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण असनसोल (संदर्भ संख्या 33/1991) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 13-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल.-22012/132/92-आई आर (सी-II)]
एन. पी. केशवन, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2786.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 33/1991) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, Asansol as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the management of ECL and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 13-7-2005.

[No. L-22012/132/92-IR (C-II)]

N. P. KESAVAN, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, ASANSOL

PRESENT : Shri Md. Sarfaraz Khan, Presiding Officer

Reference No. 33 of 1991

PARTIES :

Agent, Parasea 6 & 7 Incline of ECL, Parasea, Burdwan

Vrs.

General Secretary, Khan Shramik Congress, Ukhra,
Burdwan.

REPRESENTATIVES :

For the management : None.

For the union (Workman) : None.

INDUSTRY : COAL.

STATE : WEST BENGAL

Dated the 03-06-2005.

AWARD

In exercise of powers conferred by clause (d) of Sub-section (1) and Sub-section 2(A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), Govt. of India through the Ministry of Labour *vide* its letter No. L-22012/132/92-IR (C-II) dated 22-8-1992 has been pleased to refer the following dispute for adjudication by this Tribunal.

SCHEDULE

“Whether the action of the management of Parasea 6 & 7 Incline of M/s. ECL, P.O. Parasea, Dist. Burdwan in dismissing Sri Nak Goura Mason Mazdoor is justified? If not, to what relief is the concerned workman entitled?”

After having received the order of the aforesaid reference summons through the registered post were sent to the respective parties who in compliance of the said summons appeared through their representatives and filed their written statement in support of their respective claims.

From perusal of the record it transpires that the record was fixed for evidence, but the union left taking any step on its behalf since 16-9-02. Fresh notices were issued to the union but to no effect. In spite of service of the notice and repeated adjournments the union did neither appear nor take any step on its behalf. The order-sheets of the record go to show that the union has got no interest and has left taking any step. So it is not proper and advisable to keep this old reference pending any more as no useful purpose is to be served. Accordingly it is hereby

ORDERED

That let a “No Dispute Award” be and the same is passed. Send the copies of the award to the Ministry of Labour, Govt. of India for information and needful. The reference is accordingly disposed off.

Md. SARFARAZ KHAN, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2787.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, ई. सी. एल. के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण आसनसोल (संदर्भ संख्या 4/1996) को प्रकृति करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 13-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-22012/327/95-आई आर(सी-II)]
एन.पी. केशवन, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2787.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. 4/1996) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Asansol as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of ECL and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 13-7-2005.

[No. L-22012/327/95-IR (C-II)]

N.P. KESAVAN, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT AT ASANSOL

Present :

Shri Md. Sarfaraz Khan, Presiding Officer.

REFERENCE NO. 4 of 1996

Parties :

Agent, Amritnagar Colliery,
Raniganj,
Burdwan.

Vs.

Organising Secretary,
Colliery Mazdoor Sabha (AITUC),
West Asansol,
(West Bengal).

Representatives :

For the Management	:	None.
For the Union (workman)	:	None.
Industry	:	Coal
State	:	West Bengal

Date 9th June, 2005

AWARD

In exercise of powers conferred by clause (d) of Sub-section (1) and Sub-section 2(A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), Govt. of India through the Ministry of Labour vide its letter No. L-22012/(327)/95/IR (C-II) dated 31-1-1996 has been pleased to refer the following dispute for adjudication by this Tribunal.

SCHEDULE

“Whether the action of the management of Amritnagar Colliery under Kunustoria Area of ECL

in dismissing Sh. Kaleshwar Singh, Conveyor Khalasi w.e.f. 5/7-5-88 from the service is legal and justified? If not, what relief the concerned workman is entitled to?”

After receipt of the order of the aforesaid reference from the Govt. of India, Ministry of Labour, summons through registered post with A/D were sent to the respective parties and in compliance of the summons both the parties appeared through their representatives and filed their respective written statements in support of their case.

From perusal of the record it transpires that the record was fixed for hearing but no step was being taken from the side of the union since 23-4-2003. Fresh registered notices were issued against both the parties, even then no regular step was taken by the side of the union. It further transpires from the record that on 5-4-2005 lawyers from both sides appeared and prayed for time which was allowed fixing next 9-6-2005 for final hearing. The record was taken up on the said fixed date. The learned lawyer for the union submitted that he does not want to proceed with the case as the union has got no interest to contest the reference, hence no dispute as prayed to be passed. The reference is old one and the workman or the union does not take any interest. So it is not proper and advisable to keep the record pending any more.

Accordingly it is hereby

ORDERED

that let a 'no dispute award' be and the same is passed. Send the copies of the award to the Ministry of Labour for information and needful.

MD. SARFARAZ KHAN, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2788.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, डब्ल्यू. आई. एच. जी. के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण लखनऊ (संदर्भ संख्या 139/2002) को प्रकृति करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 13-07-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-42012/90/2002-आई आर(सी-II)]
एन. पी. केशवन, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2788.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. 139/2002) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Lucknow as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, and their workman, received by the Central Government on 13-07-2005.

[No. L-42012/90/2002-IR (C-II)]

N. P. KESAVAN, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE**CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL
TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT AT LUCKNOW
PRESENT:**

Shrikant Shukla, Presiding Officer

I.D. No. 139/2002Ref. No. : L-42012/90/2002-IR(C-II)
dated 5-8-2002**Between**Smt. Manjeet Arora (Kataria)
209, Dobhal Wala, Dehradun**And**The Director
Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology
33-C, General Mahadva Singh, Marg,
Dehradun**AWARD**

The Government of India, Ministry of Labour *vide* their order No. L-42012/90/2002-IR (C-II) dated : 5-8-2002 referred following issue for adjudication to the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Lucknow.

"Whether the action of the management of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun interminating the services Smt. Manjeet Arora (Kataria), Research Assistant w.e.f. 15-5-1997 is legal and justified? If not, to what relief she is entitled to?"

The worker's case is that she was appointed as Research Assistant in the project "Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun (NRDMS)" *vide* memorandum No. 103/1/95/DST/EST/T(4)/95. dtd 17-1-96 in the scale of 1200-30-1560-EB-40-2040 in the Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun. According to the said memo the project was up to 14-5-96 which was further extended *vide* order No. 103/5/95/DST/140 dtd. 3-6-96 upto 14-5-1997. However, the worker, Manjeet Arora (Kataria) has been working upto 10-12-97 and thereby she has completed more than 240 days work. She has further alleged that she was permitted to sign in attendance register upto 13-6-97 and thereafter attendance register was forcibly removed. The worker has also stated that the other employees of the project such as Dr. Bhagwat Sharma, Sr. A.K.L. Asthana, P.S. Negi and worker herself continued to work as per verbal order with the assurance either they will be adjusted (accommodated) in the institute or they will be provided extension. All the above employees of the project were not paid wages after May, 97 and considering the fact that the Registrar, Shri G.R.K. Nair went to the Pauri and considering the fact that the Ministry has taken decision for extension of the project, the worker on 8-12-97, requested for the wages as they were not paid wages. In this regard the employers informed that the worker's employment was for the period upto 14-5-97 only. The worker has denied the fact that the duration of the work was up to 14-5-97. Instead she said that the duration of employment for all employees was not till 14-5-97. The

institution (employer) accorded extension to all employees except the worker and the they were paid wages. But the worker was denied the extension and wages. However, the worker has been regularly visiting the office till 12-8-98. She was forced to obtain no dues certificate to avoid any harassment from the side of institute. It is also alleged that the worker complained against Dr. Trilochan Singh, but Director did not replied instead Dr. Trilochan Singh and the institute started torturing her. It has been stated that all other employees of the project have been adjusted in the employment of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun, but the institution did not even inform the worker. According to the worker since the worker has been in the continuous service of the institute for more than 240 days, therefore she cannot be removed from service. The employer too have not complied with the provisions of Section 25 N of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947. In the rejoinder the worker has stated that the institute comes in the provision of industry. The worker has also stated that here employment in institute was temporary and not contractual.

The worker has accordingly prayed that she should be reinstated with continuity of service and back wages together with damages.

The opposite party has filed its written statement and has denied that Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun is an industry. The opposite party has stated that is registered under Societies Registration Act, 1860 with Registrar of Societies, UP, *vide* registration No. 3073 dated 3-9-86. The aim and objectives, for which the institute has been set up have been laid down in the Memorandum of Association, and *inter alia* are as under:

(a) To undertake, aid, promote, guide and co-ordinate research in geology of the Himalayas and foster a tradition of scholarship;

(b) To carry out research toward the development of new concept and models concerning earth structures and process operating in the Himalayas, through an integrated interdisciplinary approach;

(c) To provide and promote effective linkages on a continuing basis between various scientific and research agencies/laboratories and other organisations working in the country in the filed of Himalayan Geology and related areas;

(d) To receive grants-in-aid in cash or in other forms, from the Government of India, State Governments, Charitable Institutions/Trusts, individuals and industry within the country.

The opposite party has Hundred per cent of funding to the institute is by way of grants-in-aid received from Government of India. This institute is a pioneer research institution in the area and filed of Himalayan Geology, which is a part and parcel of larger earth sciences. This is the only institution in the world exclusively devoted to research work in Himalayan Geology. This institute is not engaged in any activity, which can be called business, trade or manufacture. Neither from the nature of its organisation nor from the

nature and character of the activity carried on by it, it can be said, to be an undertaking analogous to business or trade. It is not engaged in a commercial, industrial activity and it cannot be described as an economic venture or a commercial enterprise as it is not its object to produce and distribute services which would satisfy wants and needs of the consumer community. It is more an institution discharging governmental functions and is a domestic enterprise rather than a commercial enterprise. This institution is not an industry even though it is carrying on the activity of research in a systematic manner with the help of its employees as it lacks that element which would make it an organization carrying on an activity which can be said to be analogous to the carrying on of a trade or business because it is not producing and distributing services which are intended or meant for satisfying human wants and needs, as ordinarily understood. The opposite party institute therefore does not fall within the definition of the term 'Industry' as defined under Section 2(j) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947. In the circumstances the order of reference order dated 5-8-2002 and the subsequent applicant's claim application dated nil, are not legally maintainable and are not sustainable. It is in these circumstances that the opposite party is not an 'Industry' hence the institute is not amenable to the provisions of Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 and accordingly the order of reference under Section 10 of Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 is not maintainable. Further it is stated by the opposite party that this Tribunal lacks jurisdiction in the matter. The opposite party has stated that in the reference order dated 5-8-2002 as well as in the corrigendum dated 17-9-2002 to the reference order, the only opposite party named therein is "The Director, Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, 33-C, General Mahadev Singh Marg, Dehra Dun" whereas in her statement of claim, the applicant has on her own and totally in an illegal and unjustified manner has named the Registrar and the P.I. by personal names as additional parties. The same act of the worker is totally mischievous, unjustified and illegal being against the terms of the reference. The services of the worker were engaged as a Research Assistant against a particular Government of India, Department of Science and Technology Sponsored Research Project entitled 'Operationalisation of Geographical information System for Micro Level Planning in Pauri Garhwal District UP'. The engagement of the worker was purely on temporary basis and was tenable maximum upto the tenure of the said project, which was initially upto 14 May, 1996. The engagement commenced vide institute's memorandum No. 103/1/95/DST/Estt.(4)/95 dtd. 17-1-1996. The appointment memorandum vide clause No. 4 specifically mentioned an laid down the provision that appointment could be terminated at any time without assigning any reason or any prior notice or payment of any salary in lieu thereof. Appointment memorandum and signed a copy thereof in token of acceptance of terms and conditions mentioned therein and accordingly she submitted joining report dated 17-1-96. Thereafter, upon the extension of the said project by the sponsoring agency i.e.

Department of Science and Technology, Govt. of India, the tenure of extended upto 14-5-97 on the existing terms and conditions as mentioned in original memorandum dated 17-1-96. Accordingly, on 14-5-97, the tenure of engagement of the applicant automatically came to an end in accordance with and as per the terms of contractual appointment order. Accordingly, the services of the worker was never required, and also in fact she did not discharge any work/duties after 14-5-97, as her contractual engagement expired/came to an end on 14-5-97 and was not renewed further. The termination of the service of the applicant as a result of the non-renewal of the contract of employment/engagement on its expiry on 14-5-97 or also on accordance with the stipulation contained in the order of engagement does not amount to retrenchment, by virtue of the provisions contained in clause (bb) of Section (2) (oo) of Industrial Disputes Act, 1947. The opposite party has stated that the worker's allegation that she marked attendance even after 14-5-97 and upto 13-6-97 is totally false and mischievous contention because she was never directed or asked to work beyond 14-5-97. Therefore, the marking of her attendance even after 14-5-97 was purely of her own will and volition and was purely and totally done as an act of mischief and with ulterior motives and fraudulent intentions. Also, she was not paid any remuneration beyond 14-5-97, being not entitled to receive the same. Although vide order dated 25-3-98 the duration of particular project were very belatedly extended from 14-5-97 upto 15-5-98, by the Department of Science and Technology, but the applicant was not issued any extension in services, because her services as a Research Assistant for doing computer related works were not required. It is relevant to highlight that the extension of project was done vide order dated 25-3-98, but was only upto 15-5-98 and therefore for a period much less than two months there was no need or requirement of again calling here in service or renewing the contract of engagement of the applicant. After 15-5-98, the said project was completely closed. The services of worker was terminated w.e.f. 14-5-97, not renewed after 14-5-97, whereas her application dated 10-10-2001 moved before the Assistant Labour Commissioner (C)-cum-Conciliation Officer had been made, after an unreasonable, inordinate and unexplained delay of nearly 4-1/2 years. Hence on ground of delay and laches, the order of reference dated 5-8-2002 under Section 10 of Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 is liable for outright rejection and dismissal. Regarding completion of more than 240 days of continuous service, the opposite party has stated that in case of contractual engagements the number of days of service put in, legally becomes totally irrelevant and immaterial. It is also denied that any assurance of accommodation or extension was ever given. The opposite party has denied that the worker continued to come to office till 12-8-98, because she was never called after 14-5-97, as her contract was not renewed thereafter. It is also stated that worker's contention that she went to office till 12-8-98 is totally incorrect and not backed by facts of truth. In this regard opposite party has stated that the

worker *vide* her letter dated 12-8-98 had stated that she worked till 10-12-97 under the particular project only. Regarding allegations raised against the Director as well as the P.I. the opposite party has stated that they are ill motivated with ulterior intentions and as an after thought. The worker has failed to specify as to which other persons working in the project have been absorbed in the services of the institute. Assuming that the worker is claiming treatment at par with Scientists working in the project, who have been regularised, then she cannot claim regularisation at par with them because those Scientists had put in very long tenure of service *i.e.* much more than 15 years of service whereas the worker worked for less than 1-1/2 year and that also on purely contractual basis of fixed period. The worker was not entitled to any notice or for being provided any reason for termination because she was in knowledge of the fact that her tenure of engagement was only upto 14-5-97 as communicated to her *vide* extension order dated 3-6-96. The opposite party has therefore, requested that worker is not entitled to any relief against the institute under the present proceedings.

The worker has filed following photocopy of the documents :

1. Copy of order of the High Court, Allahabad in Civil Misc. Writ Petition No. 18965 of 1995.
2. Letter No. ES/11/209/95 dated 17-10-1990 addressed to Dr. V.C. Thakur, Director, Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
3. Memorandum No. 33/1/80-Estt./524 dated 4-1-2001 of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
4. Order No. 18/242/97-Estt./218 dtd. 30-6-2000 of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
5. Order No. 103/1/95/DST/Estt. Dtd. 5-5-1999 of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
6. Order No. 18/159/87-Estt./27 dtd. 20-4-99 of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
7. Order No. 18/159/87-Estt./333 dtd. 10-12-98 of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
8. Office Memorandum No. 103/3/95/DST/Estt./4227 dtd. 7-1-99 of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
9. No dues certificate in respect of Manjeet Kaur Kataria.
10. No dues certificate in respect of Manjeet Kaur Kataria dtd. 11-8-98.
11. No dues certificate in respect of Manjeet Kaur Kataria.
12. Receipt No. 54 dtd. 12-8-98 for Rs. 35/- of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
13. Marriage card of Manjeet Kataria on 14-8-1998.
14. Due-drawn table of wages of P.S. Negi, Dr. Bhagwat Sharma, Dr. A.K. Asthana.
15. Due-drawn table of wages of Dr. Bhagwat Sharma.
16. Due-drawn table of wages of P.S. Negi, Dr. Bhagwat Sharma, Dr. A.K. Asthana and Manjeet Kaur paper No. 20 to 22.
17. Photocopy of note sheet with letter to the Registrar by Trilochan Singh.

18. Representation of worker for redressal for grievances-release of salary etc. dtd. 15-4-1998.
19. Letter No. 103/1/95-DST/Estt./3787 dtd. 6-2-1998 of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun addressed to the worker.
20. Letter of worker addressed to the Director, Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun dtd. 2-2-98.
21. Order No. ES/11/209/95 dtd. 25-3-1998 of Deptt. of Science & Technology.
22. Letter of Registrar, Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun addressed to the worker.
23. Letter of the worker to the Director, Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun for release of salary dtd. 8-12-97.
24. Movement order No. 33/3/90-Estt. Dtd. 25-11-1997 of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
25. Data of NRMMS/GIS Project Staff.
26. Letter of the worker to the Director, Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun dtd. 8-7-1997.
27. Memorandum No. 18/135/85-Estt./89 dtd. 3-7-97 of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
28. Photo copy of attendance register, paper No. 37 to 40.
29. Circular No. 18/133/86-Estt. Dtd. 7-4-97 of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
30. Order No. 103/5/95/DST/Estt. Dtd. 20-3-1997 of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
31. Order No. 103/5/95/DST/140 dtd. 3-6-1996 of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
32. Order No. 103/5/95/DST/Estt. Dtd. 22-1-1996 of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
33. Office memorandum dtd. 25-10-98 addressed to Sh. A.K. Lal Asthana, Senior Research Fellow, Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
34. Memorandum No. 109/1/95/DST/EST (1)/485 dtd. 15-5-95 of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.
35. Memorandum No. 103/1/95/DST/Estt. (4)/95 dtd. 17-1-96 of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun.

Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun has filed photocopies of the following documents :

1. Photocopy of renewal of registration under Society Registration Act, 1860.
2. Constitution booklet of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun incorporating therein the memorandum of association.
3. Sanction order No. ES/11/209/95 dtd. 21-4-95 for implementation of project entitled 'Operationalisation of Geographical Information System for Micro Level Planning in Pauri Garhwal District UP'.
4. Worker's application dt. 15-10-95 for the post of Research Assistant.

5. Memorandum (of offer of appointment) No. 103/1/95/DST/Estt./4/95 dt. 17-1-96.
6. Acceptance and joining report dt. 17-1-96 of applicant.
7. Order No. 103/5/95/DST/Estt. dt. 22-1-96.
8. Extension order No. 140 dt. 3-6-96.
9. Sanction order No. ES/11/209/95 dt. 27-8-96.
10. Sanction order No. ES/11/209/95 dt. 10-2-97.
11. Attendance register for the months of May 97 and June 97.
12. Instt.'s letter No. 3078 dtd. 10-12-97.
13. Workers letter dtd. 8-12-97 containing noting of PI of Project.
14. Order No. ES/11/209/95 of Deptt. of Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology, Govt. of India dtd. 25-3-1998.
15. Noting dated 6-4-98 of Dr. Trilochan Singh, PI of concerned project.
16. Worker's letter dtd. 12-8-98.
17. Instt.'s Office memorandum No. 4227 dtd. 6-6-99.
18. Certificate dtd. 13-3-2001 given to worker by OP.
19. Worker's letter dtd. 10-9-2001.
20. Instt.'s reply/letter No. 5372 dtd. 24-9-2001.
21. Statement showing details of staff (Scientist) working in the DST Project NEDMS/GIS.
22. Memorandum No. 33/1/80/Estt./524 dtd. 4-1-2001 in respect of absorption of Scientists of erstwhile DST sponsored NRDMS Project.
23. Judgement dated 10-8-2000 of Hon'ble Allahabad High Court in Civil Misc. Writ Petition No. 14304 of 1995.
24. Award dated 4-12-2000 of Hon'ble Labour Court, Dehradun in adj. Cases Nos. 64/91 to 68/91.
25. Order dtd. 22-2-95 of Hon'ble Supreme Court in writ Petition No. 756/91 in the matter of Dr. Arvind Rai Vs. Union of India.
26. Order dtd. 7-4-97 in Civil Appeal No. 2888 of 1997 as decided by Hon'ble Supreme Court in the matter of Jawahar Lal Nehru Krishi Vishwa Vidyalaya, Jabalpur (MP) VS. Balkrishan Soni & others.

The opposite party has also filed photocopy of following documents :

1. Attested copy of invoice No. 1319 dtd. 25-3-2003 from M/s. Shiva Offset Press Dehradun for Rs. 58,028/- towards the cost of 300 copies of Himalayan Geology Vol. No. 24(1) for the year 2003.
2. Attested copy of invoice No. 200 dated 7-10-2003 from M/s. Shiva Offset Press, Dehradun for Rs. 49,486/- towards the cost of 300 copies and 50 Reprints of Himalayan Geology volume No. 24(2) for the year 2003.
3. Combined statement-showing details of amounts received by the Instt. by sale of Himalayan Geology

volumes and amount received towards laboratory testing charges.

4. Statement showing details of receipts and expenditure highlighting therein that the amount received from sale of the Himalayan Geology volumes is negligible vis-a-vis the grant-in-aid as well as the expenditure.
5. Attested true copy of the relevant page No. 47 of the Report of the Review Committee constituted by the Government of India in the year 1997 for the review of the activities and performance of the institute in the year 1997.
6. Attested true copy of the report (in 12 pages) of the Peer Review Committee constituted by the Govt. of India in the year 2002.

The worker has examined herself as witness No. 1 and also examined Dr. Bhawat Sharma.

The opposite party has examined Dr. Trilochan Singh, MW-1 and Dr. N.S. Birdi, MW-2. No other witness has been examined.

Heard, learned representatives of the parties and perused the evidence on record.

First of all the issue, cropped up in the case is whether the opposite party i.e. Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun is an industry or not?

The opposite party has argued that the Institute is not engaged in any activity, which can be called business trade or manufacture. Neither from the nature of organisation nor from the nature & character of the activity carried on by it, it can be said, be undertaking analogous to business or trade. It is not engaged in the commercial, industrial activity and it can not be described as an economic venture a commercial enterprise as it is not its object to produce & distribute services which would satisfy wants & needs of consumer community. It is more an institution discharging government functions and is a domestic enterprise rather than commercial enterprise. Institution is not an industry even though it is carrying on the activity of research in a systematic manner with the help of employees as it lack the element of which would make it an organisation carrying on an activity which can be said to be analogous the carrying of trade business because its not producing and distributing services which are intended a meant for satisfying human wants & needs, as ordinarily understood. The opposite party therefore does not fall within the terms 'Industry' as defined in section 2(s) of the I.D. Act, 1947. In the circumstances the reference order of the government in itself & subsequent claim statement is not maintainable.

The worker in his argument has stated that research institutes are well within the definition of the industry as held by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in 2000 FLR Page 450 Nehru Weakkindra vs Union of India.

The opposite party has referred 2001 (89) FLR 323 Supreme Court between State of Gujrat & others & Pratam Singh Narsingh Parmar has argued that Department of the Government can not be held to be an industry and rather it is part of sovereign function. The case belonged to Forest Department in the State of Gujarat & respondent

was appointed as a clerk. There in the appointment was governed by a set rules framed under proviso to Article 309 of Constitution of India, but in the present case opposite party is not the Department of Government. Therefore the said case law is not applicable in the circumstances of the present case.

Opposite party has also cited the case law Physical Research Laboratory vs K. G. Sharma 1997 (II) LLJ 625 of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. In the said case it was nobody's case that Physical Research Laboratory is engaged in an activity which can be called business trade or manufacture. It was more an institution discharging government function & a domestic enterprise than a commercial enterprise. In the said case Hon'ble Supreme Court observed the purpose of research is to acquire knowledge about the formation & evolution of the universe but the knowledge thus acquired not intended to sale.

On the other hand worker has come out with the argument that the opposite party is engaged in business & has offered for sale its analytical ability to the private industries which are double in rates in comparison to the R & D job research projects. It is also argued that the opposite party institute is also providing Consultancy & Advisory Services. Worker has filed the documents 39/18 & 39/23. Worker has also relied on Bangalore Water Supply & Sewerage Board case (1978) 2SCC 213.

I have carefully perused evidence on record. It is admitted fact that the opposite party is engaged in the activity of research in systematic manner with the active cooperation of its employees and when the services are offered to be sold to private industries then such institute acquire the nature of an Industry. The opposite party is therefore an industry. The reference order is therefore not bad in law.

Coming to the order of reference which requires to be adjudicated which is for repetition sake reproduced below :

"Whether the action of the management of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun in terminating the services of Smt. Manjeet Arora (Kataria) Research Assistant w.e.f. 15-5-97 is legal and justified? If not, to what relief she is entitled to?"

This Court has to adjudicate whether the action of the management was legal and justified.

Smt. Manjeet Arora has stated in answer to the question of the Presiding Officer that her services were terminated on 10-12-97. Her relevant statement is reproduced below :

"मेरा termination नहीं हुआ है। खुद कहा termination लेटर नहीं मिला खुद कहा कि termination मैं नहीं मानती। फिर कहा termination है। मेरी सेवायें 10-12-97 को समाप्त की गई थी। मेरी सेवायें अवैधानिक रूप से समाप्त कर दी।"

Further at page no. 3 she stated that she continued going for work till 12-8-98 & her attendance was also marked till 13-6-97. Relevant extract of her statement is produced below :

14-5-97 के बाद 12-8-98 तक जाती रही व 13-6-97 तक मेरी attendance, attendance रजिस्टर पर ली है व नीचे

सबके Counter Sign है। यह attendance register नित्य verify करते थे। इस बीच मुझसे काम लेते रहे, मेरे को 14-5-97 तक की Salary दी गई है। मुझसे 8-12-97 को No dues की demand की, 12-8-98 को मुझे देना पड़ा इस बीच मैं work करती रही।"

Thus according to the reference order the case has been referred for adjudication as to whether the action of the terminating the services of the worker Smt. Manjeet Arora (Kataria) w.e.f. 15-5-97 is legal or justified, but the worker suggested 4 dates regarding the period till which she performed the duties.

- | | | |
|-------|----------|--|
| Ist | 13-6-97 | (Last date on which she signed the attendance register) |
| IInd | 08-12-97 | (the date on which No Dues statement was demanded) |
| IIIRD | 10-12-97 | (when at page 2 of her statement she stated that she was terminated on 12-12-97) |
| IVth | 12-8-98 | (when she stated that she was compelled to give no dues certificate & in the meantime she continued work.) |

Opposite party wanted to know the last date of her working suggesting all dates above. Worker replied that she worked till 12-8-98.

Opposite party specifically wanted to know by suggesting :

प्रश्न : इसका मतलब 14-5-97 को आपकी सेवायें समाप्त नहीं की गई।

उत्तर : 14-5-97 को मेरी सेवायें समाप्त नहीं की गई न कोई extension दिया गया Termination Letter दिया गया।

The learned representative of the opposite party has argued that the court has to confine its adjudication to the matter as described in the order of reference alone & it can not of its own decide the validity of the termination of services w.e.f. any other date as the worker has tried to state in examination in chief or cross examination. He has further argued that reference is for limited question whether the termination order w.e.f. 15-5-97 is legal & justified. This court therefore no jurisdiction behind the fact as to when the worker stopped working or other allied matter. Opposite party has based his argument on following case laws;

1. 1979 (38) FLR 38 (FB Supreme Court) Between Pottery Mazdoor Panchyat & the Perfect Pottery Co. Ltd.
2. 2001 (89) FLR 360 (Delhi High Court) Between Municipal Employee Union & another & Secretary Labour, Govt. of NCT of Delhi & another.
3. 2001 (89) FLR 694 (Supreme Court) Between Gauri Shankar Chatterjee & others and TAXMACO & others.
4. 1981 (43) FLR 258 (F. B. Supreme Court) Between Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co. of India Pvt. Ltd. and workman.
5. 2000 (89) FLR 345 (Rajasthan High Court, Jodhpur) Between the State and Lala & others.

6. 2000 (87) FLR 629 (Madhya Pradesh High Court) Between Secretary, Krishi Upaj Mandi Samiti, Damoh & Presiding Officer, Labour Court Sagar & another.
7. 2000 (98) FLR 623 (Orissa High Court) Between Umakant Patnayak & others and Management Gaiety Cinema & others.
8. 2001 (89) FLR 458 Karnataka High Court Between Prakash & others and Supdt. Engineer (EEL) & others.
9. 2004 Supreme Court Cases (L&S) 798 Mukund Ltd. Vs. Mukund Staff & Officers Association.

Case laws referred by the opposite party clearly lays down the following principle of law.

“The Industrial Tribunal/Labour court can not travel beyond the terms of reference. Tribunal can not enlarge the scope of reference. Tribunal derives jurisdiction from the terms of reference, therefore the terms of reference can not be enlarged.”

Hon'ble Delhi High Court while deciding the case between Modern Food Industries (India Ltd.) and Govt. of NCT of Delhi [2000 (85) FLR 493] observed that where the reference was “whether the punishment of down grading of Sri S.P. Bhargwa is disproportionate? If so to what relief is he entitled & what directions are necessary in this behalf”, the tribunal passing an award that punishment of down grading imposed upon the worker was held to be neither justified nor legal and accordingly he set aside the award where as the dispute as to whether the punishment was legal or valid was not referred. Hon'ble court further observed that it is accepted principle of law that the Industrial Tribunal has to confine the adjudication within the terms of reference. He derives jurisdiction from terms of reference & therefore, the scope of reference can not be enlarged.

In another case where the reference was

“क्या अधिशासी अभियन्ता सार्वजनिक निर्माण विभाग (भवन एवं पथ) बासवाड़ा द्वारा उनके श्रमिक लाला पुत्र श्री दितिया मेठ निवासी गांव करतपुर पोस्ट रुरेडी तहसील गढ़ी जिला बासवाड़ा को सेवा मुक्त करना उचित एवं वैध है ? यदि नहीं तो श्रमिक किस राहत को पाने का अधिकारी है।”

The labour court made the award declaring the workman semi permanent & permanent and further directing to fix him in the pay scale payable at the relevant time & also to pay arrears with cost at the rate of 12% p.m. Hon'ble High Court of Rajasthan Jodhpur [(2000 (89) FLR 345] between the State & Lala & others, ruled that no industrial dispute was raised with respect to declaring the respondent workman semi permanent & permanent. There was no reference calling upon the labour court to answer with respect to giving status of semi permanent or permanent to the respondent workman. The labour court has exceeded the jurisdiction making declaration about the status of respondent workman.

Hon'ble Madhya Pradesh High Court, between Secretary, Krishi Upaj Mandi Samiti Damoh & Presiding Officer, Labour Court, Sagar & another [2000 (87) FLR 629] has ruled “Dispute referred was only as to whether the termination from service was legal and justified. The Labour

Court therefore, clearly traversed beyond the scope of reference. In directing payment of wages in regular scale”.

Hon'ble Karnataka High Court between Prakash & Others and Supdt. Engineer (EEL) & others [2001 (89) FLR 458] has laid down that “The matter is well settled that if an individual raises a dispute it can only be for removal termination or dismissal. If the workman wants to raise a dispute with regard to absorption & regularisation that can only be done by union which can raise the dispute on behalf of the workman or workmen”.

On going through the entire case laws, I come to the conclusion that this court has only to answer whether the termination of the worker w.e.f. 15-5-97 is legal or justified. It can not enlarge the scope of reference or can travel beyond the order of reference.

Admitted facts are that the Registrar of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology Dehradun issued the following appointment memorandum to Miss Manjeet Kaur;

No. 103/1/95/DST/Estt. (4)/95

Dated 17-1-96

MEMORANDUM

With reference to her application dt. 15-10-95 and on the recommendation of the Selection Committee meeting held on 11-1-96, the Director, Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology has been pleased to offer Miss Manjeet Kaur, the post of Research Assistant on a basic of Rs. 1290/-p.m. in the pay scale of Rs. 1200-30-1560-EB-40-2040 plus other allowances as per rules in the Govt. of India, Department of Science & Technology, sponsored Research Project entitled “Operationalisation of Geographical Information System for Micro level planning in Pauri-Garhwal District U.P.” under the supervision of Dr. Trilochan Singh Scientists “E-I”, WIHG.

2. The appointment is purely on temporary basis and tenable maximum upto the tenure of the Project which is at present upto May 14, 1996.

3. She will be subjected to administrative control of the Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun (for TA/DA, Leave etc.) but she shall not be treated as the employee of the Institute. By virtue of this assignment she will not be entitled to claim any lien for appointment in any other posts in the Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology. No administrative or other liability will be attached to the Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology or the Deptt. of Science & Technology, Govt. of India at the end of the project.

4. The appointment can be terminated at any time without assigning any reason or any prior notice of payment of any salary in lieu of prior notice.

5. She will be governed by the terms and conditions of the project from time to time.

6. She will produce a medical certificate of fitness from a Medical Officer not below the rank of Civil Surgeon of a Govt. Hospital.

7. If any declaration given or information furnished by the candidate proves to be false or if the candidate is

found to have wilfully suppressed any material information she will be liable to removal from service and such other action as Institute may deem necessary.

8. She can be posted at Pauri-Garhwal as and when necessary.

9. If willing to accept the above terms and conditions of appointment, she may report for duty on or before 30-1-96.

Sd/-
(G. R. K. NAIR)
REGISTRAR

The terms of appointment could be summarised as under;

1. She was appointed as Research Assistant on the basic of Rs. 1290/- p.m. in the pay scale of Rs. 1200-30-1560-EB-40-2040 + other allowances as per rules.

2. Appointment was for specific project Operationalisation of Geographical Information system for Micro level planning in Pauri-Garhwal District U.P. under the supervision of Dr. Trilochan Singh, Scientist E-I WIHG.

3. Appointment was purely temporary basis and tenable maximum upto the tenure of the project which is at present upto May 14, 1996.

4. Appointee shall not be treated as employee of the Institute, nor she will be entitled to claim any lien for appointment or any other posts in the Institute.

5. Appointment could be terminated at any time without assigning any reasons or prior notice of payment of any salary in lieu of prior notice.

6. Appointment shall be governed by the terms and conditions of the project from time to time.

7. If appointee is willing to accept the terms and conditions, she may report for duty on or before 3-1-1996.

From bare reading of the appointment memorandum it is clearly made out that the contract of appointment is for a fixed term initially it was upto 14th May, 1996 with clear stipulation that appointment could be terminated at any time without assigning any reason or prior notice. It was also made clear that she shall not be treated as an employee of the institute nor she will be entitled to claim any lien for appointment on any posts in the institute. It is therefore believed that the worker joined the services in the project knowing fully well that by virtue of this appointment she can not claim regularisation.

She has in evidence stated that her appointment was not on contract basis, instead it was till the completion of the project, although she has admitted that the appointment was upto 14-5-96 which was extended upto 14-5-97. She has named Dr. Bhagwat Sharma, Dr. S.K.L. Asthana and G.S. Negi were working in the project from the very beginning. She has also stated that their services conditions were also the same as that of his. In an question to the court, she has stated that she was not provided

extension although her attendance was taken upto 13-6-97. At page no. 5 of the evidence she has stated that barring her all others have been merged in the institute. One has alleged that it was Trilochan Singh who due to annoyance on 9-7-97 gave his report, so that she may not get extension in the service.

Smt. Manjeet Arora has admitted in the cross examination that the GIS project started in May 95 and Sri Trilochan Singh was Principal Investigator—she worked under him. She has also admitted that the completion report of the project is sent under the supervision of Project Investigator. She has also admitted that according to extension letter dt. 3-6-96 has last working day was 14-5-97.

No. 103/5/95/DST/140

Dt. 3-6-1996

ORDER

Consequent upon the extension of the DST sponsored Research Project entitled "Operationalisation of Geographical Informations System for Micro Level Planning Pauri Garhwal U.P." vide D.S.T. letter no. ES/11/209/95 dt. 16th May, 1996, the tenure of temporary appointment of Miss Manjeet Kaur, Research Assistant is extended upto 14-5-97 on the terms & conditions as mentioned in the Memorandum no. 103/1/95/DST/Estt. (4)/95 dated 17-1-1996.

Sd/-
REGISTRAR

She has admitted that except her there was no research assistant in the DST project. Thus she has also admitted that Dr. Bhagwat Sharma, Dr. S.K.L. Asthana & Negi were Scientist and were in the project from the very beginning, beside these scientist were working in the institute since 1982-83.

Smt. Manjeet Kaur has stated that she has no grievance for absorption of Scientist, she has only grievance is that her services were not extended for further duration and she was terminated on 15-5-97.

Smt. Manjeet Kaur has examined Dr. Bhagwat Sharma, who has been turn up to give his evidence as per request of Manjeet Kaur, although he was on medical leave from the institute. He has stated that Smt. Manjeet Arora worked upto 98 but could not stated the exact date and month.

Dr. Bhagwat Sharma stated that there was an incident of China Jhapati about a flopy between Sri Trilochan Singh & Manjeet Kaur, but he failed to state date and month or year. He stated that flopy belongs to him, which contained his personal research work pertaining to NRDMS project. He entrusted this flopy to Manjeet Kaur with the instruction that the flopy be not delivered every one.

Dr. Bhagwat Sharma has admitted that none has been appointed as research assistant in the GIS project.

Management of Institute has examined the Principal Investigator Sri Trilochan Singh. He has proved that the

GIS projected started on 15-5-95 and completed on 14-5-98. He has also proved that the term of employment of Smt. Manjeet Kaur was upto 14-5-97 thereafter her term was not extended nor any other research assistant was engaged. Management of the institute has examined the ex-director of the institute.

After careful consideration of the entire evidence on record following facts are undisputed;

1. Smt. Manjeet Arora (Kataria) was appointed as research assistant in GIS project and the term of appointment ended on 14-5-97 and thereafter term of employment was not extended. The appointment was temporary and for specific period. Knowingfully well the conditions of her appointment she accepted the appointment. The appointment was contractual in nature. Her services came to an end automatically on 14-5-97 A.N. She was not expected to report for duty thereafter.

2. Smt. Manjeet Kaur unauthorised signed the attendance register after 14-5-97 till 13-6-97.

Though GIS project lasted upto 14-5-98 but the services of Research assistant was not needed after 14-5-97 and as such neither her term was extended nor any research assistant was engaged at her place.

It is also proved by the management witness that Smt. Manjeet Kaur was not given any work after 14-5-97 and she was informed of the fact that since her tenure was over, she need not come after 14-5-97. After 15-5-97 when Project Investigator Sri Trilochan Singh saw her in the Bio-stratigraphy computer lab where she was working on computer. Sri Trilochan Singh enquired as to what she is doing and she was ought uninformed she took out the computer floppy. Thereafter Dr. Trilochan Singh enquired about the floppy and wanted to know as to what she was doing. Smt. Manjeet Kaur could not offer satisfactory reply and therefore Sri Trilochan Singh asked her to deliver the floppy although she was hesitate to deliver it, with the result Sri Trilochan Singh snatched on checking he find that floppy contained the personal data of Trilochan Singh and Manjeet Kaur was trying to copy out and take it away. After taking possession of floppy Sri Trilochan Singh asked her to move out as she was no more in the employment. Sri Trilochan Singh reported the matter to the Director orally.

The learned representative of the opposite party has argued that after the terms of the employment was not extended, Smt. Manjeet Kaur misused her previous employment and acquaintance with the staff and she tried to go away with the research work of Sri Trilochan Singh. In the circumstances the management has lost its confidence Smt. Manjeet Kaur. Research work on which the Government invests huge amount of money, the same is valuable. She was forgiven as she was a lady and was not in employment.

Evidence of Sri Trilochan Singh quite trustworthy which finds support from the evidence of Mr. N.S. Virdi

Opposite Party's representative has argued that the worker Smt. Manjit Arora stands automatically terminated after 14-5-97 as she was given temporary appointment for a fixed period. In case *Navodaya Vidyalyaya Vs. K.R. Hemavathy* 2001-1-LLJ-779 Hon'ble Karnataka High Court found that the termination of service after a fixed period amounted to retrenchment, can not be accepted and the same has been relied by the Kerala High Court in between President, *Peroorkada Service Cooperation Ltd. Trivendrum and S. Shaina & others* (2002-III-LLJ) Page 459 Hon'ble Karnataka High Court in identical case opened, "In our considered opinion, tribunal as also learned single judge have erred in directing reinstatement of respondent for the simple reason that even if the respondent can be said to have worked continuously for more than 240 days, but still the facts remains that she was working with the appellant under fixed term contract of service and therefore it was not a retrenchment, within the meaning of clause (bb) of Section 2(oo) of the Act which reads as thus;

2(oo) "Retrenchment" means the termination by the employer of the service of a workman for any reason whatsoever, otherwise than as a punishment implicated by way of disciplinary action, but does not include—

(a) *****

(bb) termination of the service of the workman as a result of non renewal of the contract of employment between employer and the workman concerned on its expiry of such contract being terminated under stipulation in that behalf contained therein.

(c) *****

While accepting temporary appointment, respondent very well know that it is for a period and the said appointment for again period was never questioned by her. It is not that by virtue of temporary appointment she had acquired permanent status in the employment...."

Opposite party has gone in argument stating that this aspect has been clarified by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case *Anand Bihari & others Vs Rajasthan State Roadways Transport Corporation* 1991 AIR SC 1003; 1991 Lab IC. 494 with reference to clause (c) of Section 2(oo) of the Act and in case of *Venugopal Vs. Divisional Manager, LIC of India*, AIR 1994, SC 1343 Pr. 9. In the latter case, it has been held by the apex court;

"Now with introduction of one more exception to Sec. 2(oo) under Clause (bb), the Legislature has excluded from the purview of "retrenchment" (i) termination of the service of the workman as a result of the non-renewal of the contract of employment between the employer and the workman concerned on its expiry; (ii) such contract being terminating under a stipulation in that behalf contained in contract of employment. It need not be impressed that if in the contract of employment to such stipulation provided

or prescribed, then such contract shall not be covered by clause (bb) of Section 2(o). In the present case, the termination of service of the appellant is as a result of the contract of employment having been terminated under the stipulations specifically provided under Regulation 14 and the order of the appointment of the appellant in this background the non compliance the requirement of Sec. 25 F shall not violate or nullify the order of termination of the appellant."

Opposite party has also relied on the *Amit Yadva and others Vs. Delhi Vidyut Board* of Hon'ble Delhi High Court 2000 Lab IC 626 where in it is held the petitioners can not claim right to remain on the post beyond the contract period and right to remain on post comes to an end on expiry of contract period. Opposite party has also argued that even the principle of natural justice are not applicable where the termination takes place on the expiry of contract. Opposite party has referred para 15 of the case law 2001 Lab IC 2391 *Harmander Singh Vs. Kharga Canteen, Ambala Cantt*, para 15 runs as follows;

The argument on the basis of Section 25F is equally misconceived. This section deals with conditions precedent to retrenchment of workmen. It would not apply to Para 3-A because of the definition of retrenchment in Section 2(o) (bb) which expressly excludes "termination of the service of a workman as a result of the non-renewal of the contract of employment between the employer and the workman concerned on its expiry or of such contract being terminated under a stipulation in that behalf contained thereon". Contracts of service for a fixed term are, therefore, excluded. This Court in *Upton's case* (1998 AIR SCW 1447 : AIR 1998 SC 1681 : 1998 Lab IC 1543 : 1998 : AIR LJ 1099) (Supra) has also held that the principles of natural justice are not applicable where the termination takes place on the expiry of the contract. The decision of a learned single Judge of the Punjab and Haryana High Court in *Balbir Singh Vs. Kurushetra Centra Cooperative Bank Ltd.* (1990) 1 Lab LJ 443 to the extent that it holds to the contrary it erroneous.

Since the worker was admittedly engaged on contract basis on fixed payment, she had a right to continue only till the period of his appointment. The appointment letter of the worker is clearly indicates that she was engaged for certain period and thereafter she had no right of employment on the post of Research Assistant, moreover no other persons has been appointed as Research Assistant in the GIS project. She can not claim parity with the scientists who perform different nature of job and who are not industrial worker.

Replying the argument of worker opposite party has argued that if the contract of employment contains any stipulation that the employment could be dispensed with at any stage without reason, then also the termination shall not amount to retrenchment, however in the present case it is not so. He has relied the case law 2003 (99) FLR 972

between State of U.P. and Presiding Officer, Labour Court, Agra and others. Yet in another case, where the services of the workman were terminated on 13-2-87 as per the terms of contract of employment contained in appointment letter dated 9-1-87 which enable the employer to terminate the service of the workman at any stage without assigning any reason the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case *Escorts Ltd. Vs. Presiding Officer & others* 1998 (SCC L&S) page 235 held that it does not amount retrenchment under Section 2(o) of the Act, since service of the workman were terminated as per the terms of contract.

The worker's representative have argued on the basis of case law 2003 SCC L& S 380 *SM Nilakar and other Vs. Telecom District Manager, Karnataka* that employment must be shown to be under a contract which stipulates that it would come to an end with expiry of the project or scheme and the worker must be shown to have been made aware of such stipulation at the commencement of their employment. In the present case of worker *Smt. Manjit Arora* was aware that her tenure of employment is to expire firstly on 14-5-96 and thereafter extension which was empire on 14-5-97. Admittedly her services were not extended thereafter. She of her own has been putting the signature of the attendance register upto 13th June, 1997. The Project Director of GIS project who has been examined as management witness No. 1 as stated in the examination in chief very clearly that *Manjit Arora* 1st term 15-5-97 तक था तथा 14-5-97 के बाद मंजीत को कोई extension नहीं दिया गया और न ही कोई कार्य दिया गया 14-5-97 को मंजीत को बताया गया था कि आगे वह न आये और सारा सामान का आस्थाना, वैज्ञानिक को दे दें।"

There is no question to dis-believe the evidence of *Trilochan Singh* who has clearly stated that after 14-5-97 no one else was employed in her place. He has also stated in para 3 that "14-5-97 को बता दिया गया था कि उनका कार्यकाल समाप्त हो गया है अतः उन्हें आने की जरूरत नहीं।"

Smt. Manjit Arora, should not have signed the attendance register thereafter.

The learned representative of the worker has stated that since the sanction of the budget is received late therefore the management accords its extension after the receipt of the budget. The question is was there any work left over for the research assistant. If not then in that case even thereafter the receipt of budgetary sanction the management is not obliged to appoint *Smt. Manjit Arora* on the post of research assistant.

It has been argued on behalf of the worker that the Scientists have been absorbed in the service of *Wadia Institute* whereas *Smt. Manjit Arora* has been denied the opportunity. I already stated earlier that *Smt. Manjit Arora* can not claim her absorption and can not claim with the parity with scientists who have been according to evidence

being working for a long period in the various projects of the Institute.

The worker has filed the case law 1998 SCC (L&S) 1601 Upton Indian Ltd. Vs. Shami Bhan and others the facts of this case where all together with different than the present case. The facts of the said case was the respondent No.1 was appointed a Operator trainee on 13-5-80 in the establishment. On completion of the training she was absorbed on the post w.e.f. 13-7-81 and was confirmed on 13-7-82 she then acquired the status of permanent employee. Respondent No. 1 proceed and remained absent till 29-1-85 on maternity leave. Thereafter she allegedly remained absent w.e.f. 30-1-85 to 12-4-85 without any application for leave consequent upon the order dt. 12-4-85 employer informed respondent No. 1 that her services automatically terminated in clause 17 G of the Certified Standing Order. Whereas the facts of the present case that Smt. Manjit Arora was appointed on contract basis for fixed period and the period was essence of the contract and her services automatically came to an end on expiration of extended period of contract i.e. 14-5-97.

The worker has filed the following with case laws;

1. 2000 SCC (L&S) 404 Municipal Corporation of Delhi (MCD) Vs. Prem Chand Gupta and others.
2. 1986 (53) FLR page 59 between S. Govind Rajiv & others.
3. 2000 (87) FLR 4 between Prabhu Dayal Behari Vs. M.P. Rajya Nagrik Apoori Nigam Ltd.

None of the above cases are relevant to the facts of the present case.

From the discussions and case laws cited above and the facts before this court I am considered opinion that the action of the management of Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology, Dehradun in terminating the services of Smt. Manjit Arora (Kataria), research assistant w.e.f. 15-5-97 is legal and justified as the services of Smt. Manjit Arora (Kataria) came to an end on 14-5-97 (A.N.) and in fact no termination order was needed. With the result the worker is not entitled to any relief.

Lucknow 5-7-2005

SHRIKANT SHUKLA, Presiding Officer

शुद्धि-पत्र

नई दिल्ली, 14 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2789.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार सेन्ट्रल बैंक आफ इंडिया के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण, हैदराबाद के पंचाट के शुद्धि-पत्र (संदर्भ संख्या 8/2001) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 1-04-2004 को प्राप्त हुआ था। और प्रकाशित किया था।

[सं. एल-12011/20/2001-आई आर (बी-II)]

सी. गंगाधरन, अवर सचिव

CORRIGENDUM

New Delhi, the 14th July, 2005

S.O. 2789.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the Corrigendum to the award (Ref. No. 8/2001) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Hyderabad as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Central Bank of India and their workman, which was received and published by the Central Government on 1-4-2004.

[No. L-12011/20/2001-IR (B-II)]

C. GANGADHARAN, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE

CENTRAL GOVT. INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT

CORRIGENDUM

Hyderabad, the 30th May, 2005

No. ID. 8/2001.—Corrigendum to the Award passed in I.D. No. 8/2001 dated 10-3-2004 published in the Official Gazette to be published in Part II, Section 3, Sub-section III of the Gazette of India not later than 4-9-2004 vide notification No. L-12011/20/2001-IR (B-II) dated 6-8-2004. The Ex. M11 to M16 are typed in Appendix of evidence as follows:—

Ex. M11 : Copy enquiry proceedings dtd. 18-5-96

Ex. M12 : Copy of orders No. HRO : PRS : DAD : 96-97/750 dtd. 28-5-96

Ex. M13 : Copy of orders No. HRO : PRS : DAD : 96-97/751 dtd. 28-5-96

Ex. M14 : Copy of WWI's representation dt. 13-7-96

Ex. M15 : Copy of Ir. No. ZO:PRS:DAW:96-97:1863 dtd. 22-10-96

Ex. M16 : Copy of list of documents produced in the enquiry dtd. 9-1-96.

INSTEAD OF :

Ex. M11 : Bill No. 310 dated 25-2-95 of M/s. Mini Gas Agencies, Hyderabad.

Ex. M12 : Bill No. 257 date 5-1-94 of M/s. Mini Gas Agencies, Hyderabad.

Ex. M13 : Bill No. 281 date 30-1-95 of M/s Mini Gas Agencies, Hyderabad.

Ex. M14 : Bill No. 303 dated 20-2-95 of M/s. Mini Gas Agencies, Hyderabad.

Ex. M15 : Bill No. 344 date 30-3-95 of M/s Mini Gas Agencies, Hyderabad

Ex. M16 : Bill No. 238 date 16-12-94 of M/s Mini Gas Agencies, Hyderabad.

E. ISMAIL, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 15 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2790.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा-1 की उप धारा(3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा 01 अगस्त, 2005 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 (धारा-76 की उप धारा (1) और धारा-77, 78, 79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है) के उपबन्ध केरल राज्य के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात्,

“जिला तथा तालुक कोट्टयम में मीनडं क्षेत्र”

[सं. एस-38013/31/2005-एस एस-1]

जया दुबे, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 15th July, 2005

S.O. 2790.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st August, 2005 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter V and VI (except sub-section (i) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force) of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Kerala namely :—

“Meenadam in Kottayam Taluk and District.”

[No. S-38013/31/2005-SS-I]

JAYA DUBEY, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 15 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2791.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा-1 की उप धारा(3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा 01 अगस्त, 2005 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 (धारा-76 की उप धारा (1) और धारा-77, 78, 79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है) के उपबन्ध केरल राज्य के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात्,

“जिला एर्नाकुलम के कणन्नूर तालुक में मनकुन्नम क्षेत्र”

[सं. एस-38013/32/2005-एस एस-1]

जया दुबे, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 15th July, 2005

S.O. 2791.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st August, 2005 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter V and VI (except sub-section (i) of Section 76 and

Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force) of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Kerala namely :—

“Manakunnam in Kanayannur Taluk in Ernakulam District.”

[No. S-38013/32/2005-SS-I]

JAYA DUBEY, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 20 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2792.—केन्द्रीय सरकार संतुष्ट हो जाने पर कि लोक हित में ऐसा करना अपेक्षित था, औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 2 के खण्ड (द) के उप-खण्ड (vi) के उपबंधों के अनुसरण में भारत सरकार के श्रम मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना संख्या का.आ. दिनांक 25-1-2005 द्वारा ताम्बा खनन उद्योग जोकि औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की प्रथम अनुसूची की प्रविष्टि 13 में शामिल है को उक्त अधिनियम के प्रयोजनों के लिए दिनांक 5-2-2005 से छः मास की कालावधि के लिए लोक उपयोगी सेवा घोषित किया था;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि लोकहित में उक्त कालावधि को छः मास की और कालावधि के लिए बढ़ाया जाना अपेक्षित है;

अतः अब, औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 2 के खण्ड (द) के उप-खण्ड (vi) के परन्तुक द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त उद्योग को उक्त अधिनियम के प्रयोजनों के लिए दिनांक 5-8-2005 से छः मास की कालावधि के लिए लोक उपयोगी सेवा घोषित करती है।

[सं. एस-11017/11/97-आई आर (पी एल)]

जे. पी. पति, संयुक्त सचिव

New Delhi, the 20th July, 2005

S.O. 2792.—Whereas the Central Government having been satisfied that the public interest so requires that in pursuance of the provisions of sub-clause (vi) of the clause (n) of Section 2 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), declared by the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour S.O. No. dated 25-1-2005 the service in the Copper Mining Industry which is covered by item 13 of the First Schedule to the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947) to be a public utility service for the purpose of the said Act, for a period of six months from the 5th February, 2005.

And whereas, the Central Government is of opinion that public interest requires the extension of the said period by a further period of six months.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-clause (vi) of clause (n) of Section 2 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the Central Government hereby declares the said industry to be a public utility service for the purposes of the said Act, for a period of six months from the 5th August, 2005.

[No. S-11017/11/97-IR (PL);

J. P. PATI, Jr. Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 20 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2793.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 1 की उप-धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा 01 अगस्त, 2005 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 [धारा 76 की उप-धारा (1) और धारा 77, 78, 79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है] के उपबन्ध राजस्थान के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात्,—

1. “जिला राजसमंद तहसील नाथद्वारा के राजस्व ग्रामों-नाथद्वारा, उपली ओड़न, नाथुवास, कलाखेड़ी बिरान, गूंजोल, करण्णा और घाटी क्षेत्र के अन्तर्गत आने वाले क्षेत्र।”

2. “जिला राजसमंद तहसील राजसमंद के राजस्व ग्रामों-बड़ारड़ा, पीपरड़ा, मजा, नान्दोड़ा, तेजपुरिया, दोवड़, देवपुरा, फरारा, कानाडेव का गुड़ा, सुन्दरचा, टुकड़ा खुर्द, डिप्टी, देवाणा के अन्तर्गत आने वाले क्षेत्र जिसमें चूंगी नाका (दक्षिण) राजसमंद क्षेत्र भी शामिल है।”

[सं. एस-38013/36/2005-एस एस-1]

संयुक्ता रे, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 20th July, 2005

S.O. 2793.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st August, 2005 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI [except Sub-Section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force] of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Rajasthan namely :—

1. “Areas comprising the Revenue village of Nathdwara, Uplee Odan, Nathuwas, Kalla Khedee, Biran, Gunjol, Karjya and Ghati areas in Tehsil Nathdwara.”

2. “Revenue village Badarada, Piparada, Maja, Nandora Tejpura, Dowad, Deopura, Farana, Kanddeo Ka Gura, Sundercha, Tunkara Khurd, Dipti, Dewana includes Check Post (South) Rajsamand in Tehsil and District Rajsamand.”

[No. S-38013/36/2005-SS-I]

SANJUKTA RAY, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 20 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2794.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 1 की उप-धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा 01 अगस्त, 2005 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 [धारा 76 की उप-धारा (1) और धारा 77, 78, 79 और 81 के

सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है] के उपबन्ध राजस्थान के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात्,—

1. जिला-जयपुर, तहसील-चौमू के राजस्व ग्राम जैतपुरा, जौमू, मोरीजा, अनन्तपुरा के अन्तर्गत आने वाले क्षेत्र।
2. जिला-जयपुर, तहसील-आमेर के राजस्व ग्राम रामपुरा, मोदूका बास, राजावास, आकेड़ा, भट्टों की गली, डाबड़ी, चिमनपुरा व बड़ा गाँव (जाहोता) के अन्तर्गत आने वाले क्षेत्र।

[सं. एस-38013/35/2005-एस एस-1]

संयुक्ता रे, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 20th July, 2005

S.O. 2794.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st August, 2005 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI [except Sub-Section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force] of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Rajasthan namely :—

1. “Areas comprising the Revenue villages Jaitpura, Chomu, Morija and Anantpura in Tehsil Chomu of District Jaipur.”

2. “Areas comprising the Revenue villages Rampura, Mothu-Ka-Bass, Rajawas, Aakera, Bhatton Ki Gali, Dabri, Chimanpura and Badagaon (Jahota) in Tehsil Amer of District Jaipur.”

[No. S-38013/35/2005-SS-I]

SANJUKTA RAY, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 20 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2795.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 1 की उप-धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा 01 अगस्त, 2005 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 [धारा 76 की उप-धारा (1) और धारा 77, 78, 79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है] के उपबन्ध राजस्थान के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात्,—

1. “जिला नागौर में मकराना नगरपालिका सीमाओं के अन्तर्गत आने वाले क्षेत्र।”
2. “जिला नागौर तहसील मकराना के राजस्व ग्राम बोरवड़ तहसील पर्वतसर के राजस्व ग्राम-विदिद्या के अन्तर्गत आने वाले क्षेत्र।”

[सं. एस-38013/38/2005-एस एस-1]

संयुक्ता रे, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 20th July, 2005

S.O. 2795.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st August, 2005 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI [except Sub-section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force] of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Rajasthan namely :—

1. "The areas comprising the Municipal limits of Makrana in District Nagaur."
2. "The areas comprising the revenue village of Borawar in Tehsil Makrana and Vidiyad in Tehsil Parbatsar District Nagaur."

[No. S-38013/38/2005-SS-I]

SANJUKTA RAY, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 20 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2796.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 1 की उप-धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा 01 अगस्त, 2005 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 [धारा 76 की उप-धारा (1) और धारा 77, 78, 79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है] के उपबन्ध राजस्थान के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात्,

"जिला-उदयपुर में तहसील खैरवाड़ा के राजस्व ग्राम-थाणा, धुलेव (ऋषभदेव), रायणा, कानुवाड़ा, भाऊवा, कलावत, गड़ावत, पीपली (अ), पीपली (ब), माण्डवाफला कागदर एवं कागदर भाटियों के अन्तर्गत आने वाले क्षेत्र।"

[सं. एस-38013/37/2005-एस एस-1]

संयुक्ता रे, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 20th July, 2005

S.O. 2796.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st August, 2005 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI [except Sub-section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force] of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Rajasthan namely :—

"The areas comprising the Revenue villages of Thana, Dhuleve (Rishabhdev), Rayana, Kanuwara,

Bhaowa, Kalawat, Gadawat, Pipali—A, Pipali—B, Madwafala Kagdar and Kagdar Bhatiya of Tehsil Kherwara in District Udaipur."

[No. S-38013/37/2005-SS-I]

SANJUKTA RAY, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 20 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2797.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 1 की उप-धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा 01 अगस्त, 2005 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 [धारा 76 की उप-धारा (1) और धारा 77, 78, 79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है] के उपबन्ध उत्तर प्रदेश के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात् :—

क्र.सं.	राजस्व ग्राम	राजस्व परगना	राजस्व तहसील	जिला
1.	सड़क दुधली, पाडली खुशहालपुर, कुम्हार हेड़ा	सहारनपुर	सहारनपुर	सहारनपुर
2.	उग्राह, छजपुरा, कैलाशपर, हरौड़ा गागलहेड़ी, हरौड़ा मु., महमूदपुर तिवारी, सोना, लश्करपुर उर्फ चमारी खेड़ा, गन्देवड़ा, जयरामपुर उर्फ नानका	सहारनपुर	सहारनपुर	सहारनपुर

[सं. एस-38013/34/2005-एस एस-1]

संयुक्ता रे, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 20th July, 2005

S.O. 2797.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st August, 2005 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI [except Sub-section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force] of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Uttar Pradesh namely :—

Revenue Village	Revenue Paragana	Tehsil	District
Sarak Dudhali, Padli Khushhalpur, Kumhar Heda	Saharanpur	Saharanpur	Saharanpur
Ugrahu, Chhajpura, Kailashpar, Gagalhedi, Harauda, Mehmoodpur Tiwai, Sona, Lashkarpur urf Chamarkheda, Gandevra, Jairampur urf Naanka	Harauda	Saharanpur	Saharanpur

[No. S-38013/34/2005-SS-I]

SANJUKTA RAY, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 20 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2798.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा-1 की उप-धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा 01 अगस्त, 2005 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 [धारा-76 की उप धारा (1) और धारा-77,78,79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है] के उपबन्ध राजस्थान के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात्:—

“जिला-जोधपुर तहसील लूनी के राजस्व ग्राम-बोरानाड़ा, बासनी सिलावटान और नारनाड़ी के अन्तर्गत आने वाले क्षेत्र जिसमें रीको औद्योगिक क्षेत्र फेज-I, II, III, IV और एक्सपोर्ट प्रमोशन इण्डस्ट्रीयल पार्क (ई.पी.आई.पी.) क्षेत्र शामिल हैं।”

[सं. एस-38013/39/2005-एस एस-I]

संयुक्ता रे, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 20th July, 2005

S.O. 2798.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st August, 2005 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI [except Sub-section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77,78,79 and 81 which have already been brought into force] of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Rajasthan namely:—

“The areas comprising the Revenue village of Boranada Basni Silavatan and Narnadi of Tehsil Luni District Jodhpur including RIICO Industrial Area, Phase-I, II, III, IV and Export Promotion Industrial Part (EPIP).”

[No. S-38013/39/2005-SS-I]

SANJUKTA RAY, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 21 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2799.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा-1 की उप-धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा 01 अगस्त, 2005 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 [धारा-76 की उप धारा (1) और धारा-77,78,79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है] के उपबन्ध आन्ध्र प्रदेश के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात्:—

“मैदक जिले के तूपरन मण्डल के अन्तर्गत दौन्टी के वाह्य क्षेत्र।”

[सं. एस-38013/40/2005-एस एस-I]

संयुक्ता रे, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 21th July, 2005

S.O. 2799.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st August, 2005 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI (except Sub-section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77,78,79 and 81 which have already been brought into force) of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Andhra Pradesh namely:—

“Area falling within the Donthi outskirts in Toopran Mandal of Medak District..”

[No. S-38013/40/2005-SS-I]

SANJUKTA RAY, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 22 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2800.—दिल्ली नगर निगम ने उपदान संदाय अधिनियम, 1972 (1972 का 39), (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 5 की उप-धारा (2) के अधीन छूट के लिए आवेदन किया है;

और, जबकि केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय में उक्त प्रतिष्ठान के नियमित कर्मचारियों को, जो कि सी.सी.एस. (पेंशन)नियमावली के अंतर्गत शामिल हैं, उपलब्ध पेंशन लाभ उक्त अधिनियम के अधीन प्रदत्त लाभों से कम हितकारी नहीं हैं;

अतः, अब, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 5 की उप-धारा (2) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार नियमित कर्मचारियों को, जो दिल्ली नगर निगम के सी.सी.एस. (पेंशन)नियमावली के अंतर्गत शामिल हैं; इस अधिसूचना के सरकारी राजपत्र में प्रकाशन की तारीख से उक्त अधिनियम के उपबंधों से छूट प्रदान करती है।

[सं. एस-42014/2/2001-एस एस-II]

संयुक्ता रे, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 22nd July, 2005

S.O. 2800.—Whereas the Municipal Corporation of Delhi has applied for exemption under Sub-section (2) of the Section 5 of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 (39 of 1972) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act.)

And Whereas in the opinion of the Central Government the gratuity benefit receivable by the regular employees who are covered under the CCS (Pension) Rules of the said establishment are not less favourable than the benefit conferred under the said Act,

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of Section 5 of the said Act the Central Government hereby exempts the regular employees who are covered under the CCS (Pension) Rules of Municipal Corporation of Delhi from the operation of the provisions

of the said Act from the date of publication of this notification in the Official Gazette.

[No. S-42014/2/2001-SS-III]

SANJUKTA RAY, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 22 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2801.—केन्द्रीय सरकार संतुष्ट हो जाने पर कि लोकहित में ऐसा करना अपेक्षित था, औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 2 के खण्ड (द) के उप-खण्ड (vi) के उपबंधों के अनुसरण में भारत सरकार के ग्राम मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना संख्या का. आ. 608 दिनांक 9-2-2005 द्वारा भारत सरकार टकसाल, कोलकता, मुम्बई, नोएडा, चेरलापल्ली (रंगा रेड्डी) एवं हैदराबाद जोकि औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की प्रथम अनुसूची की प्रविष्टि 11 में शामिल है, को उक्त अधिनियम के प्रयोजनों के लिए दिनांक 19-2-2005 से छः मास की कालावधि के लिए लोक उपयोगी सेवा घोषित किया था;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि लोकहित में उक्त कालावधि को छः मास की और कालावधि के लिए बढ़ाया जाना अपेक्षित है;

अतः, अब, औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 2 के खण्ड (द) के उप-खण्ड (vi) के परन्तुक द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त उद्योग को उक्त अधिनियम के प्रयोजनों के लिए दिनांक 19-8-2005 से छः मास की कालावधि के लिए लोक उपयोगी सेवा घोषित करती है।

[सं. एस-11017/2/2002-आई आर (पी एल)]

जे.पी. पति, संयुक्त सचिव

New Delhi, the 22nd July, 2005

S. O. 2801.—Whereas the Central Government having been satisfied that the public interest so requires that in pursuance of the provisions of sub-clause (vi) of the clause (n) of section 2 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947) declared by the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S. O. 608 dated 9-2-2005 the service in India Government Mints, Kolkata/Noida/Mumbai/Hyderabad/Cherlapalli (Ranga Reddy) which is covered by item 11 of the First Schedule to the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947) to be a public utility service for the purpose of the said Act, for a period of six months from the 19th February, 2005.

And whereas, the Central Government is of opinion that public interest requires the extension of the said period by a further period of six months.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-clause (vi) of clause (n) of Section 2 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the Central Government hereby declares the said industry to be a public utility service for the purposes of the said Act, for a period of six months from the 19th August, 2005.

[No. S-11017/2/2002-IR (PL)]

J. P. PATI, Jt. Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 25 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2802.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा-1 की उप-धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा 01 अगस्त, 2005 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 [धारा-76 की उप-धारा (1) और धारा-77, 78, 79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है] के उपबन्ध केरल के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात् :—

“मलपुरम जिला के तिरुर तालुक में त्रिकंडियूर।”

[सं. एस-38013/42/2005-एस एस-1]

संयुक्ता रे, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 25th July, 2005

S. O. 2802.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st August, 2005 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI [except Sub-section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force] of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Kerala namely :—

“The areas within the Revenue village of Thrikandiyoor in Tirur Taluk of Malappuram District.”

[No. S-38013/42/2005-SS-I]

SANJUKTA RAY, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 25 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2803.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा-1 की उप-धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा 1 अगस्त, 2005 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 [धारा-76 की उप-धारा (1) और धारा-77, 78, 79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है] के उपबन्ध केरल के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात् :—

“मलपुरम जिला कोट्टयम के कोट्टयम तालुक में पुलिन्यनूर।”

[सं. एस-38013/43/2005-एस एस-1]

संयुक्ता रे, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 25th July, 2005

S. O. 2803.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st August, 2005 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections

44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI [except Sub-section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force] of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Kerala namely :—

“The areas within the Revenue Village of Puliyanor in Kottayam Taluk of Kottayam District”.

[No. S-38013/43/2005-S.S.-I]

SANJUKTA RAY, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 25 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2804.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 1 की उप-धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा 1 अगस्त, 2005 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 [धारा 76 की उप-धारा (1) और धारा 77, 78, 79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है] के उपबन्ध केरल के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात् :—

“जिला कोल्लम के पतनापुरम तालुक में करवल्लूर।”

[सं. एस-38013/44/2005-एस एस-1]

संयुक्ता रे, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 25th July, 2005

S.O. 2804.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st August, 2005 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter-IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI [except Sub-section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force] of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Kerala namely :—

“The areas within the Revenue Village of Karavalur in Pathanapuram Taluk of Kollam District.”

[No. S-38013/44/2005-SS-I]

SANJUKTA RAY, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 25 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2805.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 1 की उप-धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा 1 अगस्त, 2005 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 धारा 76 की उप-धारा (1) और धारा 77, 78, 79

और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है) के उपबन्ध केरल के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात् :—

“जिला तृशूर के कोडुगलूर तालुक में पुल्लाट।”

[सं. एस-38013/45/2005-एस एस-1]

संयुक्ता रे, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 25th July, 2005

S.O. 2805.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st August, 2005 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter-IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI [except Sub-section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force] of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Kerala namely :—

“The areas within the Revenue village of Pullat in Kodungalloor Taluk of Thrissur District.”

[No. S-38013/45/2005-S.S.-I]

SANJUKTA RAY, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 25 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2806.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 1 की उप-धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा 01 अगस्त, 2005 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 [धारा 76 की उप धारा (1) और धारा 77, 78, 79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है] के उपबन्ध केरल के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात् :—

“जिला तिरुवनंतपुरम के नेडुमंगाड तालुक में कल्लारा।”

[सं. एस-38013/41/2005-एस एस-1]

संयुक्ता रे, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 25th July, 2005

S.O. 2806.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st August, 2005 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter-IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI [except Sub-section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force] of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Kerala namely :—

“The areas within the Revenue village of Kallara in Nedumangad Taluk of District.”

[No. S-38013/41/2005-S.S.-I]

SANJUKTA RAY, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 13 जुलाई, 2005

का. आ. 2807.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार यूको बैंक के प्रबंधन के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मचारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/प्रम न्यायालय नं० 1, चंडीगढ़ के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 70/98) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 12-7-2005 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-12012/302/97-आई आर(बी-II)]

सी. गंगाधरण, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2005

S.O. 2807.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. 70/98) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Chandigarh No. 1 as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the management of UCO Bank and their workman, received by the Central Government on 12-7-2005.

[No. L-12012/302/97-IR (B-II)]

C. GANGADHARAN, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE

**BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT
INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT 1
CHANDIGARH**

CASE No. LD. 70/98

Sarbjit Singh, 803/327, Street No. 3,
Bahadur Nagar,
Sultan Mind Road, Amritsar.

.....Applicant

VERSUS

The Zonal Manager,
UCO Bank, Sector 22 B,
Chandigarh.

.....Respondent

APPEARANCES

For the Workman : Workman with Vikash Chatrath.

For the Management : Shri N. K. Zakhmi Advocate.

AWARD

Passed on 17-6-2005

Central Government *vide* order No. L-12012/302/97-IR (B-II) dated 12th of March, 1998 has referred the following dispute to this Tribunal of adjudication :

“Whether the action of the Management of United Commercial Bank in imposing punishment of dismissal from service to Shri Sarbjit Singh, Clerk, *vide* Managements order dated 17-2-1995 is legal and justified? If not, what relief the said workman is entitled and from which date?”

2. Workman in his claim statement averred that he was appointed as clerk in UCO Bank Katra Alhuwalia branch Amritsar in April 1981 and served about 13 years

with excellent record. The services of the workman were terminated *vide* order dated 17-2-1995. The workman has claimed that the punishment order dated 17-2-1995 passed by the disciplinary authority and order dated 24-6-97 passed by the appellate authority may be set aside and the workman may be reinstated in service with retrospective effect and allowed all benefits and privileges attached to his post with full back wages. It is also contended on behalf of the workman that during the department enquiry the management prevailed upon the workman to make admission of the charges against him and workman defence representative R. K. Walia also colluded with the management and made a promise that management including the disciplinary authority would take a lenient and sympathetic view of the case and he would be left off with some nominal punishment in case the workman made a confessional statement. That the confessional statement dated 30-7-1994 made before the Enquiry Officer was obtained by undue influence as the opposite party was in a position to dominate the workman will and used that superior position to obtain unfair advantage over the workman and the disciplinary authority and the enquiry officer held a real authority over the workman. The confessional statement relied upon and made basis of the punishment by the disciplinary authority is illegal, unlawful, mala fide, void ab initio and unsustainable in the eyes of law and the punishment of dismissal of service and punishment of dismissal of service based on such a confession is also ultravires unconstitutional and is liable to be set aside.

3. The management filed written statement wherein denied allegations of the workman that he made admission of his guilt under the undue influence and pressure of the management. It is submitted that workman is guilty of serious acts of misconduct while he was posted at Amritsar branch of the Bank. He fraudulently withdrew an amount of Rs. 60,000/- from the Saving Bank Account No. 6477 of G.S. Randhawa by two withdrawal of Rs. 30,000/- each on 26-11-1993 and 21-12-1993 respectively whereas Shri G. S. Randhawa had expired on 18-9-1991 as reported by his father. It has also been proved that both the above withdrawals having forged signatures of Shri G.S. Randhawa were posted by workman himself in the saving bank ledger though the workman was not handling the concerned seat. Workman himself entered these withdrawals in token book and got it passed from the passing official of the branch for payment and received the payment of these withdrawals by signing on the reverse of the withdrawals slips. These withdrawals slips were not accompanied by the relative pass book of the account holder. When the special assistant passing official insisted for production of pass book of the account holder at the time of passing these withdrawals, the workman requested him to pass these withdrawals as the depositor was well known to him and he take full responsibility by signing on the reverse side of the withdrawal slips. The workman

opened a fictitious saving bank account No. 8648 in the name of Smt. Harjit Kaur and Shri G.S. Randhawa on 6-12-1993 by giving his introduction. He again opened a fictitious FDR Account in the name of Smt. Harjit Kaur wife of Shri G.S. Randhawa. The following charges were established against the workman as mentioned in the charge sheet served upon the workman :—

1. The workman had indulged in the acts which are prejudicial to the interests of the bank which are acts of gross misconducts under Clause 19.5(j) of the Bipartite settlement.
2. The workman indulged in the acts of abetment by assisting somebody of withdraw Rs. 60,000/- fraudulently from SB Account of Shri G.S. Randhawa and act of gross misconduct under clause 19.5(1) of the Bipartite Settlement.
4. This workman replied the charge sheet vide his reply dated 1-3-1994 admitting all the ALLEGATIONS AND CHARGES. The disciplinary authority in order to prove an adequate opportunity to the workman to prove his innocence and in the interest of natural justice, appointed an enquiry officer to hold departmental enquiry into the charges set out in the charge sheet dated 1-2-1994. The enquiry Officer issued notices to the workman and the presenting officer for appearing for preliminary hearing on 30-6-1994. But on that day enquiry proceedings could not be held as the enquiry officer was on sick leave and a next date was fixed for 28-7-1994, however due to some important official assignment, the enquiry proceeding could not be held on that day also and the enquiry was postponed to 30-7-1994 and advance notice was given to the workman in this regard. On 30-7-1994, the charge sheeted employee along with his representative R.K. Walia appeared before the enquiry officer. The enquiry officer read out all the allegations and charge to the workman in the presence of his defence assistant and the presenting officer. The workman was asked to admit or deny the allegations levelled in the charge sheet. The workman admitted all the allegations and charges. The enquiry officer made him to understand the implications of his admission. (1) the workman was not bound to admit the charges and allegations; (2) the admission if made, would be final and no further opportunity would be afforded to the workman to defend himself subsequently; (3) his admission could be used against the workman at the time of passing final order of the disciplinary authority. Further the enquiry officer allowed the workman time to rethink about his admission and directed the workman to reappear before him after one hour. Accordingly, after the time given, the workman appeared before the enquiry officer along with his defence assistant and in the enquiry after re-thinking, he admitted all the allegations and charges set out in the charge sheet freely without any pulls, or coercion from any quarter. The workman also submitted a separate written statement in this regard addressed to the enquiry officer.

duly signed by him and the defence assistant also signed the statement in token of having made confession by the workman himself in his presence. Since the workman admitted all the allegations and the charges specifically before the enquiry officer, therefore, the enquiry officer submitted his enquiry report wherein the enquiry officer held both the charges as contained in the charge sheet full proved against the workman. The disciplinary authority after receiving the enquiry proceedings. Enquiry report submitted by the enquiry officer issued a show cause notice to the workman as to why the proposed punishment of dismissal from bank service may not be imposed upon him. The workman was given personal hearing before the disciplinary authority but the workman failed to appear in spite of being given numerous opportunities by the management. To prove natural justice, the disciplinary authority advised the workman either to appear personally or submit his submission but the workman intentionally and deliberately did not appear before the disciplinary authority. However, the disciplinary authority received a letter dated 21-1-1995 from the workman wherein the workman had stated that he would work for the benefit of the institution in future. He also pleaded for lesser penalty. The disciplinary authority after going through the findings of the enquiry officer, written submission by the workman and also taking into consideration and gravity of the charges passed a final order of dismissal from service vide his letter dated 17-2-1995. The action of the respondent bank is legal, just, proper and in accordance with the rules and dismissal is quite commensurate with the charges.

5. That aggrieved by the order dated 17-2-1995 of the disciplinary authority, workman filed an appeal dated 30-3-1995 before the appellate authority, Zonal Office Chandigarh Appellate authority also gave personal hearing to the workman to enable him to reply or make his submissions in appeal. The workman appeared before the appellate authority on 7-6-97 and admitted having committed the fraud and requested for leniency and imposing of lesser punishment than the dismissal. The statement given in personal hearing on 7-6-97 was countersigned by the workman wherein he had also admitted that he had committed the fraud as mentioned in the charge sheet but the appellate authority rejected the appeal.

6. The management relied upon these documents mentioned above and submitted that the enquiry was conducted and the same is fair, proper and in accordance with the rules. The workman was given full opportunity to prove his innocence but the workman has admitted his guilt before the enquiry officer, appellate authority and has submitted his confessional written statement before the enquiry officer and the appellate authority, therefore, admitted facts need not to be proved. The respondent management reserves the right to prove the acts of misconduct of the workman before this Hon'ble Court if

this Court finds any infirmity in the enquiry by leading oral as well as documentary evidence.

7. I have heard arguments advanced by both the parties on the fairness of the enquiry conducted by the management. In this case the learned counsel for the workman Shri Chatrath Advocate did not argue and as per the request of the workman, allowed to argue himself. In arguments workman submitted that confession admission was obtained from him under a conspiracy hatched by the management and the rep. of the workman R. K. Walia suggested the workman that in case workman admits his guilt lenient view will be taken against him and his services shall be saved. He will not be terminated except a lenient view taken against him. He also submitted that wrong affidavit has been filed by the enquiry officer that he conducted/held enquiry fairly. He also submitted that principles of natural justice were not complied with and solely on this ground alone enquiry is vitiated and learned Tribunal may decide this reference in favour of the workman ordering his reinstatement with all consequential benefits. He also submitted that domestic enquiry in Industrial law has acquired great significance and industrial adjudication attached considerable importance to such enquiry. In a number of cases, the Hon'ble Supreme Court has said that an enquiry is not an empty formality but it is essential condition to the legality of the disciplinary order. In other words, before the delinquent workman can be dismissed for misconduct, the employer should hold a fair and regular enquiry into the misconduct and dismissal without holding a regular enquiry would be an illegality. It is also well settled that disciplinary enquiry has to be quasi-judicial enquiry held according to the principles of natural justice and the enquiry officer has a duty to act judicially, because the charges of misconduct if proved will result not only in deprivation of livelihood of the workman but will also attach stigma to his character. Industrial adjudication, therefore, insists on a proper enquiry held and that nothing should happen in the enquiry either when it is held or after it is concluded and before the order of dismissal is passed which would expose the enquiry to the criticism that it was undertaken as an empty formality. He also submitted that even in a case, he has admitted guilt, still fair opportunity is to be given to the workman to plead his case. It is a settled law that where from certain admissions of the employee in the preliminary enquiry, it was concluded that he was guilty of offence, termination of his service without further enquiry would be invalid being violative of the principles of natural justice. The management did not held further enquiry and on the admission of the workman, management had dismissed him and appellate authority also dismissed his appeal upholding the order of the disciplinary authority and the same is bad in law.

8. On the other hand learned counsel for the management submitted that the workman has committed a gross misconduct embezzlement. He fraudulently

withdrew an amount of Rs. 60000/- from the saving Bank Account No. 6477 of G. S. Randhawa by two withdrawal of Rs. 30000/- each on 26-11-1993 and 21-12-1993 respectively whereas Shri G. S. Randhawa had expired on 18-9-1991 as reported by his father. It has also been proved that both the above withdrawals having forged signatures of Shri G. S. Randhawa were posted by workman himself in the Saving Bank ledger though the workman was not handling the concerned seat. Workman himself entered these withdrawals in token book and got it passed from the passing official of the branch for payment and received the payment of these withdrawals by signing on the reverse of the withdrawals slips. These withdrawals slips were not accompanied by the relative pass book of the account holder. When the special Assistant passing official insisted for production of pass book of the account holder at the time of passing these withdrawals, the workman requested him to pass these withdrawals as the depositor was well known to him and he took full responsibility by signing on the reverse side of the withdrawal slips. Further more he opened a fictitious saving Bank account No. 8648 in the name of Smt. Harjeet Kaur and Shri G. S. Randhawa on 6-12-1993 by giving his introduction. He again opened a fictitious FDR Account in the name of Smt. Harjit Kaur wife of Shri G. S. Randhawa.

9. He was charge sheeted and after charge sheet enquiry officer was appointed and enquiry officer called him and sought his reply and served him a charge sheet. In reply to the charge sheet workman on 1-3-94 submitted a written typed reply signed by him where he submit that he fully own his responsibility for the fraudulent withdrawals of Rs. 60000/- from SB Account No. 6477 and Shri G. S. Randhawa by two withdrawals of Rs. 30000 each on 26-11-1993 and 21-12-1993 respectively. Both these withdrawals were having signatures of the Mr. G. S. Randhawa forged by him. These two withdrawals were also posted by him in saving bank ledger, entered the same in the token book. He had got it passed from Shri O.P. Rajput, and him had received the payment by signing on the reverse of the withdrawal slips as the pass book was not accompanying these withdrawals. Out of the payment received by him of the fraudulent withdrawals dated 26-11-1993 of Mr. G. S. Randhawa he had deposited Rs. 25,000 in PI account of Mr. Parwinder Jit Singh, Sukhwinder Kaur and Mr. Jagjit Singh by filling a cash deposit pay-in-Slip of Rs. 25,000 on 26-11-1993. It is also confirmed that the above said P-I account was also introduced by him. He further own his full responsibility for opening of a fictitious SB A/c, No. 8648 in the name of Smt. Harjit Kaur and Shri G. S. Randhawa on 6-12-1993 by giving his introduction. He had deposited Rs. 15000 in the above fictitious account on 21-12-1993 and withdrew a sum of Rs. 1500 on 22-12-1993. The withdrawal form of this account was filled in by him under the signatures of Smt. Harjit Kaur and the payment was also received by

him, On 21.12.1993, he again opened a fictitious FDR account in the name of Smt. Harjit Kaur wife of Shri G. S. Randhawa and got issued an FDR of Rs. 15000 out of the payment of the fraudulent withdrawal dated 21-12-93 of Mr. G. S. Randhawa. He respectfully submit and confess the blunder which has been committed by him but it happened at the height of moment, so kindly consider his case sympathetically on the basis of him voluntary confession as all the losses occurred to the bank have been made good.

10. Thereafter workman on 30-7-94 along with Shri R. K. Walia his defence assistant appeared before the enquiry officer. The enquiry officer read out all the charges of the charge sheet in the presence of his defence assistant. Charge sheeted employee was asked to admit or deny the each allegation of the charge sheet and he admits all the allegations. At this the enquiry officer made him to understand the implications of admission i.e. that he is not bound to admit the allegations and charges and that the admission, if made, will be final and no further opportunity shall be afforded to him to defend himself subsequently and that his admission can be used against him at the time of passing final order by the disciplinary authority.

11. Thereafter the enquiry officer again to satisfy himself that workman is making a voluntary admission in the presence of his defence assistant allowed him to rethink about his admission and directed him to rethink and reappear after one hour. After one hour the workman along with his defence assistant appeared and presenting officer was also present. CSE told the enquiry officer that had considered the implications and thoroughly applied him mind and after rethinking the admitted all the allegations and charges freely. CSE also gave a separate written statement in this regard addressed to Enquiry Officer duly signed by him. the defence assistant also signed this statement in token of having made the confession by the CSE in his presence.

12. The enquiry officer in his report thereafter closed the enquiry and also hold that since CSE has admitted allegations specifically and presenting officer closed the case and proceedings in enquiry stand concluded and thereafter enquiry officer sent his report to the disciplinary authority.

13. Learned counsel for the management further submitted that disciplinary authority considering the enquiry report and voluntary admission/confession of the workman Sarvjit Singh and the fact that charges were serious in nature he proposed the punishment of dismissal against the workman and also sent a show cause notice in this regard to the workman and sought his appearance and submissions. The workman did not appear and after providing him last opportunity, workman sent a written reply to the show cause notice of dismissal which is dated

23-1-1995. In this reply in para 2 he again admitted as under :—

“As I have been charge sheeted dated 1-2-1994 for the involvement in a fraudulent case and also gone through the proposed punishment *Vide* DM Office letter No. DM/PAD/94-95/237 dated 29-11-1994 and stated me also to appear in the office dated 12-12-1994 after that date I have been given many chances to appear in your office but I was not well during that time. I was suffering from the backbone pain. Now you have given me that last chance and I requesting you very sympathetically to consider my this submissions. I have not denied any time that a big mistake happened by me and it is not capable of bestowing as per bank's rules.

I assure you that in future there will be no such incident by me and will work for the benefit of institute. You are also requested to go through my service performance there is nothing against me. In the past years of my service I have worked on very crucial seats and done good work for the sake of my bank.”

14. Thereafter considering his reply on 17-2-1995 the disciplinary authority passed the final order wherein Sarabjit Singh was ordered to be dismissed from bank service forthwith. He further submitted that workman again filed an appeal and appellate authority also dismissed his appeal. He also made an admission that he appeared before the appellate authority on 7-6-97 and admitted the fraud and requested for leniency and imposition of a punishment lesser than dismissal.

15. While summing up his arguments learned counsel for the management submitted that he agreed with the workman that enquiry should not be a formality. The enquiry officer works as a quasi judicial officer and the enquiry is to be termed as quasi judicial enquiry and principle of natural justice are to be followed and the enquiry officer is to act judiciously. But in a case where workman in answer to the charges leveled against him admits his guilt and there remains nothing to enquire and in such a case further enquiry would be a mere empty formality as misconduct admitted by the delinquent employee and there is no violation of principle of natural justice. In the instant case, workman has specifically admitted his guilt and made a confession and his defence assistant is also a witness. Complete precaution was taken by the enquiry officer. The workman was given time to rethink. He also submitted that in view of Service Cases Today 2002(4) Page 882 Prasad Babu Vs. Corporation Bank. It is held by Hon'ble that charges were admitted on basis of assurances by higher officers no material to show that any assurance was given held the light of admitted charges no enquiry was

necessary and order of removal rightly passed..... Similarly our own High Court in 2002 (2) SCT Page 685 HAU Vs. Anil Kumar it is held that in case disciplinary action natural justice-admission of mis-conduct-regular enquiry-punishment of removal from service awarded on the basis of preliminary fact finding enquiry report wherein the delinquent admitted his misconduct-once admission of misconduct is there, no further enquiry was required-in the departmental proceedings the only thing to be seen is the compliance of principles of natural justice if the delinquent is issued charge sheet and given opportunity to explain and chance to lead evidence his defence if any and even the show cause against the proposed order of punishment, there is no violation of natural justice if the charges are serious and stood admitted, punishment of removal is not excessive.

16. He submitted that in view of the above law referred by him one can reach only conclusion that the enquiry was fair and the workman has himself voluntarily admitted his guilt, the workman is not entitled to any relief.

17. In view of the above submissions and my perusing the documents and enquiry file and the law referred. I am of the considered opinion that both the parties are not in dispute that in case of enquiry into misconduct enquiry is to be held and it should be proper fair and it should not be a empty formality. But at the same time it is also urged by the management that in the case where workman admitted/confessed his guilt in the presence of his defence assistant and in appeal also that he confessed his guilt throughout, there is no need to hold further regular enquiry and enquiry is to be concluded and punishment of dismissal is not unfair or excessive, further more it is

contention of the management that in case workman alleges that he gave confession before the enquiry officer under duress, treat or false assurance. He must prove it Even up to appellate stage in this case workman has nowhere complained that order of dismissal was passed against him which is against the assurance of the bank. No such material was brought on record. The workman has only orally contended that it was a conspiracy between management and his defence representative and they give false assurance of lenient view on his pleading guilty that he will be punished lesser than the dismissal.

18. Persuing the entire record, I have found that workman failed to bring any evidence to prove that management has assured him for lesser punishment than dismissal in case he plead guilty of the charges. Therefore, in the absence of such evidence on behalf of the workman and that there is specific admission/confession of the workman wherein he admitted and confessed the entire serious charges of commission of embezzlement specifically, I am of the considered view that the workman has failed to prove that he confessed or admitted guilt on the false pretext of the management that a lenient view will be taken other than dismissal, I therefore, hold that enquiry is fair and there is no violation of principles of natural justice. Thus the action of the Management of United Commercial Bank in imposing punishment of dismissal from Service to Shri Sarbjit Singh, Clerk, *Vide* Management's order dated 17-2-1995 is legal and Justified. Further to which relief the workman is entitled, I further hold and decide this part also in favour of the Management holding that workman is not entitled to any relief. Central Government be informed. File be consigned to record.

Chandigarh

Dated : 27-6-2005

RAJESH KUMAR, Presiding Officer